

Module 1.3 - Backprop

Functions

- Function $f(x) = x \times 5$

```
class TimesFive(ScalarFunction):  
    @staticmethod  
    def forward(ctx, x: float) -> float:  
        return x * 5
```

[[[]], [[]]] 0 0



Multi-arg Functions

- Function $f(x, y) = x \times y$

```
class Mul(ScalarFunction):  
    @staticmethod  
    def forward(ctx, x: float, y: float) -> float:  
        return x * y
```

```
[[[], []], [[]]] 0 0  
[[[], []], [[]]] 0 1
```



Context

$$f(x) = x \times x$$

$$f'(x) = 2 \times x$$

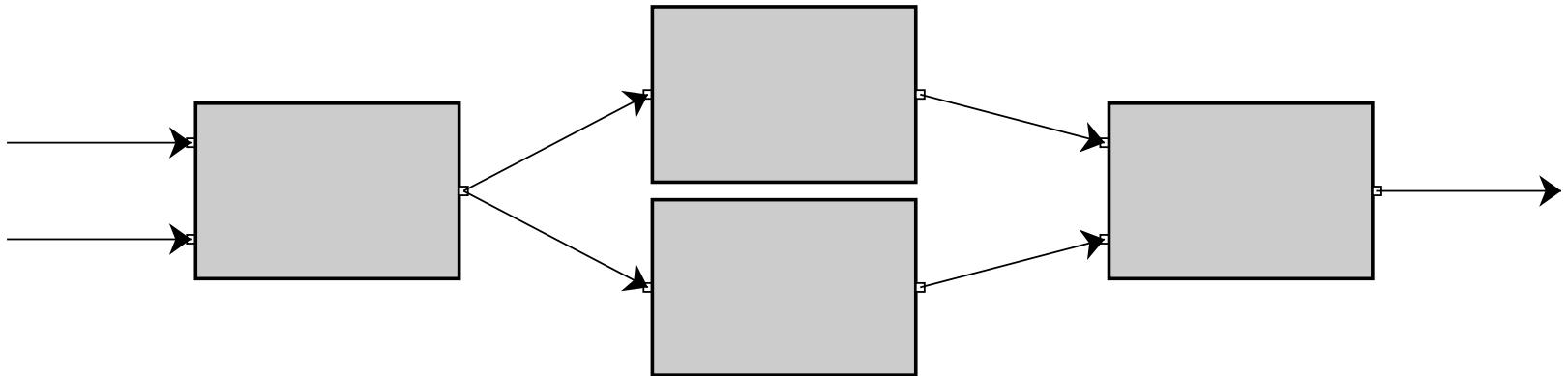
```
class Square(ScalarFunction):
    @staticmethod
    def forward(ctx: Context, x: float) -> float:
        ctx.save_for_backward(x)
        return x * x

    @staticmethod
    def backward(ctx: Context, d: float) -> Tuple[float, float]:
        (x,) = ctx.saved_values
        f_prime = 2 * x
        return f_prime * d
```

[[[]], [[]]] 0 0

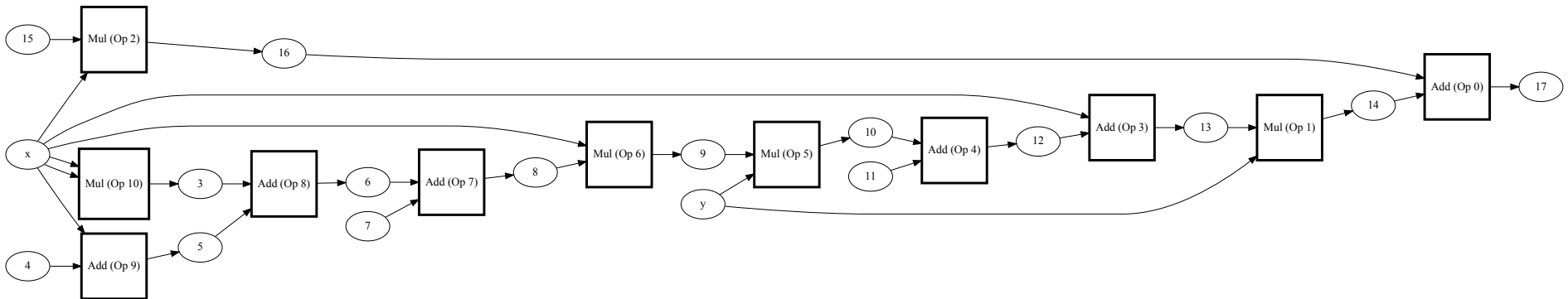
Computational Graph

```
[[[], []], [], [], [], []] 0 0  
[[[], []], [], [], [], []] 0 1  
[[[], []], [], [], [], []] 1 0  
[[[], []], [], [], [], []] 1 0  
[[[], []], [], [], [], []] 2 0  
[[[], []], [], [], [], []] 2 1
```



Forward Graph

```
def expression():  
    x = Scalar(1.0, name="x")  
    y = Scalar(1.0, name="y")  
    if True:  
        z = (sum([1, x, x * x, 65]) * x * y + 6 + x) * y + 10.0 * x  
  
    return z
```



Lecture Quiz

Outline

- Chain Rule
- Backpropagation

Chain Rule

Graph Structure

```
x = Scalar(2.0)
x_2 = Square.apply(x)
print(x_2.history)
print(x_2.history.inputs[0].history)
```

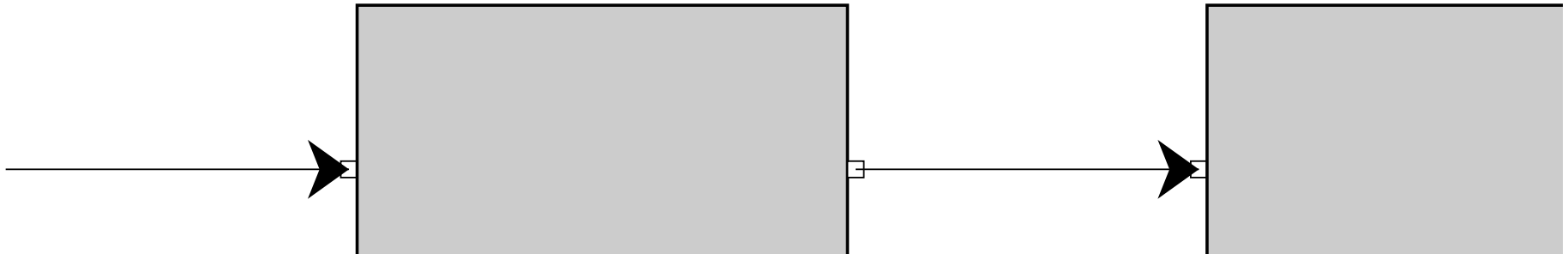
```
ScalarHistory(last_fn=<class '__main__.Square'>, ctx=Context(no_grad=False, saved_values=(2.0,)), inputs=[Scalar(2.000000)])
ScalarHistory(last_fn=None, ctx=None, inputs=())
```


Derivative

```
x = Scalar(2.0)
x_2 = Square.apply(x)
x_3 = Square.apply(x_2)
x_3.backward()
print(x.derivative)
```

32.0

```
[[[]], [], []] 0 0
[[[]], [], []] 1 0
```



Chain Rule

Compute derivative from chain

$$f'_x(g(x)) = g'(x) \times f'_{g(x)}(g(x))$$

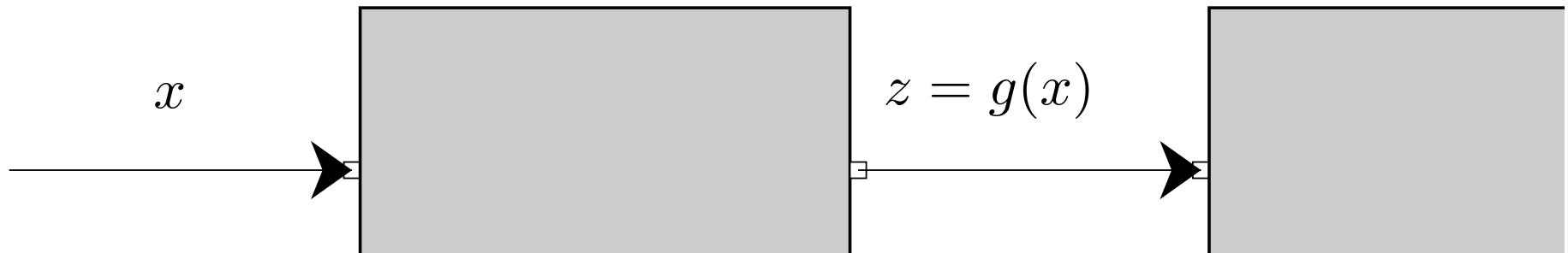
Chain Rule

$$z = g(x)$$

$$d = f'(z)$$

$$f'_x(g(x)) = g'(x) \times d$$

```
[[ '$x$', [' $z = g(x)$' ], [' $f(g(x))$' ] ] 0 0
[ [' $x$' ], [' $z = g(x)$' ], [' $f(g(x))$' ] ] 1 0
```



```
[[" $d \cdot g'(x)$" ], [" $f'(z)$" ], [' $1$' ] ] 0 0
[[" $d \cdot g'(x)$" ], [" $f'(z)$" ], [' $1$' ] ] 1 0
```


Example: Chain Rule

$$\log(x)^2$$

$$f(z) = z^2$$

$$g(x) = \log(x)$$

Example: Chain Rule

$$f'(z) = 2z \times 1$$

$$g'(x) = 1/x$$

What is the combination?

$$f'_x(g(x))$$

Example: Chain Rule

$$((x)^2)^2$$

$$f(z) = z^2$$

$$g(x) = x^2$$

$$f'(z) = 2 \times z$$

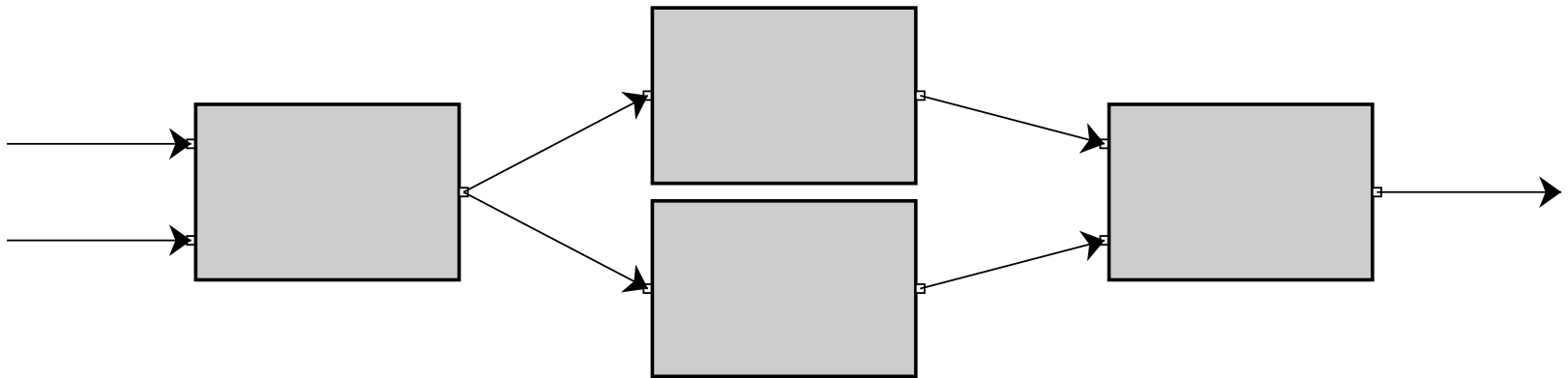
$$g'(x) = 2 \times x$$

$$f'_x(g(x)) = 2 \times x \times 2 \times x^2 = 4x^3$$

Two Arguments: Chain

$$f(g(x, y))$$

['', ''],	[''],	['', ''],	['']	0	0
['', ''],	[''],	['', ''],	['']	0	1
['', ''],	[''],	['', ''],	['']	1	0
['', ''],	[''],	['', ''],	['']	1	0
['', ''],	[''],	['', ''],	['']	2	0
['', ''],	[''],	['', ''],	['']	2	1



Two Arguments: Chain

$$f'_x(g(x, y)) = g'_x(x, y) \times f'_{g(x, y)}(g(x, y))$$

$$f'_y(g(x, y)) = g'_y(x, y) \times f'_{g(x, y)}(g(x, y))$$

Two Arguments: Chain

$$z = g(x, y)$$

$$d = f'(z)$$

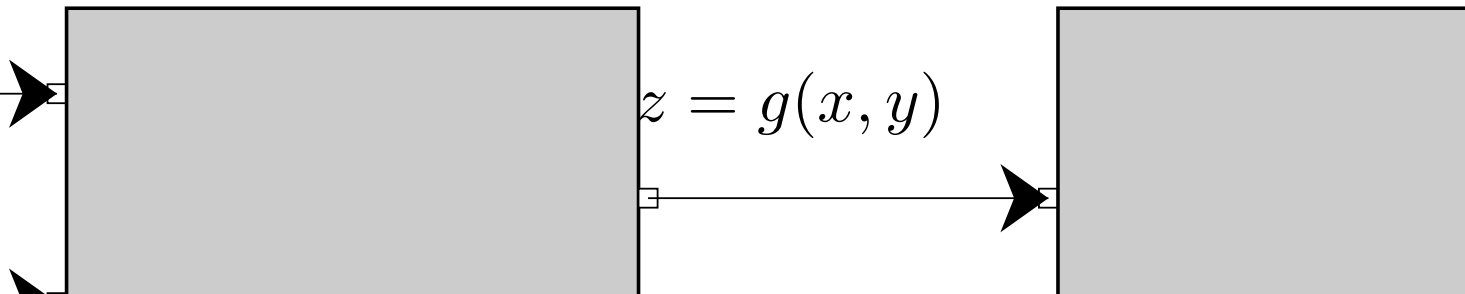
$$f'_x(g(x, y)) = g'_x(x, y) \times d_{out}$$

$$f'_y(g(x, y)) = g'_y(x, y) \times d_{out}$$

```
[[['$x$', '$y$'], ['$z = g(x, y)$'], ['$h(x,y)$']] 0 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['$z = g(x, y)$'], ['$h(x,y)$']] 0 1
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['$z = g(x, y)$'], ['$h(x,y)$']] 1 0
```

x

y



Example: Chain Rule

$$(x \times y)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= z^2 \\ g(x, y) &= (x \times y) \end{aligned}$$

Example: Chain Rule

$$f'(z) = 2z \times 1$$

$$g'_x(x, y) = y$$

$$g'_y(x, y) = x$$

What is the combination?

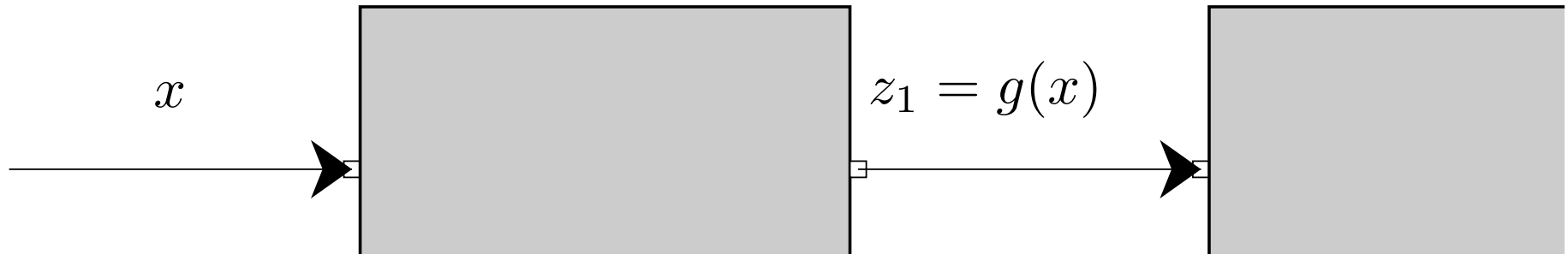
$$f'_x(g(x, y)) = 2zy$$

$$f'_y(g(x, y)) = 2zx$$

Multivariable Chain

$$f(g(x), h(x))$$

```
[[ '$x$', [' $z_1 = g(x)$', '$z_2 = g(x)$', [' $h(x)$' ] ] ] 0 0
[ '$x$', [' $z_1 = g(x)$', '$z_2 = g(x)$', [' $h(x)$' ] ] ] 1 0
```

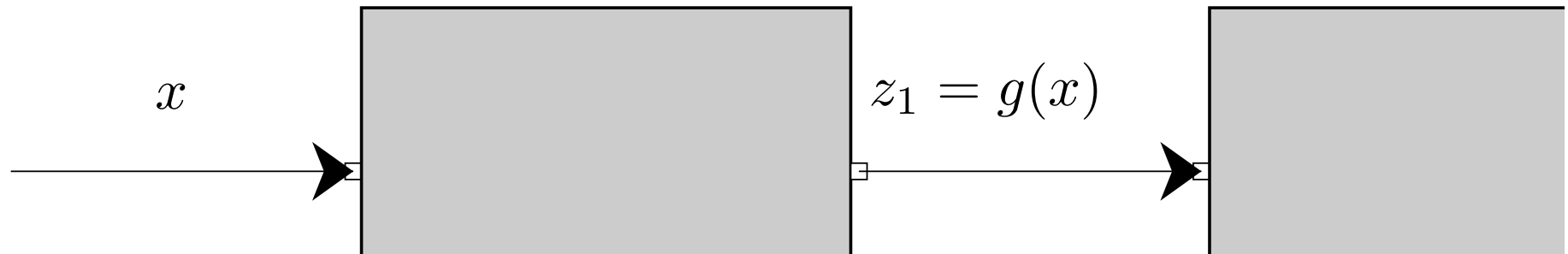


Multivariable Chain

$$d = 1 \cdot f'_{z_1}(z_1, z_2) + 1 \cdot f'_{z_2}(z_1, z_2)$$

$$h'_x(x) = d \cdot g'_x(x)$$

```
[[ '$x$', [' $z_1 = g(x)$', '$z_2 = g(x)$'], [' $h(x)$' ] ] 0 0
[ '$x$', [' $z_1 = g(x)$', '$z_2 = g(x)$'], [' $h(x)$' ] ] 1 0
```

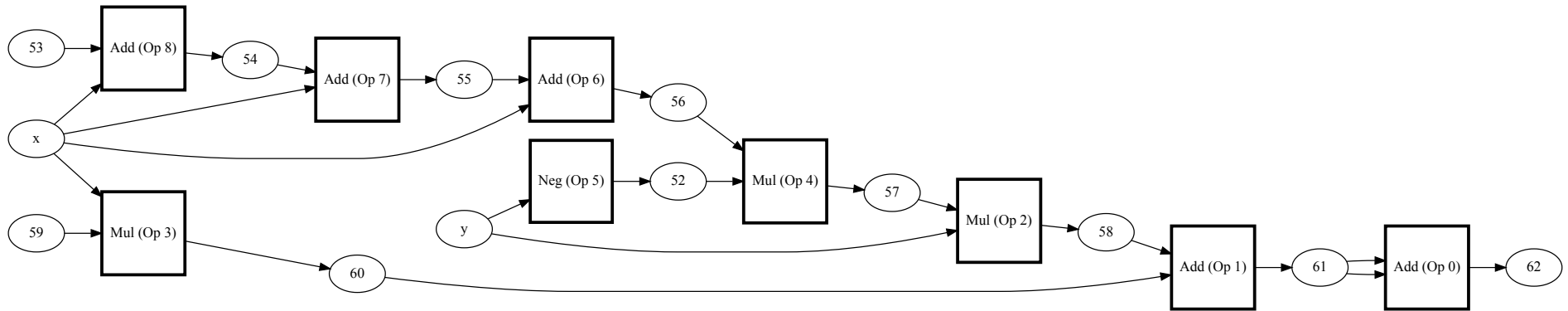


```
[["$d \\cdot g'_x(x)$"], ["$f'_{z_1}(z_1, z_2)$", "$f'_{z_2}(z_1, z_2)$"], [' $h1$' ] ] 0 0
[["$d \\cdot g'_x(x)$"], ["$f'_{z_1}(z_1, z_2)$", "$f'_{z_2}(z_1, z_2)$"], [' $h1$' ] ] 1 0
```


Backpropagation

Complex Graphs

```
def expression():  
    x = Scalar(1.0, name="x")  
    y = Scalar(1.0, name="y")  
    z = -y * sum([x, x, x]) * y + 10.0 * x  
    return z + z
```



Goal

- Efficient implementation of chain-rule
- Assume access to the graph.
- Goal: Call backward once per variable

Full Graph

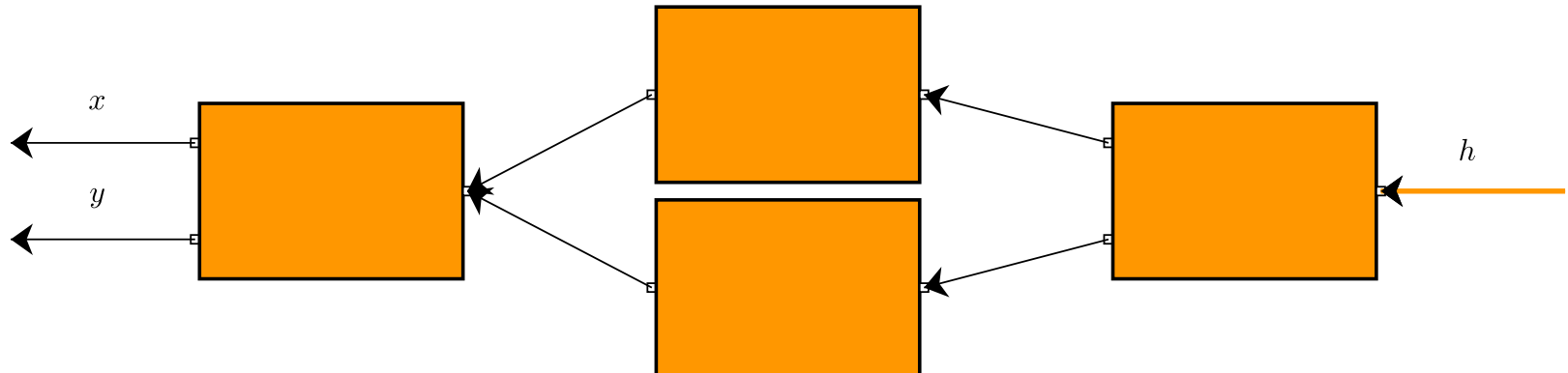
$$z = x \times y$$

$$h(x, y) = \log(z) + \exp(z)$$

```

[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1

```



Tool

If we have:

- the derivative with respect to a scalar
- the function last called on the scalar

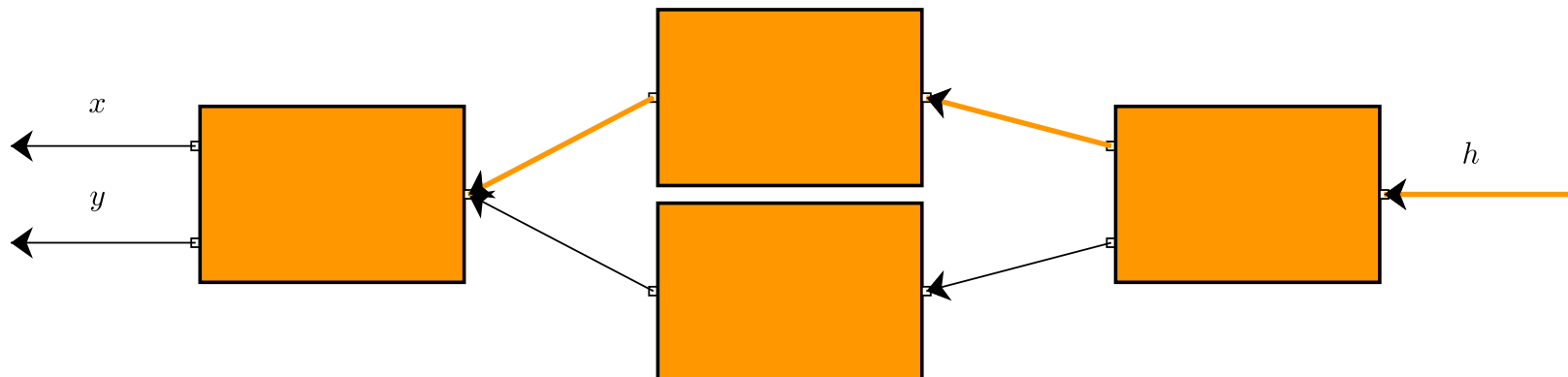
We can apply the chain rule through that function.

Step

```

[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1

```



```

[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0
[['$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1

```


Issue

Order matters!

- If we proceed without finishing a variable, we may need to apply chain rule multiple times

Desired property: all derivatives for a variable before backward.

Ordering Step

- Do not process any Variable until all downstream Variables are done.
- Collect a list of the Variables first.

Topological Sorting

- Topological Sorting
- High-level -> Run depth first search and mark nodes.

Topological Sorting

```
visit(last)

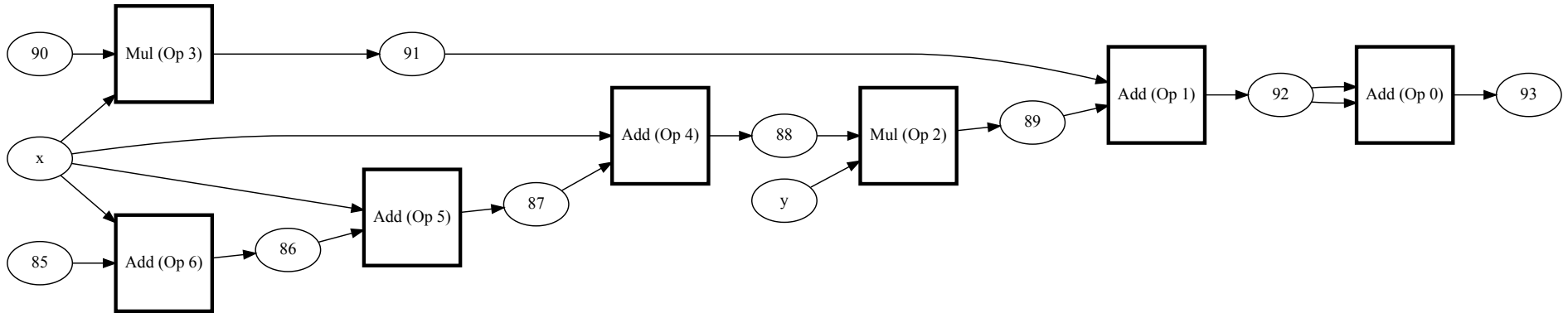
function visit(node n)
  if n has a mark then return

  for each node m with an edge from n to m do
    visit(m)

  mark n with a permanent mark
  add n to list
```


Topological Sorting

```
def expression():  
    x = Scalar(1.0, name="x")  
    y = Scalar(1.0, name="y")  
    z = sum([x, x, x]) * y + 10.0 * x  
    return z + z
```



Backpropagation

- Graph propagation
- Ensure flow to original Variables.

Terminology

- Leaf: Variable created from scratch
- Non-Leaf: Variable created with a Function
- Constant: Term passed in that is not a variable

Algorithm: Outer Loop

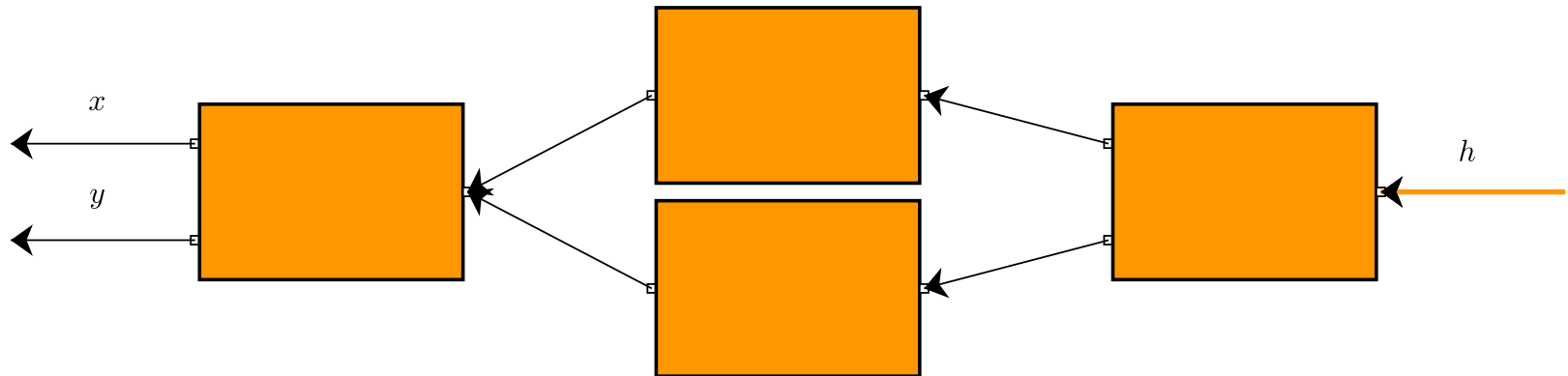
1. Call topological sort
2. Create dict of Variables and derivatives
3. For each node in backward order:

Algorithm: Inner Loop

1. if Variable is leaf, add its final derivative
2. if the Variable is not a leaf, 1) call backward with d 2) loop through all the Variables+derivative 3) accumulate derivatives for the Variable

Example

```
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1
```

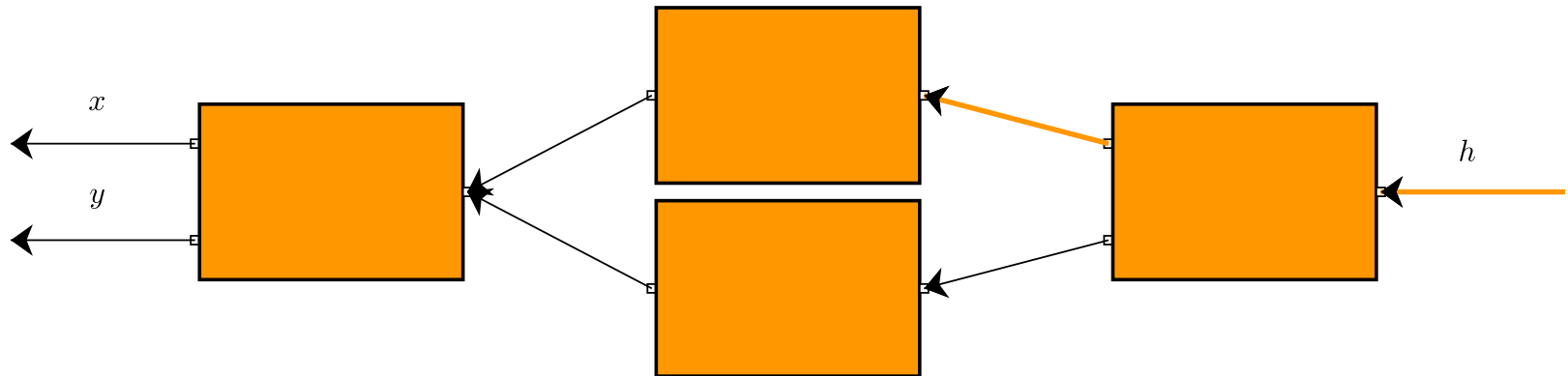


Example

```

[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1

```

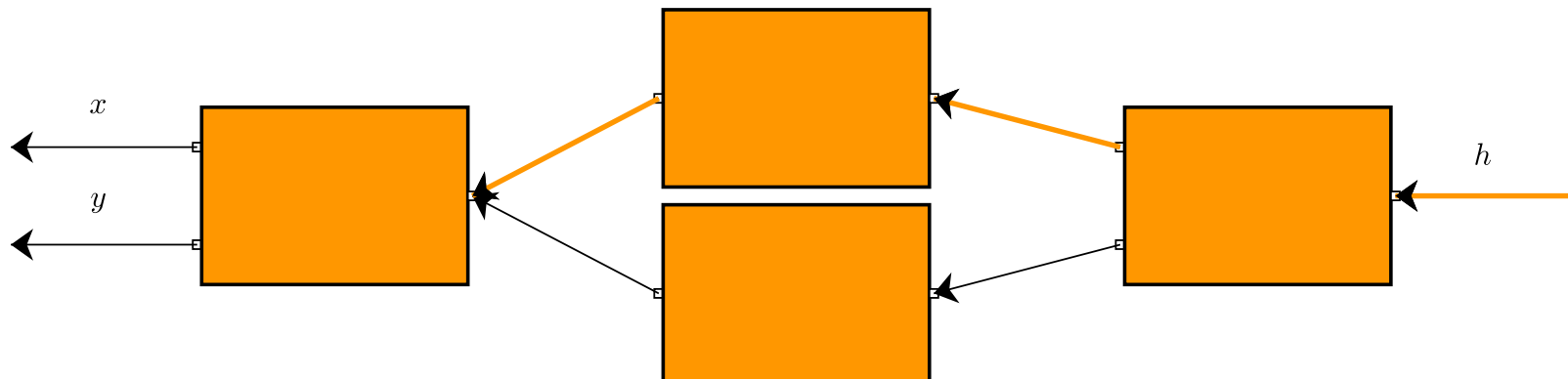


Example

```

[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1

```

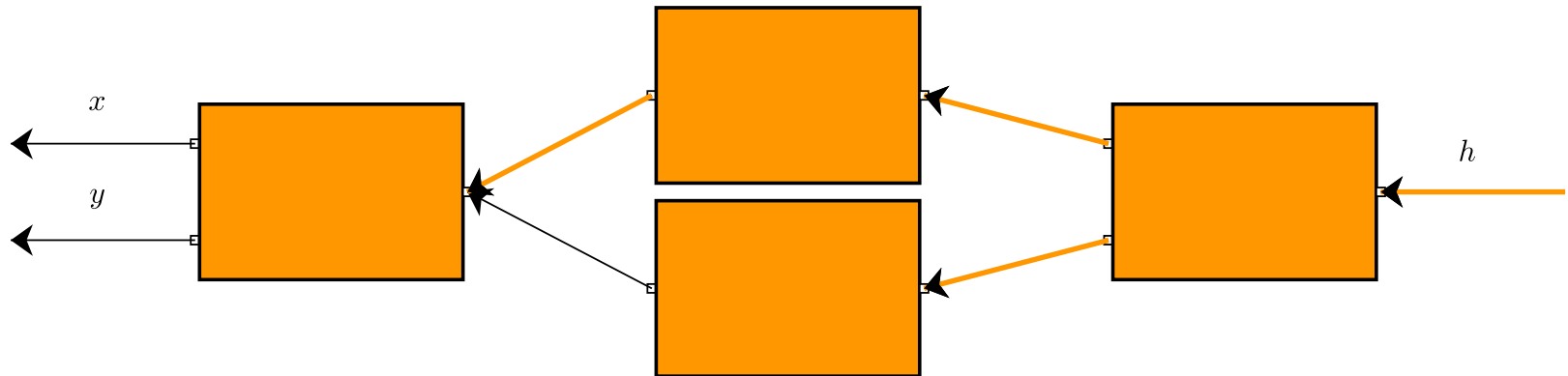


Example

```

[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1

```

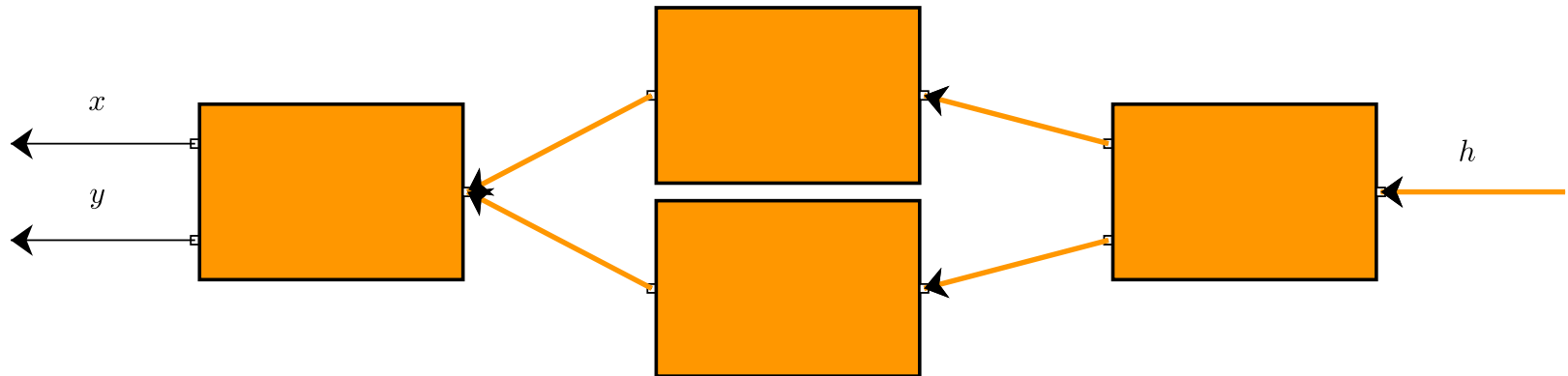


Example

```

[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1

```

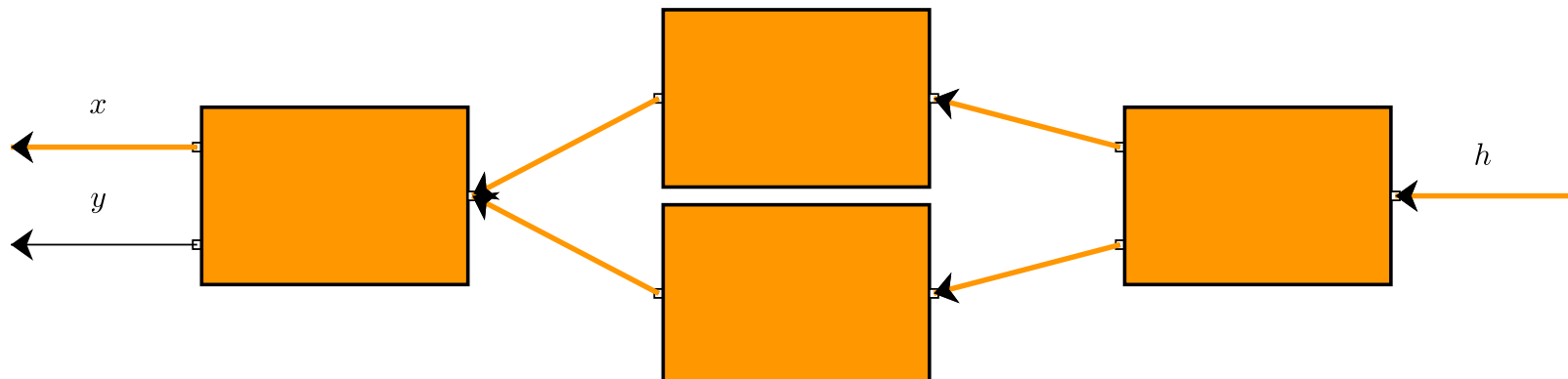


Example

```

[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0
[['$x$', '$y$'], ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1

```



Example

```
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 0  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 0 1  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 1 0  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 0  
[[ '$x$', '$y$', ['', ''], ['', ''], ['$h$']] 2 1
```

