



## DAPI MYCOPLASMA ASSAY

### IMPORTANT NOTE

This is a simple visual assay for mycoplasma contamination that should be performed before freezing down any cell lines or if contamination is suspected. Since preparing the treated glass cover slips takes about a day they should be prepared in bulk beforehand (once treated they can be stored in a sterile tissue culture dish at room temperature indefinitely).

### EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Hot plate  
Glass beaker  
Two (or more) 100 mm sterile tissue culture dishes  
Whatman/Blotting paper  
Tweezers  
Six well dish(es)  
Glass cover slips (Fisherbrand #12-540B 22 x 22 mm) and microscope slides

### REAGENTS REQUIRED

#### A. Treating Cover slips

- 1M HCl
- dH<sub>2</sub>O
- 100% Ethanol
- Poly-D-Lysine solution (50 µg/mL in dH<sub>2</sub>O)

#### B. DAPI Assay

- DAPI working solution:
  - Dilute 1 µL of DAPI stock (1000X or 5 mg/mL in dH<sub>2</sub>O) in 10 mL 1X PBS.
- Methanol (pre-cooled to -20 °C)
- 1X PBS
- Anti-fade aqueous mounting media (or glycerol in a pinch)

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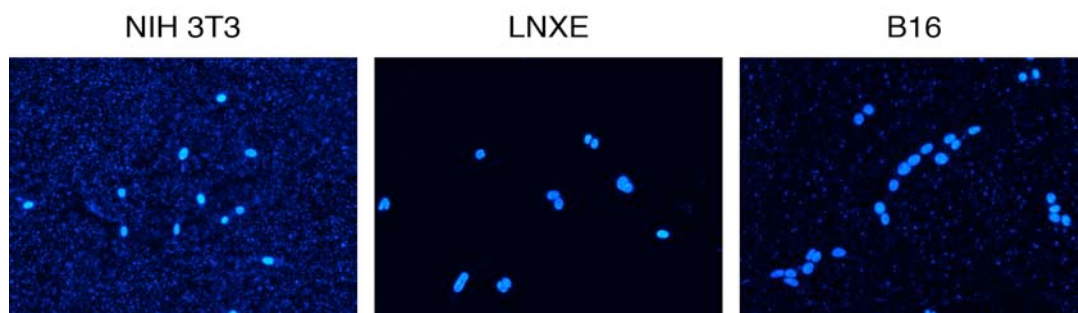
### A. TREATING COVER SLIPS

- 1 In the fume hood place cover slips to be treated in a glass beaker and cover with 1 M HCl.
- 2 Loosely cover the beaker to prevent excess evaporation (don't use tinfoil!) and heat at 50 °C using a hot plate for 4 - 6 hours.
- 3 Turn off the hot plate and allow the beaker to return to room temperature.

- 4 Wash 3X in dH<sub>2</sub>O to remove any HCl residue.
- 5 Rinse the cover slips in 100% ethanol and let them dry between Whatman/blotting paper.
- 6 Place cover slips in a tissue culture dish and incubate them with Poly-D-Lysine solution on a rocker for one hour.
- 7 Wash 5X in dH<sub>2</sub>O to remove any free Poly-D-Lysine.
- 8 Rinse cover slips in 100% ethanol and dry in the tissue culture hood propped up on the edge of a tissue culture dish (sterility is important here!).
- 9 Store the dried cover slips in a sterile tissue culture dish until use.

## **B. DAPI ASSAY**

- 1 Using sterile tweezers (wipe them down with 70 % ethanol) place a single treated cover slip in each well of a six well dish.
- 2 Plate the cells to be tested at 100 000 cells per well.
- 3 Incubate overnight allowing the cells to adhere to the glass cover slips.
- 4 In the morning aspirate off all traces of media.
- 5 Fix and permeabilize the cells with 1 mL of -20 °C methanol per well, incubate the plate at -20 °C for 10 minutes.
- 6 Aspirate off the methanol and stain each well with 1 mL of DAPI working solution at room temperature for 10 minutes – remember to keep the plate protected from light!
- 7 Wash once with 1X PBS to remove any excess DAPI.
- 8 Carefully remove the cover slip from the six well dish using tweezers.
- 9 Mount with any aqueous mounting media (glycerol works fine but wont offer any protection against bleaching)
- 10 Visualize at 200X for mycoplasma contamination.



**Figure 1.** Example slides showing mycoplasma contaminated (NIH 3T3 and B16) vs. clean cells (LNXE). Mycoplasma appear as granulation or small DAPI positive spots both outside and inside of the cells