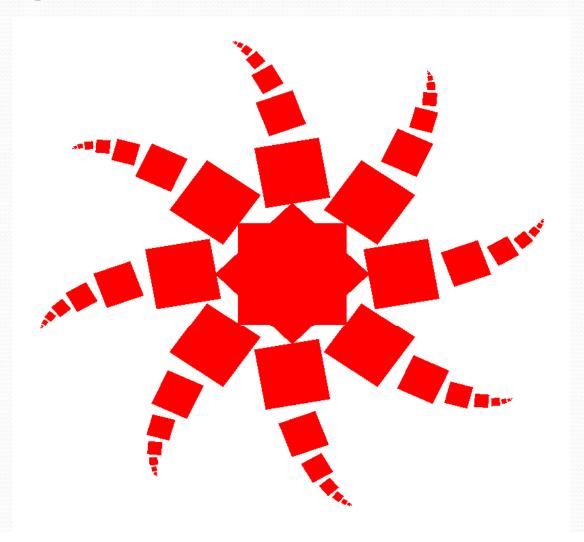
# Question 1

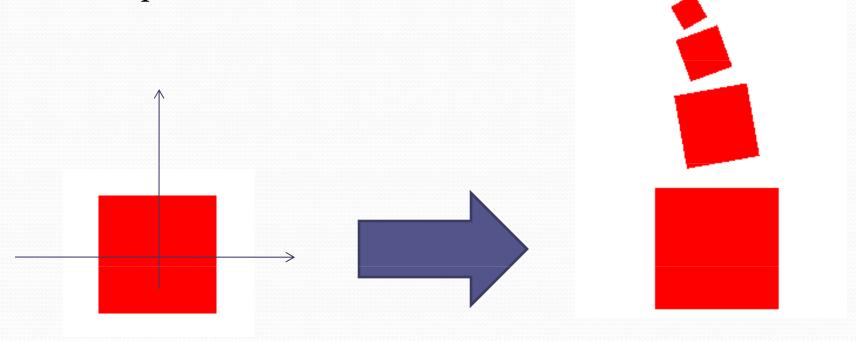
CS3241 Computer Graphics

## Drawing a Sun



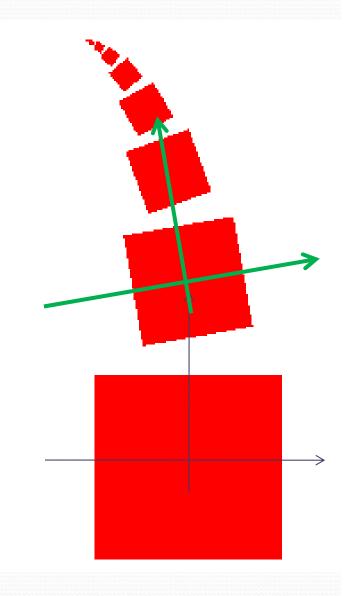
## drawAUnitSquare()

• Draw a square with corners  $(\pm 0.5, \pm 0.5)$ 



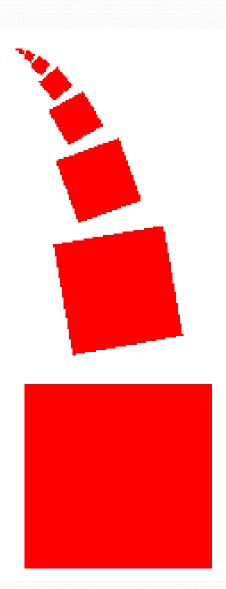
## drawStroke()

- Translate
- Rotate
- Scale

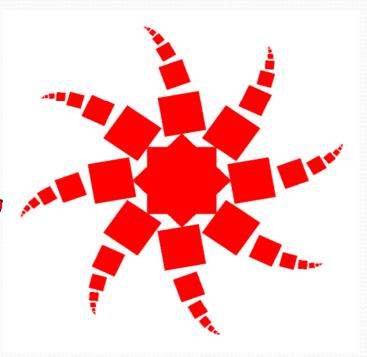


#### drawStroke()

```
void drawStroke(int n)
  glPushMatrix();
      if(n)
             drawUnitSquare();
             glTranslatef(0,1,0);
             glScalef(0.6,0.6,0.6);
             glRotatef(10,0,0,1);
             drawStroke(n-1);
       } else
             drawTri();
  glPopMatrix();
```

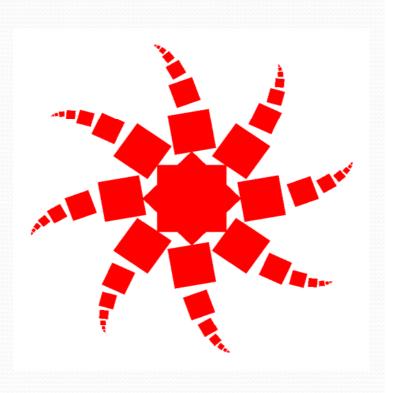


```
void drawSun()
 glPushMatrix();
   for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
    glRotatef(360/8,0,0,1)
     drawStroke(8);
 glPopMatrix();
```



#### What if?

```
void drawSun()
 glPushMatrix();
   for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
      glPushMatrix();
      glRotatef(360/8,0,0,1);
      drawStroke(8);
      glPopMatrix();
 glPopMatrix();
```



#### Thoughts...

- What happen if we remove any pairs of the push/pop matrix calls?
  - Remove the pair in drawStroke()?
  - Remove the pair in drawSun()?

# Question 2

#### To Draw a Circle?

```
void drawCircle()
                                                                         next
  int i;
  double theta, nextTheta;
  double x1,y1;
  double x2,y2;
  glColor3f(0,0,0); // black color
  glBegin(GL_LINE_STRIP);
  for(i=0;i<360;i++) // angle in degree</pre>
                 theta = (3.141592654/180)*i; // converting degree to radian
                 nextTheta = (3.141592654/180)*(i+1);
                 x1 = sin(theta); y1 = cos(theta);
                 x2 = sin(nextTheta); y2 = cos(nextTheta);
                 glVertex2f(x1,y1);
                 glVertex2f(x2,y2);
  glEnd();
```

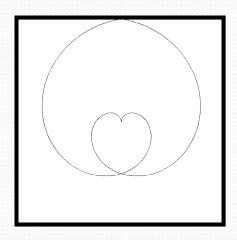
next p

#### Draw a Spiral?

```
void drawSpiral()
  int i;
  double theta, nextTheta;
  double x1,y1;
  double x2,y2;
  glColor3f(0,0,0); // black color
  glBegin(GL LINE STRIP);
  for(i=0;i<360;i++) // angle in degree</pre>
                  theta = (3.141592654/180)*i; // convert degree to radian
                  nextTheta = (3.141592654/180)*(i+1);
                  x1 = sin(theta); y1 = cos(theta);
                  x2 = \sin(\text{nextTheta}); y2 = \cos(\text{nextTheta});
                  glVertex2f((i/360.0)*x1,(i/360.0)*y1);
                  glVertex2f(((i+1)/360.0)*x2,((i+1)/360.0)*y2);
  glEnd();
```

### Two Spirals?

```
drawSpiral();
glScalef(-1,1,1);
drawSpiral();
```



### Heart Shape?

```
void drawSpiral()
  int i;
  double theta, nextTheta;
  double x1,y1;
  double x2,y2;
  glColor3f(0,0,0); // black color
  glBegin(GL LINE STRIP);
  for(i=0;i<180;i++) // angle in degree</pre>
                  theta = (3.141592654/180)*i; // convert degree to radian
                  nextTheta = (3.141592654/180)*(i+1);
                  x1 = sin(theta); y1 = cos(theta);
                  x2 = \sin(\text{nextTheta}); y2 = \cos(\text{nextTheta});
                  glVertex2f((i/360.0)*x1,(i/360.0)*y1);
                  glVertex2f(((i+1)/360.0)*x2,((i+1)/360.0)*y2);
  glEnd();
```