## EEC 130A: Homework 4

Due: 3:30 pm, Feb. 7th, 2013

- 1. (4 points) (FAE P2.68) **Single-stub Matching** A 50- $\Omega$  lossless line is to be matched to an antenna with  $Z_L = (75 j20) \Omega$  using a shorted stub. Use the Smith chart to determine the stub length and distance between the antenna and stub.
- 2. (4 points) (FAE P2.74) A 25- $\Omega$  antenna is connected to a 75- $\Omega$  lossless transmission line. Reflections back toward the generator can be eliminated by placing a shunt **reactance** Z at a distance l from the load (Fig. 1). Determine the values of Z and l.

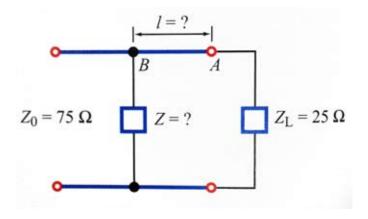


Figure 1: Circuit for Problem 2.

3. (4 points) (FAE P2.78) In response to a step voltage, the voltage waveform shown in Fig. 2 was observed at the sending end of a shorted line with  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$  and  $\epsilon_r = 4$ . Determine  $V_g$ ,  $R_g$ , and the line length.

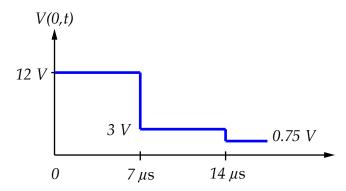


Figure 2: Voltage waveform of Problem 3.

4. (4 points) (FAE P2.80) A generator circuit with  $V_g = 200$  V and  $R_g = 25$   $\Omega$  was used to excite a 75- $\Omega$  lossless line with a rectangular pulse of duration  $\tau = 0.4$   $\mu$ s. The line is 200 m long, its  $u_p = 2 \times 10^8$  m/s, and it is terminated in a load  $R_L = 125$   $\Omega$ .

- (a) Synthesize the voltage pulse exciting the line as the sum of two step functions,  $V_{g1}(t)$  and  $V_{g2}(t)$ .
- (b) For each voltage step function, generate a bounce diagram for the voltage on line.
- (c) Use the bounce diagrams to plot the total voltage at the sending end of the line.
- 5. (4 points) (FAE P2.81) For the circuit of Problem 2 (FAE P2.80), generate a bounce diagram for the current and plot its time history at the middle of the line.