Proofs for Fourier Transform Properties

Property A (Linearity)

$$\alpha x_1(t) + \beta x_2(t) \iff \alpha X_1(f) + \beta X_2(f)$$

Proof:

$$\Im\{\alpha x_1(t) + \beta x_2(t)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\alpha x_1(t) + \beta x_2(t)\right] \exp(-j2\pi ft) dt$$

$$= \alpha \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_1(t) \exp(-j2\pi ft) dt}_{\Im\{x_1(t)\}} + \beta \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_2(t) \exp(-j2\pi ft) dt}_{\Im\{x_2(t)\}}$$

$$= \alpha X_1(f) + \beta X_2(f)$$

Property B (Time Scaling)

$$x(\beta t) \iff \frac{1}{|\beta|} X\left(\frac{f}{\beta}\right); \quad \beta \neq 0$$

Proof:

$$\Im\{x(\beta t)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\beta t) \exp(-j2\pi f t) dt$$

$$\cdots \operatorname{letting} \zeta = \beta t \text{ and thus, } d\zeta = \beta dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{\beta} \int_{-\beta,\infty}^{\beta,\infty} x(\zeta) \exp\left(-j2\pi \frac{f}{\beta}\zeta\right) d\zeta$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\beta} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\zeta) \exp\left(-j2\pi \frac{f}{\beta}\zeta\right) d\zeta; & \beta > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\beta} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\zeta) \exp\left(-j2\pi \frac{f}{\beta}\zeta\right) d\zeta; & \beta < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\beta} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\zeta) \exp\left(-j2\pi \frac{f}{\beta}\zeta\right) d\zeta; & \beta \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\cdots \operatorname{letting} \zeta = t \text{ and thus, } d\zeta = dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{\beta} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) \exp\left(-j2\pi \frac{f}{\beta}t\right) dt = \frac{1}{\beta} X\left(\frac{f}{\beta}\right)$$
Fourier transform of $x(t)$ with f replaced by f/β

Remarks: $(1 < |\beta| < \infty)$: Time-compression and frequency-expansion by a factor of β .

 $(0 < |\beta| < 1)$: Time-expansion and frequency-compression by a factor of β .

(negative β): Time-reversal and frequency-reversal.

Property C (Duality)

$$X(t) \rightleftharpoons x(-f)$$

Proof:

$$x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(f) \exp(j2\pi ft) df$$

Interchange the role of t and f:

$$x(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(t) \exp(j2\pi ft) dt$$

Negate f:

$$x(-f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(t) \exp(-j2\pi ft) dt = \Im\{X(t)\}$$

Property D (*Time-shifting*)

$$x(t-t_0) \rightleftharpoons X(f)\exp(-j2\pi ft_0)$$

Proof:

$$\Im\{x(t-t_0)\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t-t_0) \exp(-j2\pi ft) dt$$

$$\cdots \text{letting } \tilde{t} = t - t_0 \text{ and thus, } d\tilde{t} = dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tilde{t}) \exp(-j2\pi f(\tilde{t} + t_0)) d\tilde{t}$$

$$= \exp(-j2\pi ft_0) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tilde{t}) \exp(-j2\pi f\tilde{t}) d\tilde{t}$$

$$\cdots \text{letting } \tilde{t} = t \text{ and thus, } d\tilde{t} = dt$$

$$= \exp(-j2\pi ft_0) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) \exp(-j2\pi ft) dt$$

$$= \exp(-j2\pi ft_0) X(f)$$

Property E (Frequency-shifting or Modulation)

$$x(t)\exp(j2\pi f_0t) \iff X(f-f_0)$$

Proof:

$$\Im[x(t)\exp(j2\pi f_0 t)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)\exp(j2\pi f_0 t)\exp(-j2\pi f t)dt$$

$$= \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)\exp(-j2\pi (f - f_0)t)dt}_{Fourier\ transform\ of\ x(t)\ with\ f\ replaced\ by\ f - f_0}$$

$$= X(f - f_0)$$

Property F (Differentiation in time domain)

$$\frac{d}{dt}x(t) \iff j2\pi fX(f)$$

Proof:

$$\frac{d}{dt}x(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(f) \exp(j2\pi ft) df$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(f) \frac{d}{dt} \Big[\exp(j2\pi ft) \Big] df$$

$$= \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (j2\pi fX(f)) \exp(j2\pi ft) df}_{Inverse Fourier transform} = \mathfrak{I}^{-1} \Big\{ j2\pi fX(f) \Big\}$$

$$= \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (j2\pi fX(f)) \exp(j2\pi ft) df}_{Inverse Fourier transform} = \mathfrak{I}^{-1} \Big\{ j2\pi fX(f) \Big\}$$

Property G (Integration in time domain)

If $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)dt = 0$, or equivalently X(0) = 0, then

$$\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau)d\tau \iff \frac{1}{i2\pi f}X(f)$$

Proof:

Assume:
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)dt = 0$$

$$\Im\left\{\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau)d\tau\right\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{\left(\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau)d\tau\right)}_{u} \underbrace{\exp\left(-j2\pi ft\right)dt}_{dv}$$

····· performing integration by parts

$$= \left[\underbrace{\left(\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau) d\tau \right)}_{u} \underbrace{\frac{\exp(-j2\pi ft)}{-j2\pi f}}_{-j2\pi f} \right]_{t=-\infty}^{\infty} - \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{\frac{\exp(-j2\pi ft)}{-j2\pi f}}_{v} \underbrace{x(t) dt}_{du}$$

$$= \left[\underbrace{\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) d\tau \right)}_{=0} \times \lim_{t \to \infty} \underbrace{\frac{\exp(-j2\pi ft)}{-j2\pi f}}_{-j2\pi f} \right]_{t=-\infty} - \underbrace{\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) d\tau \right)}_{=0} \times \lim_{t \to \infty} \underbrace{\frac{\exp(-j2\pi ft)}{-j2\pi f}}_{-j2\pi f} \right]_{t=-\infty} - \underbrace{\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) d\tau \right)}_{-j2\pi f} \times \underbrace{\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) d\tau \right)}_{-j2\pi f$$

Property H (Convolution in the time-domain)

$$\underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_1(\zeta) x_2(t-\zeta) d\zeta}_{Convolution in the time-domain} \iff \underbrace{X_1(f) X_2(f)}_{Multiplication in the frequency-domain}$$

Proof:

$$\mathfrak{I}^{-1}\left\{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_{1}(\zeta)x_{2}(t-\zeta)d\zeta\right\} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_{1}(\zeta)x_{2}(t-\zeta)d\zeta\right] \exp(-j2\pi ft)dt$$

$$\cdots \text{letting } \xi = t - \zeta \text{ and thus, } d\xi = dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_{1}(\zeta)x_{2}(\xi)d\zeta\right] \exp(-j2\pi f(\zeta+\xi))d\xi$$

$$= \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_{1}(\zeta)\exp(-j2\pi f\zeta)d\zeta}_{Fourier \ transform \ of \ x_{1}(t)} \cdot \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_{2}(\xi)\exp(-j2\pi f\xi)d\xi}_{Fourier \ transform \ of \ x_{2}(t)}$$

$$= X_{1}(f)X_{2}(f)$$

Property I (Multiplication in the time-domain)

$$\underbrace{x_1(t)x_2(t)}_{\substack{Multiplication\\ in \ the\\ time-domain}} \iff \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X_1(\zeta)X_2(f-\zeta)d\zeta}_{\substack{Convolution \ in \ the\\ frequency-domain}}$$

Proof: