# Compilation of Expressions

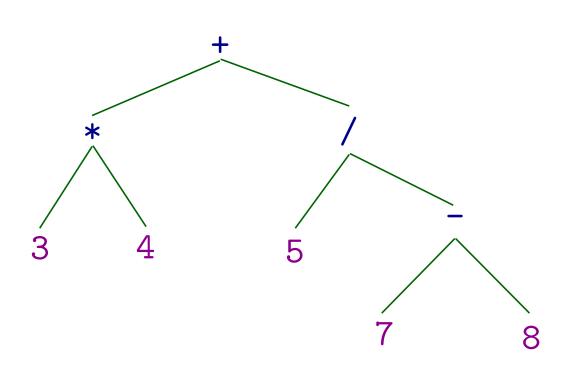
CS4212 – Lecture 3 (live)

### **Outline**



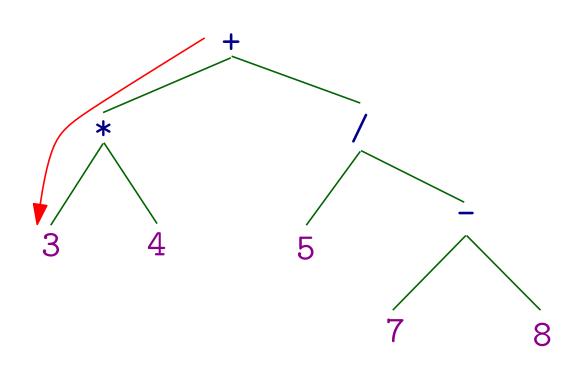
- Version 1: simple binary expressions
- Version 2: add conditional operators
- Version 3: better engineering
- Version 4: adding assignments





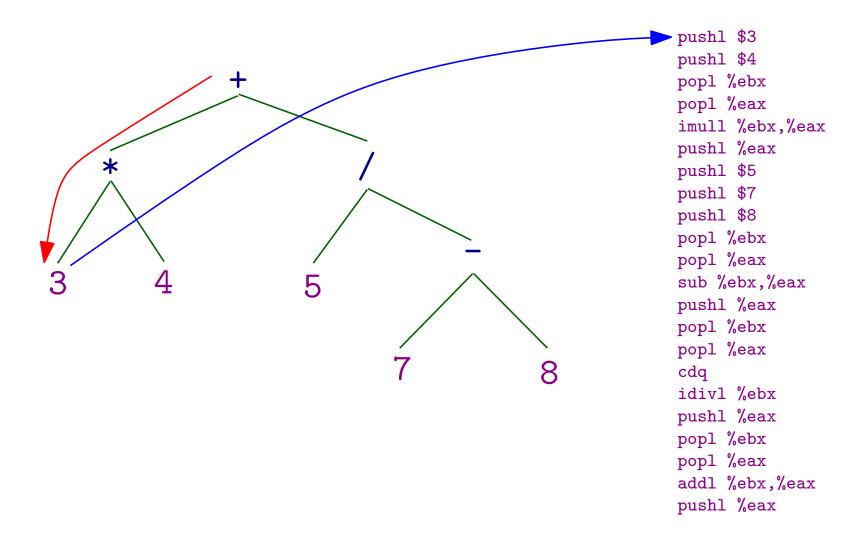
pushl \$3 pushl \$4 popl %ebx popl %eax imull %ebx, %eax pushl %eax pushl \$5 pushl \$7 pushl \$8 popl %ebx popl %eax sub %ebx, %eax pushl %eax popl %ebx popl %eax cdq idivl %ebx pushl %eax popl %ebx popl %eax addl %ebx, %eax pushl %eax



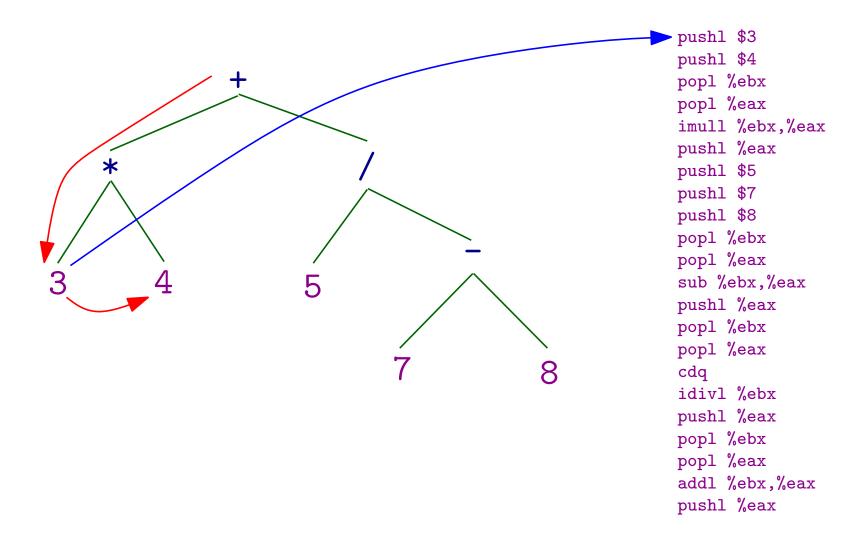


```
pushl $3
pushl $4
popl %ebx
popl %eax
imull %ebx,%eax
pushl %eax
pushl $5
pushl $7
pushl $8
popl %ebx
popl %eax
sub %ebx, %eax
pushl %eax
popl %ebx
popl %eax
cdq
idivl %ebx
pushl %eax
popl %ebx
popl %eax
addl %ebx, %eax
pushl %eax
```

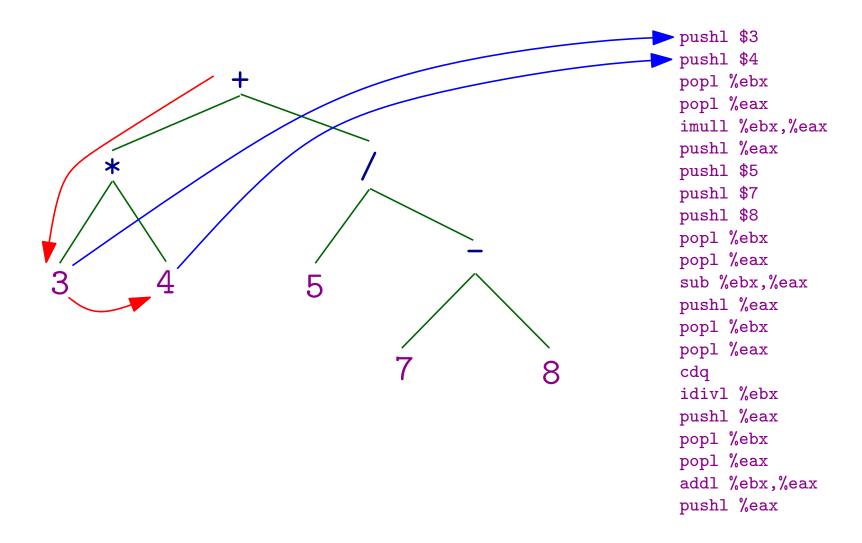




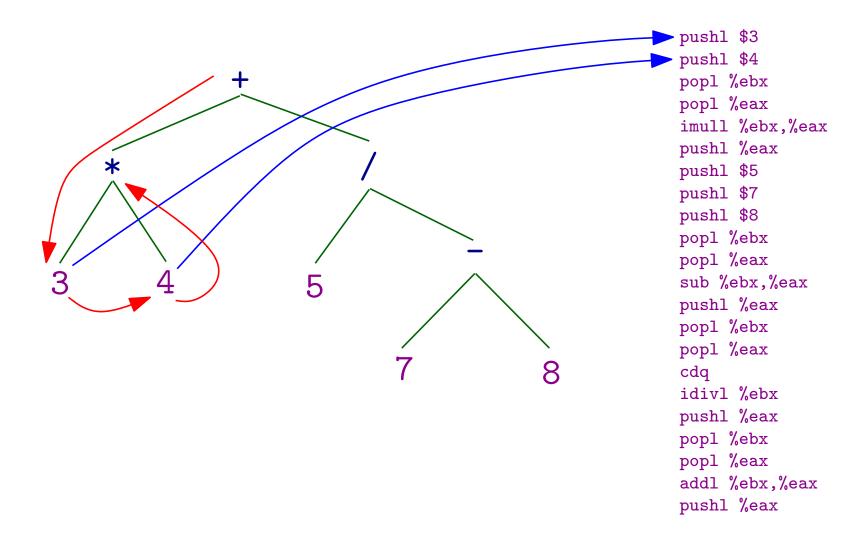




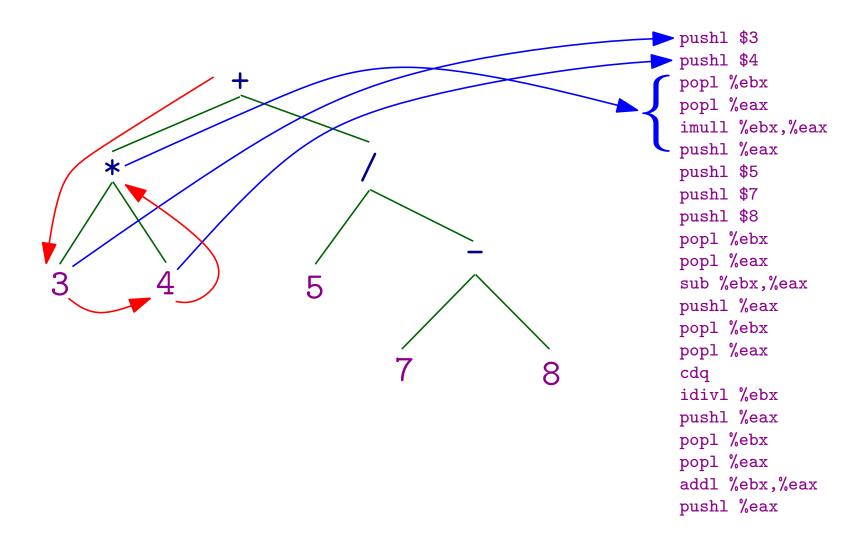




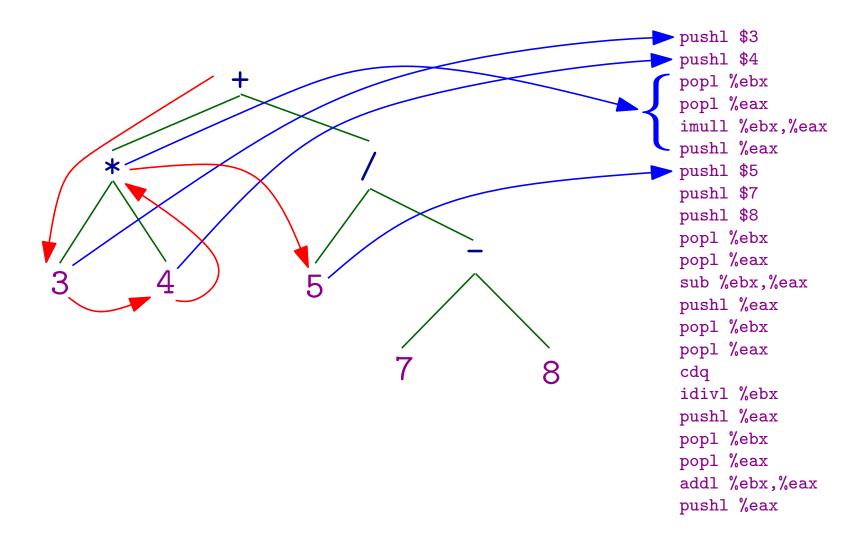




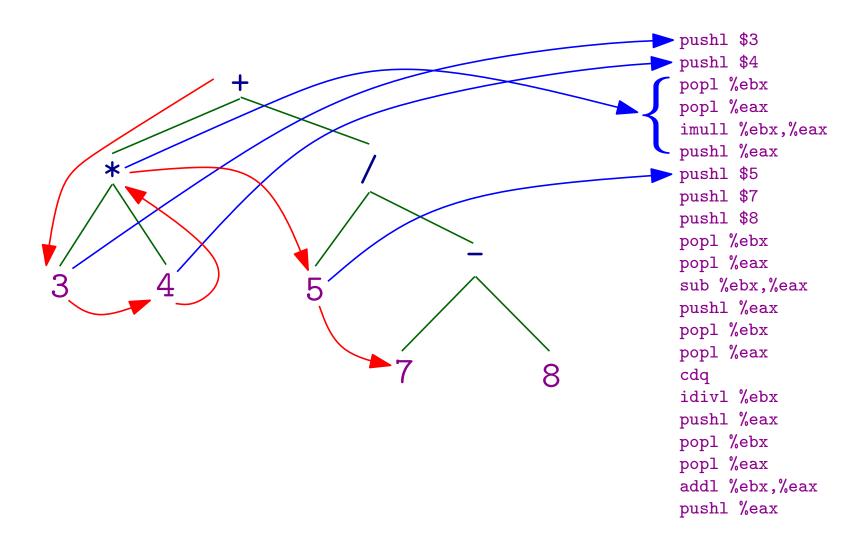




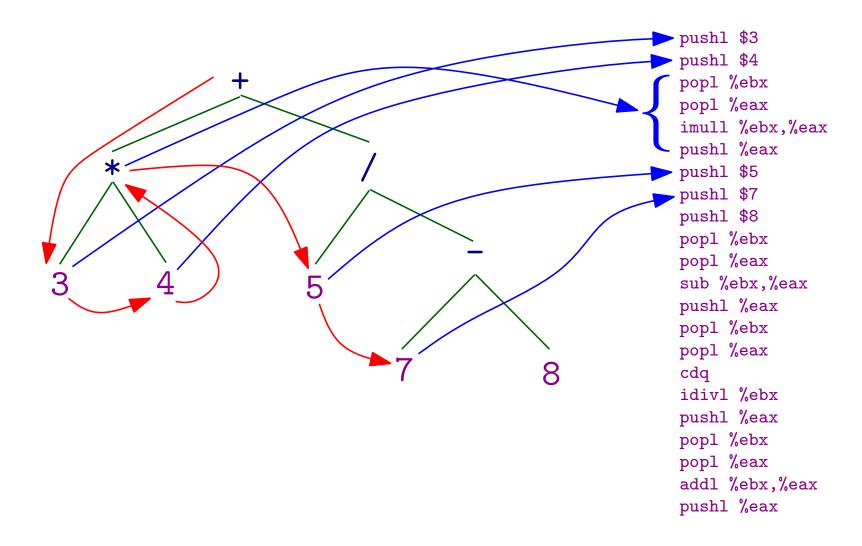




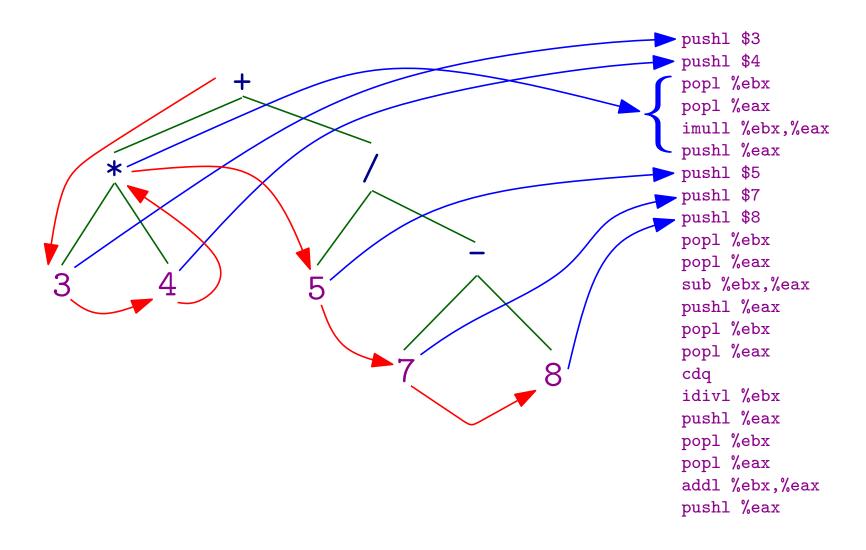




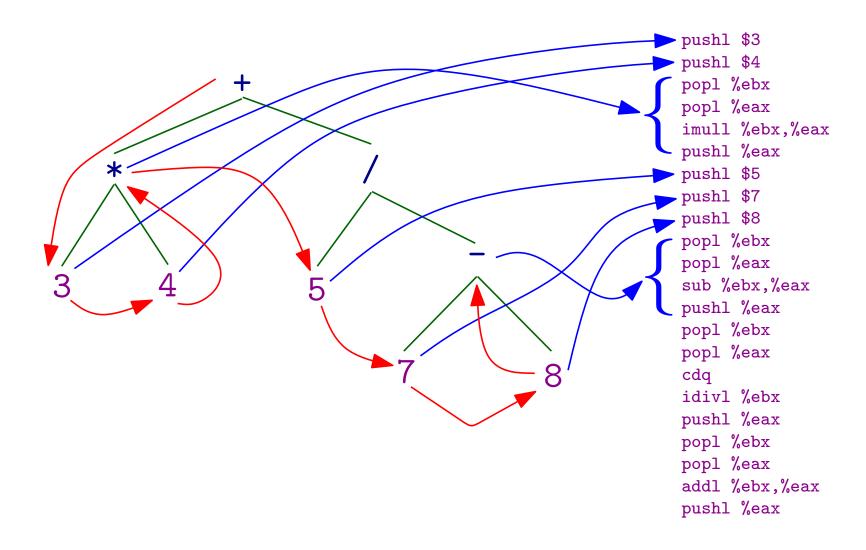




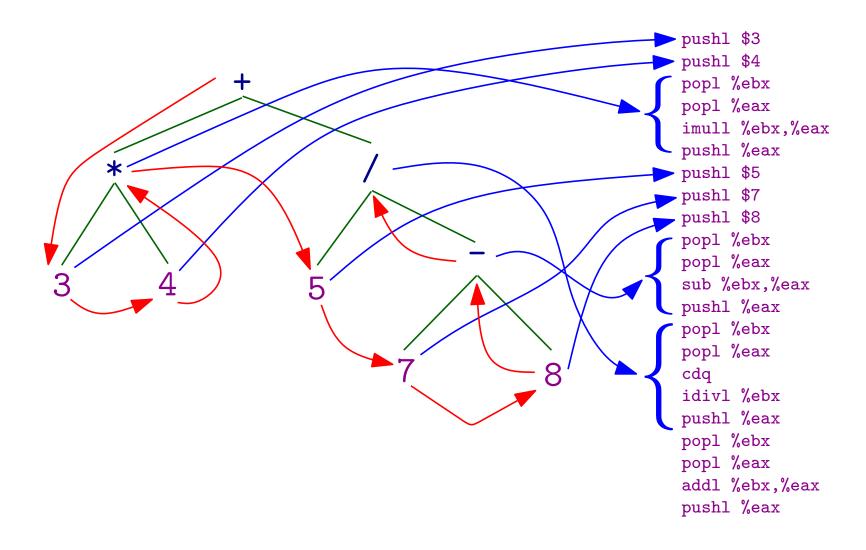




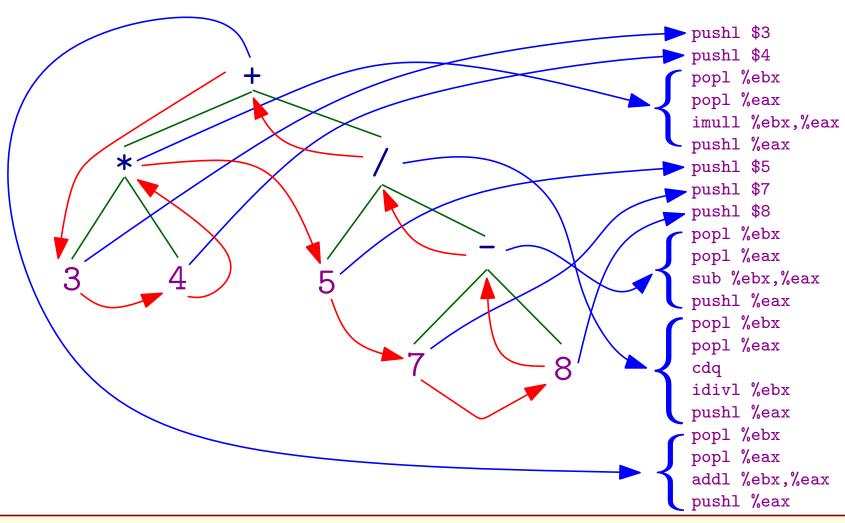












- For each constant, we push its value on the stack.
- Each operator pulls 2 operands from the stack, computes the result, and pushes it on the stack.
- Some instructions (IDIVL) have peculiar operands

### Version 1



```
ce(C,[Instr]) :-
        integer(C),
        atomic_list_concat(['pushl $',C],Instr).
ce(E,Code) :-
        E = ... [Op, E1, E2],
        member(Op,[+,-,*,/,rem]),
        !,
        ce(E1,C1),
        ce(E2,C2),
        cop(Op,Cop),
        append([C1,C2,Cop],Code).
```

### Version 1



```
ce(C,[Instr]) :-
    integer(C),
!,
    atomic_list_concat(['pushl $',C],Instr).

ce(E,Code) :-
    E = .. [Op,E1,E2],
    member(Op,[+,-,*,/,rem]),
!,
    ce(E1,C1),
    ce(E2,C2),
    cop(Op,Cop),
    append([C1,C2,Cop],Code).
```

### **Code Issued for Operators**



```
cop(+,['popl %ebx', 'popl %eax', 'addl %ebx,%eax', 'pushl %eax']).
cop(-,['popl %ebx', 'popl %eax', 'subl %ebx,%eax', 'pushl %eax']).
cop(*,['popl %ebx', 'popl %eax', 'imull %ebx,%eax', 'pushl %eax']).
cop(/,['popl %ebx', 'popl %eax', 'cdq', 'idiv %ebx', 'pushl %eax']).
cop(rem,['popl %ebx', 'popl %eax', 'cdq', 'idiv %ebx', 'pushl %edx']).
```

#### Main Predicate



```
out(E) :-
        ce(E,Code),
        Pre = [ '.section .text',
                 '.globl _start',
                 '_start:',
                 'pushl %ebp',
                 'movl %esp, %ebp'],
        Post = ['popl %eax',
                 'movl %ebp, %esp',
                 'popl %ebp',
                 'ret'],
        append([Pre,Code,Post],All),
        atomic_list_concat(['', All], '\n\t', AllWritable),
        write(AllWritable).
```

### Main Predicate



```
out(E)
        ce(E,Code),
        Pre = [ '.section .text',
                '.globl _start',
                                   Preamble
                '_start:',
                'pushl %ebp',
                'movl %esp,%ebp'],
       Post = ['popl %eax',
                'movl %ebp, %esp',
                'popl %ebp',
                                   Postamble
                'ret'],
        append([Pre,Code,Post],All),
        atomic_list_concat([''|All],'\n\t',AllWritable),
        write(AllWritable).
```

All code as single atom



```
?- out(1+2).
        .section .text
        .globl _start
        _start:
        pushl %ebp
        movl %esp,%ebp
        pushl $1
        pushl $2
        popl %ebx
        popl %eax
        addl %ebx, %eax
        pushl %eax
        popl %eax
        movl %ebp,%esp
        popl %ebp
        ret
true.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int start() asm("_start");
int main() {
    printf("Result = %d\n",start());
}
```

```
gcc -o test runtime.c test.s
./test
Result = 5
```



```
?- out(1+2).
                                    #include <stdio.h>
        .section .text/
        .globl _start
                                    int start() asm("_start");
        _start:
        pushl %ebp
                                    int main() {
        movl %esp, %ebp
                                        printf("Result = %d\n",start());
        pushl $1
        pushl $2
        popl %ebx
        popl %eax
        addl %ebx, %eax
        pushl %eax
        popl %eax
                                       gcc -o test runtime.c test.s
        movl %ebp, %esp
        popl %ebp
                                        ./test
        ret
true.
                                       Result = 5
```

```
[C]
```

```
?- out(2*3-4/5+6).
        .section .text
        .globl _start
        _start:
        pushl %ebp
        movl %esp,%ebp
        pushl $2
        pushl $3
        popl %ebx
        popl %eax
        imull %ebx,%eax
        pushl %eax
        pushl $4
        pushl $5
        popl %ebx
        popl %eax
        cdq
        idiv %ebx
        pushl %eax
```

```
popl %ebx
        popl %eax
        subl %ebx,%eax
        pushl %eax
        pushl $6
        popl %ebx
        popl %eax
        addl %ebx, %eax
        pushl %eax
        popl %eax
        movl %ebp, %esp
        popl %ebp
        ret
true.
```

Code in comp\_expr\_naive\_1.pro

### Version 2



```
?- out(1<2).
                  .section .text
                  .globl _start
_start:
                  pushl %ebp
                  movl %esp,%ebp
                  pushl $1
                  pushl $2
                  popl %eax
                  popl %ebx
                  cmpl %eax,%ebx
                  jge L0
                  pushl $1
                  jmp L1
LO:
                  pushl $0
L1:
                  popl %eax
                  movl %ebp,%esp
                  popl %ebp
                  ret
true.
```

### Version 2

[C]

 Code generated for comparison operator

• In fact, code template

 Each instance of the code needs fresh labels ?- out(1<2). .section .text .globl \_start start: pushl %ebp movl %esp,%ebp pushl \$1 pushl \$2 popl %eax popl %ebx cmpl %eax, %ebx jge L0 pushl \$1 jmp L1 L0: pushl \$0 L1: popl %eax movl %ebp,%esp popl %ebp ret true.

### **Operator Code**



```
cop(+,[],
    ['\n\t\t popl %ebx',
     '\n\t\t popl %eax',
     '\n\t\t addl %ebx, %eax',
     '\n\t\t pushl %eax']).
cop(<,[L1,L2],
    ['\n\t\t popl %eax',
     '\n\t\t popl %ebx',
     '\n\t\t cmpl %eax, %ebx',
     '\n\t\t jge ', L1,
     '\n\t \ pushl $1',
     '\n\t\t jmp ', L2,'\n',
L1,':',
     '\n\t\t pushl $0','\n',
L2,':'
                         ]).
```

### **Operator Code**



```
cop(+,[],
                                        Older operators generate the same code
     ['\n\t\t popl %ebx',
      '\n\t\t popl %eax',
      '\n\t\t addl %ebx, %eax',
      '\n\t\t pushl %eax']).
cop(<,[L1,L2],
     ['\n\t\t popl %eax',
                                      Comparison generates a template, with variables L1
                                      and L2 acting as placeholders for fresh variables
      '\n\t\t popl %ebx',
      '\n\t\t cmpl %eax, %ebx',
      '\n\t\t jge ', L1,
      '\n\t \ pushl $1',
      '\n\t\t jmp ', L2,'\n',
L1,':',
      '\n\t\t pushl $0','\n',
                             ]).
L2,':'
```

### **Post-Order Traversal**



```
ce(C,[Instr],LabelSuffix,LabelSuffix) :-
    integer(C),!,
    atomic_list_concat(['\n\t\t pushl $',C],Instr).

ce(E,Code,LabelSuffixIn,LabelSuffixOut) :-
    E = .. [Op,E1,E2],
    member(Op,[+,-,*,/,rem,<]),!,
    cop(Op,LPlaceholders,Cop),
    generateLabels(LPlaceholders,LabelSuffixIn,LabelSuffixAux1),
    ce(E1,C1,LabelSuffixAux1,LabelSuffixAux2),
    ce(E2,C2,LabelSuffixAux2,LabelSuffixOut),
    append([C1,C2,Cop],Code).</pre>
```

### **Post-Order Traversal**



New arguments help generate new labels whenever they are needed. Since assignment is not available, we always need input and output versions. ce(C,[Instr],LabelSuffix,LabelSuffix) :integer(C),!, atomic\_list\_concat(['\n\t\t pushl \$',C],Instr). ce(E,Code,LabelSuffixIn,LabelSuffixOut) :-E = ... [Op, E1, E2],member(Op,[+,-,\*,/,rem,<]),!, cop(Op,LPlaceholders,Cop), generateLabels(LPlaceholders,LabelSuffixIn,LabelSuffixAux1), ce(E1,C1,LabelSuffixAux1,LabelSuffixAux2), ce(E2,C2,LabelSuffixAux2,LabelSuffixOut), append([C1,C2,Cop],Code).

Predicate that bounds placeholders to fresh variables

#### **Label Generator**



```
generateLabels([],LabelSuffix,LabelSuffix).

generateLabels([H|T],LabelSuffixIn,LabelSuffixOut) :-
    atomic_list_concat(['L',LabelSuffixIn],H),
    LabelSuffixAux #= LabelSuffixIn + 1,
    generateLabels(T,LabelSuffixAux,LabelSuffixOut).
```

### Main Predicate for Version 2



```
out(E) :-
        ce(E,Code,0,_),
        Pre = [ '\n\t\t .section .text',
                '\n\t\t .globl _start',
                '\n_start:',
                '\n\t\t pushl %ebp',
                '\n\t\t movl %esp,%ebp'],
        Post = ['\n\t\t popl %eax',
                '\n\t\t movl %ebp,%esp',
                '\n\t\t popl %ebp',
                '\n\t\t ret'].
        append([Pre,Code,Post],All),
        atomic_list_concat(All,AllWritable),
        write(AllWritable).
```



```
?- out((1<2)*((3<4)+2*4/5)).
                  .section .text
                  .globl _start
_start:
                  pushl %ebp
                  movl %esp,%ebp
                  pushl $1
                  pushl $2
                  popl %eax
                  popl %ebx
                  cmpl %eax,%ebx
                  jge L0
                  pushl $1
                  jmp L1
LO:
                  pushl $0
L1:
                  pushl $3
                  pushl $4
                  popl %eax
                  popl %ebx
                  cmpl %eax,%ebx
                  jge L2
                  pushl $1
                  jmp L3
L2:
                  pushl $0
L3:
```

```
pushl $2
                 pushl $4
                 popl %ebx
                 popl %eax
                 imull %ebx, %eax
                 pushl %eax
                 pushl $5
                 popl %ebx
                 popl %eax
                 cdq
                 idiv %ebx
                 pushl %eax
                 popl %ebx
                 popl %eax
                 addl %ebx, %eax
                 pushl %eax
                 popl %ebx
                 popl %eax
                 imull %ebx, %eax
                 pushl %eax
                 popl %eax
                 movl %ebp, %esp
                 popl %ebp
                  ret
true.
```

Code in comp\_expr\_naive\_2.pro

### **Version 3**



- We had to add 2 new arguments to the traversal predicate to implement label generation.
  - They are called attributes
- In general, as we add more features to the language, more attributes need to be added.
- From software engineering perspective, not a good idea to implement attributes as arguments to the predicate
- Better solution: add a dictionary (input+output versions) to list of arguments; put all attributes in the dictionary as (key,value) pairs

### The New Post-Order Traversal Predicate



```
ce(C,[Instr],A,A) :-
    integer(C),!,
    atomic_list_concat(['\n\t\t pushl $',C],Instr).

ce(E,Code,AIn,AOut) :-
    E =.. [Op,E1,E2],
    member(Op,[+,-,*,/,rem,<]),!,
    cop(Op,LPlaceholders,Cop),
    get_assoc(labelsuffix,AIn,LabelSuffixIn,Aaux1,LabelSuffixAux1),
    generateLabels(LPlaceholders,LabelSuffixIn,LabelSuffixAux1),
    ce(E1,C1,Aaux1,Aaux2),
    ce(E2,C2,Aaux2,AOut),
    append([C1,C2,Cop],Code).</pre>
```

### The New Main Predicate



```
out(E) :-
        empty_assoc(Empty),
        put_assoc(labelsuffix, Empty, 0, A),
        ce(E,Code,A,_),
        Pre = [ '\n\t\t .section .text',
                '\n\t\t .globl _start',
                '\n_start:',
                '\n\t\t pushl %ebp',
                '\n\t\t movl %esp,%ebp'],
        Post = ['\n\t\t popl %eax',
                '\n\t\t movl %ebp,%esp',
                '\n\t\t popl %ebp',
                '\n\t\t ret'].
        append([Pre,Code,Post],All),
        atomic_list_concat(All,AllWritable),
        write(AllWritable).
```

### **Version 4: Demo**



```
?- out(x=1;y=2;x+y,'test10.s').
true.
```

### Code in comp\_expr\_naive\_3.pro

```
.section .text
                 .globl _start
_start:
                 pushl %ebp
                 movl %esp,%ebp
                 pushl $1
                 popl %eax
                 movl %eax,x
                 pushl %eax
                 popl %eax
                 pushl $2
                 popl %eax
                 movl %eax,y
                 pushl %eax
```

```
popl %eax
pushl x
pushl y
popl %ebx
popl %eax
addl %ebx, %eax
pushl %eax
popl %eax
movl %ebp, %esp
popl %ebp
ret
.comm x,4,4
.comm y,4,4
```

### **Version 4: Demo**



```
?- out(x=1;y=2;x+y,'test10.s').
true.
```

### Code in comp\_expr\_naive\_3.pro

```
.section .text
                 .globl _start
_start:
                 pushl %ebp
                 movl %esp,%ebp
                 pushl $1
                 popl %eax
                 movl %eax,x
                 pushl %eax
                 popl %eax
                 pushl $2
                 popl %eax
                 movl %eax,y
                 pushl %eax
```

```
popl %ebx
                       popl %eax
                       addl %ebx, %eax
                       pushl %eax
                       popl %eax
List of variables
                       movl %ebp, %esp
must be
                       popl %ebp
collected so as
to reserve space
                       ret
for them \Longrightarrow
another
                       .comm x,4,4
attribute
                       .comm y,4,4
```

popl %eax

pushl x

pushl y

### **Post-Order Traversal**



```
ce(C,[Instr],A,A) :-
        ( integer(C), P = '$'; atom(C),P=''),!,
        atomic_list_concat(['\n\t\t pushl ',P,C],Instr).
ce(E,Code,AIn,AOut) :-
       E = ... [Op, E1, E2],
        member(Op,[+,-,*,/,rem,<,=]),!,
        cop(Op,LPlaceholders,Cop),
        (=) = q0
        -> atom(E1),
            get_assoc(vars,AIn,OldVars,Aaux,NewVars),
            union(OldVars, [E1], NewVars),
            ce(E2,C2,Aaux,AOut),
            LPlaceholders = [E1],
            append([C2,Cop],Code)
           get_assoc(labelsuffix,AIn,LabelSuffixIn,Aaux1,LabelSuffixAux1),
            generateLabels(LPlaceholders,LabelSuffixIn,LabelSuffixAux1),
            ce(E1,C1,Aaux1,Aaux2),
            ce(E2,C2,Aaux2,AOut),
            append([C1,C2,Cop],Code)).
ce((S1;S2),Code,Ain,Aout) :-
        ce(S1,C1,Ain,Aaux),
        ce(S2,C2,Aaux,Aout),
        append([C1,['\n\t\t popl %eax'],C2], Code).
```

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### The Operator Code



```
cop(=,[V],
     ['\n\t\t popl %eax',
         '\n\t\t movl %eax,',V,
         '\n\t\t pushl %eax']).
```

#### The Main Predicate



```
out(E,File) :-
        tell(File),
        empty_assoc(Empty),
        put_assoc(labelsuffix,Empty,0,A1),
        put_assoc(vars,A1,[],A2),
        ce(E,Code,A2,A3),
        Pre = [ '\n\t\t .section .text',
                '\n\t\t .globl _start',
                '\n_start:',
                '\n\t\t pushl %ebp',
                '\n\t\t movl %esp,%ebp'],
        Post = ['\n\t\t popl %eax',
                '\n\t\t movl %ebp, %esp',
                '\n\t\t popl %ebp',
                '\n\t\t ret'],
        append([Pre,Code,Post],All),
        atomic_list_concat(All,AllWritable),
        writeln(AllWritable),
        get_assoc(vars,A3,VarList),
        allocvars(VarList, VarCode),
        atomic_list_concat(VarCode, WritableVars),
        write(WritableVars),
        told.
```

### **Variable Allocator**



```
allocvars([],[]).
allocvars([V|VT],[D|DT]) :-
    atomic_list_concat(['\n\t\t .comm ',V,',4,4'],D),
    allocvars(VT,DT).
```

### Code in comp\_expr\_naive\_4.pro



```
?- out(x=1;y=4/2+(0<1);x+2*y,'test0.s'). true.
```

```
.section .text
        .globl _start
_start:
        pushl %ebp
        movl %esp,%ebp
        pushl $1
        popl %eax
        movl %eax,x
        pushl %eax
        popl %eax
        pushl $4
        pushl $2
        popl %ebx
        popl %eax
        cdq
        idiv %ebx
        pushl %eax
        pushl $0
        pushl $1
        popl %eax
        popl %ebx
        cmpl %eax,%ebx
        jge L0
        pushl $1
        jmp L1
LO:
        pushl $0
L1:
```

```
popl %ebx
popl %eax
addl %ebx, %eax
pushl %eax
popl %eax
movl %eax,y
pushl %eax
popl %eax
pushl x
pushl $2
pushl y
popl %ebx
popl %eax
imull %ebx, %eax
pushl %eax
popl %ebx
popl %eax
addl %ebx,%eax
pushl %eax
popl %eax
movl %ebp, %esp
popl %ebp
ret
.comm x,4,4
.comm y,4,4
```

#### **Conclusion**



- Syntax-based processing is achieved by post-order traversal of the AST
  - May require multiple traversals with more complicated language constructs
  - The state of the translation process is recorded in <u>attributes</u> (computed or inherited)
  - New features in the language usually require new attributes in the traversal predicate
- The generated code is very inefficient
  - The stack discipline is very simple, but under-utilizes the registers
  - We devise each code template to work independently of the siblings of the current node.
  - Instructions at node boundary may become redundant
  - Hard to optimize in the traversal process; optimization performed later, on the whole generated code.
  - We shall see better utilization of the registers in next recitation.