NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE

Department of Mathematics

MA 1505 Mathematics I Tutorial 2

1. Use L'Hopital's rule to find the following limits.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to \pi/2} \frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \cos 2x}$$

Use L'Hopital's rule to find the following limits.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to \pi/2} \frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \cos 2x}$$
 (b) $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\ln(\cos ax)}{\ln(\cos bx)}$, $a, b > 0$

(c) $\lim_{x \to \infty} x \tan \frac{1}{x}$ (d) $\lim_{x \to 0+} x^a \ln x$, $a > 0$

(e) $\lim_{x \to 1} x^{\frac{1}{1-x}}$ (f) $\lim_{x \to 0^+} x^{\sin x}$

(g) $\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} x \tan \frac{1}{x}$$

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 0+} x^a \ln x$$
, $a > 0$

(e)
$$\lim_{x \to 1} x^{\frac{1}{1-x}}$$

(f)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} x^{\sin x}$$

(g)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$$

Ans. (a) $\frac{1}{4}$ (b) $\frac{a^2}{h^2}$ (c) 1 (d) 0 (e) e^{-1} (f) 1 (g) $e^{-1/6}$

2. Evaluate the following definite integrals.

(a)
$$\int_{1}^{\sqrt{2}} \frac{s^2 + \sqrt{s}}{s^2} ds$$
.

(b)
$$\int_{-4}^{4} |x| dx$$
.

(c)
$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} (\cos x + |\cos x|) dx$$
.

(d)
$$\int_0^{\pi} \sin^2\left(1 + \frac{\theta}{2}\right) d\theta.$$

Ans. (a)
$$1 + \sqrt{2} - 2^{3/4}$$
 (b) 16 (c) 1 (d) $\frac{1}{2}\pi + \sin 2$

c) 1 (d)
$$\frac{1}{2}\pi + \sin^2\theta$$

3. Using the fundamental theorem of Calculus, find the derivative dy/dx for the following functions.

(a)
$$y = \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} \cos t \, dt.$$

(b)
$$y = \int_0^{x^2} \cos \sqrt{t} \, dt.$$

(c)
$$y = \int_0^{\sin x} \frac{dt}{\sqrt{1 - t^2}}, \quad |x| < \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

Ans. (a)
$$\frac{\cos\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}}$$
 (b) $2x\cos x$ (c) 1

4. Using the *substitution* method, or otherwise, find the following integrals.

(a)
$$\int x^{1/2} \sin(x^{3/2} + 1) \, dx.$$

(b)
$$\int \csc^2 2t \cot 2t \, dt.$$

(c)
$$\int \frac{1}{\theta^2} \sin \frac{1}{\theta} \cos \frac{1}{\theta} d\theta.$$

(d)
$$\int \frac{18 \tan^2 x \sec^2 x}{(2 + \tan^3 x)} dx$$
.

(e)
$$\int \frac{\sin \sqrt{\theta}}{\sqrt{\theta} \cos^3 \sqrt{\theta}} d\theta.$$

Ans.

(a)
$$-\frac{2}{3}\cos(x^{3/2}+1)+C$$

(b)
$$-\frac{1}{4}\cot^2 2t + C$$

(c)
$$-\frac{1}{2}\sin^2\frac{1}{\theta} + C$$

(c)
$$-\frac{1}{2}\sin^2\frac{1}{\theta} + C$$

(d) $6 \ln|\tan^3 x + 2| + C$

(e)
$$\sec^2 \sqrt{\theta} + C$$

5. Applying the method of *integration by parts*, or otherwise, find the following integrals.

(a)
$$\int x \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) dx$$
.

(b)
$$\int t^2 e^{4t} dt$$
.

(c)
$$\int e^{-y} \cos y \, dy.$$

(d)
$$\int \theta^2 \sin(2\theta) d\theta.$$

(e)
$$\int z (\ln z)^2 dz.$$

(f)
$$\int \{\sin e^{-x} + e^x \cos e^{-x}\} dx$$
.

(a)
$$-2 \left[x \cos \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) - 2 \sin \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right] + C$$

(b) $\left(\frac{t^2}{4} - \frac{t}{8} + \frac{1}{32} \right) e^{4t} + C$
(c) $\frac{e^{-y}}{2} (\sin y - \cos y) + C$

(b)
$$\left(\frac{t^2}{4} - \frac{t}{8} + \frac{1}{32}\right)e^{4t} + C$$

(c)
$$\frac{e^{-y}}{2}(\sin y - \cos y) + C$$

(d)
$$-\frac{1}{2} \left[\theta^2 \cos(2\theta) - \theta \sin(2\theta) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\theta) \right] + C$$

(e) $\frac{1}{2} \left[z^2 (\ln z)^2 - z^2 (\ln z) + \frac{z^2}{2} \right] + C$

(e)
$$\frac{1}{2} \left[z^2 (\ln z)^2 - z^2 (\ln z) + \frac{z^2}{2} \right] + C$$

(f)
$$e^x \cos e^{-x} + C$$