

Deliverable

#1

2015-07-19

10:00AM

LEO 18, R 3

Fault-resistant exponentiation algorithm

| DETAILS | |
|--|--|
| <p>Input: $x, d = (d_{l-1}, \dots, d_0)_2$ Output: $y = x^d$</p> <pre> R[0] ← 1; R[1] ← 1, R[2] ← x, for i=0 to l-1 if d_i=0 then R[0] ← R[0] * R[2]; (fake multiplication) R[2] ← R[2]²; if d_i=1 then R[1] ← R[1] * R[2]; R[2] ← R[2]²; end return R[1] </pre> | |
| <p>Input: $x, d = (d_{l-1}, \dots, d_0)_2$ Output: $y = x^d$</p> <pre> R[0] ← 1; R[1] ← 1, R[2] ← x, for i=0 to l-1 if d_i=0 then R[0] ← R[0] * R[2]; (SPA protection) R[2] ← R[2]²; if d_i=1 then R[1] ← R[1] * R[2]; R[2] ← R[2]²; end if R[2] ≠ R[0] * R[1] * x then return 'error' (FA protection) return R[1] </pre> | |

Input: $x, d = (d_{l-1}, \dots, d_0)_m$

Output: $y = x^d$

for $i=0$ **to** $m-1$

$R[i] \leftarrow 1$

end

$R[m] \leftarrow x$

for $i=0$ **to** $l-2$

if $d_i=0$ **then**

$R[0] \leftarrow R[0] * R[m];$ (SPA protection)

$R[m] \leftarrow R[m]^m;$

if $d_i=1$ **then**

$R[1] \leftarrow R[1] * R[m];$

$R[m] \leftarrow R[m]^m;$

...

if $d_i=m-1$ **then**

$R[m-1] \leftarrow R[m-1] * R[m];$

$R[m] \leftarrow R[m]^m;$

Meeting adjourned at 02:10PM