

# DocScript

```
Function <Void> Main ()  
    Output("Hello, World!")  
Return  
EndFunction
```

6 Keywords

3 DataTypes

15 Operators

3 Implementations

# Example

*Cutting to the chase: a sample of DocScript Source*

```
Function <Number> Main (<String@> _CLAs)

    #Input looks like {"-Name", "Ben", "-Age", "13"}
    #Get the Value for an Input()'ed Key

    <String> _Key : Input("Argument Key:")
    <String> _Value : GetCLAValueFromKey(_Key)

    Output("Value: " & _Value)
    Return 0

EndFunction

Function <String> GetCLAValueFromKey(<String@> _CLAs, <String> _Key)

    <Number> _CurrentCLAIndex : 0

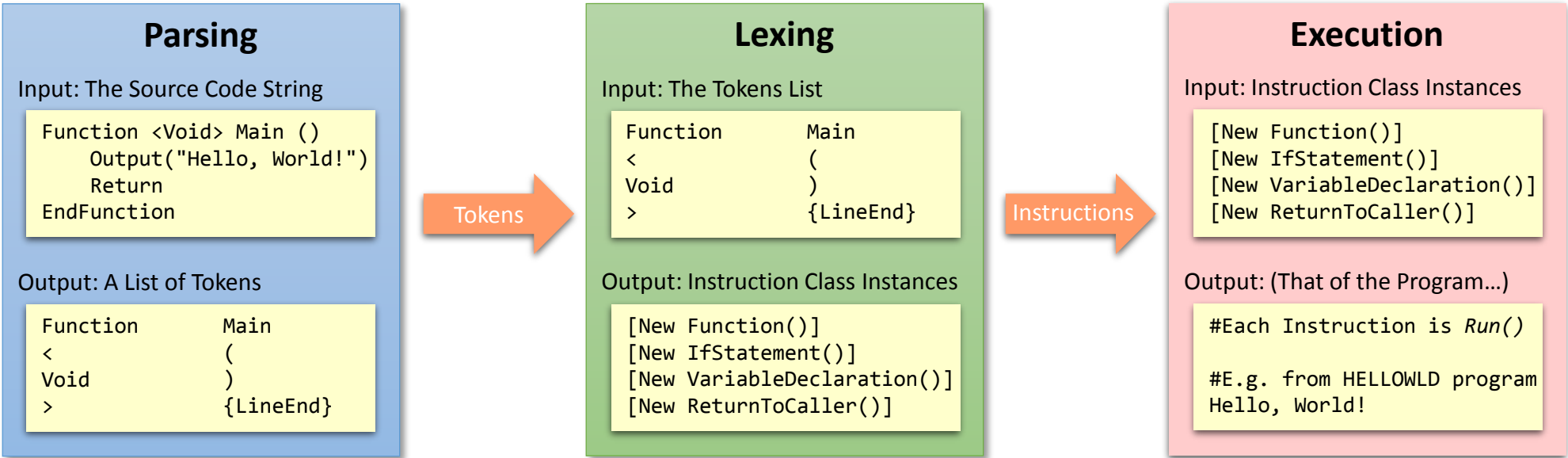
    While (LessThan(_CurrentCLAIndex, [Array_MaxIndex(_CLAs) + 1]))
        If (Array_At(_CLAs, _CurrentCLAIndex) = ["-" & _Key])
            Return StringArray_At(_CLAs, _CurrentCLAIndex + 1)
        EndIf
        CurrentCLAIndex : [CurrentCLAIndex + 1]
    EndWhile

    Return "No Value found for Key [" & _Key & "]"

EndFunction
```

# Interpretation Proceß

Three stages in understanding and executing a DocScript Program



Any comments which appear in the source (e.g.  
#This is a Comment  
) do not become tokens. They are discounted at this first stage.

The Lexing occurs in the constructors for the various [IInstruction]s. When invoked, these constructors are passed the part of the TokenList required to create the [IInstruction].

The [Program] object may contain several [GlobalVariableDeclaration]s, which are executed first. Next, the Main() [Function] is executed, after which the program has finished.

Steps: DocScript.Runtime.Parser.GetTokensFromSource()

DocScript Parsing Process

```
REM 1) Initialisation  
'- Ensure all LineBreaks are valid (CrLf)  
'- Load in Lines of Source  
  
REM 2) Segmentation  
'- Blank out any #Comments or Whitespace Lines  
'- Ensure nothing already exists in the Source which matches the SLIT RegEx  
'- Replace StringLiterals with SLITs e.g. $SLIT_05  
'- Generate Segmented Tokens:  
'- (For Each Line, and For Each Character thereof, evaluate if it's a WordChar or SplitAtChar...)  
'- Remove any Null Tokens (Whitespace, etc...)  
'- Ensure all remaining characters are valid (E.g. No SpeechMarks) (Best to do this now as we have the [TokenLocation]s)  
'- Replace any SLITs with their original StringLiterals  
  
REM 3) Classification  
'- For Each Token, attempt to match it to a RegEx for its TokenType  
'- Ensure all Bracket usage is balanced (Best to do this now as we have the TokenType for easy GrammarChar filtering)  
  
REM [_RawSourceLines] → [_CleanSourceLines] → [_SegmentedTokens] → [_NonNullTokens] → [_TokensWithStringLiterals] →  
[_ClassifiedTokens]
```

DocScript Expr. Tree Construction Process

```
REM 1) Initial Validation  
' - Ensure _RawTokens is not Empty  
' - Reassign _RawTokens to not end in a [LineEnd] Token if it currently does  
' - Ensure _RawTokens all have a permitted TokenType  
' - Ensure each opening bracket "(" or "[" has a corresponding closing bracket "...  
' ... (even though we know the brackets for the source as a whole are balanced)  
  
REM 2) LBL Production  
' - Produce the Top-Level LBL (Linear Bracketed Level)  
' - Simplify this LBL into an unambiguous form  
' - Validate this simplified LBL to ensure that the expression is well-formed  
  
REM 3) IOT Collapsing  
' - Identify the Indexes and Precedences, of Operators in LBL  
' - Order this OperatorsList by the Precedence and Associativity of the operators  
' - Starting with the highest-precedence Operator, collapse the LBL into IOTs (Intermediate Operator Trees)  
' - Assemble these IOTs into the RootTreeNode, via the SCIs (Scanned Component Indicators) of each LooseOperatorExpr  
  
REM [_RawTokens] → [_TopLevelLBL] → [_SimplifiedLBL] → [_ExprTreeRoot]
```

DocScript Execution Process

```
REM 1) Initialisation  
'- If the ExecCxt is Nothing, then this Program instance shouldn't Run()  
'- Generate the GlobalSymbolTable  
'- Add Program Functions to the GlobalSymbolTable  
  
REM 2) Invocation  
'- Execute() each GlobalVarDec  
'- Run() DFunction Main (located in the GlobalSymbolTable)  
'- If it is the Signature with the CLAs, then:  
'- Pass in _CommandLineArguments()  
'- Ensure that a ReturnValue is produced  
'- Update the GlobalSymbolTable, to include any Modifications from during execution  
'- Return this Program's ExitCode, wrapped in an ExeRes
```

# Syntax

Physical form and grammar used in DocScript Source

**Assignment Syntax:**  
`<DataType> Identifier : Expression`  
*Or*  
`Identifier : Expression`

**Keywords:**

If	EndIf	Else
While	EndWhile	
Loop	EndLoop	
Return		
Function	EndFunction	

<code>()</code>	Function Declarations and Calls	<code>Main()</code>
<code>&lt;&gt;</code>	DataType Specification	<code>&lt;String&gt; Name</code>
<code>[]</code>	Expression Subdivision	<code>[5 + 3] / 2</code>
<code>{}</code>	(Reserved)	<code>* (Possibly ArrayLiterals)</code>

The ambiguity is reduced by using different characters for the Function Calls and Expression Subdivision.

## General Rules:

- The language is NOT case-sensitive (apart from inside StringLiterals)
- Tabs have no semantic significance
- Comments can only befall at the start of a line, not mid-way through one
- The Character \$ is reserved for internal use by the Parser and is not valid as an Identifier, Operator, or Grammar Char.
- Statement Ends now look like “EndFunction” not “End-Function”
- Identifiers may ONLY contain [A-Za-z\_]

## Notable Reserved Chars:

.	Numeric Literals
—	Numeric Literals
:	Assignment
#	Comments
\$	Parser Internal use

## Token Types:

1. Unresolved
2. StringLiteral
3. NumericLiteral
4. BooleanLiteral
5. Keyword
6. DataType
7. Identifier
8. DSOperator
9. GrammarChar
10. LineEnd
11. StatementEnd

## Instruction Types:

VariableDeclaration	<code>&lt;String&gt; Name</code>	<code>&lt;String&gt; Name = "Andrew"</code>
VariableAssignment	<code>Name = "Ryan"</code>	
ReturnToCaller	<code>Return</code>	<code>Return "Value"</code>
FunctionCall	<code>SayHello()</code>	
FunctionDeclaration*	<code>Function &lt;Void&gt; SayHello ()</code>	
IfStatment	<code>If (True)</code>	
WhileStatment	<code>While (True)</code>	
LoopStatment	<code>Loop (10)</code>	

\* = Cannot appear within a Function Body

*Whereas an [Instruction] ends at the next {LineEnd},  
a [Statement] ends at its StatementEnd line.*

## Possible LineTypes:

```
#Comment
<String> Name
<String> Name : "Ben"
Name : "Ben"
SayHello()
SayHello(Name)
Return
Return 0
Function <Void> SayHello ()*
Function <Void> SayHello (<String> Name)*
EndFunction*
If (True)
Else
EndIf
While (True)
EndWhile
Loop (10)
EndLoop
```

\* = Cannot appear within a Function Body

# Operators

Built-in useful logic used in expressions along with their Operands

## Overloading

= when the same operator notation has multiple has multiple logical definitions and can therefore do different things, depending on how it appears syntactically.

Example

```
# Subtraction:
5 - 1
# Polarity Inversion:
-9
```

## Precedence

= when one operator is executed before another different operator, despite the two being on the same bracketed level. Each operator has it's own precedence. Operators with a *higher* precedence are executed first.

Example

```
5 + 3 * 2
#Answer: 11
( 5 + 3 ) * 2
#Answer: 16
```

## Associativity

= when operators of the same Precedence appear in the same bracketed level, the Associativity governs whether to evaluate from left to right or vice versa. Left-associative means from left-to-right.

Example

```
# Left-Associative
<Number> A = 96 / 8 / 4
# Same as:
<Number> B = (96 / 8) / 4
```

## Commutativity

= when the operands of an operator can be swapped, without changing the result.

Example

```
8 * 4
#Answer: 32
4 * 8
#Answer: Still 32
```

Monadic, Dyadic, Triadic:      The fact that there are {1, 2, or 3} states available  
Unary, Binary, Ternary:        The fact that something is in one of {1, 2, or 3} separate states

The Logical Operators are Short-circuiting  
All DocScript Operators are left-associative.  
All Unary Operators have their Operand to their Right  
All Unary Operators must have the highest precedence  
< and > are NOT used as Operators, as they are the DataTypesBrackets

The Operators are Assign (:) and the Expr. Operators...

## [] Expression Operators

Operator	Description	Operands Type	Return Type	Higher=First Precedence
=	Equality Comparison	2 Anything	Boolean	1
&	Concatenation	2 String	String	2
¬	Logical Not	1 Boolean	Boolean	8
'	Logical And	2 Boolean	Boolean	7
	Logical Or	2 Boolean	Boolean	5
!	Logical Xor	2 Boolean	Boolean	6
+	Addition	2 Number	Number	4
-	Subtraction	2 Number	Number	4
*	Multiplication	2 Number	Number	3
/	Division	2 Number	Number	3
^	Exponentiation	2 Number	Number	3
%	Modulo	2 Number	Number	3
~	Invert Polarity	1 Number	Number	8
	Spare Chars: \`!£?;			

# Functions

Executable blocks of script which can Return a value

There are *two* valid EntryPoint Declarations

```
Function <Number> Main (<String@> _CLAs)
```

```
Function <Void> Main ()
```

The simplest-possible  
DocScript Program

```
Function <Void> Main ()  
    Return  
EndFunction
```

Instruction → Execute()  
Program → Run()

Possible LineTypes for within a Function:

- 1. #Comment
- 2. <Number> Age
- 3. <Number> Age = 17 E
- 4. Age = 17 + 1 E
- 5. Return
- 6. Return "Value" E
- 7. SayHello()
- 8. SayHello("Ben") E
- 9. If (True) E
- 10. Else
- 11. End-If
- 12. While (True) E
- 13. End-While
- 14. Loop (10) E
- 15. End-Loop

E = Includes an Expression (Expr.)

## General Rules:

- All Arguments are passed by Value, not Referance
- It is the responsibility of a DSFunction to append the LocalSymbolTable with the Arguments when Execute() is called
- All Arguments (IExpression) are fully resolved to (IDataValue)s before a function is executed

FunctionCall            The IInstruction representing a call to a DSFunction  
FunctionCallExpr       The IExpression representing a call to a DSFunction and the Return Value thereof  
DSFunction             The Object representing a Function as declared in source  
Delegate Function BuiltInFunction(ByRef \_ExeCxt, ByRef \_SymTbls, ByVal \_Arguments) As IExpression

[\*] means \* occurs indirectly; downstream of the current Iinstruction (E.g. Inside an Expression or the Contents of an IStatement)

IInstruction Implementation	Example	Required SymbolTableStack Access
FunctionCall	Output("Hello, World!")	Global: Read; [Global: Read/Write]; [Locals: Read]
ReturnToCaller	Return "Hello"	[Global: Read/Write]; [Locals: Read]
VariableAssignment	Name = "Ben"	Global: Read/Write; Locals: Read/Write; [Global: Read/Write]; [Locals: Read]
VariableDeclaration	<String> Name = "Ben"	*
DSFunction	Function <Void> Main () ...	*
IfStatement	If (A   ¬B) ...	*
LoopStatement	Loop (10) ...	*
WhileStatement	While (¬False) ...	*

# Instructions

Individual executable components

## Possible LineTypes for within a Function:

- 1. #Comment
- 2. <Number> Age
- 3. <Number> Age : 17 E
- 4. Age : 17 + 1 E
- 5. Return
- 6. Return "Value" E
- 7. SayHello()
- 8. SayHello("Ben") E
- 9. If (True) E
- 10. Else
- 11. EndIf
- 12. While (True) E
- 13. EndWhile
- 14. Loop (10) E
- 15. EndLoop

E = Includes an Expression (Expr.)

- Instruction : Run()
  - VariableDeclaration
  - VariableAssignment
  - ReturnToCaller
  - FunctionCall
- Statement : Contents
  - DSFunction
  - IfStatement
  - WhileStatement
  - LoopStatement

### Instruction (MI)

Run(ByRef ExecutionContext)



### Statement (MI)

Contents As List(Of Instruction)  
ScopedVariables As \*

### Parameter

<String@> \_CLAs  
Identifier As String  
DataType As **Type**

### VariableDeclaration

<String> Name  
<String> Name = "Ben" & ToString(7)  
  
Identifier As String  
DataType As Type  
DeclarationType As VarDecType {DeclareOnly, DeclareAndAssign}  
InitialiserExpression As Expression

### ReturnToCaller

Return  
Return "Value"  
  
ReturnType As ReturnInstructionType {ReturnOnly, ReturnWithValue}  
ReturnValue As Expression

### VariableAssignment

Name = "Ben" & ToString(7)  
  
Identifier As String  
InitialiserExpression As Expression

### FunctionCall

Output()  
Output("Value")  
  
Identifier As String  
Arguments As List(Of Expression)

### DSFunction

Function <Void> SayHello ()  
Function <Number> Main (<String@> \_CLAs)  
  
Identifier As String  
ReturnType As Type  
Arguments As List(Of Parameter)

Contents As List(Of Instruction)  
ScopedVariables As \*

### IfStatement

If (True)  
  
Condition As Expression

### WhileStatement

While (True)  
  
Condition As Expression

### LoopStatement

Loop (10)  
  
LoopCount As Expression

'Whereas an IExpression represents an UNRESOLVED Tree which *\*can\** produce a value...  
'...an IDataValue represents a RESOLVED Datum which is itself a value.  
'IExpressions DON'T have a DocScript DataType, whereas IDataValues DO.

*ReturnToCaller needs a way of communicating back up to the parent Function – Return an ExecutionResult Object?*

Parameter = Placeholder  
Argument = Expression

# Data Types [0]

Tags for data to indicate their value type

Valid Literals:			
Number	10	10.0	10_10
String	"String"		
Boolean	True	False	

All Variables have a default value:	
<Number>	0
<String>	""
<Boolean>	False
<*@>	(Empty Array)

Number	/@
String	/@
Boolean	/@
Void	

## Local SymbolTable

Identifier	EntryType	DataType	Value
_Names	Variable	String@	{"One", "Two"}
_Age	Variable	Number	101_2
_IsGood	Constant*	Boolean	True
_CLAs	Argument	String@	{}

- Variables and Arguments only
- One Local SymTbl per Istatement (DSFunction, IfStatement, ...)

## Global SymbolTable

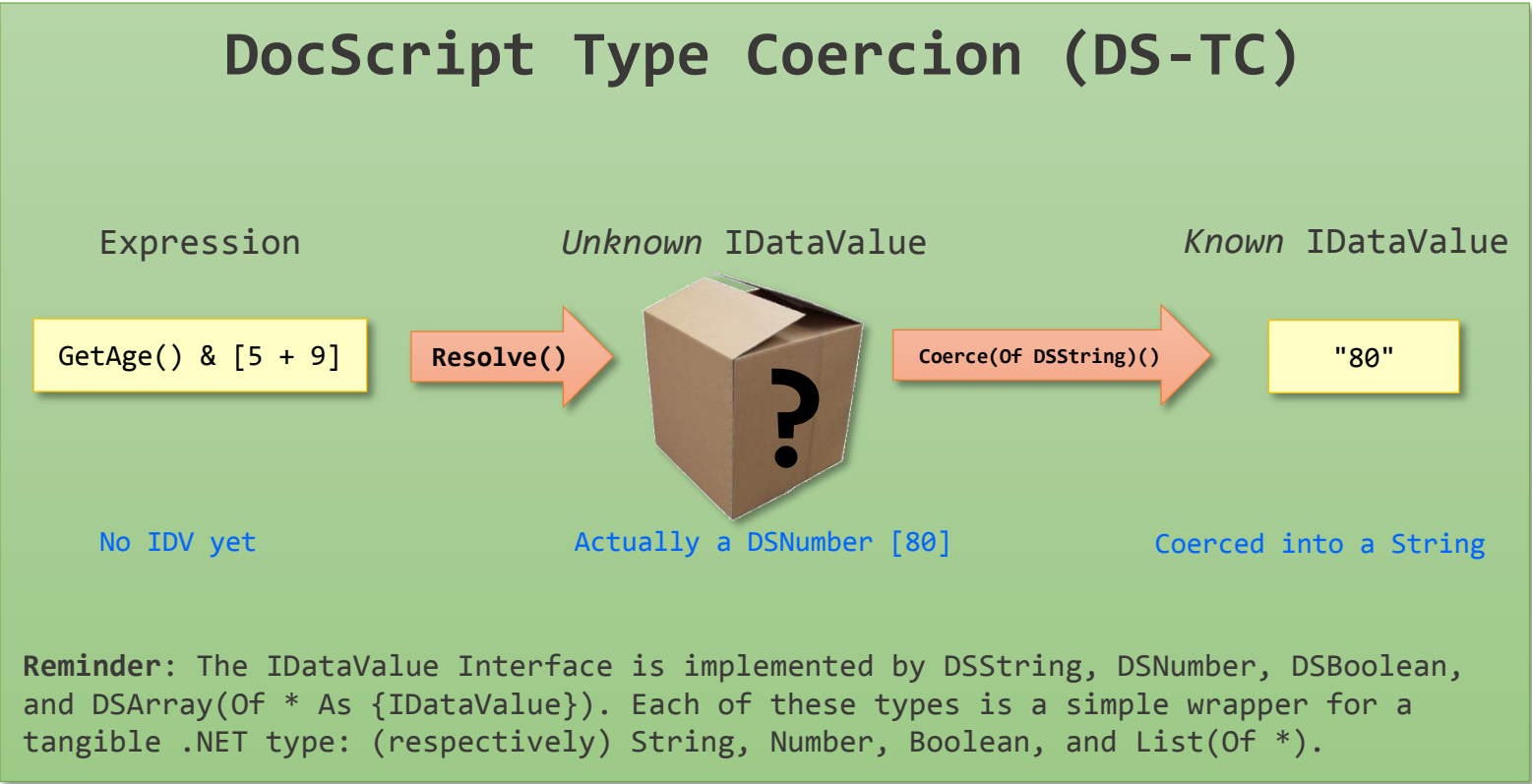
Identifier	EntryType	DataType	Value
Main	DSFunction	Number	{DSFunction}
Output	BuiltInFunction	Void	{BuiltInFunction}
Names	Variable	String@	{"One", "Two"}
Age	Variable	Number	101_2
IsGood	Constant*	Boolean	True

- DSFunctions, BuiltInFunctions and Variables Only
- One Global SymTbl per Program

During Expression Construction, the ReturnTypes and Argument Types of Functions are not known (well – they're not looked up anyway). Only the Literals can have their values resolved.

Variable Lookup Order: Localmost → FunctionLocal → Global  
Function Lookup Order: Global (Program → BuiltIn's)

**Numeric Literal can have up to 4 decimal places**



\* = Might be added in future



# Data Types [1]

*Tags for data to indicate their value type*

## DocScript Type Coercion (DS-TC)

		Target ↓					
Input ↓		String	Number	Boolean	String@	Number@	Boolean@
	String	No Change	Try/Parse()	Refuse	Refuse (?)	Refuse (?)	Refuse (?)
	Number	ToString()	No Change	Refuse	Refuse (?)	Refuse (?)	Refuse (?)
	Boolean	ToString()	Refuse	No Change	Refuse (?)	Refuse (?)	Refuse (?)
	String@	ToString()	Refuse	Refuse	No Change	Refuse (?)	Refuse (?)
	Number@	ToString()	Refuse	Refuse	Refuse (?)	No Change	Refuse (?)
	Boolean@	ToString()	Refuse	Refuse	Refuse (?)	Refuse (?)	No Change

### Key:

- Blue → Input is already in Target type
- Green → Can almost certainly derive Target from Input
- Orange → Might be able to derive Target from Input
- Red → DS-TC will refuse to produce an output of the Target type, from the Input

# Expressions

*Resolvable collections of Operators, Literals, Variables, and FunctionCalls, which produce a value*

## Realisations:

- Resolve()ing an expression requires all the same resources as Execute()ing an Instruction; Symbol Tables are needed for Variable and Function Lookups
- We don't actually need to know what the value of any of the expression components are, for the purposes of constructing the Expression Tree. All we care about at this stage is which token is an Operator and which a Literal or a Variable etc...
- The operators with the lowest precedence will be the highest-up in the Tree

### ExpressionTree Construction Process

Raw:	5	+	9	-	[GetAge() ^ 1101_2]	*	Take(Age)
LBL:	Lit	+	Lit	-	[BracketedExpr (3)]	*	[FunctionCallExpr (1)]
IOT0:	Lit	+	Lit	-	[OperatorExpr]		
IOT1:	[OperatorExpr]			-	[OperatorExpr]		
IOT2:	[OperatorExpr]						

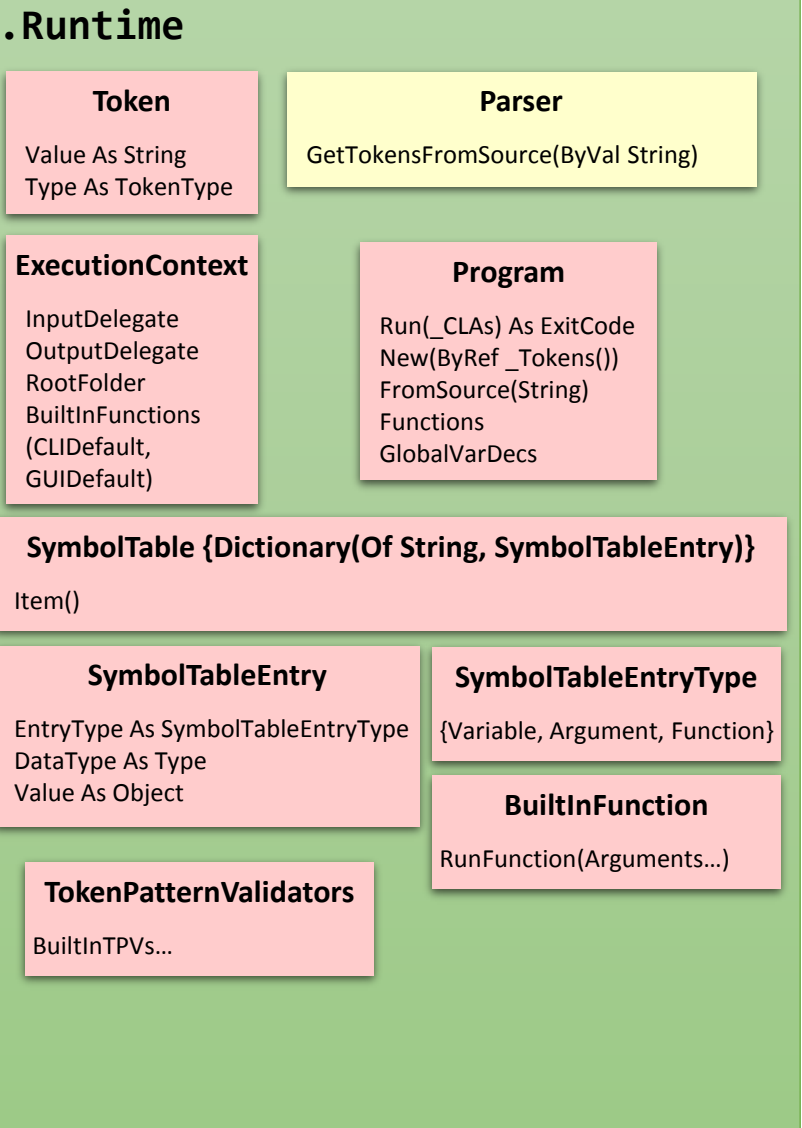
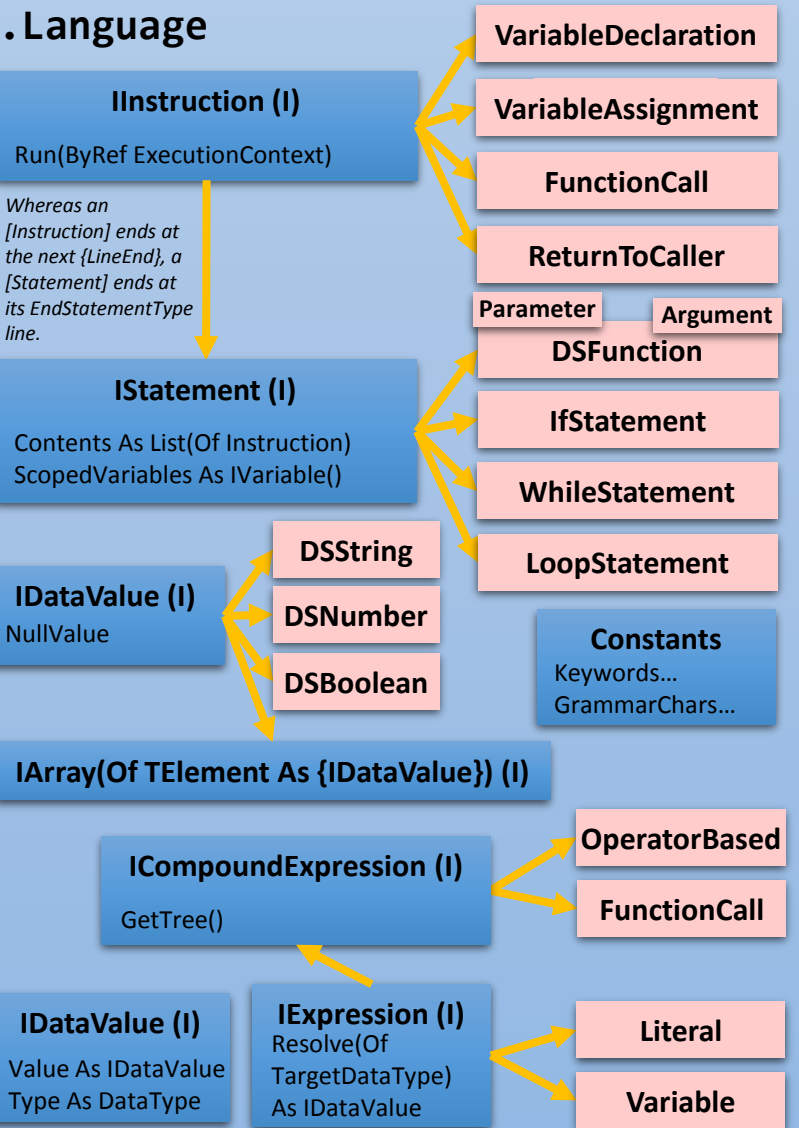
## Explanations

With a **Linear Bracketed Level (LBL)** constructed, we only need to worry about the operators and their precedence, because we *know*, that the contents of the BracketedExprs and FunctionCall Arguments must be resolved first. Collapsing to **Intermediate Operator Trees (IOTs)** is the subsequent stage whereby the operators with the highest precedence are the first to be collapsed into OperatorExprs. This eventually forms a Complete Tree, free from any of the LBL Placeholders (for the Operators, BracketedExprs, and FunctionCalls).

# Namespaces

Logical segmentation in the DocScript Interpretation Engine (DSIE/DLL)

(MI) = MustInherit      (I) = Interface      Blue = BaseOnly      Pink = Class      Yellow = Module      Orange = Enum

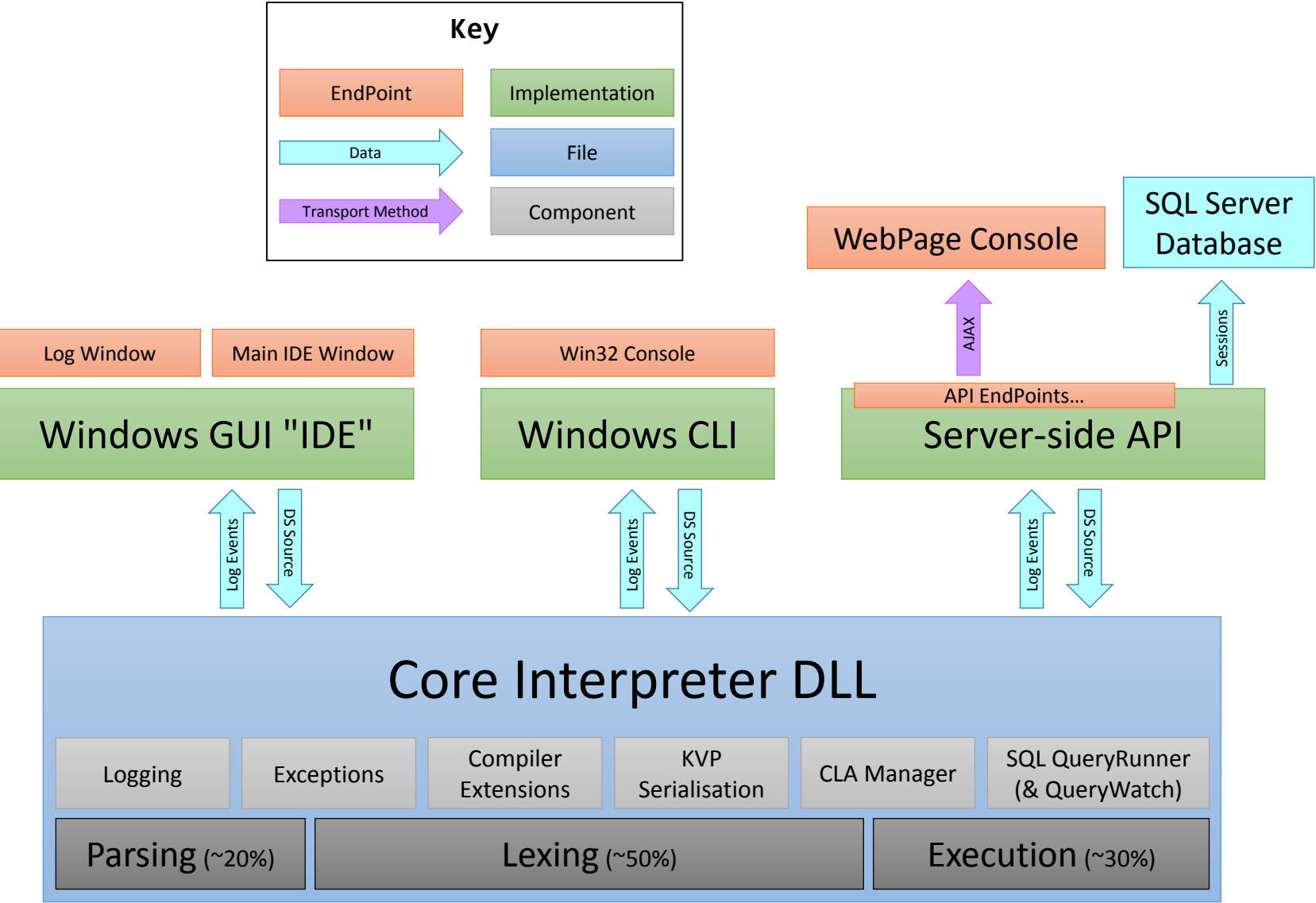


?????  
DSFunction and BuiltInFunction do not use the Execute() Method to be executed. They use RunFunction(Arguments())

DocScript	Language	[Instruction] ... Run() [Statement ← Instruction]
	Runtime	[ExecutionContext] [Program] [LogMessage] [Token] [SymbolTable]

# Architecture

Interaction of the DocScript Interpretation and Implementation Components

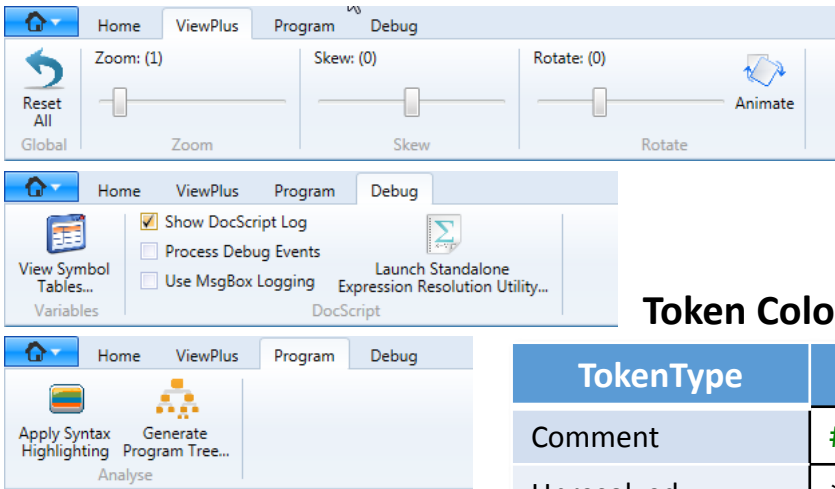
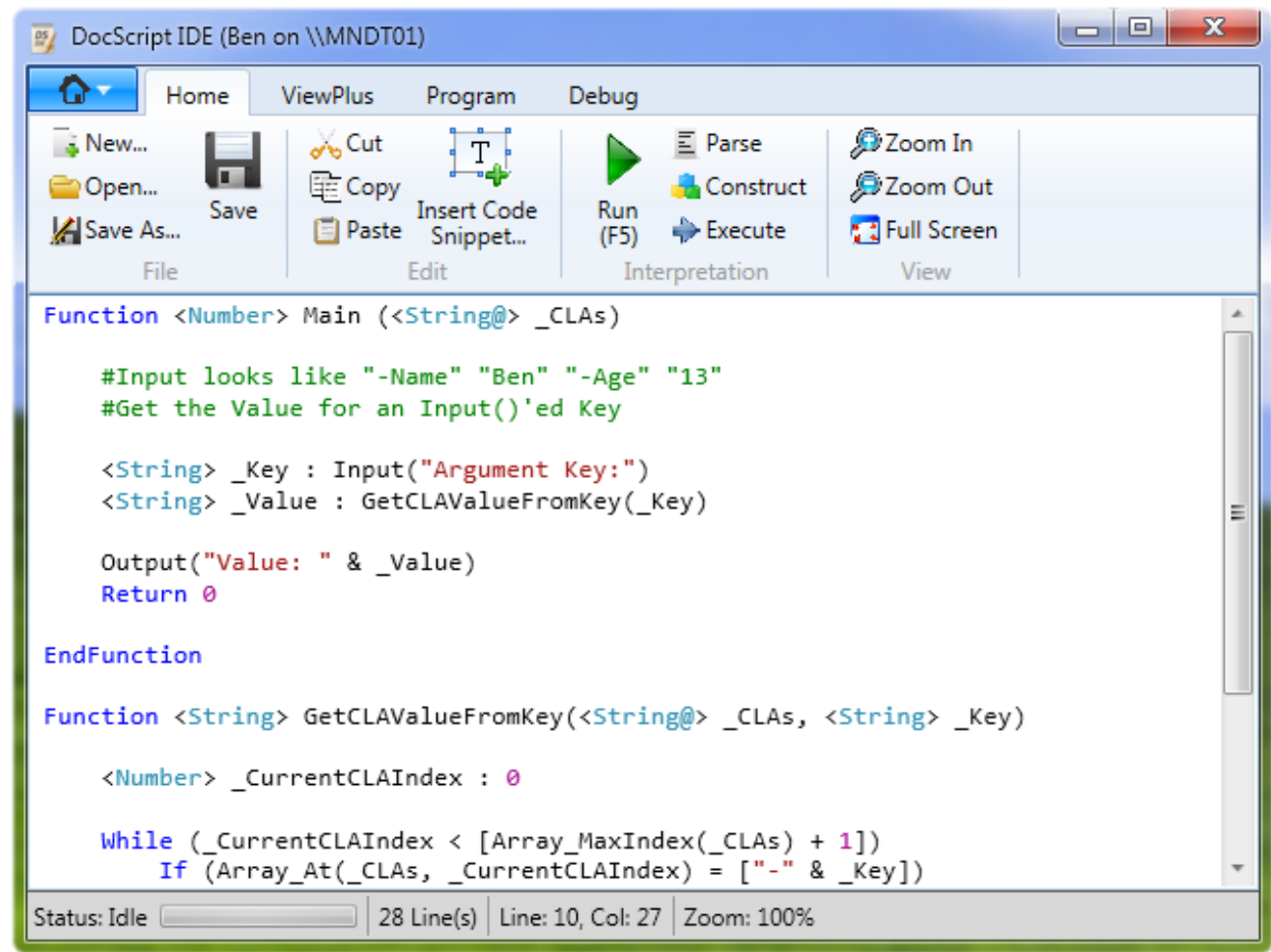


# DocScript Windows IDE

Implementation of DSIE/DLL into a Graphical Windows script composition and debugging environment

## Possible Features

- Insert... Snippet,
- Expression Tree Plotter



## Token Colours ↓

TokenType	Colour
Comment	#Comment
Unresolved	*
StringLiteral	"Value"
NumericLiteral	0110_2
BooleanLiteral	True
Keyword	Function
DataType	Number
Identifier	Main
DSOperator	&
GrammarChar	(
LineEnd	*
StatementEnd	EndFunction

OM: Add some Orange  
17122022: (Done)

Special Colour for BIFs?

Start  
Pictorial Help!

++ DocScript Remoting

# DocScript Command-Line Interpreter

Implementation of DSIE/DLL into a Windows Interpreter Binary



Description:  
-----  
DocScript Command-Line Interpreter. Interprets DocScript Source Files.








Examples:  
-----  
DSCLI.EXE /Live  
DSCLI.EXE /Live /LogToFile:"DSLive.DSLog" /ProcessDebugEvents /GUI  
DSCLI.EXE /Run /SourceString:"Function <Void> Main ();Output(`Hello, World!`);EndFunction"  
DSCLI.EXE /Run /SourceFile:"X:\Programming\DocScript\HelloWorld.DS" /LogToConsole  
DSCLI.EXE /GetProgramTree /SourceString:"Function <Void> Main ();Output(`Hello, World!`);EndFunction"  
DSCLI.EXE /Run /SourceString:"Function<Void>Main();System\_Beep();EndFunction"  
DSCLI.EXE /Run /SourceFile:"BIO2017.DS" /DocScriptCLAs:"GRBBRB" /LogToFile:BIO.DSLog

Argument Usage: (Keys are case-insensitive)  
-----  
/Live (Optional) [Action] Enters a DocScript Live Session: a DS> prompt appears and accepts Statement-level Instructions  
/Run (Optional) [Action] Interprets the DocScript Source (specified by either /SourceFile or /SourceString). This process then returns the ExitCode of the DocScript Program.  
/GetProgramTree (Optional) [Action] Parses and Lexes the DocScript Source (specified by either /SourceFile or /SourceString), and writes the resultant XML Program tree to the Console Output Stream  
/SourceFile:<Value> (Optional) [Datum] Specifies the Source via a DocScript Source File  
/SourceString:<Value> (Optional) [Datum] Specifies the Source via a DocScript Source String. Use ; for NewLine and ` for StringLiteralStartEndChar.  
/DocScriptCLAs:<Value> (Optional) [Datum] Specifies Command-Line Arguments for the DocScript Program  
/LogToConsole (Optional) [Flag] Writes Events from the DocScript Log to the Console Output Stream during Interpretation  
/LogToFile:<Value> (Optional) [Flag+Datum] Writes Events from the DocScript Log to the specified Text File during Interpretation  
/ProcessDebugEvents (Optional) [Flag] Processes and shows Debugging Messages in the Log (if the Log is shown)  
/GUI (Optional) [Flag] Indicates that the GUI Execution Context will be used instead of the CLI one

```
D:\Benedict\Documents\SchoolWork\Projects\DocScript\Solution\DSCommandLineInterpreter\bin\Debug>dsccli /live

DocScript Live Interpreter Session
-----
Only use Statement-Contents Instructions (no Functions)
Use ; for NewLine
Use ? to Resolve an Expression e.g. ?14 + 33
Exit with !Exit (or Ctrl + C)

DS> ?14 + 33
47
DS> <string> name : input(2)
2BENEDICT,MULLAN
DS> ?name
BENEDICT,MULLAN
DS> <string@> name_parts : ds_string_split(name, ",")
DS> ?nameparts
Exception: (Logged) @FunctionCallExpr (nameparts)
(Logged) [DSNonexistentSymbolException] No Entry existed within the SymbolTable(s) with an identifier (in square brackets)
DS> ?name_parts
{'BENEDICT', 'MULLAN'}
DS> █
```

 IntelliTrace.exe	< 0.01	46,248 K	51,284 K	1	0/76
 DSIDE.exe	1.11	64,000 K	70,428 K	1	Unk...
 cmd.exe		2,404 K	4,472 K	1	0/76
 DSCLI.exe	4.30	17,748 K	20,776 K	1	Unk...
 POWERPNT.EXE	0.02	225,264 K	274,692 K	1	0/75
 PE.EXE	8.10	32,168 K	48,088 K	1	0/76
 ApptEx.exe		1,936 K	2,356 K	1	0/72

# DocScript Interactive [0]

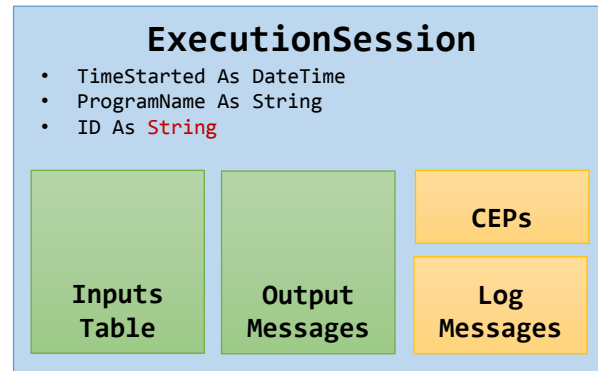
Distributed multi-client browser-based execution and presentation environment



## (!Outdated) API EndPoints:

- \
- ExprTree.ASPX
  - ?Action=GetExprTree&Expr=15^3
- Interactive\
  - Upload.ASPX
    - ?Item=DSSource&ProgramNameSeed=HelloWorld.DS
  - ExecutionSession.ASPX
    - ?Action=PrepareSession&ProgramName=HelloWorld.DS
    - ?Action=InitiateSession&ESID=HELLO\_AH42
    - ?Action=ListenForExecutionEvents&SessionID=HEL001&OutputMsgCount=3&LogMsgCount=14
    - ?Action=ProvideInputResponse&InputEventID=1&InputResponse=17
    - ?Action=ListenForInputRequestInterrupts&InputEventID=1
    - ?Action=GetExecutionSessionState&SessionID=HELLO\_AH46

**++ Installable  
DSI PWA  
(Progressive Web  
Application)**



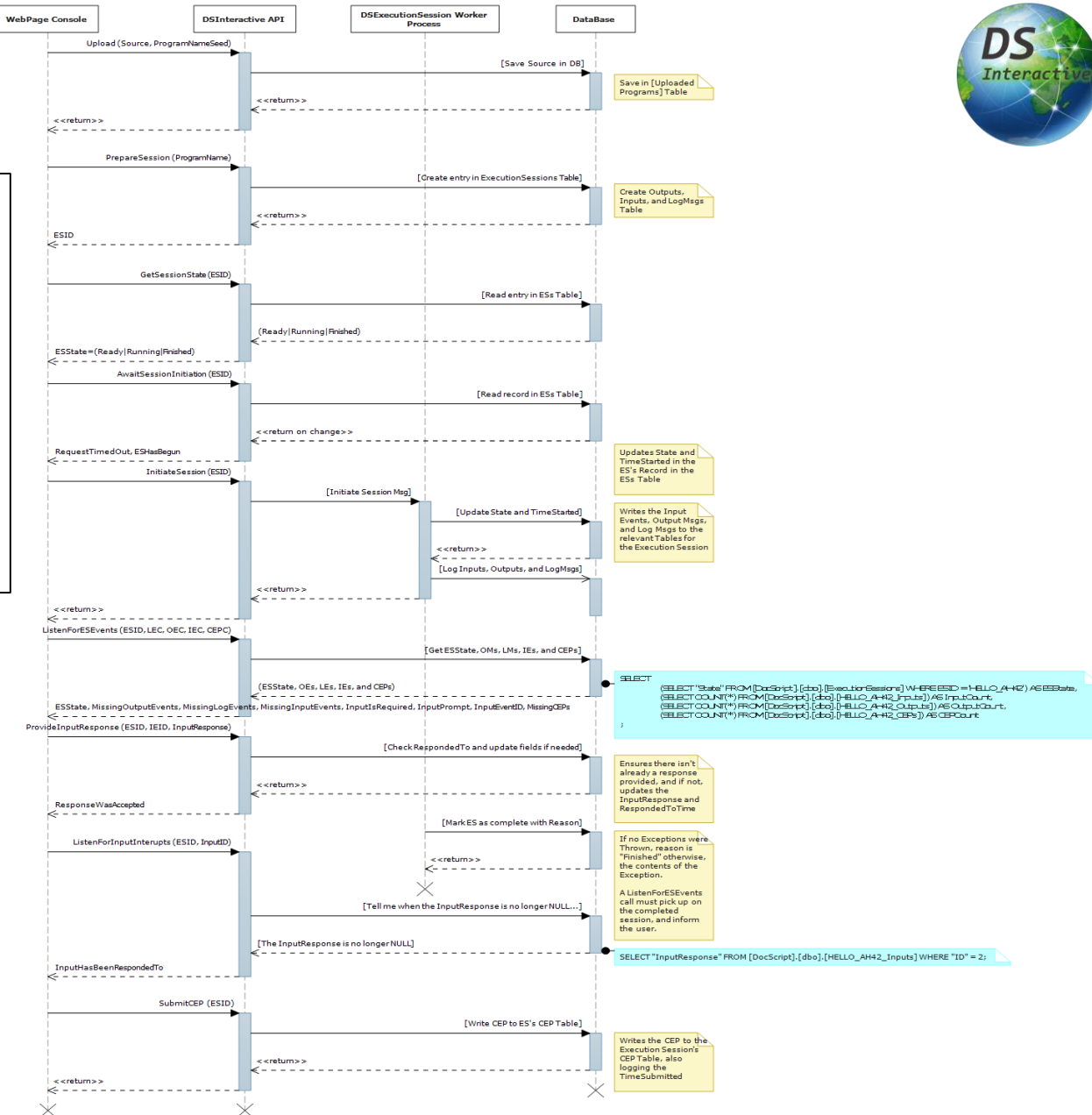
**Distinguish WasLegitimateRequest and OperationCompletedSuccessfully**

?Action=ListenForExecutionEvents&SessionID=HEL001&OutputMsgCount=3&LogMsgCount=14

**Returns:** MissingOutputMsgs; MissingLogMsgs; InputsIsRequired; InputPrompt; InputEventID

ESParticipant.ASPX?SessionID=HEL001&Role=Observer&Name=Ben

DSIExecutionSession.exe /ESID:HELLO\_AH42



/API/Interactive/?Action=AwaitSessionInitiation&ESID=HELLO\_AH42



# DocScript Interactive [1]

Distributed multi-client browser-based execution and presentation environment

IDs start at 1. This is so that 0 can be used to mean [none of the records].

↓ ExecutionSession Client Execution Packages (CEPs) Table ↓

ID	TimeSubmitted	JavaScriptCEP
1	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }
2	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }
3	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }
4	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }
5	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }

↓ Uploaded Programs Table ↓

ID	TimeSubmitted	Source	ProgramName
1	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }	HelloWorld
2	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }	InputName
3	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }	AgeTest
4	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }	Program1
5	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () { ... }	PROGRAM3

↓ ExecutionSession Table ↓

ESID	ProgramName	TimeStarted	TimeFinished	State	ExitReason
HELLO_AH42	HelloWorld.DS			Ready	
HELLO_AH43	HelloWorld.DS	1:32:49 12-08-2022		Running	
HELLO_AH44	HelloWorld.DS	1:32:49 12-08-2022	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Finished	Finished Successfully
HELLO_AH45	HelloWorld.DS	1:32:49 12-08-2022	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Finished	Input Timed Out for "..."
HELLO_AH46	HelloWorld.DS	1:32:49 12-08-2022	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Finished	Finished Successfully

↓ ExecutionSession Outputs Table ↓

ID	TimeSubmitted	OutputMessage
1	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Name"
2	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Age"
3	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter A"
4	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter B"
5	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter C"

↓ ExecutionSession Inputs Table ↓

ID	TimeSubmitted	InputPrompt	InputResponse	RespondedTo	RespondedToTime
1	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Name"	"Ben"	True	1:32:49 12-08-2022
2	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Age"		False	1:32:49 12-08-2022
3	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter A"		False	1:32:49 12-08-2022
4	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter B"		False	1:32:49 12-08-2022
5	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter C"		False	1:32:49 12-08-2022

↓ ExecutionSession LogMessages Table ↓

ID	TimeSubmitted	LogMessage	Severity	Catagory
1	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Name"	Error	Execution
2	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Age"	Warning	Lexing
3	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter A"	Information	Program
4	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter B"	Verbose	Unspecified
5	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter C"	Debug	System



# DSI [2] Database Tables

IDs start at 1. This is so that 0 can be used to mean [none of the records].;

↓ ExecutionSessions Table ↓

ESID	ProgramName	TimeStarted	TimeEnded	State	ExitReason
HELLO_AH42	HelloWorld.DS	NULL	NULL	Ready	NULL
HELLO_AH43	HelloWorld.DS	1:32:49 12-08-2022	NULL	Running	NULL
HELLO_AH44	HelloWorld.DS	1:32:49 12-08-2022	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Ended	Normal DSExitCode=5
HELLO_AH45	HelloWorld.DS	1:32:49 12-08-2022	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Ended	Input Timed Out for "..."
HELLO_AH46	HelloWorld.DS	1:32:49 12-08-2022	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Ended	Normal DSExitCode=0

↓ ExecutionSession Inputs Table ↓

ID	TimeSubmitted	InputPrompt	InputResponse	RespondedToTime
1	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Name"	"Ben"	1:32:49 12-08-2022
2	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Age"	NULL	NULL
3	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter A"	NULL	NULL
4	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter B"	NULL	NULL
5	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter C"	NULL	NULL

SELECT "InputResponse" FROM [DocScript].[dbo].[HELLO\_AH42\_Inputs] WHERE "ID" = 2;

↓ ExecutionSession Client Execution Packages (CEPs) Table ↓

ID	TimeSubmitted	JavaScriptToRun
1	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function () { ... }
2	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function () { ... }
3	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function () { ... }
4	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function () { ... }
5	1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function () { ... }

SELECT

(SELECT "State" FROM [DocScript].[dbo].[ExecutionSessions] WHERE ESID = 'HELLO\_AH42') AS ESState,  
(SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM [DocScript].[dbo].[HELLO\_AH42\_Inputs]) AS InputCount,  
(SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM [DocScript].[dbo].[HELLO\_AH42\_Outputs]) AS OutputCount,  
(SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM [DocScript].[dbo].[HELLO\_AH42\_CEPs]) AS CEPCount

↓ UploadedPrograms Table ↓

TimeSubmitted	Source	ProgramName
1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () ...	HelloWorld.DS
1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () ...	InputName
1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () ...	AgeTest
1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () ...	Program1
1:32:49 12-08-2022	Function <Void> Main () ...	PROGRAM3

↓ ExecutionSession Outputs Table ↓

ID	TimeSubmitted	OutputMessage
1	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Hello, World!"
2	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Age"
3	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter A"
4	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter B"
5	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter C"

API EndPoint "ListenForESEvents"

d

↓ ExecutionSession LogEvents Table ↓

ID	TimeSubmitted	Message	Severity	Category
1	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Name"	Error	Execution
2	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter Age"	Warning	Lexing
3	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter A"	Information	Parsing
4	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter B"	Verbose	Unspecified
5	1:32:49 12-08-2022	"Enter C"	Debug	System

# DSI [3] Database Validation & Size Limits

*varchar ONLY HOLDS ASCII!!!*

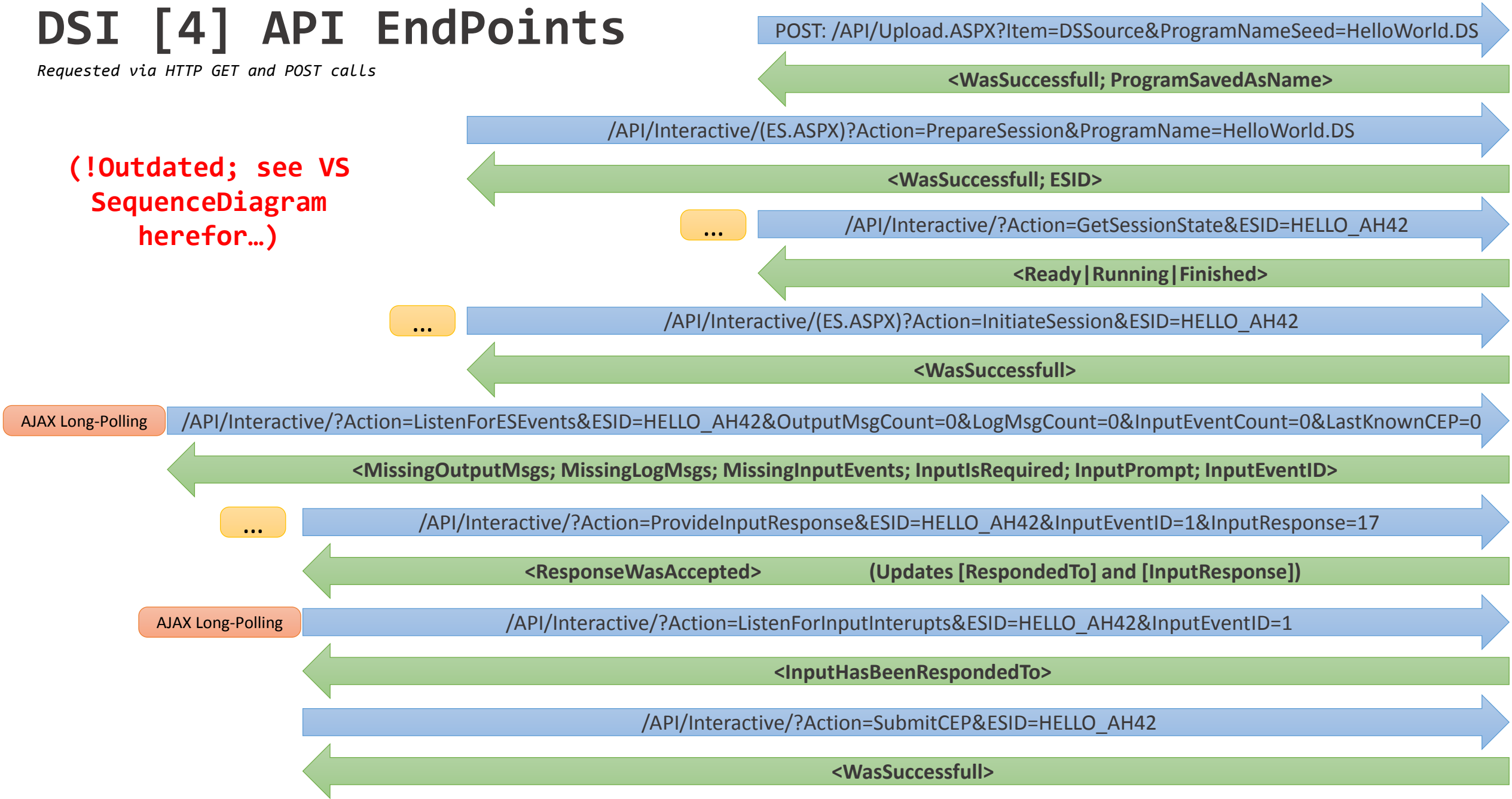
- UploadedPrograms\ProgramName is varchar(100)
- ExecutionSessions\ESID is varchar(100)
- ExecutionSessions\State is **varchar(100)** For consistency...
- ExecutionSessions\ProgramName is varchar(100)
- {ESID}\_LogEvents\Severity is varchar(100)
- {ESID}\_LogEvents\Category is varchar(100)

!DocScript: LogEvents, InputEvents, OutputEvents, and CEPs cannot be removed or modified after they have been added

# DSI [4] API EndPoints

Requested via HTTP GET and POST calls

(!Outdated; see VS  
SequenceDiagram  
herefor...)



# DSI [5] Client Pages

HTML for the Client's Browser

?Role=Observer (No CEP-Insertion or Input-Responding)  
?Role=Responder (No CEP-Insertion, but Input-Responding)  
?Role=Controller (CEP-Insertion and Input-Responding)

## Interactive/ESParticipant

### Outputs

[12:14:00] Hello, World!  
[12:14:01] Hello, World!  
[12:14:02] Hello, World!

### Inputs

[14:15:00] (Enter your name) "Ben Mullan"  
[14:15:00] (Enter your name) "Ben Mullan"  
[14:15:00] (Enter your name) "Ben Mullan"

### Log Events:

0 executed

CEPs: 0 executed

CEPs: 0 executed

## Required functions:

- Create ES
- Participate in ES
- View old ESs

## Pages:

- ESParticipant.ASPX?ESID=\*&Role=\*
- ESManager.ASPX
- UploadProgram.ASPX

## Interactive/ESManager

### Execution Sessions

HELLO\_AH42 – HelloWorld.DS: Ready  
HELLO\_AH42 – HelloWorld.DS: Ready  
HELLO\_AH42 – HelloWorld.DS: Running (started 08:15)  
HELLO\_AH42 – HelloWorld.DS: Ended

### [ + Add ]

Can Prepare an ES from an UploadedProgram,  
Or immediately Prepare&Initiate an ES from an UploadedProgram

## UploadProgram

### Source

Function <Void> Main  
( ) ...

### [ Upload ]

### [ Run ]

(Prepares a New ES, and  
Initiates it)


# DSI [6] Client Input Procedure [0] (All on ESParticipant.ASPX)

Input procedure 0 - the client responds to the InputRequest...

Remember to "ALTER DATABASE [DocScript] SET ENABLE\_BROKER;" in order for [SqlDependency]s to work...

1


(Popup on Blurred Background)

<b>Input Request</b> Input has been requested since [08:20:00] <i>IEID = 1</i>
<b>Enter your Name:</b> <input type="text"/> <b>Submit</b>
 Awaiting Input Interrupt Response...

[InputIsRequired] comes back as True; the Client sends a ListenForInputInterrupts request...

2


(Popup on Blurred Background)

<b>Input Request</b> Input has been requested since [08:20:00]
<b>Enter your Name:</b> <input type="text" value="Ben"/> <b>Submit</b>
 Awaiting Input Interrupt Response...

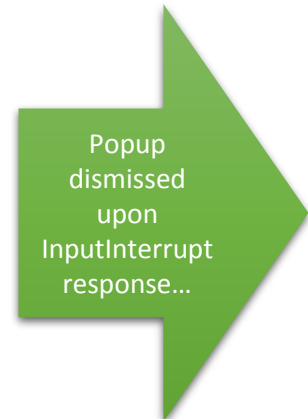
Client enters InputResponse and clicks Submit

3

(Popup on Blurred Background)

<b>Input Request</b> Input has been requested since [08:20:00]
<b>Enter your Name:</b> <input type="text" value="Ben"/> <b>Submit</b>
 Awaiting Input Interrupt Response...

Client must await InputInterrupt Response...



? OperationWasSuccessfull vs. UnhandledExceptionOccured

!Maybe say "Listening for external Input Responses..." instead of "Awaiting Input Interrupt Response..."

# DSI [7] Client Input Procedure [1] *(All on ESParticipant.ASPX)*


*Input procedure 0 - another client responds to the InputRequest first...*

## 1

*(Popup on Blurred Background)*

**Input Request**  
Input has been requested since  
[08:20:00]

**Enter your Name:**

  
*Awaiting Input Interrupt Response...*

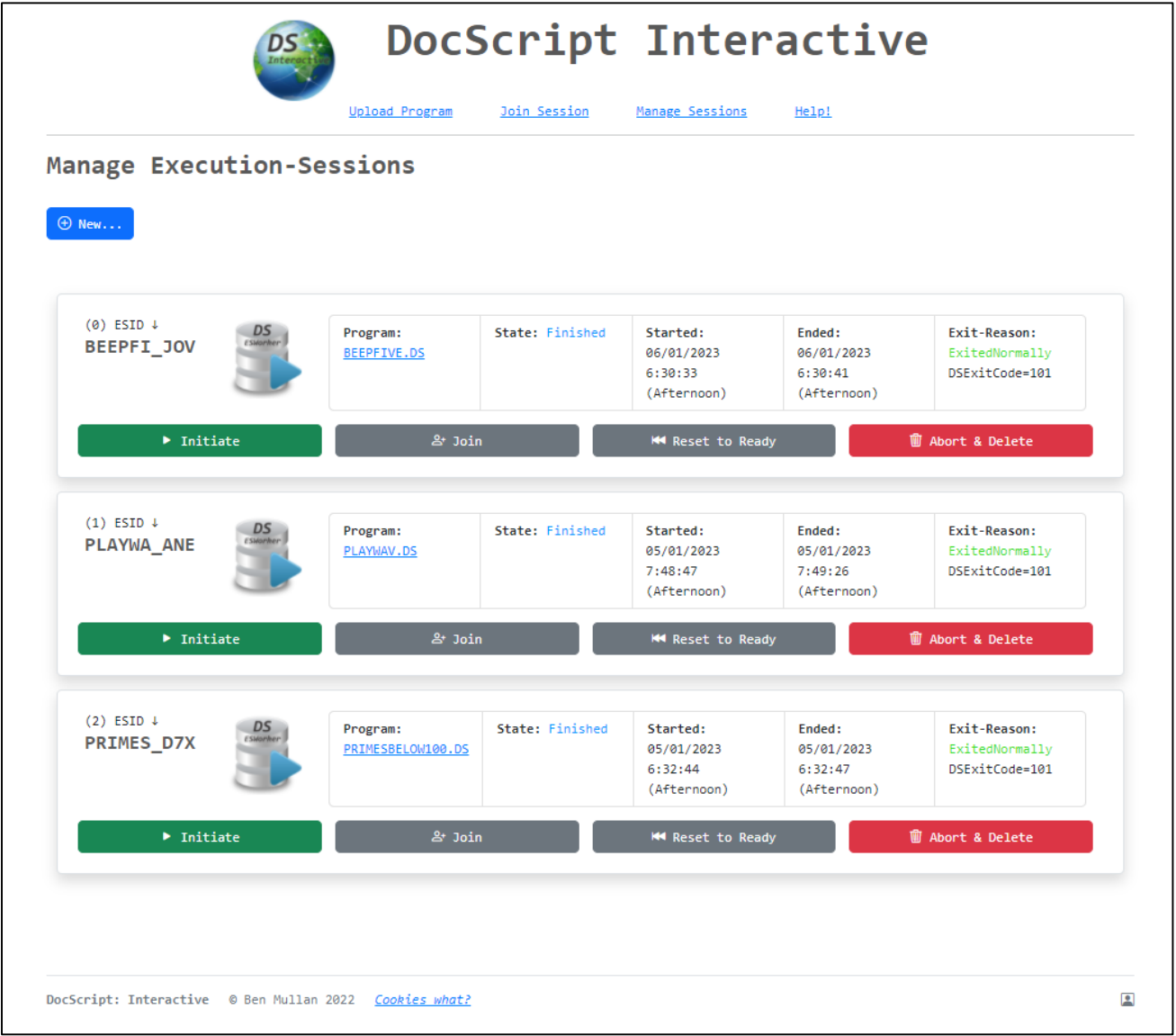
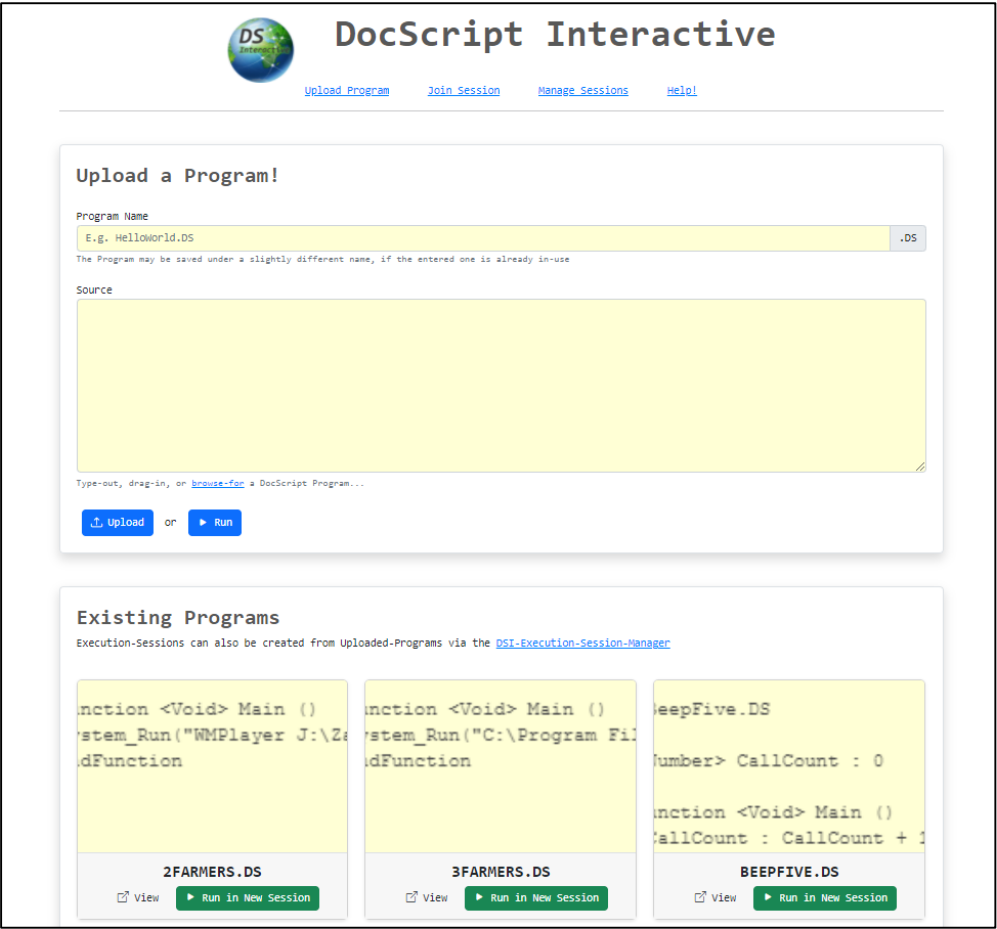
Popup dismissed  
upon InputInterrupt  
response...

*[InputIsRequired] comes back as True; the Client sends a ListenForInputInterrupts request...*

*Another client provided an InputResponse first, so the dialog is closed and execution continues...*

# DSI [8] Final Product

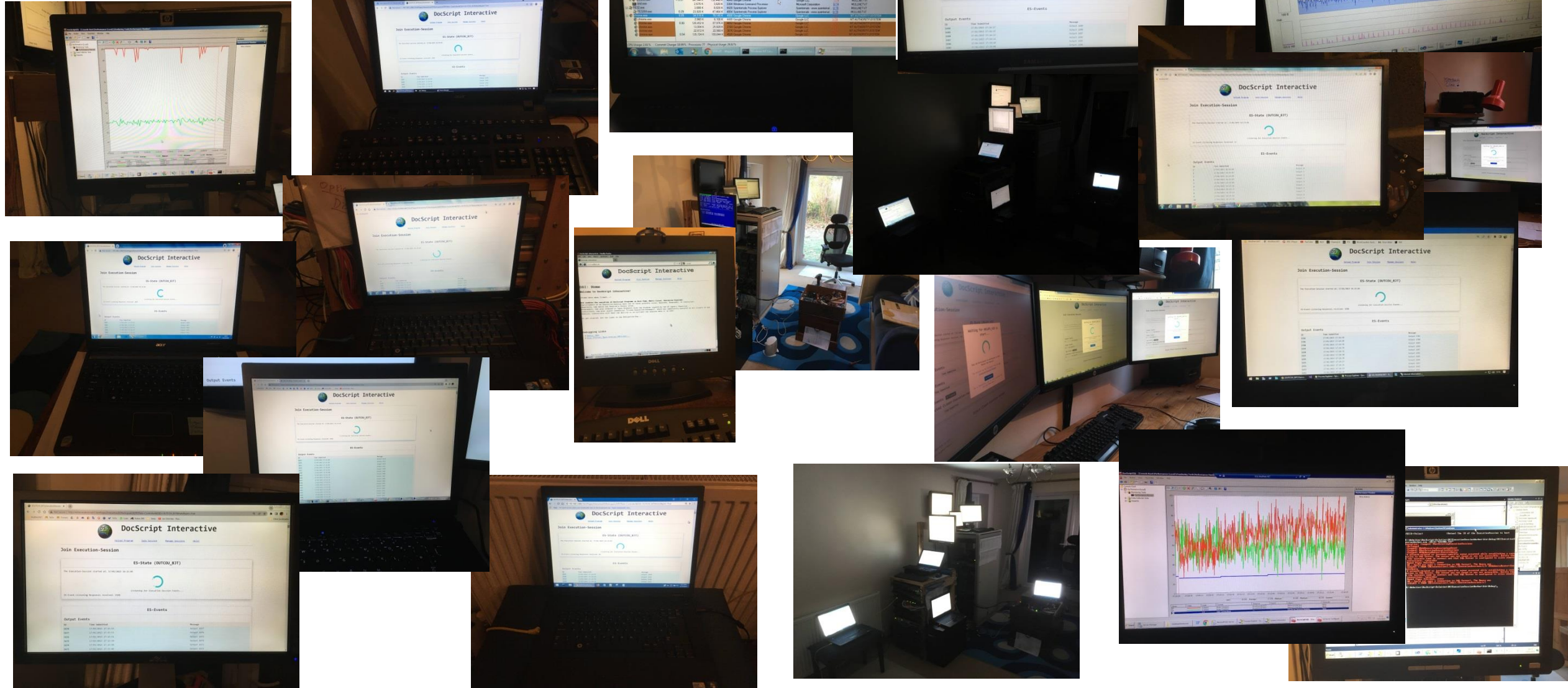
How it actually came out...





# DSI [9] Mass-Testing

*Distributed, Multi-Client Testing*





# Binaries

*Compiled Binaries for the DocScript Logic and Implementations*

File Name	Description
DocScript.Library.DLL	Core Interpretation Logic and Utilities DLL
DSIDE.EXE	DocScript Windows IDE Executable
DSCLI.EXE	DocScript Command-Line Interpreter Executable
DSIExecutionSessionWorker.EXE	Worker Executable for DocScript Interactive Sessions
DSExpr.EXE	Standalone Expression Resolution Executable
DocScript.WebParts.DLL	DocScript WebParts Resource DLL

# (More) Examples

*Samples of DocScript Source*

```
Function <Void> Main ()
    Output("Hello, World!")
    Return
EndFunction
```

```
Function <Number> Main (<String@> _CLAs)

    #Input looks like "-Name" "Ben" "-Age" "13"
    #Get the Value for an Input()'ed Key

    <String> _Key = Input("Argument Key:")
    <String> _Value = GetCLAValueFromKey(_Key)

    Output("Value: " & _Value)
    Return 0

EndFunction

Function <String> GetCLAValueFromKey(<String@> _CLAs, <String> _Key)

    Loop (StringArray_MaxIndex(_CLAs))
        If (StringArray_At(_CLAs, $) == ("- " & _Key))
            Return StringArray_At(_CLAs, $ + 1)
        EndIf
    EndLoop

    Return "No Value found for Key [" & _Key & "]"

EndFunction
```

Decision: No \$ in v1

```
Function <Number> Main (<String@> _CLAs)
    Output("First CLA: " & StringArray_At(_CLAs, 0))
    Return 0
EndFunction
```

```
DSFunction
    @Name          = "Main"
    @ReturnType    = DSNumber
    @Arguments     = {<String@> "_CLAs"}
    FunctionCall
        @FunctionName= "Output"
        @Arguments   = {<String>}
    ReturnToCaller
        @ReturnValue = <IExpression>
```

```
Function <Number> Main (<String@> _CLAs)

    #Input looks like "-Name" "Ben" "-Age" "13"
    #Get the Value for an Input()'ed Key

    <String> _Key : Input("Argument Key:")
    <String> _Value : GetCLAValueFromKey(_Key)

    Output("Value: " & _Value)
    Return 0

EndFunction

Function <String> GetCLAValueFromKey(<String@> _CLAs, <String> _Key)

    <Number> _CurrentCLAIndex : 0

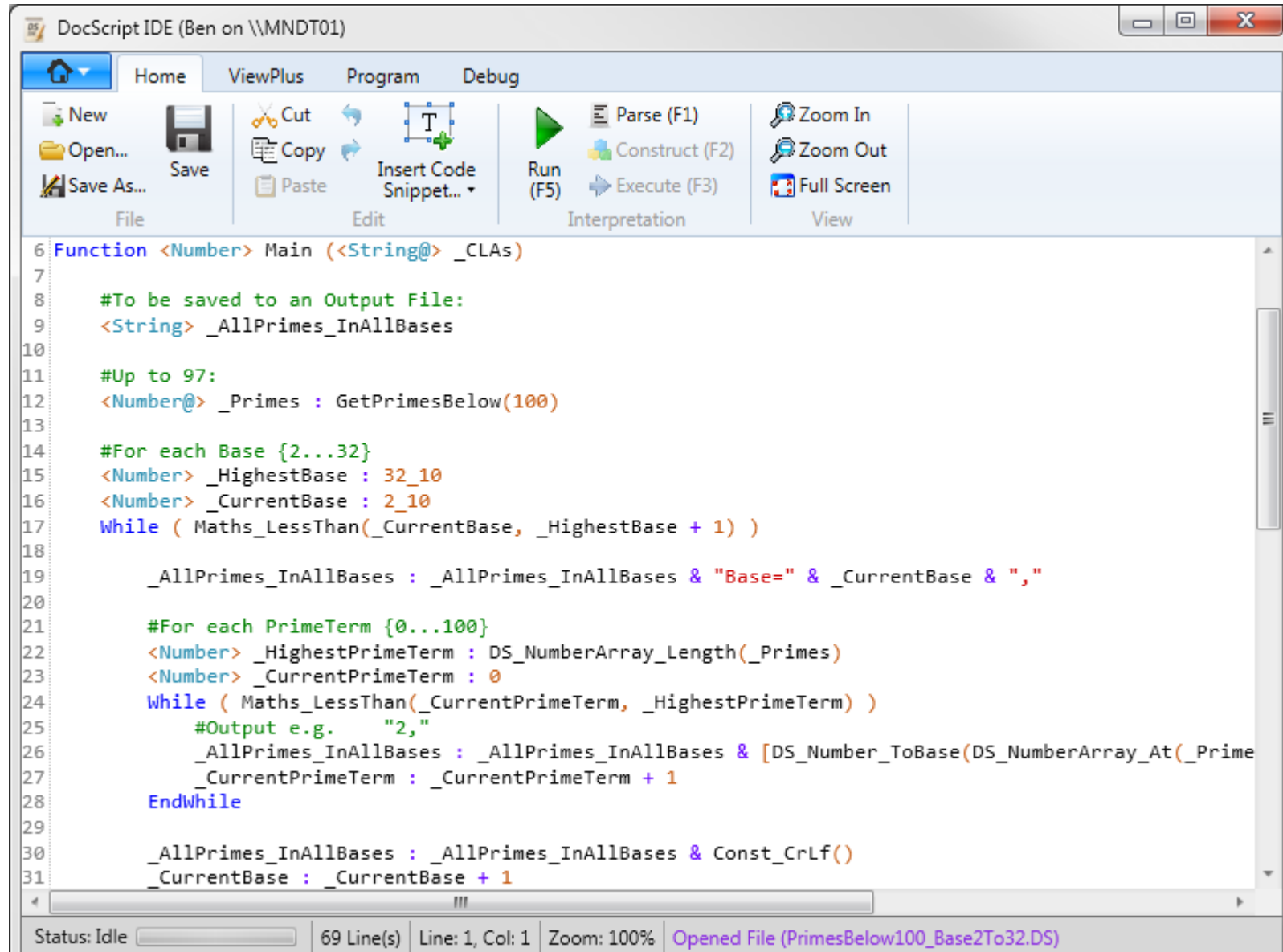
    While (_CurrentCLAIndex < [Array_MaxIndex(_CLAs) + 1])
        If (Array_At(_CLAs, _CurrentCLAIndex) = ["- " & _Key])
            Return StringArray_At(_CLAs, _CurrentCLAIndex + 1)
        EndIf
        CurrentCLAIndex : [CurrentCLAIndex + 1]
    EndWhile

    Return "No Value found for Key [" & _Key & "]"

EndFunction
```

# (Even More) Examples

*Samples of DocScript Source*



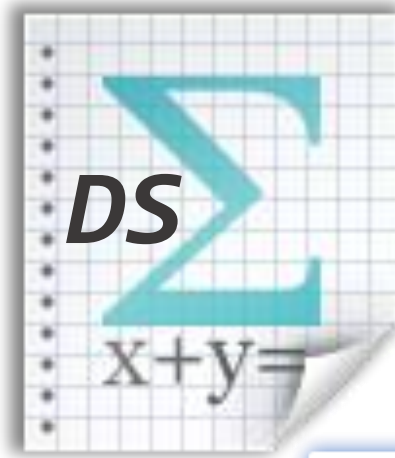
The screenshot shows the DocScript IDE interface. The title bar reads "DocScript IDE (Ben on \\MNDT01)". The menu bar includes "Home", "ViewPlus", "Program", and "Debug". The toolbar is organized into four groups: "File" (New, Open..., Save As..., Save), "Edit" (Cut, Copy, Paste, Insert Code Snippet...), "Interpretation" (Run (F5), Parse (F1), Construct (F2), Execute (F3)), and "View" (Zoom In, Zoom Out, Full Screen). The main editor area displays a DocScript program with line numbers 6 through 31. The code defines a function `Function <Number> Main (<String@> _CLAs)` that generates a list of primes in various bases. It includes comments like `#To be saved to an Output File:` and `#Up to 97:`. The program uses nested loops and conditional statements to format the output. The status bar at the bottom shows "Status: Idle", "69 Line(s)", "Line: 1, Col: 1", "Zoom: 100%", and the filename "Opened File (PrimesBelow100\_Base2To32.DS)".

```
6 Function <Number> Main (<String@> _CLAs)
7
8   #To be saved to an Output File:
9   <String> _AllPrimes_InAllBases
10
11  #Up to 97:
12  <Number@> _Primes : GetPrimesBelow(100)
13
14  #For each Base {2...32}
15  <Number> _HighestBase : 32_10
16  <Number> _CurrentBase : 2_10
17  While ( Maths_LessThan(_CurrentBase, _HighestBase + 1) )
18
19      _AllPrimes_InAllBases : _AllPrimes_InAllBases & "Base=" & _CurrentBase & ", "
20
21      #For each PrimeTerm {0...100}
22      <Number> _HighestPrimeTerm : DS_NumberArray_Length(_Primes)
23      <Number> _CurrentPrimeTerm : 0
24      While ( Maths_LessThan(_CurrentPrimeTerm, _HighestPrimeTerm) )
25          #Output e.g. "2,"
26          _AllPrimes_InAllBases : _AllPrimes_InAllBases & [DS_Number_ToBase(DS_NumberArray_At(_Prime
27              _CurrentPrimeTerm : _CurrentPrimeTerm + 1
28      EndWhile
29
30      _AllPrimes_InAllBases : _AllPrimes_InAllBases & Const_CrLf()
31      _CurrentBase : _CurrentBase + 1
```

Status: Idle 69 Line(s) Line: 1, Col: 1 Zoom: 100% Opened File (PrimesBelow100\_Base2To32.DS)

# Icons

*Insignia for DocScript Implementations and Documentation*



## *DocScript*<sup>IDE</sup>

Part of the DocScript Family of Products



*Preparing Environment...*



## *DocScript*

Scripting Language System

# Video [0]

Explanation video for DocScript

DocScript is a **simple** procedural programming-language.  
So simple, in fact, that there are only 6 keywords, 3 data-types, and HelloWorld looks like this {}  
You probably already get the gist of the syntax.

What's different about DocScript, however, is:

- Native support for numeric literals in different bases (from 2 to 62)
- its ability to support real-time, **multi-client** execution sessions,
- Its highly verbose and detailed output. In fact, the language was designed to be something of a teaching tool; "Doc-" comes from the Latin meaning to teach, as in indoctrinate or documentary. If – for instance - you have a malformed expression, DocScript won't just report that there's a syntax-error, but rather, will tell you precisely what's wrong; two binary operators being next to each other for example.

## "DocScript in 3 Minutes"

Architecture

Core Interpreter DLL

3 Interpretation Stages

Parsing: Token-Types  
Lexing: 8 IInstruction-Types  
Execution: Symbol Tables

3 Implementations

DSCLI

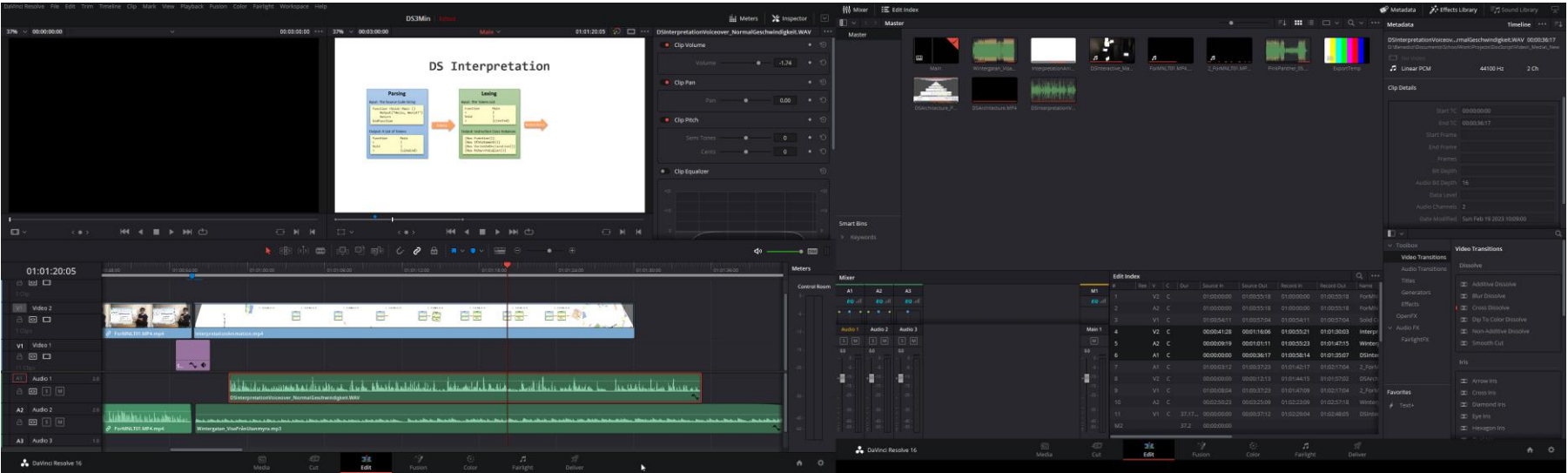
Live

DSIDE

DSExpr

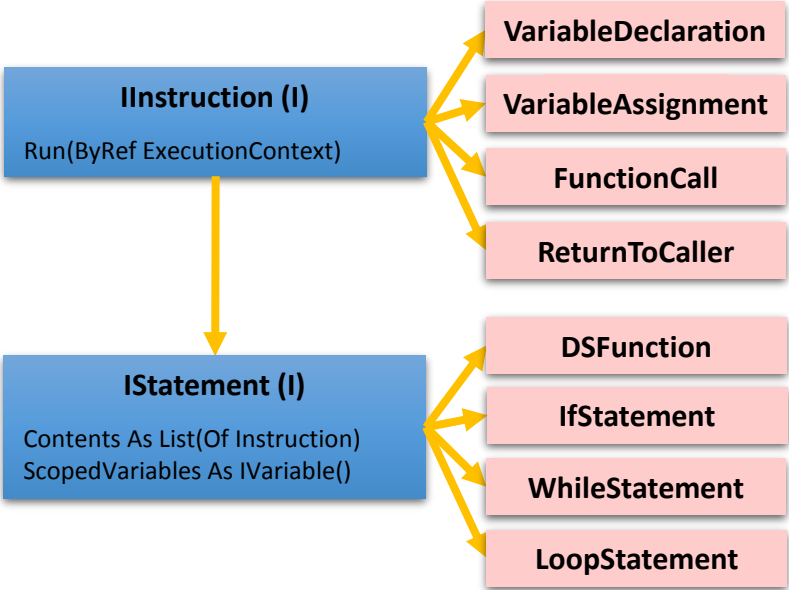
DSInteractive

CEP Demonstration (\w 2 Lattitudes)

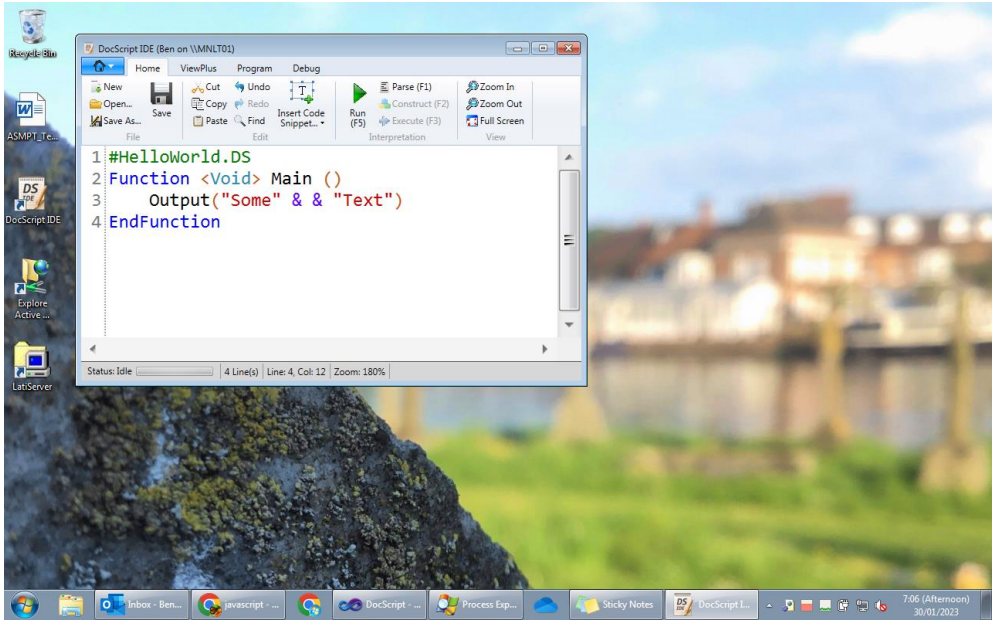
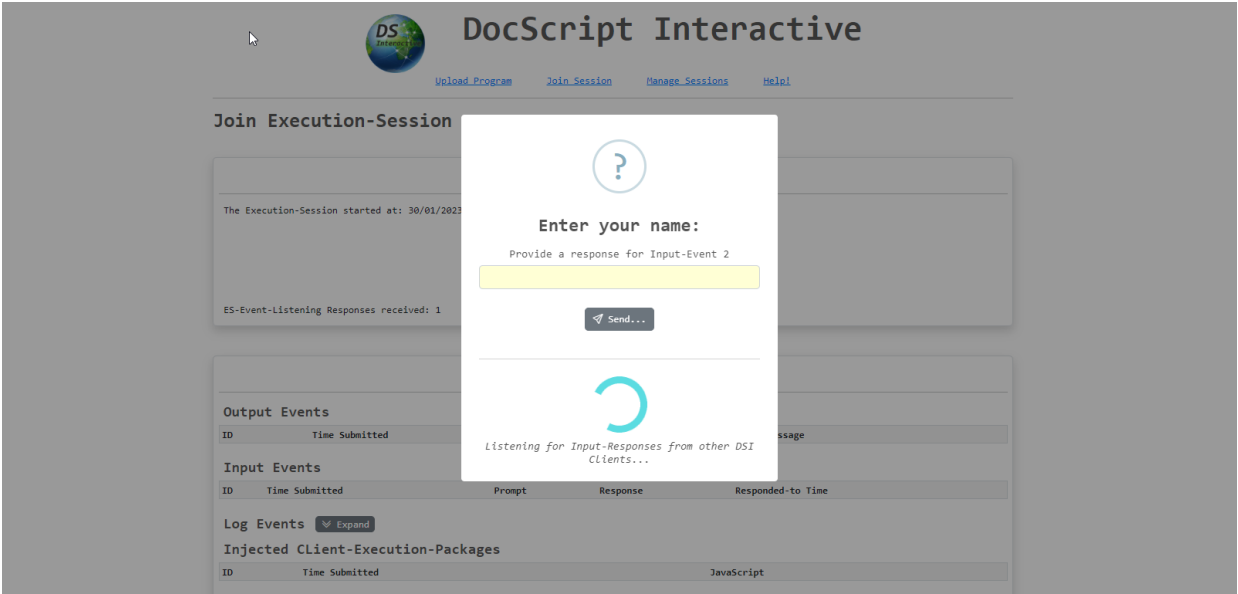


# Video [1] Resources

Resources for DS3Min



Code	Description	Project	File	Line	Suppression State
BC36642	Array modifiers cannot be specified on lambda expression parameter name. They must be specified on its type.	DSLlibrary	DS.Utilities.KVPSerialisation.VB	15	Active
BC36643	Array modifiers cannot be specified on lambda expression parameter name. They must be specified on its type.	DSLlibrary	DS.Utilities.KVPSerialisation.VB	29	Active





# Lecture Notes

From the Masters course at Uni. Washington

[https://courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/csep501/14sp/video/archive/html5/video.html?id=csep501\\_14sp\\_1](https://courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/csep501/14sp/video/archive/html5/video.html?id=csep501_14sp_1)

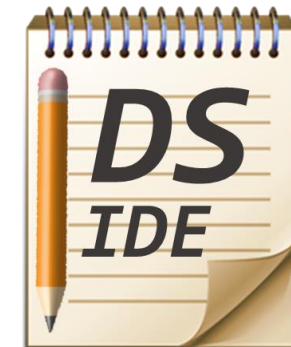
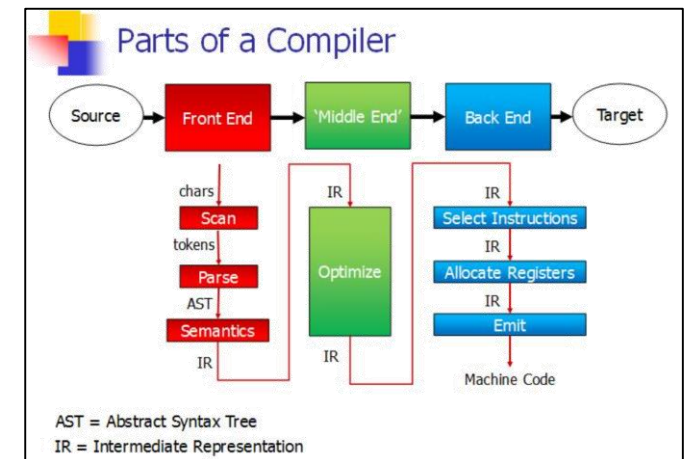
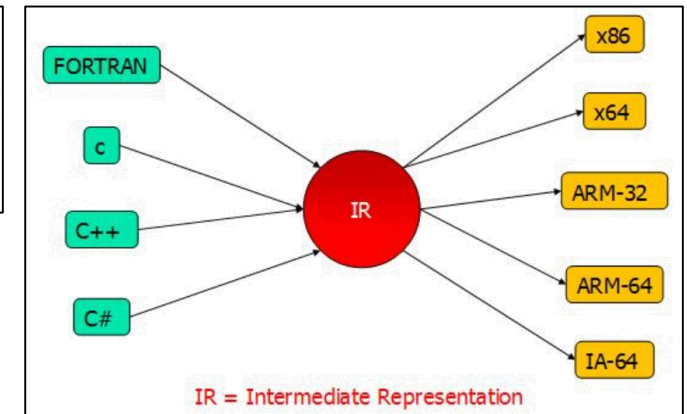
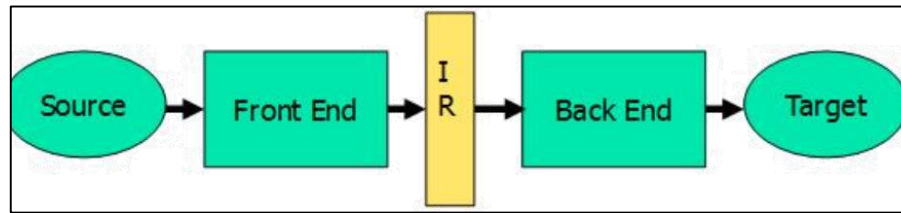
## General

- Front end: specific to language being compiled
- Back end: could be used for any language
- <FrontEnd...>
- **Scanner: Source → Tokens**
- Parser: Tokens → AST (an AST is a type of IR)
- Semantic Analysis: AST → Check logical sense (E.g. [int x = 42 + true] would be invalid)
- <BackEnd...>
- Optimisation: Several phases of code improvements (completely reorganises AST)
- Code Generation: Instruction selection & register allocation - generates MachineCode

## Improvements for Me

- Token.Value should be Token.Lexeme
- My "Parser" should really be called a "Scanner"
- My "Lexing" stage is really "Parsing"

String > Lexeme > Grapheme







# Considerations

*What I must henceforth consider*

## ToDo...

- **Make DSFunction take in IDataValues for Arguments, not IExpressions**
- Add ToString() Methods to ReturnStatus, ExecutionResult, DSString, etc...
- Check that Void@ raises a syntax error
- Implement BasedNumbers for DSNumber
- Make the Catch one-liners concat in the TypeName of the TypeOf \_Ex
- Make DSWebException concat. in the Full URL
- Finish the DSOperators and make each of them have a Try which [Throw]s [DSOperatorExecutionException]s

## Possible Features...

- [WinIDE] Insert Snippets
- [WinIDE] Browse available BuiltInFunctions
- \$ LoopIteration Variable or BuiltInFunction Herefor
- Namespaces
- Next in Whiles and Loops
- Comments which start mid-way through a line #Like This...
- Block Comments (###)
- Array Literals {1,2,3,4,5}
- Constants (different EntryType in SymbolTable)

## To add to CS-Writeup

- [Prototype Review] Sections with {Screenshots, “What has been done”, “How it has been tested”, “How it relates to the problem-breakdown”, “How it meets the User Requirements” (WHICH CREITERIA ARE THEREBY MET?), “Problems, and changes made as a result of the prototype”}
- Explain how my code is: Modular, Well-Structured, Uses good naming conventions
- Have clearly-delimited “**TESTING**” Sections.

## DocScript Exit Codes

0	No Errors Occurred
Non-Zero	An Error Occurred

# Compilation [0]

Compiling DocScript programs to .NET exes

Have a "Compilation Options" dialog with options for: {the EXE-Icon, the EXE Name, the CompilationContext for CLI or GUI, Compile-to-DLL}

```
Function <Void> Main ()
    <Number> _Test : Input("Enter Test Number")
    Output(_Test & " is a Prime: " & IsAPrime(_Test))
EndFunction
```

```
Function <Boolean> IsAPrime (<Number> _Test)

    <Number> _I : 2
    While ( Maths_LessThan(_I * _I, _Test) | [[_I * _I] = _Test] )
        If ([_Test % _I] = 0)
            Return False
        EndIf
        _I : _I + 1
    EndWhile

    Return True

EndFunction
```

```
Function <Void> Main ()
    Output("Hello, World!")
    Return
EndFunction
```



Compile with:

C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\v4.0.30319\vbc.exe "HelloWorld.VB" /out:"HelloWorld.exe" /win32icon:"EXEIcon.ico" /target:exe

```
Module Program

    Sub Main()
        MsgBox("Hello, World")
        Return
    End Sub

End Module
```

## Compilation Execution-Context?

Program.Compile("HelloWorld.EXE") instead of Program.Run(\_CLAs)

```
Dim _Test As Double = InputBox("Enter Test Number")
```

```
DocScript.Compilation.RunBIF("Maths_LessThan", _I * _I, _Test)
#Where:
- RunBIF() Takes in: String, ParamArray Object
- RunBIF() Returns: Object (Double/(), String/(), Boolean/(), Nothing)
```

```
<Assembly: System.Reflection.AssemblyTitle("My EXE")>
<Assembly: System.Reflection.AssemblyDescription("Description")>
<Assembly: System.Reflection.AssemblyCompany("Author")>
<Assembly: System.Reflection.AssemblyProduct("Product")>
<Assembly: System.Reflection.AssemblyCopyright("BRAND (C) 2022")>
<Assembly: System.Reflection.AssemblyTrademark("BRAND (TM)")>
<Assembly: System.Runtime.InteropServices.ComVisible(False)>
<Assembly: System.Reflection.AssemblyVersion("1.3.1.0")>
<Assembly: System.Reflection.AssemblyFileVersion("2.1.0.4")>
<Assembly: System.Resources.NeutralResourcesLanguageAttribute("en-GB")>
```

↓ Not needed; ExeCxt accessible at .NET Runtime.

## Compilation-Context?

Option Explicit On  
Option Infer On  
Option Strict On

To Get Compiler Paths:

```
dir %WINDIR%\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\csc.exe /s /b
```

Or winexe (to not AllocConsole for the process)

# Compilation [1] (Translation)

Translation

```
DocScript.Translation
<DocScript.Translation.TranslationTarget> DSVisualBasicDotNETTranslator
ITranslatableToVB
```

DocScript:	VisualBasic .NET:
<pre>#Comment &lt;String&gt; Name &lt;String&gt; Name : "Ben" Name : "Ben" SayHello() SayHello(Name) Return Return 0 Function &lt;Void&gt; SayHello ()* Function &lt;Void&gt; SayHello (&lt;String&gt; Name)* EndFunction* If (True) Else EndIf While (True) EndWhile Loop (10) EndLoop  * = Cannot appear within a Function Body</pre>	<pre>(Not translated) Dim Name As Global.System.String or DocScript.&lt;...&gt;.DSString (?) Dim Name As Global.System.String = "Ben" Name = "Ben" SayHello() SayHello(Name) Return Return 0 Function SayHello() As DSVoid Function &lt;Void&gt; SayHello (&lt;String&gt; Name)* End Function If (True) Else End If While (True) End While Loop (10) End Loop  * = Cannot appear within a Function Body</pre>