10320 CS410001 - Computer Architecture 2015 Appendix C2 - Sample Output for Project 2

First of all, we have the following format for you to generate your output report. Be very careful for the format of the report! You must precisely follow the format, or your result may be evaluated as incorrect!

Format:

```
cycle (cycle index in decimal representation)

$00: 0x(content in hexadecimal digits) # note that there is 1 space between ":" and "0x"

$01: 0x(content in hexadecimal digits)
...
... (other registers' contents)
...

$31: 0x(content in hexadecimal digits)

PC: 0x(content in hexadecimal digits)

IF: 0x(bit stream fetched) [to_be_stalled/to_be_flushed]

ID: (mnemonic) [to_be_stalled/fwd_EX-DM_rs/t_$x]

EX: (mnemonic) [fwd_EX-DM/DM-WB_rs/t_$x]

DM: (mnemonic)

WB: (mnemonic)

(2 lines here)
```

Note that

- 1. fwd EX-DM/DM-WB rs/t \$x means "forwarding from EX-DM/DM-WB for rs/t \$x"
- 2. Comments are there for your understanding; they are not allowed in formal output files.
- 3. If both source operands (r_s, r_t) demand forwarding, then that for r_s goes first.

Explain about meaning of format:

```
Cycle 0
(register's content) <= initial value
(pipeline mnemonic) <= cycle 1 is executing
Cycle 1
(register's content) <= cycle 1 simulation is done
(pipeline mnemonic) <= cycle 2 is executing
```

At cycle 0, register's content is initial value and pipeline mnemonic is executing at cycle 1.

At cycle N (N>0), register's content represents the simulation result of cycle N and pipeline mnemonic represents executing pipeline of N+1.

Knowing the format, you should also pay attention to these two requirements:

- 1. Output the <u>contents of registers</u>, <u>fetched bit stream in IF stage and the instruction types</u> (<u>mnemonics</u>) in other pipeline stages <u>before</u> executing instructions at each cycle
- 2. Report <u>all occurring hazards</u>, i.e. stall, forwarding and flush, **right after** executing the instructions at each cycle.

The following are 5 examples to help you be familiar with format requirement.

Example 1:

Suppose that the iimage.bin describes the following program:

```
lw $2, 0($3)
or $3, $1, $4
beq $2, $3, some_line
and $1, $1, $0
...
```

We first observe the instructions executed in the pipeline for the first few cycles:

	IF	ID	EX	DM	WB	
cycle 0	lw	nop	nop	nop	nop	
cycle 1	or	lw	nop	nop	nop	
cycle 2	beq	or	lw	nop	nop	
cycle 3	and	beq	or	lw	nop	=> stall detected!
cycle 4	and	beq	nop	or	lw	=> forwarding detected!

The following is the content of snapshot.rpt after executing the above example. (The content of registers are omitted)

snapshot.rpt of Example 1:

• • •

cycle 3

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00200824 to be stalled

ID: BEQ to be stalled

EX: OR DM: LW WB: NOP

cycle 4

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00200824

ID: BEQ fwd_EX-DM_rt_\$3

EX: NOP DM: OR WB: LW

. . .

Example 2:

Suppose that the iimage.bin describes the following program:

lw \$3, 0(\$2) bne \$1, \$3, anyway

and \$2, \$5, \$0

. . .

We first observe the instructions executed in the pipeline for the first few cycles:

	IF	ID	EX	DM	WB	
cycle 0	lw	nop	nop	nop	nop	
cycle 1	bne	lw	nop	nop	nop	
cycle 2	and	bne	lw	nop	nop	=> stall detected!
cycle 3	and	bne	nop	lw	nop	=> stall detected!
cycle 4	and	bne	nop	nop	lw	

The following is the content of snapshot.rpt after executing the above example. (The content of registers are omitted)

snapshot.rpt of Example 2:

• • •

cycle 2

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00A01024 to be stalled

ID: BNE to_be_stalled

EX: LW DM: NOP

WB: NOP

cycle 3

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00A01024 to_be_stalled

ID: BNE to_be_stalled

EX: NOP DM: LW WB: NOP

cycle 4

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00A01024

ID: BNE EX: NOP DM: NOP WB: LW

. . .

Example 3:

Suppose that the iimage.bin describes the following program:

lw \$3, 0(\$2) or \$1, \$3, \$4 and \$2, \$5, \$0 xor \$7, \$8, \$9

. . .

We first observe the instructions executed in the pipeline for the first few cycles:

		IF	ID	EX	DM	WB	
cyc	le 0	lw	nop	nop	nop	nop	
cyc	ele 1	or	lw	nop	nop	nop	
cyc	ele 2	and	or	lw	nop	nop	=> stall detected!
cyc	ele 3	and	or	nop	lw	nop	
cyc	le 4	xor	and	or	nop	lw	=> forwarding detected!

The following is the content of snapshot.rpt after executing the above example. (The content of registers are omitted)

snapshot.rpt of Example 3:

• • •

cycle 2

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00A01024 to_be_stalled

ID: OR to be stalled

EX: LW DM: NOP WB: NOP

cycle 3

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00A01024

ID: OR

EX: NOP

DM: LW

WB: NOP

cycle 4

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x01093826

ID: AND

EX: OR fwd_DM-WB_rs_\$3

DM: NOP WB: LW

. . .

Example 4:

Suppose that the iimage.bin describes the following program:

addi \$1, \$2, 1 or \$4, \$2, \$3

and \$5, \$1, \$4 beq \$1, \$4, anywhere sub \$6, \$7, \$8

We first observe the instructions executed in the pipeline for the first few cycles:

	IF	ID	EX	DM	WB	
cycle 0	addi	nop	nop	nop	nop	
cycle 1	or	addi	nop	nop	nop	
cycle 2	and	or	addi	nop	nop	
cycle 3	beq	and	or	addi	nop	
cycle 4	sub	beq	and	or	addi	=> forwarding detected!

The following is the content of snapshot.rpt after executing the above example. (The content of registers are omitted)

snapshot.rpt of Example 4:

. . .

cycle 4

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00E83022

ID: BEQ fwd EX-DM rt \$4

EX: AND fwd_DM-WB_rs_\$1 fwd_EX-DM_rt_\$4

DM: OR WB: ADDI

. . .

Example 5:

Suppose that the iimage.bin describes the following program:

beq \$0, \$0, target sub \$6, \$7, \$8 target: and \$2, \$5, \$0

...

We first observe the instructions executed in the pipeline for the first few cycles:

	IF	ID	EX	DM	WB	
cycle 0	beq	nop	nop	nop	nop	
cycle 1	sub	beq	nop	nop	nop	=> flush detected!
cycle 2	and	nop	beq	nop	nop	

The following is the content of snapshot.rpt after executing the above example. (The content of registers are omitted)

snapshot.rpt of Example 5:

. . .

cycle 1

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00E83022 to_be_flushed

ID: BEQ EX: NOP DM: NOP WB: NOP

cycle 2

...(content of registers)

IF: 0x00A01024

ID: NOP EX: BEQ DM: NOP WB: NOP

. . .