```
import scanpy as sc
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from pathlib import Path
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib.image import imread
import seaborn as sns
import os
import json

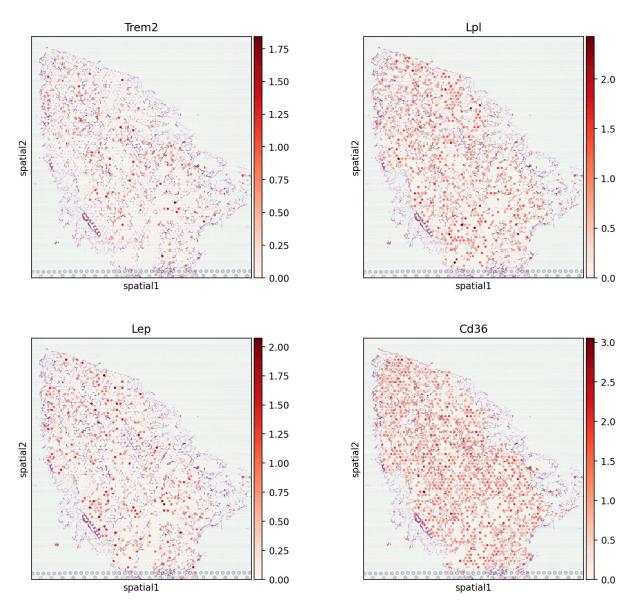
import matplotlib.colorbar as mplcb
import matplotlib.cm as mplcm

#sc.logging.print_header()
#sc.settings.verbosity = 3
```

```
In [64]: def read_visium(path, library_id='stx'):
             r"""Read 10x-Genomics-formatted visum dataset.
             path = Path(path)
             matrix_path = path / "filtered_feature_bc_matrix/"
             adata = sc.read_10x_mtx(matrix_path)
             adata.uns["spatial"] = dict()
             adata.uns["spatial"][library_id] = dict()
             tissue_positions_file = (
                 path / "spatial/tissue positions.csv"
                 if (path / "spatial/tissue_positions.csv").exists()
                 else path / "spatial/tissue_positions_list.csv"
             files = dict(
                 tissue_positions_file=tissue_positions_file,
                 scalefactors_json_file=path / "spatial/scalefactors_json.json",
                 hires image=path / "spatial/tissue hires image.png",
                 lowres_image=path / "spatial/tissue_lowres_image.png",
             )
             # check if files exists, continue if images are missing
             for f in files.values():
                 if not f.exists():
                     if any(x in str(f) for x in ["tissue_hires_image", "tissue_lowres_image")
                          logg.warning(
                              f"You seem to be missing an image file.\nCould not find {f}."
                     else:
                         msg = f"Could not find {f}"
                          raise OSError(msg)
             adata.uns["spatial"][library_id]["images"] = dict()
             for res in ["hires", "lowres"]:
                 image_path = str(files[f"{res}_image"])
```

```
adata.uns["spatial"][library_id]["images"][res] = imread(image_path)
                  # read json scalefactors
                  adata.uns["spatial"][library_id]["scalefactors"] = json.loads(
                      files["scalefactors_json_file"].read_bytes()
                  # read coordinates
                  positions = pd.read csv(
                      files["tissue_positions_file"],
                      header=0 if tissue_positions_file.name == "tissue_positions.csv" else N
                      index col=0,
                  )
                  positions.columns = [
                      "in_tissue",
                      "array_row",
                      "array_col",
                      "pxl_col_in_fullres",
                      "pxl row in fullres",
                  1
                  adata.obs = pd.merge(
                      adata.obs,
                      positions,
                      how='left',
                      left index=True,
                      right_index=True,
                  )
                  adata.obsm["spatial"] = adata.obs[
                      ["pxl row in fullres", "pxl col in fullres"]
                  1.to numpy()
                  adata.obs.drop(
                      columns=["pxl_row_in_fullres", "pxl_col_in_fullres"],
                      inplace=True,
                  )
              return adata
         fpath = "/HFD14/ST/"
          current_directory = os.getcwd()+fpath
          print(current_directory)
          adata = read_visium(current_directory)
          sc.logging.print memory usage()
        c:\Users\Ben\OneDrive\Documents\GitHub\STATS-547\ProblemSet5\Starter Code and Data/H
        FD14/ST/
        Memory usage: current 0.52 GB, difference +0.26 GB
Out [64]: AnnData object with n obs x n vars = 1994 x 31053
              obs: 'in tissue x', 'array row x', 'array col x', 'in tissue y', 'array row
          y', 'array col y'
              var: 'gene_ids', 'feature_types'
              uns: 'spatial'
              obsm: 'spatial'
```

```
In [65]: # simple preprocessing
         sc.pp.normalize_total(adata)
         sc.pp.log1p(adata)
         sc.pp.highly_variable_genes(adata, flavor="seurat", n_top_genes=2000)
         adata
Out[65]: AnnData object with n_obs \times n_vars = 1994 \times 31053
              obs: 'in_tissue_x', 'array_row_x', 'array_col_x', 'in_tissue_y', 'array_row_
          y', 'array_col_y'
              var: 'gene_ids', 'feature types', 'highly variable', 'means', 'dispersions',
          'dispersions_norm'
              uns: 'spatial', 'log1p', 'hvg'
              obsm: 'spatial'
In [66]: plt.rcParams['figure.dpi'] = 200
         plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 5, 5
         sc.pl.spatial(
             adata, img_key="hires",
             color=["Trem2", 'Lpl', 'Lep', 'Cd36'],
             color_map='Reds',
             ncols=2,
        C:\Users\Ben\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_19748\3498164135.py:3: FutureWarning: Use
        `squidpy.pl.spatial scatter` instead.
          sc.pl.spatial(
```



Load the points for a single gene

```
In [67]: gene = 'Trem2'

df = adata[:, gene].to_df()
    print(f"{df.shape=}")

coords = pd.DataFrame(adata.obsm['spatial'], index=df.index, columns=['x', 'y'])
    print(f"{coords.shape=}")

# merge in the coordinates
df = pd.merge(
    df,
    coords,
    how='left',
    left_index=True,
    right_index=True,
)
```

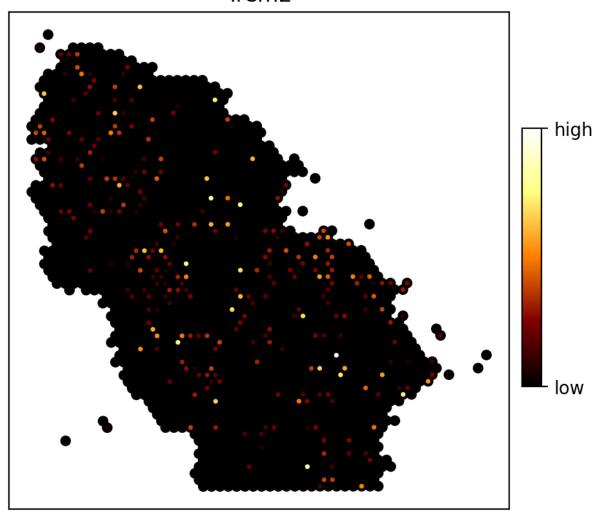
```
df.head()
       df.shape=(1994, 1)
       coords.shape=(1994, 2)
Out[67]:
                               Trem2
                                                у
          AAACATTTCCCGGATT-1
                                  0.0 23202 27803
         AAACCGGGTAGGTACC-1
                                  0.0
                                      9528 21281
         AAACCGTTCGTCCAGG-1
                                  0.0 12306 24722
         AAACCTAAGCAGCCGG-1
                                  0.0 20432 29186
         AAACCTCATGAAGTTG-1
                                  0.0
                                     7743 19562
```

```
In [68]: plt.rcParams['figure.dpi'] = 200
         plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 5, 5
         cmap = 'afmhot'
         sns.scatterplot(
             data=df,
             X='X'
             y='y',
             c='k',
             palette='Reds',
             s=35,
             ec='none'
         )
         scatter_plot = sns.scatterplot(
             data=df,
             x='x',
             y='y',
             hue=gene,
             ec='none',
             palette=cmap,
             s=7,
             legend=False,
         plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
         plt.yticks([])
         plt.xticks([])
         plt.ylabel("")
         plt.xlabel("")
         plt.title(gene)
         norm = plt.Normalize(df[gene].min(), df[gene].max())
         sm = mplcm.ScalarMappable(norm=norm, cmap=cmap)
         sm.set_array([]) # need to set array for colorbar to work
         cbar_ax = plt.gcf().add_axes([0.92, 0.3, 0.03, 0.4]) # [left, bottom, width, heigh
         cbar = plt.colorbar(sm, cax=cbar_ax, orientation='vertical')
```

```
cbar.set_ticks([df[gene].min(), df[gene].max()])
cbar.set_ticklabels(['low', 'high'])
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\Ben\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_19748\3173582000.py:6: UserWarning: Ignori
ng `palette` because no `hue` variable has been assigned.
 sns.scatterplot(

Trem2



```
In [69]: import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   from scipy.spatial.distance import cdist

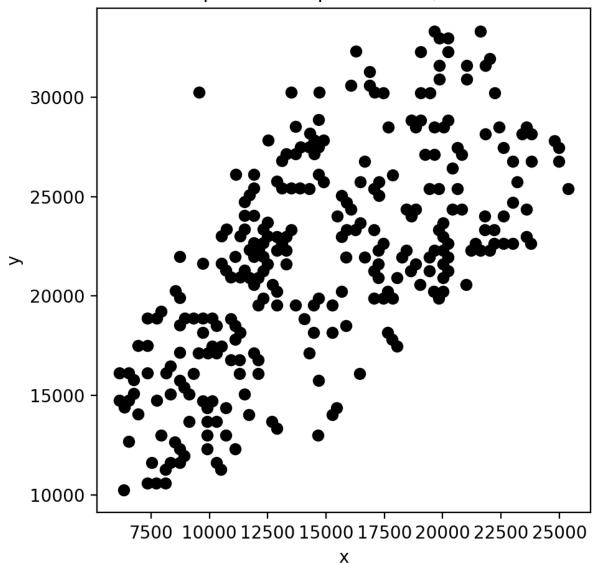
def create_simplicial(data, radius, gene):
        points = np.array(data[['x', 'y']])
        dist_matrix = cdist(points, points)

        plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
        plt.scatter(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], color='black')

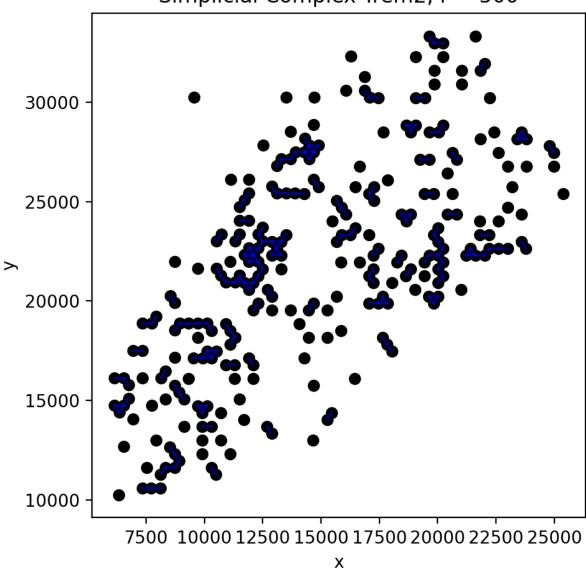
        n_points = len(points)
        for i in range(n_points):
            for j in range(i + 1, n_points):
```

```
In [70]: #Threshold nonzero
    filtered_df = df[df['Trem2'] > 0]
    for i in [100, 500, 1000, 2000]:
        create_simplicial(filtered_df, i, "Trem2")
```

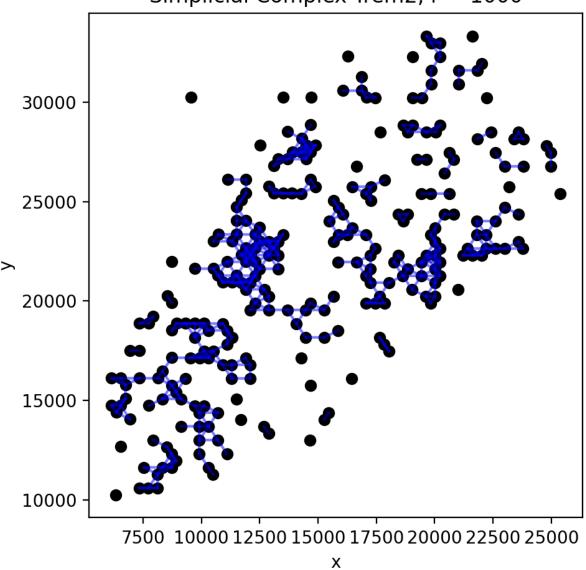
Simplicial Complex Trem2, r = 100



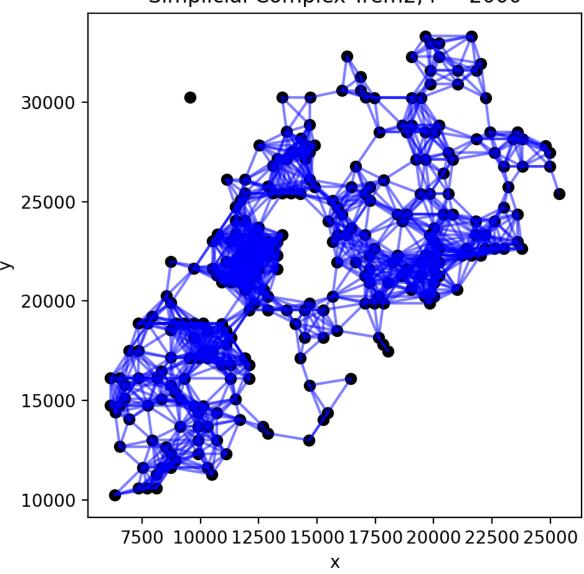




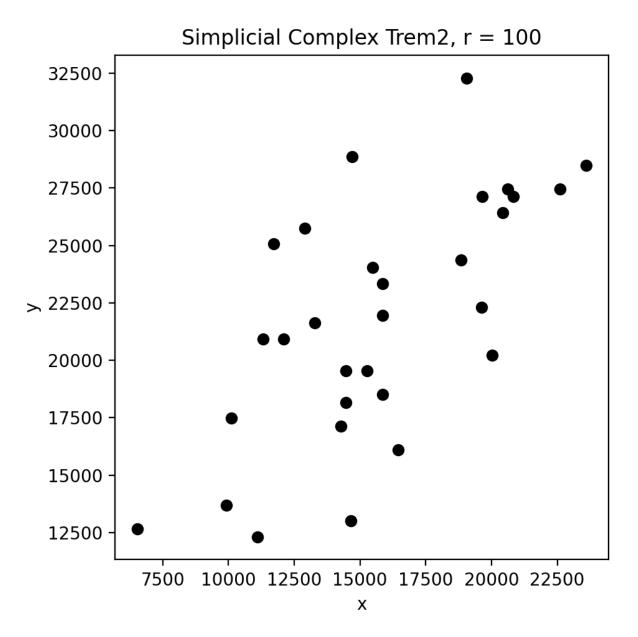


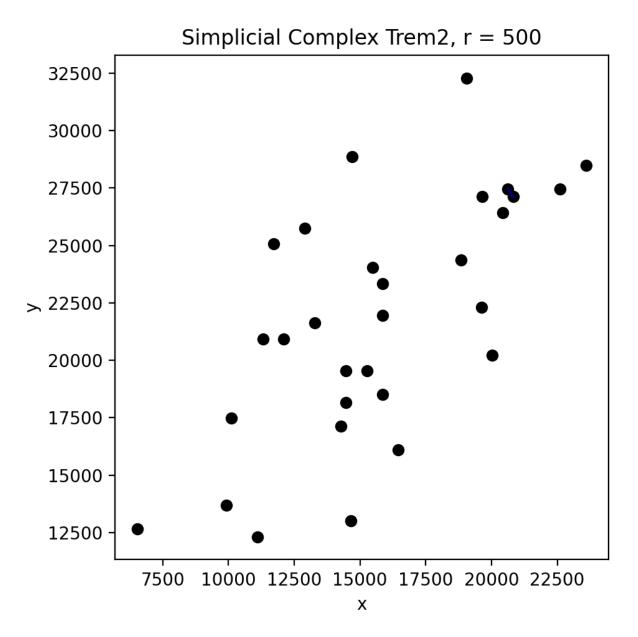


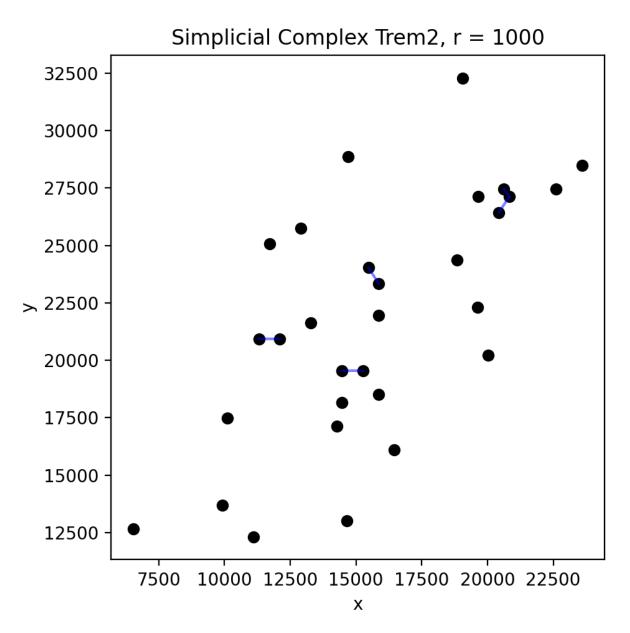


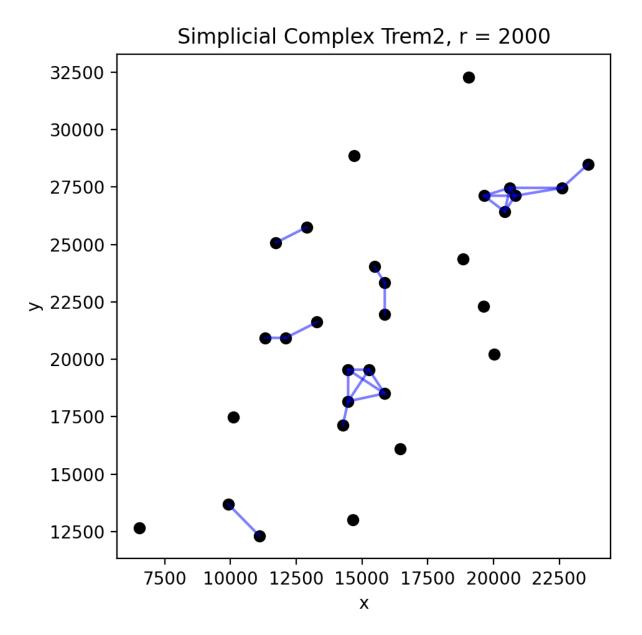


```
In [71]: #Threshold greater than 1
    filtered_df = df[df['Trem2'] > 1]
    for i in [100, 500, 1000, 2000]:
        create_simplicial(filtered_df, i, "Trem2")
```









When we set the threshold higher, there are less points in the cloud overall. This means that even though we maintained the same radii as the previous question, there are significantly less connections. The structure is more sparse and captures the more meaningful groupings.

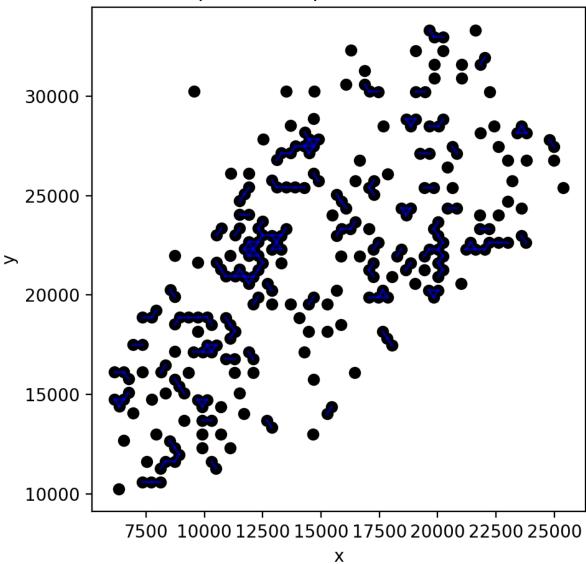
```
In [72]: #Set threshold > 0 and radius = 500
for gene in ['Trem2', "Lpl", "Lep", "Cd36"]:
    df = adata[:, gene].to_df()

    coords = pd.DataFrame(adata.obsm['spatial'], index=df.index, columns=['x', 'y']

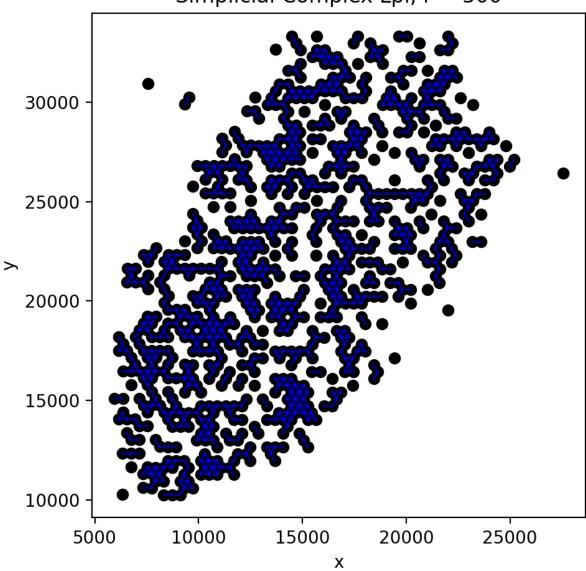
    # merge in the coordinates
    df = pd.merge(
        df,
        coords,
        how='left',
        left_index=True,
        right_index=True,
    )
```

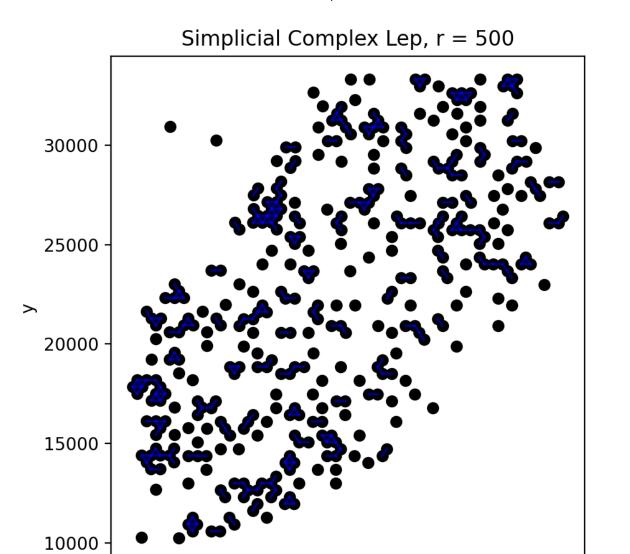
```
filtered_df = df[df[gene]>0]
create_simplicial(filtered_df, 500, gene)
```







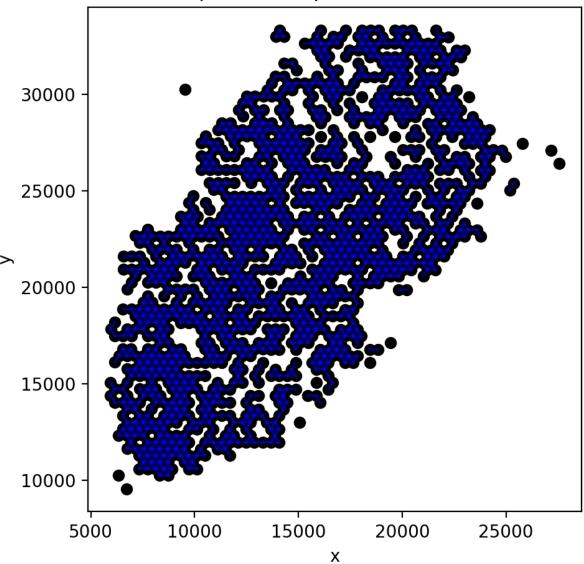




 $7500\ 10000\ 12500\ 15000\ 17500\ 20000\ 22500\ 25000$

Χ





Cd30 is much more connected in its structure, because there are many data points that are greater than my threshold. The other genes have more sparse graphs, though Lpl has a topological structure somewhere in between being sparse and fully connected.