

## Assignment 2: Figures and tables

### Patient Alpha

Most likely sequence of hidden states for AGCGC: ['?', 'E', 'E', 'E', 'E']

Table 1: Viterbi probabilities for Patient Alpha's observed sequence AGCGC, where E=Exon and I=Intron

	t=0	t=1	t=2	t=3	t=4
Exon	0.125	0.028125	0.006328	0.001424	<b>0.000320</b>
Intron	0.200	0.008000	0.000960	0.000038	0.000021

Table 2: Backpointer indices for Patient Alpha's observed sequence AGCGC, where E=Exon and I=Intron

	t=0	t=1	t=2	t=3	t=4
Exon	?	<b>E</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>E</b>
Intron	?	I	I	I	E

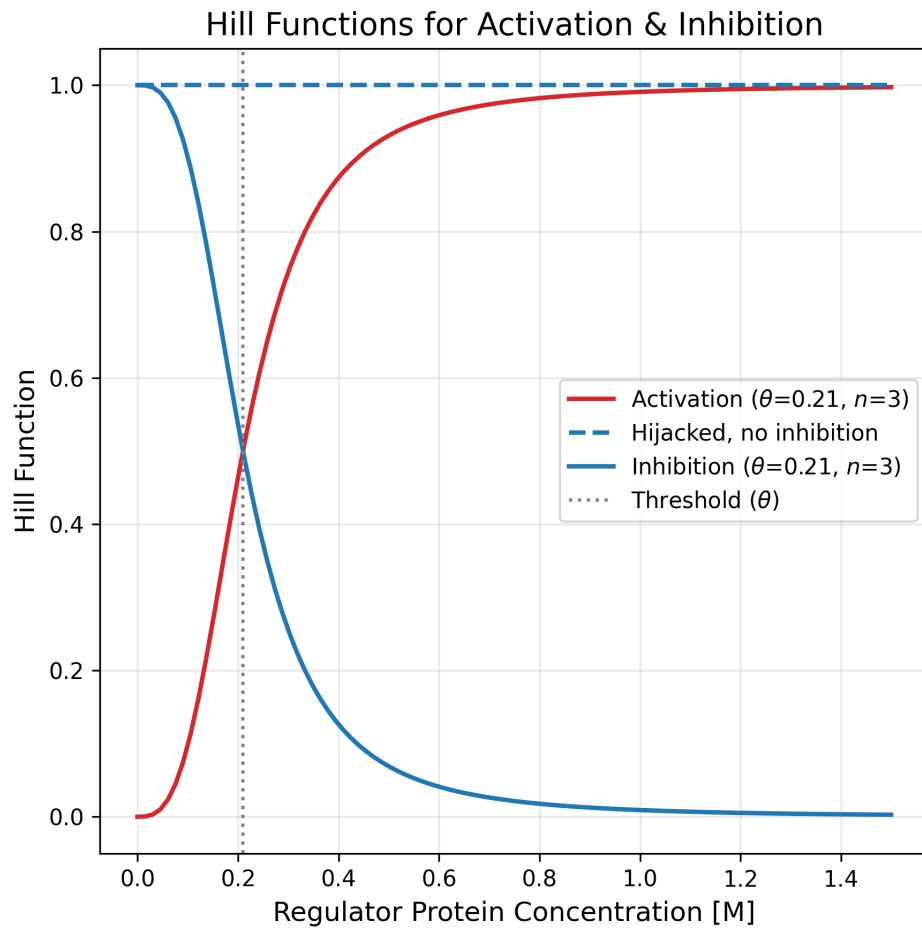
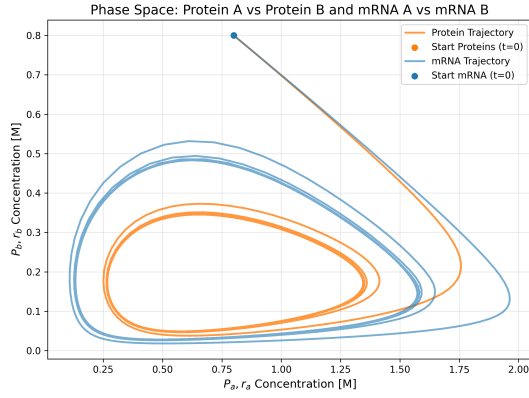
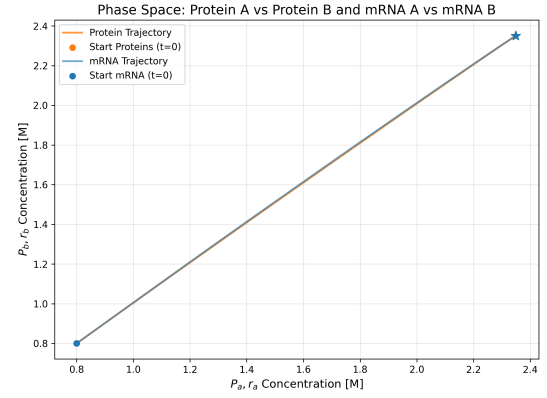


Figure 1: Activation and Inhibition Hill Functions

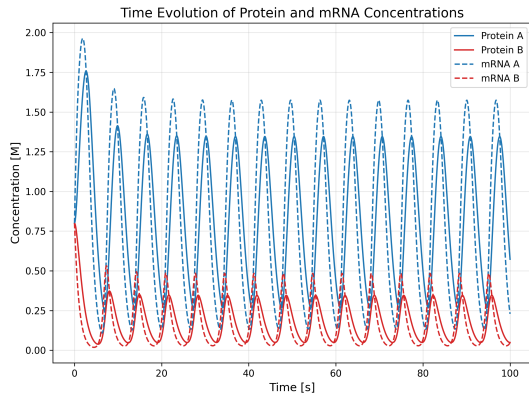


(a) Healthy State

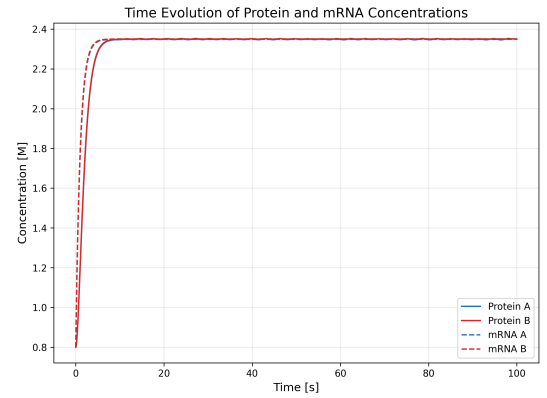


(b) Hijacked State

Figure 2: Phase Portrait of Proteins and mRNAs concentrations for Patient Alpha

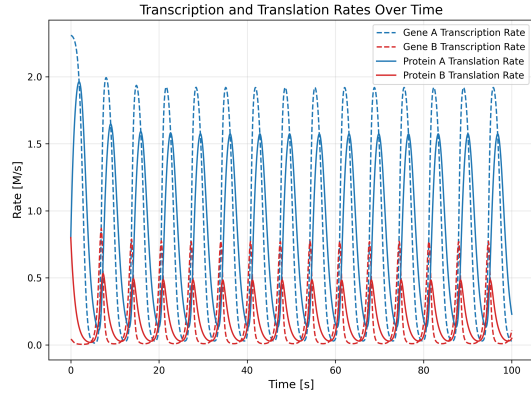


(a) Healthy State

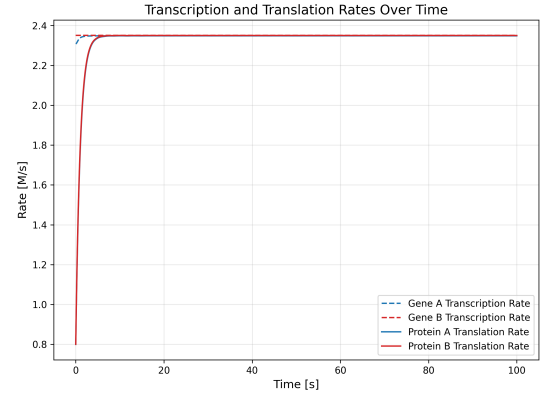


(b) Hijacked State

Figure 3: Concentration of Proteins and mRNAs overtime for Patient Alpha



(a) Healthy State



(b) Hijacked State

Figure 4: Translation and Transcription Rates overtime for Patient Alpha

## Patient Beta

Most likely sequence of hidden states for AUUAU: ['?', 'I', 'I', 'I', 'I']

Table 3: Viterbi probabilities for Patient Beta’s observed sequence AUUAU, where E=Exon and I=Intron

	t=0	t=1	t=2	t=3	t=4
Exon	0.125	0.028125	0.006328	0.001424	0.000328
Intron	0.200	0.064000	0.020480	0.006554	<b>0.002097</b>

Table 4: Backpointer indices for Patient Beta’s observed sequence AUUAU, where E=Exon and I=Intron

	t=0	t=1	t=2	t=3	t=4
Exon	?	E	E	E	I
Intron	?	<b>I</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>I</b>

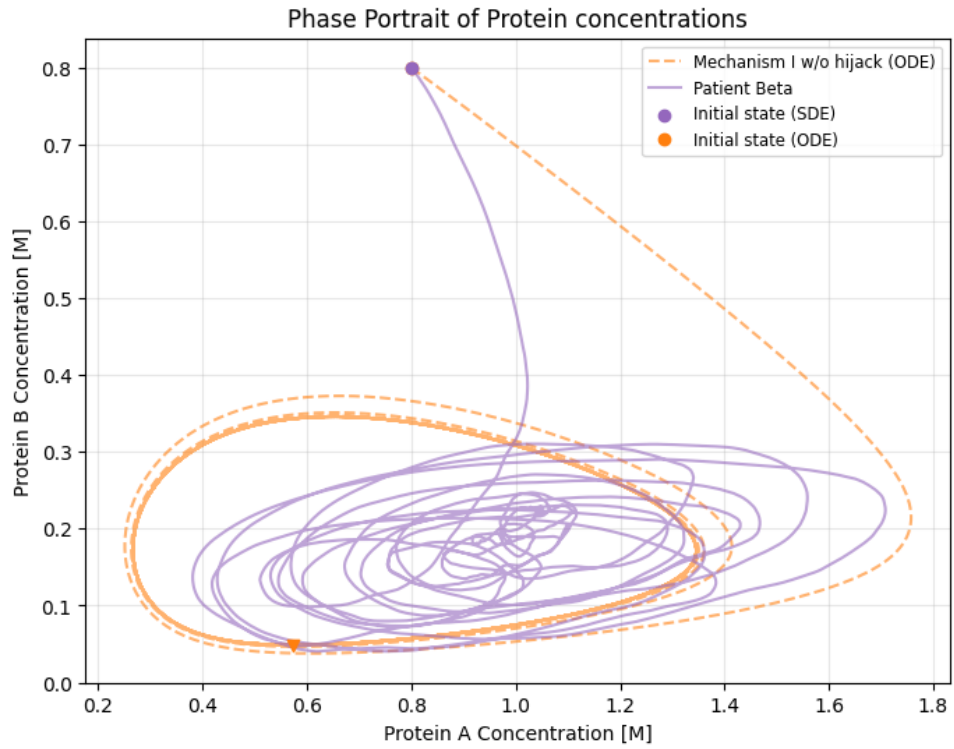


Figure 5: Phase Portrait of the Protein concentrations of Patient Beta

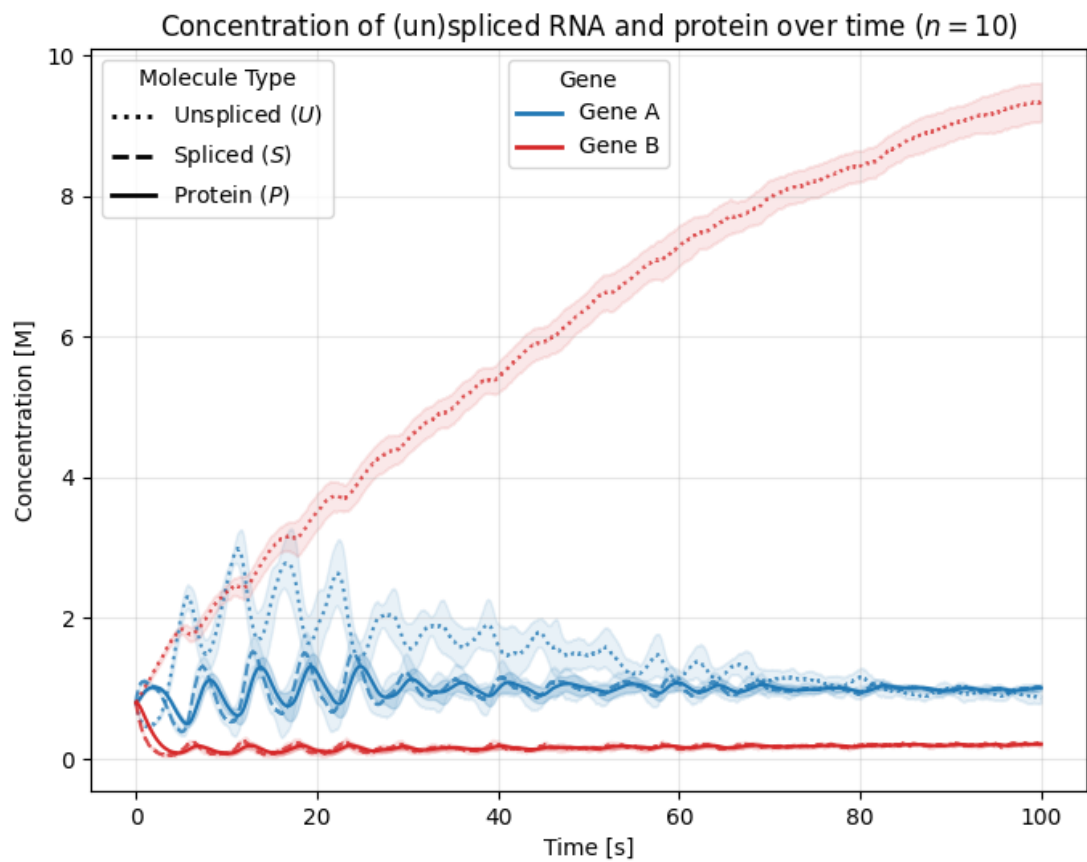


Figure 6: Comparison of the (average) concentration of protein over time from ODE versus 10 SDEvelo simulations with 95% confidence interval

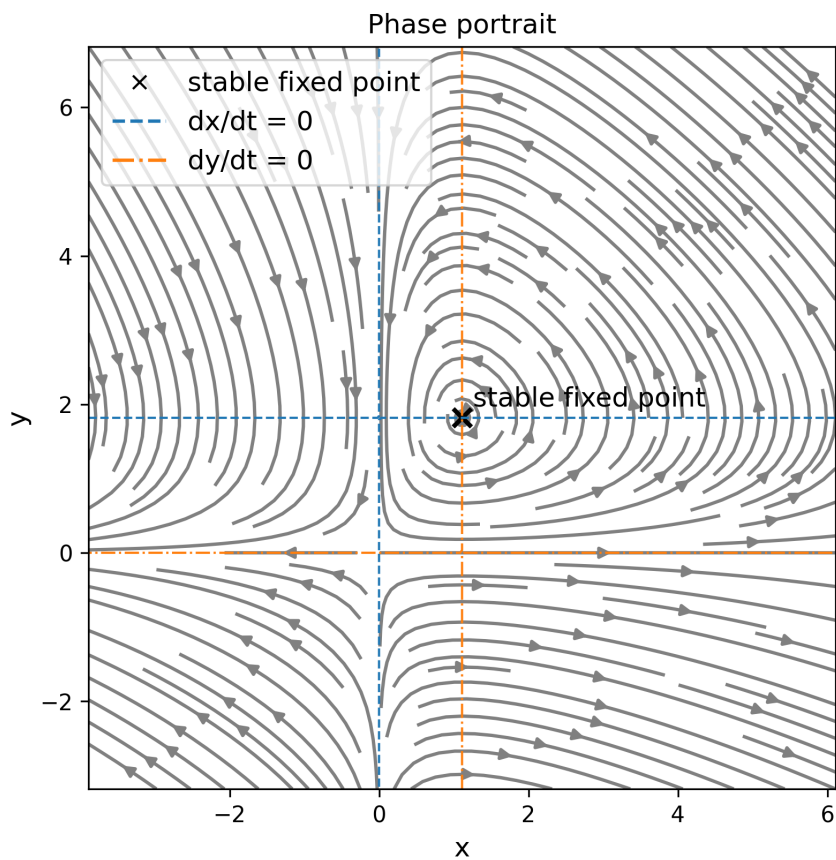


Figure 7: Stream plot with equilibrium point and nullclines for interaction between metabolite R, and growth-promoting enzyme E