

Big Data - Spring 2018

Using MapReduce to explore NYC Parking Violations

In this assignment, we will analyze different aspects of parking violations in NYC using Hadoop Streaming. You will write map and reduce python programs for 7 different tasks, described later in this document.

The data we will use is open and available from NYC Open Data at:

<https://data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/Parking-Violations-Issued-Fiscal-Year-2016/kiv2-tbus/data>

<https://data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/Open-Parking-and-Camera-Violations/nc67-uf89>

The subset of the data we will use for this assignment (March 2016) can be found here:

<https://vgc.poly.edu/~juliana/courses/BigData2018/Data/parking-violations.tar.gz>

Note that you only need the files parking-violations.csv and open-violations.csv in the tar file above. The included file mysql-load.sql will tell you the ordering of the columns in each table (which can also be found by reading about the data on the NYC Open Data sites).

You should first test and debug your code on a smaller dataset, which you should create yourself from the available data.

For your final submission, you will run the mapreduce jobs on the complete March 2016 datasets using Hadoop streaming on dumbo. The full parking-violations.csv and open-violations.csv files for the March 2016 dataset have already been made accessible on HDFS on dumbo for you - **you should not store additional copies in your HDFS directory**. They are located at

/user/ecc290/HW1data/parking-violations.csv

and

/user/ecc290/HW1data/open-violations.csv

Submission:

You will submit the map and reduce programs for each task in a .zip file with the following structure:

- * One directory per task, named "taskX", where X is the number of the task.

If you do an "ls" on your homework directory, it should contain the following sub-directories

task1

task2

task3

task4

task5

task6

task7

task8

task9

Each subdirectory for tasks 1 through 7 should include a "map.py" file, a "reduce.py" file, and a directory "taskX.out" which is the output directory generated by running your code on the complete March 2016 dataset using Hadoop Streaming with the specified number of reducers. Note that taskX.out should be a directory consisting of separate part files (one for each reduce task) rather than a single file, so use the "hfs -get" command after running your Hadoop Streaming job (and not "hfs -getmerge").

You should not include any input files in your submission.

The subdirectory for task 9 should include one text file named "data-quality-issues.txt".

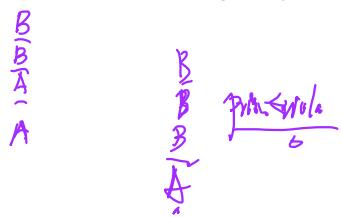
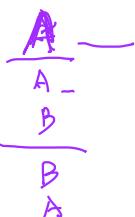
Notes:

*** You may use combiners and partitioners, but they will not be tested, i.e., your program should work correctly without combiners/partitioners.

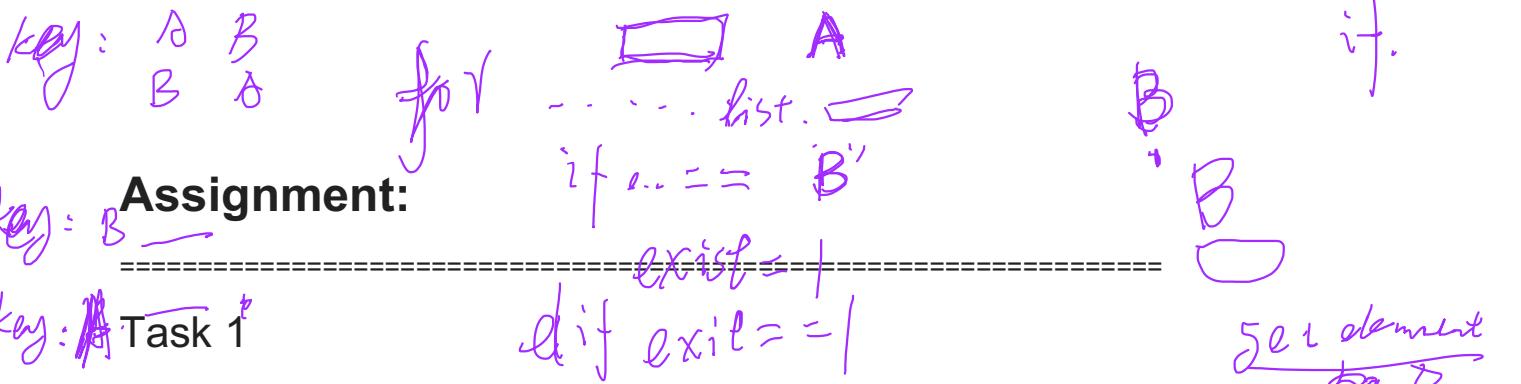
*** Your map.py codes are permitted to access the mapreduce_map_input_file environment variable in order to determine which input (.csv) file is being read. The CSV filenames will contain the substrings "parking" and "open". You may not use any other environment variables besides mapreduce_map_input_file. You can access this environment variable in python by doing "import os" and calling "os.environ.get(mapreduce_map_input_file)".

*** You should only use the available version of python on the Hadoop nodes - in other words, you should not require map.sh and reduce.sh files, only map.py and reduce.py files.

*** You should use Hadoop Streaming only for this assignment - do not use Spark.



parking



- Write a map-reduce job that finds all parking violations that have been paid, i.e., that do not occur in open-violations.csv.

- Output: A key-value pair per line — use a “tab” to separate the key and the value, a comma and space between values — where

key = summons_number

values = plate_id, violation_precinct, violation_code, issue_date

Here's a sample output with 1 key-value pair:

1307964308 GBH2444, 74, 46, 2016-03-07

- For generating output for the March 2016 data, run Hadoop using 2 reducers

key : A/B

Task 2

- Write a map-reduce job that finds the distribution of the violation types, i.e., for each violation code, the number of violations that have this code.

- Output: A key-value pair per line — use a “tab” to separate the key and the value — where

key = violation_code

value = number of violations

Here's a sample output with 1 key-value pair:

46 100

54 1000

current key = key, ←
1 → 2 → 3 → 4)

- For generating output for the March 2016 data, run Hadoop using 2 reducers

parking violation

Task 3

type

- Write a map-reduce job that finds the total and average amount due in open violations for each license type.

- Output: A key-value pair per line — use a "tab" to separate the key and the value, a comma and space between values — where

key = license_type

value = total, average

PAS +

where total and average are rounded to 2 decimal places.

Here's a sample output with 1 key-value pair:

PAS 10000.00, 55.00

OMS 100000.00, 115.00

split ('t', 1) 2 2 & 1 1

For
license_type :

- For generating output for the March 2016 data, run Hadoop using 2 reducers

Task 4

- Write a map-reduce job that computes the total number of violations for vehicles registered in the state of NY and all other vehicles.

- Output: 2 key-value pairs with one key-value pair per line — use a "tab" to separate the key and the value — following the key-value format below:

NY <total number>

Other <total number>

two files?
D

map. {NY, 1}
{other, 1}.

reduce. ...

- For generating output for the March 2016 data, run Hadoop using 2 reducers

99的Hadoop

1个值

Parking file

Task 5

計算總數

- Write a map-reduce job that finds the vehicle that has had the greatest number of violations (assume that plate_id and registration_state uniquely identify a vehicle).

- Output: One key-value pair — use a “tab” to separate the key and the value, a comma and space between entries within the key/value; you should output 1 key value pair, following the key-value format below

plate_id, registration_state <total_number>

- For generating output for the March 2016 data, run Hadoop using 1 reducer

$p:(plate_id, \text{total_number})$

\rightarrow reduce +

print 1st.

Task 6

A list \hookleftarrow List B
index same

1個值

- Write a map-reduce job that finds the top-10 and bottom-10 vehicles in terms of total violations (assume that plate id and registration state uniquely identify a vehicle).

- Output: List of 20 key-value pairs — use a “tab” to separate the key and the value, a comma and space between entries within the key/value — using the following format:

plate_id, registration_state <total_number>

类似 5. 排行榜. 每行
reduce 寫
結果

Order results by decreasing number of violations.

- For generating output for the March 2016 data, run Hadoop using 1 reducer

parking

Task 7

- In March 2016, the 5th, 6th, 12th, 13th, 19th, 20th, 26th, and 27th were weekend days (i.e., Sat. and Sun.).

Write a map-reduce job that, for each violation code, lists the average number of violations with that code issued per day on weekdays and weekend days. You may hardcode “8” as the number of weekend days and “23” as the number of weekdays in March 2016.

- Output: List of key-value pairs — use a “tab” to separate the key and the value, a comma and space between values using the following format:

violation_code weekend_average, week_average

parking

where weekend_average and week_average are rounded to 2 decimal places.

- For generating output for the March 2016 data, run Hadoop using 2 reducers

Map: weekend \hookrightarrow if date in weekend.
weekend_count \leftarrow 1

else: week_count \leftarrow 1

Reduce: \cdots
weekend_count = 1
week_count += 1

print {{1, 5}, {2, 3}}

violan - code

206



{3:3}.format.
:, 3

Task 8 答案

- Write a map-reduce job that finds the distribution of terms for the Make and Color columns, i.e., for each value in those columns, how many times they appear in the column. Hint: you can use the wordcount algorithm we covered in class.

Homework

- Output: List of key-value pairs — use a “tab” to separate the key and the value, a comma and space between values using the following format:

column_name term term_frequency

key, value

Order results by alphabetical order based on the term, and list the results for Make before the results for Color. Your program should make a single pass over the data

sorted

Task 9: extra credit

- List any data quality issues you have encountered in the provided datasets in a text file called data-quality-issues.txt

缺值

Note:

typo.

车不是 color.

reverse

"color"

We will provide an automated script for you to test the formatting of your results before you submit them.

color

???在哪儿.

|||

"Marker"

marker

"make", }

,

100

200

0

handling