

# Health AI: Intelligent Healthcare Assistant Project Documentation

## Project Documentation

### 1.Introduction

- ✚ **Project title** : Health AI: Intelligent Healthcare Assistant Project Documentation
- ✚ **Team ID** : NM2025TMID02155
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- ✚ **Team member** : ABISHEK G

### 2. project overview

#### Purpose:

To create an AI-powered medical assistant that helps users by:

- Predicting possible diseases based on entered symptoms.
- Suggesting treatment plans (general medication guidelines + home remedies) based on patient details.
- To provide quick, accessible, and informational medical guidance for users who want an initial idea about their health.
- To build a user-friendly web application with Gradio, where people can interact with the model easily.
- To show how Large Language Models (LLMs) like IBM Granite can be applied in the healthcare domain for informational support.
- To emphasize safe AI usage by always including a disclaimer: "This is for informational purposes only. Consult a doctor for proper diagnosis and treatment"

## **Key Features**

### **1. Disease Prediction**

Users input symptoms (e.g., fever, cough, fatigue). The AI suggests possible conditions and general recommendations. Emphasizes visiting a doctor for confirmation.

### **2. Treatment Plan Generator**

Takes inputs like:

Medical condition

Age

Gender

Medical history (allergies, past diseases, medications)

Generates personalized treatment suggestions:

Home remedies

General medication guidelines

Always includes a safety disclaimer.

### **3. Interactive Web Interface (Gradio)**

Simple tab-based UI with two sections:

Disease Prediction

Treatment Plans

Textboxes and dropdowns for easy input.

Outputs displayed in large text areas.

## **Tech Stack**

Python (main programming language)

Gradio (for creating the user-friendly web interface)

Hugging Face Transformers (for loading IBM Granite model)

PyTorch (for model execution with GPU/CPU support)

## **How It Works**

1. User enters symptoms or patient details.
2. The system converts input into a prompt.
3. The Granite LLM processes the prompt and generates a text response.
4. The response is displayed in the Gradio UI.

## **3. Architecture**

### **1. Model & Tokenizer Layer**

Model Used: ibm-granite/granite-3.2-2b-instruct

Library: Hugging Face Transformers (AutoModelForCausalLM, AutoTokenizer)

Framework: PyTorch (with GPU/CPU support)

Loads the model and tokenizer. Handles text input → converts to tokens → generates AI response.

### **2. Response Generation Layer**

Function: generate\_response()

Converts the user's input into a prompt.

Sends it to the model for text generation.

Decodes the model output into readable text.

Ensures safe response with temperature control and padding.

### **3. Application Logic Layer**

#### **Functions:**

disease\_prediction(symptoms) → Creates a medical prompt for symptoms.

treatment\_plan(condition, age, gender, medical\_history) → Creates a treatment plan prompt.

Both functions call the model via generate\_response() and return AI-generated suggestions.

### **4. User Interface Layer (Gradio)**

Framework: Gradio (gr.Blocks, gr.Tabs, gr.Textbox, gr.Button, etc.)

Two main tabs:

1. Disease Prediction Tab – User enters symptoms → gets possible conditions & recommendations.
2. Treatment Plan Tab – User enters condition + details → gets personalized plan.

UI is interactive and user-friendly.

### **5. Deployment Layer**

app.launch(share=True) → Launches the web app and creates a shareable public link.

Runs locally or can be hosted online (Hugging Face Spaces, Colab, etc.).

## ✓ High-Level Flow (Architecture Diagram in Words)

User Input (Symptoms / Condition Details)

|



Gradio UI (Textbox, Dropdown, Buttons)

|



Application Logic (disease\_prediction / treatment\_plan functions)

|



Prompt Generator (formats input as prompt)

|



LLM (IBM Granite model via Hugging Face + PyTorch)

|



Response Decoder (generate\_response function)

|



Gradio UI Output (Displays Conditions / Treatment Plan to user)

## 4. Setup Instructions

### Step 1: Install Dependencies

Make sure you have Python 3.9+ installed, then run:

```
pip install gradio torch transformers
```

### Step 2: Save the Code

Save your Python file as:

```
medical_ai_assistant.py
```

### Step 3: Run the Application

Run the script:

```
python medical_ai_assistant.py
```

### Step 4: Access the App

The terminal will show a local URL (e.g., <http://127.0.0.1:7860>)

And a public share link (because of `share=True`)

## 5. Folder Structure

Medical-AI-Assistant/

|

|— medical\_ai\_assistant.py    # Main Python script

|— requirements.txt            # Project dependencies

|— README.md                 # Project documentation

|

|— data/                      # (Optional) Store sample input/output data

|    |— sample\_symptoms.txt

|

|— docs/                      # Documentation

```
| └─ architecture.png      # Architecture diagram (if created)
|
└─ models/                  # (Optional) Store custom models if used
```

## 6. Running the Application

1. Open a terminal in the project folder.

2. Run the app:

```
python medical_ai_assistant.py
```

3. The terminal will display two links:

Local URL (e.g., <http://127.0.0.1:7860>) → runs on your computer.

Public Share URL → can be shared with others to test online.

4. Open the link in your browser.

5. Enter symptoms or patient details → get results instantly.

## 7. API Documentation

Although this is a Gradio UI app, the code can also be treated as an API service.

Endpoints (Functions)

1. `disease_prediction(symptoms: str) -> str`

Description: Analyzes symptoms and suggests possible conditions with recommendations.

### Input:

symptoms (string) – comma-separated symptoms.

### Output:

String containing conditions & recommendations.

## **8. Authentication**

1. Simple Authentication – Use `auth=("username", "password")` in `app.launch()`.
2. Multiple Users – Use `auth=[("user1", "pass1"), ("user2", "pass2")]`.
3. Custom Function – Define an `authenticate(username, password)` function and pass it to `auth`.
4. No Authentication – Default (`app.launch(share=True)`) means anyone can access.
5. Recommendation – For medical apps, enable authentication for security.

## **9. User Interface**

1. Framework – The UI is built using Gradio Blocks.

2. Tabs – Two main sections:

Disease Prediction – Accepts symptoms input, shows possible conditions.

Treatment Plans – Accepts patient details (condition, age, gender, history), shows treatment plan.

3. Input Fields –

Textbox for symptoms/conditions/history.

Number input for age.

Dropdown for gender.

4. Output Fields – Large textboxes to display AI-generated analysis or treatment plan.
5. Buttons – "Analyze Symptoms" and "Generate Treatment Plan" trigger AI functions.



## 10. Testing

### 1. Functional Testing –

- Enter sample symptoms (e.g., fever, cough, fatigue) → Check if disease prediction output is meaningful.
- Enter sample condition (e.g., Diabetes, Age: 45, Gender: Male, History: hypertension) → Check treatment plan.

### 2. UI Testing –

- Ensure tabs switch properly.
- Buttons respond correctly.
- Outputs display without cutting text.

### 3. Performance Testing –

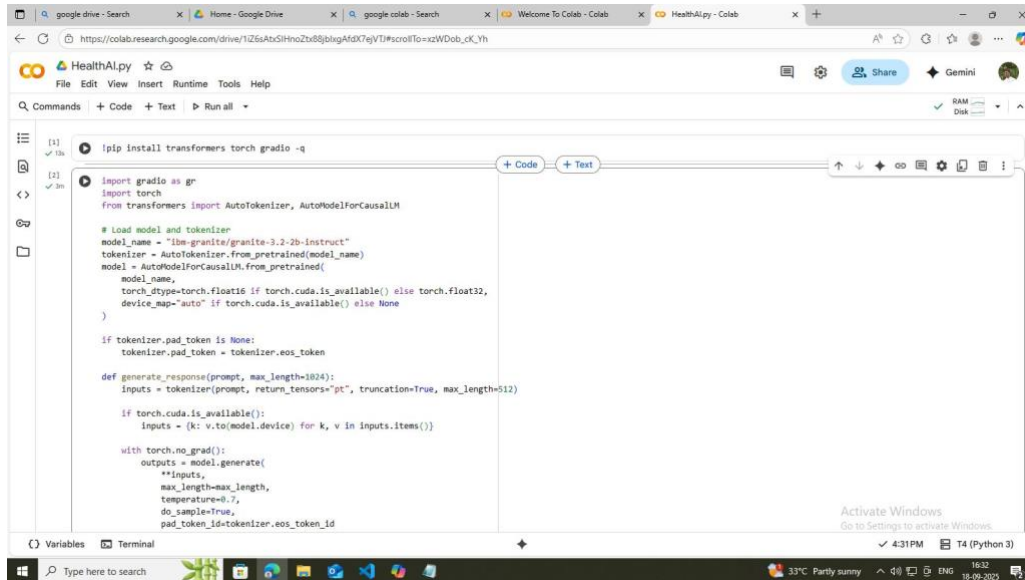
- Check response time with different inputs.
- Test on CPU vs GPU (if available).

### 4. Error Handling Testing –

- Leave fields blank → Ensure model still runs or shows a safe response.
- Enter long text → Verify truncation works (limited to 512 tokens).

# 11.Screen shots

## 1.Input:



```
[1] ✓ 13s
[2] ✓ 3m

!pip install transformers torch gradio -q

import gradio as gr
import torch
from transformers import AutoTokenizer, AutoModelForCausalLM

# Load model and tokenizer
model_name = "lm-granite/granite-3.2-2b-instruct"
tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from_pretrained(model_name)
model = AutoModelForCausalLM.from_pretrained(
    model_name,
    torch_dtype=torch.float16 if torch.cuda.is_available() else torch.float32,
    device_map="auto" if torch.cuda.is_available() else None
)

if tokenizer.pad_token is None:
    tokenizer.pad_token = tokenizer.eos_token

def generate_response(prompt, max_length=1024):
    inputs = tokenizer(prompt, return_tensors="pt", truncation=True, max_length=512)

    if torch.cuda.is_available():
        inputs = {k: v.to(model.device) for k, v in inputs.items()}

    with torch.no_grad():
        outputs = model.generate(
            **inputs,
            max_length=max_length,
            temperature=0.7,
            do_sample=True,
            pad_token_id=tokenizer.eos_token_id
        )

    response = tokenizer.decode(outputs[0], skip_special_tokens=True)
    response = response.replace(prompt, "").strip()
    return response

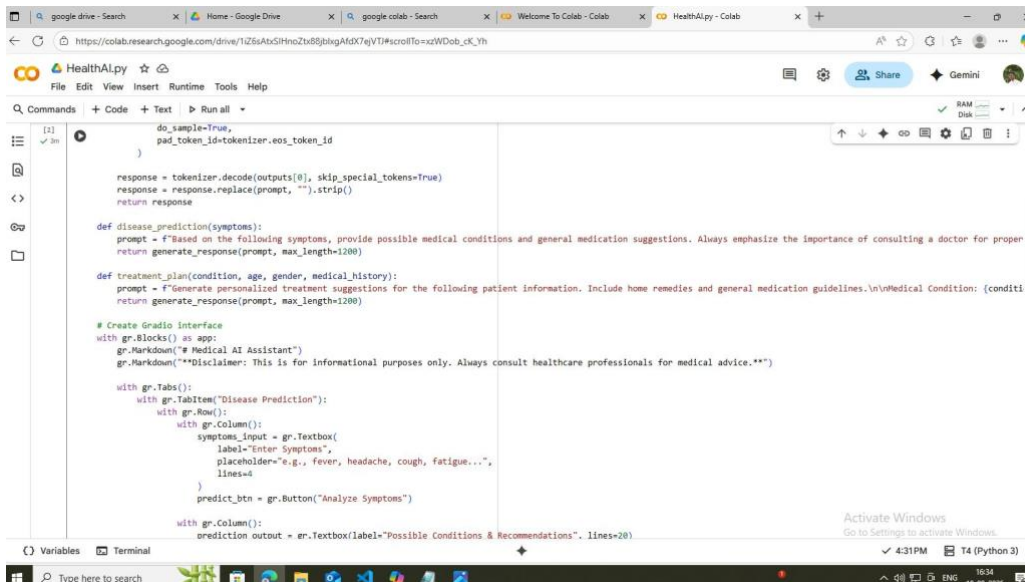
def disease_prediction(symptoms):
    prompt = f"Based on the following symptoms, provide possible medical conditions and general medication suggestions. Always emphasize the importance of consulting a doctor for proper treatment."
    return generate_response(prompt, max_length=1200)

def treatment_plan(condition, age, gender, medical_history):
    prompt = f"Generate personalized treatment suggestions for the following patient information. Include home remedies and general medication guidelines.\n\nMedical Condition: {condition}\nAge: {age}\nGender: {gender}\nMedical History: {medical_history}"
    return generate_response(prompt, max_length=1200)

# Create Gradio Interface
with gr.Blocks() as app:
    gr.Markdown("# Medical AI Assistant")
    gr.Markdown("**Disclaimer: This is for informational purposes only. Always consult healthcare professionals for medical advice.**")

    with gr.Tabs():
        with gr.TabItem("Disease Prediction"):
            with gr.Row():
                with gr.Column():
                    symptoms_input = gr.Textbox(
                        label="Enter Symptoms",
                        placeholder="e.g., fever, headache, cough, fatigue...",
                        lines=4
                    )
                    predict_btn = gr.Button("Analyze Symptoms")

            with gr.Column():
                prediction_output = gr.Textbox(label="Possible Conditions & Recommendations", lines=20)
```



```
do_sample=True,
pad_token_id=tokenizer.eos_token_id
)

response = tokenizer.decode(outputs[0], skip_special_tokens=True)
response = response.replace(prompt, "").strip()
return response

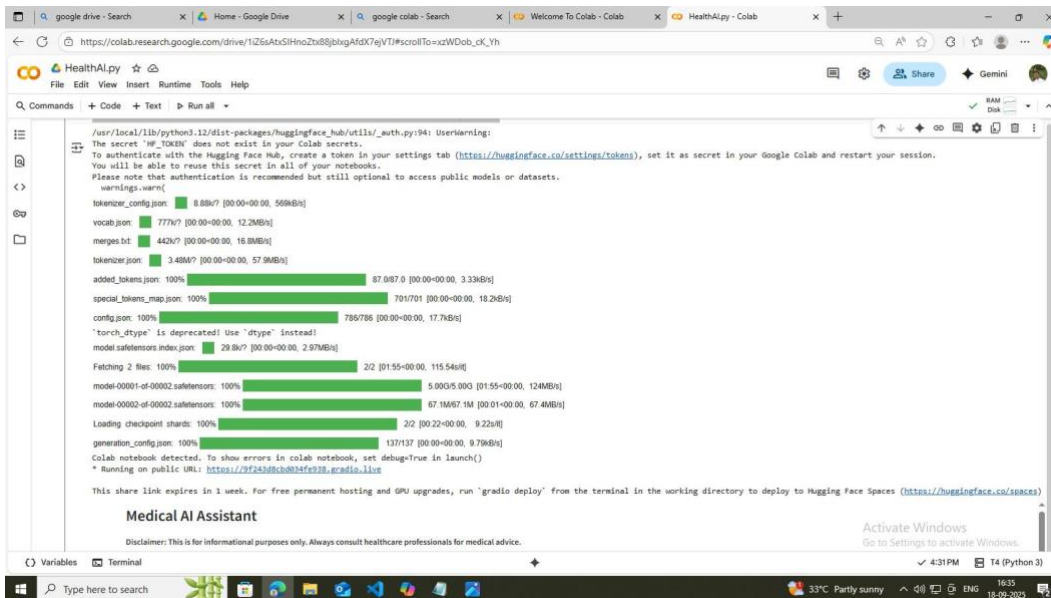
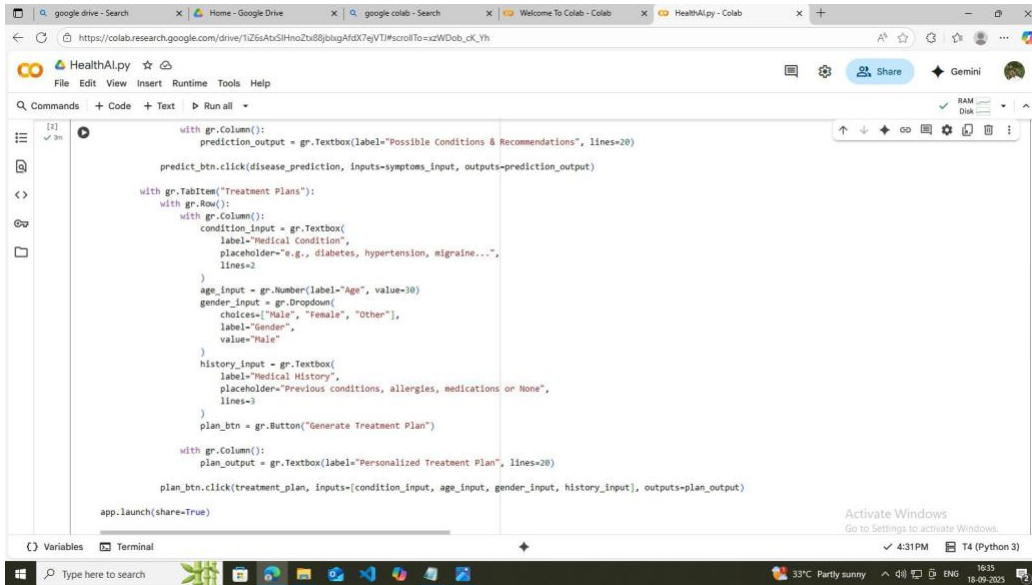
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    return generate_response(prompt, max_length=1200)

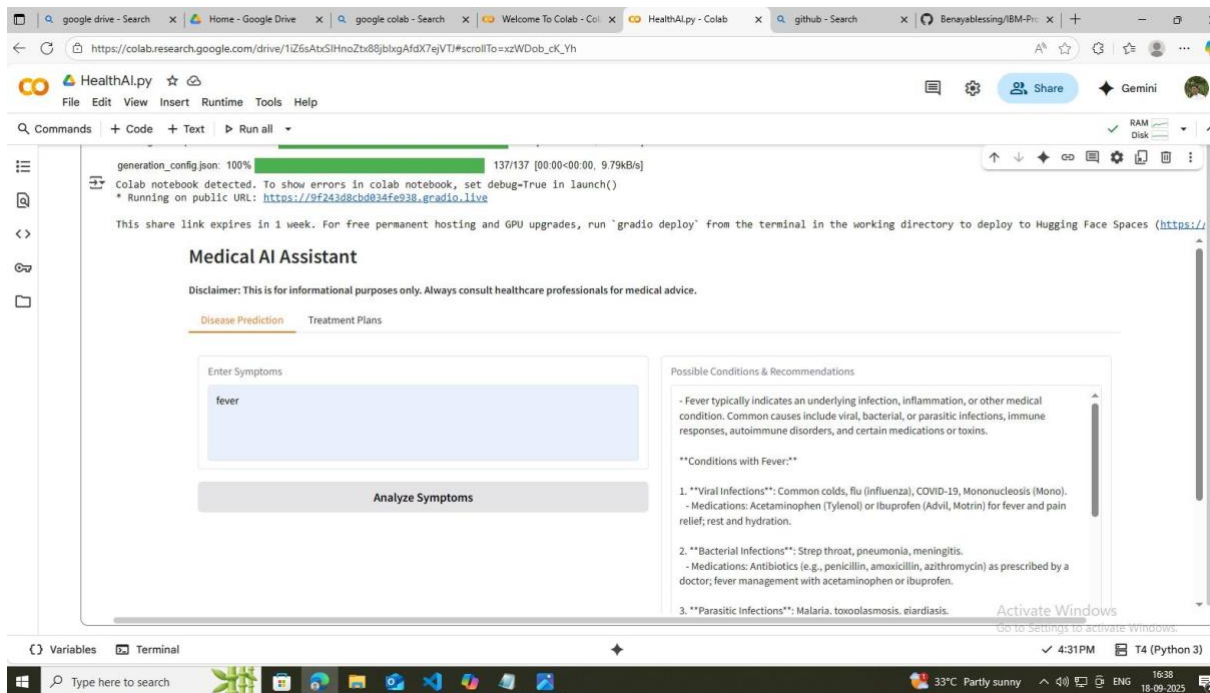
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```



# Output:



generation\_config.json: 100% [REDACTED] 137/137 [00:00:00.00, 9.79KB/s]

Colab notebook detected. To show errors in colab notebook, set debug=True in launch()  
\* Running on public URL: <https://9f243d8cb034fe938.gradio.live>

This share link expires in 1 week. For free permanent hosting and GPU upgrades, run 'gradio deploy' from the terminal in the working directory to deploy to Hugging Face Spaces (<https://huggingface.co/spaces>)

### Medical AI Assistant

Disclaimer: This is for informational purposes only. Always consult healthcare professionals for medical advice.

**Disease Prediction** Treatment Plans

Enter Symptoms

fever

Analyze Symptoms

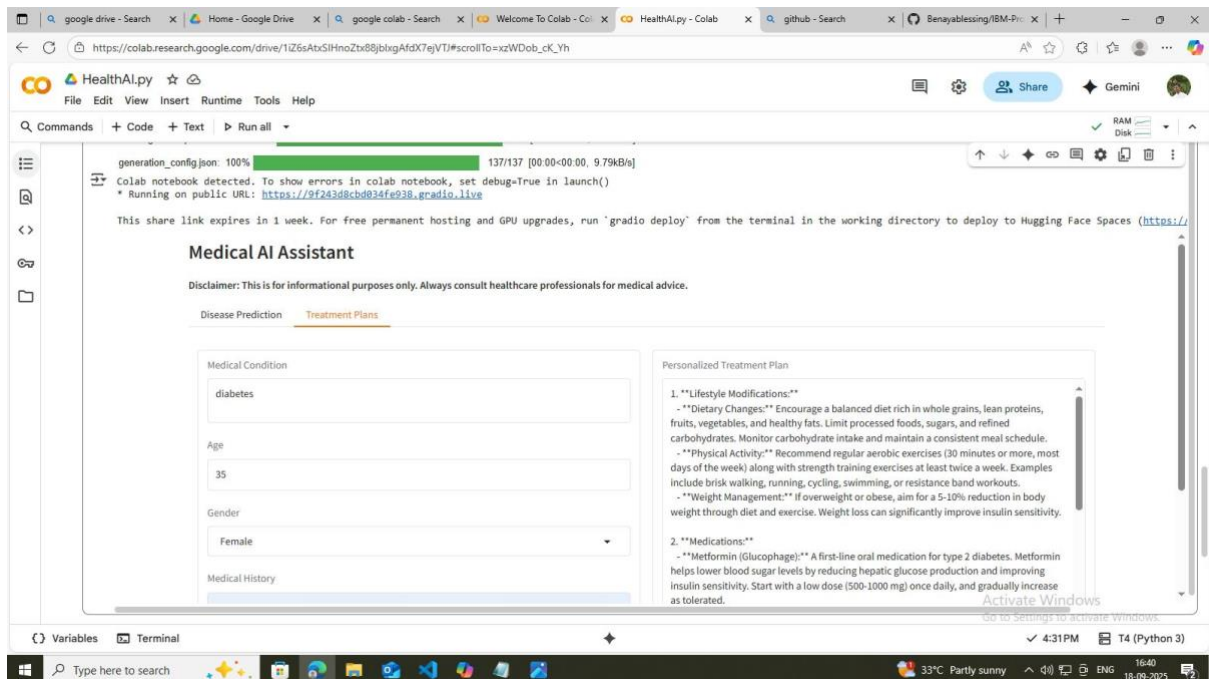
Possible Conditions & Recommendations

- Fever typically indicates an underlying infection, inflammation, or other medical condition. Common causes include viral, bacterial, or parasitic infections, immune responses, autoimmune disorders, and certain medications or toxins.

**\*\*Conditions with Fever:\*\***

- \*\*Viral Infections:\*\*** Common colds, flu (influenza), COVID-19, Mononucleosis (Mono).  
- Medications: Acetaminophen (Tylenol) or ibuprofen (Advil, Motrin) for fever and pain relief; rest and hydration.
- \*\*Bacterial Infections:\*\*** Strep throat, pneumonia, meningitis.  
- Medications: Antibiotics (e.g., penicillin, amoxicillin, azithromycin) as prescribed by a doctor; fever management with acetaminophen or ibuprofen.
- \*\*Parasitic Infections:\*\*** Malaria, toxoplasmosis, giardiasis.

Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.



generation\_config.json: 100% [REDACTED] 137/137 [00:00:00.00, 9.79KB/s]

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### Medical AI Assistant

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Disease Prediction **Treatment Plans**

Medical Condition

diabetes

Age

35

Gender

Female

Medical History

Personalized Treatment Plan

- \*\*Lifestyle Modifications:\*\***
  - \*\*Dietary Changes:\*\*** Encourage a balanced diet rich in whole grains, lean proteins, fruits, vegetables, and healthy fats. Limit processed foods, sugars, and refined carbohydrates. Monitor carbohydrate intake and maintain a consistent meal schedule.
  - \*\*Physical Activity:\*\*** Recommend regular aerobic exercises (30 minutes or more, most days of the week) along with strength training exercises at least twice a week. Examples include brisk walking, running, cycling, swimming, or resistance band workouts.
  - \*\*Weight Management:\*\*** If overweight or obese, aim for a 5-10% reduction in body weight through diet and exercise. Weight loss can significantly improve insulin sensitivity.
- \*\*Medications:\*\***
  - \*\*Metformin (Glucophage):\*\*** A first-line oral medication for type 2 diabetes. Metformin helps lower blood sugar levels by reducing hepatic glucose production and improving insulin sensitivity. Start with a low dose (500-1000 mg) once daily, and gradually increase as tolerated.

Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.



