NYCU-EE IC LAB - Fall 2024

Lab08 Exercise

Design: Self-attention

Data Preparation

1. Extract files from TA's directory:

% tar xvf ~iclabTA01/Lab08.tar

- **2.** The extracted LAB directory contains:
 - a. EXERCISE/
 - b. EXERCISE wocg/
 - c. PRACTICE/
 - d. JG/

Design Description

Self-attention is a mechanism used in neural networks, particularly in transformer models, to determine the importance of each part of an input sequence when making predictions. Scaled dot-product attention projects input matrices (Query (Q), Key (K), and Value (V)), computes scaled dot-product attention scores, applies the Softmax function to these scores, and generates a context matrix, allowing the model to focus on relevant parts of the input sequence.

In this lab, you are tasked with designing a simple hardware accelerator for Self-attention. The accelerator should efficiently handle matrix operations for input sizes of 1x8, 4x8, 8x8. For simplicity, the Softmax function has been replaced with ReLU. Moreover, you should implement clock gating to save power.

■ Self-attention

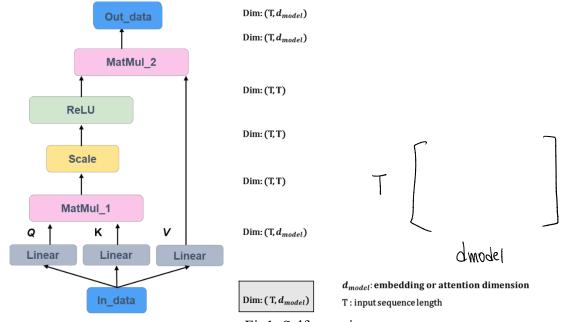


Fig1. Self-attention

Formula of QKV Generation
$$Q = XW_O, K = XW_K, V = XW_V$$

Formula of MatMul 1

$$A = QK^T$$

Formula of Scale

$$scale = \frac{QK^T}{3}$$

Formula of ReLU

ReLU (Rectified Linear Unit) is a simple activation function used in neural networks. It returns the input value if it's positive, and outputs zero if the input is negative.

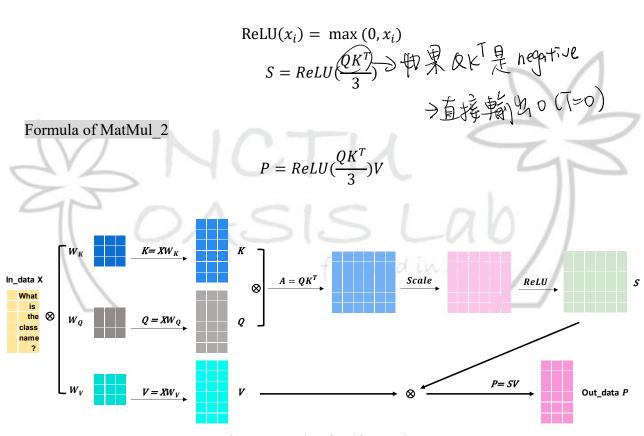


Fig2. Example of Self-attention

Original Formula of Scaled dot-product attention

$$Attention(Q, K, V) = Softmax(\frac{QK^{T}}{\sqrt{d_{model}}})V$$

Note: All of the computations mentioned above must ensure that their process and results do not overflow. To be simpler, Softmax function is changed to ReLU and scaling factor is changed from d_{model} to 3.

Description of input signals and output signals

When in_valid is high, T will be received in the first cycle, and the 8-bit signed in_data signal will receive T*8 cycles continuously to represent input tokens. First, W_Q runs for 64 cycles, followed by W_K for 64 cycles, and finally W_V for 64 cycles. Each 8-bit signed W_Q , W_K , W_V signal receives 64 continuous cycles as weights to generate matrix Q, K, and V. After all weights have been provided (192 cycles), in_valid will be pulled low. Note that the input signals in_data, W_Q , W_K and W_V are all sent in raster scan order. After completing all process, out_data should be outputted T*8 cycles in raster scan order when out valid is high.

Lab Hint

In this lab, you need to design two version of module.

■ Stage 1

At EXERCISE_wocg/SA_wocg.v, which means SA without clock gating, you should design a SA module as below figure.

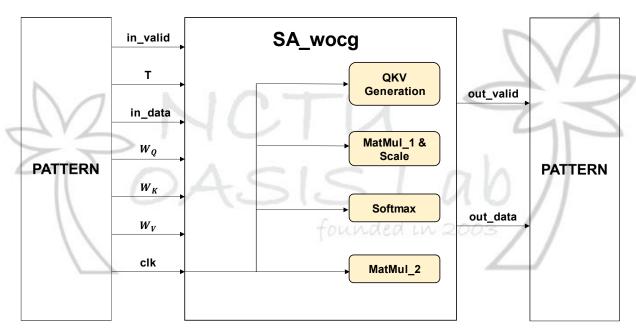


Fig3. Self-attention without clock gating

- INPUT: Receive T, in data, W_0 , W_K and W_V from PATTERN
 - \rightarrow The [3:0] T will be given in the first cycle.
 - \rightarrow The [7:0] in data will be given T*8 cycles.
 - \rightarrow The [7:0] W_0 will be given 8*8 = 64 cycles.
 - \rightarrow The [7:0] W_K will be given 8*8 = 64 cycles.
 - \rightarrow The [7:0] W_V will be given 8*8 = 64 cycles.
- SA_wocg: Design module with some submodules performs series processing described as above.
- **OUTPUT:** Output resulting [31:0] **out data**.

■ Stage 2

At EXERCISE_wocg/SA.v, you should design a SA module with clock gating cell as below figure. Main different part is clock gating cell and cg en input signal.

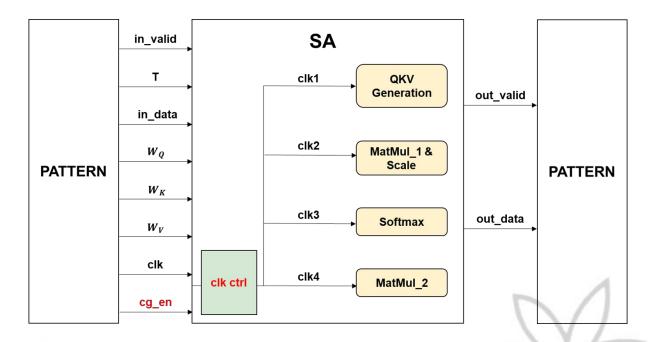


Fig5. Self-attention with clock gating

- INPUT: Receive T, in data, W_0 , W_K , W_V and cg en from PATTERN
 - \rightarrow The [3:0] T will be given in the first cycle.
 - \rightarrow The [7:0] in data will be given T*8 cycles.
 - → The [7:0] W_Q will be given 8*8 = 64 cycles.
 - \rightarrow The [7:0] W_K will be given 8*8 = 64 cycles.
 - \rightarrow The [7:0] W_V will be given 8*8 = 64 cycles.
- SA: Design module. You should add clock gating cell in the design module.
 If cg_en is high, 4 processing blocks can perform clock gating; otherwise, if cg_en is low, 4 processing blocks follow clk.
- **OUTPUT:** Output resulting [31:0] **out data**.

Inputs and Outputs

I/O	Signal Name	Bit Width	Description	
Input	clk	1	Clock	
Input	rst_n	1	Asynchronous active low reset	
Input	cg_en	1	If cg_en is high, the series processing blocks should execute	
			clock gating.	
			Otherwise, if cg_en is low, the processing blocks follow clk .	
Input	in_valid	1	High when input signals are valid.	

Input	T	4	The input sequence length T will be given in the first cycle		
			when in_valid is high.		
			To be simpler, T = 1, 4, 8		
Input	in_data	8	in_data is valid when in_valid is high.		
			The in_data will be given in T^*d_{model} cycles continuously		
			in raster scan order.		
			To be simpler, d_{model} always equals 8.		
			The value are signed integers. (-128~127)		
Input	W_Q	8	W_Q is valid when in_valid is high.		
			The W_Q will be given in $8*8 = 64$ cycles continuously in		
			raster scan order.		
			The value are signed integers. (-128~127)		
Input	W_K	8	W_K is valid when in_valid is high.		
			The W_K will be given in $8*8 = 64$ cycles continuously in		
			raster scan order.		
			The value are signed integers. (-128~127)		
Input	W_V	8	W_V is valid when in_valid is high.		
			The W_V will be given in $8*8 = 64$ cycles continuously in		
		N. 5 /	raster scan order.		
	\vee	NO	The value are signed integers. (-128~127)		
Output	out_valid	1	Should set to high when your out_data is ready.		
Output	out_data	32	Output the resulting data in raster scan order.		
	1 (ノバヤ	out_data should be given in T^*d_{model} cycles.		
			To be simpler, d_{model} always equals 8.		

Specifications

- 1. Top module name: SA (File name: SA.v)
- 2. Input pins: clk, rst_n, cg_en, in_valid, [3:0] T, [7:0] in_data, [7:0] W_Q , [7:0] W_K , [7:0] W_V Output pins: out_valid, [31:0] out_data
- 3. Use asynchronous reset active low architecture.
- **4.** All your output register should be set zero after reset.
- 5. Changing clock period is prohibited (fixed at 50ns).
- **6.** The instance name of the clock gating cell (GATED_OR) should be GATED_XXX (e.g., GATED_cnt).

7. After synthesis, check the "SA.area" and "SA.timing" in the folder "Report". The area report is valid only when the slack in the end of "SA.timming" is **non-negative** and the result should be **MET**.

- 8. The next input will come in 2~5 cycles after your out valid is pulled down.
- 9. The synthesis result cannot contain any LATCH except for clock gating latch.
- 10. The syntheses result cannot contain any error.
- 11. The output loading is set to 0.05.
- 12. Input delay and output delay are 0.5*Clock Period.
- **13.** You can't have timing violation in gate-level simulation.
- 14. You can't use memory in this lab.
- 15. You can't use DesignWare IP in this lab.
- **16.** The latency is limited in **2000 cycles**.

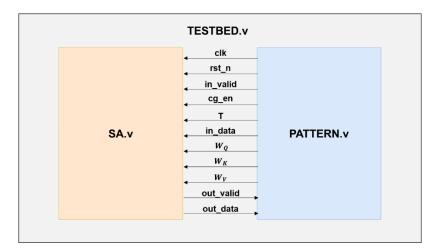
latency = 1 + execution latency

- 17. The out_valid cannot overlap with in_valid.
- 18. The out valid should set to high when out data is valid.
- 19. The out valid should set to low when your out data is invalid.
- 20. The out data should be correct when out valid is high.
- **21.** The **out data** should be 0 when **out valid** is low.
- 22. Your design should have at least 10% power reduction from cg_en-off to cg_en-on, otherwise it will be regarded as failed. $\frac{P_{cg_enoff} P_{cg_enofn}}{P_{cg_enoff}} \ge 10\%$
- 23. Power report position: 04_PTPX/Report/SA_POWER or SA_CG_POWER Report Total Power Example:

	SA_POWER (v	w/o clock ga	ating)	SA_CG_POWER (with clock gating)		
	Net Switching Power	= 1.160e-03	(9.51%)	Net Switching Pow Cell Internal Pow		
4	Cell Internal Power Cell Leakage Power	= 2.317e-05	(90.30%) (0.19%)	Cell Leakage Powe	r = 2.317e-0	5 (0.52%)
	Intrinsic Leakage Gate Leakage			Intrinsic Leaka Gate Leakage	,	
	Total Power	= 0.0122	(100.00%)	Total Power	0 0 4, 487e-0	3 (100.00%)
	X Transition Power	= 1.193e-06		X Transition Power	= 1.193e-0	6
	Glitching Power	= 0.0000		Glitching Power	= 0.000	0
	Peak Power	= 0.1198		Peak Power	= 0.109	8
	Peak Time	= 246127		Peak Time	= 9	7

0.

- **24.** The gate level simulation cannot include any timing violation without the *notimingcheck* command.
- **25.** Don't use any wire/reg/submodule/parameter name called *error*, *congratulation*, *latch* or *fail* otherwise you will fail the lab. Note * means any char in front of or behind the word. e.g: error_note is forbidden.
- 26. Don't write Chinese comments or other language comment in the file you turned in.
- 27. Any error message during synthesis and simulation, regardless of the result will lead to failure in this lab.
- 28. Synthesis time should not exceed 2 hours.
- 29. If your file violates the naming rule, you will lose 5 points.



Grading Policy

- Functionality (70%)
 - SA wocg and SA: 60%
 - JasperGold SEC check (10%): Run1 (5%), Run2 (5%)

(JasperGold No 2nd demo chance)

- Performance (30%)
 - (Total Latency * Total Power (gated with CG)) * Area
 - Total Latency = 1 + Execution Latency

Note

1. Please submit your design **SA_wocg.v** and **SA.v** in

Lab08/EXERCISE/09_SUBMIT

- a. 1st_demo deadline: 2024/11/11 (Mon.) 12:00:00
- b. 2nd demo deadline: 2024/11/13 (Wed.) 12:00:00
- 2. Template folders and reference commands:
 - 01 RTL/(RTL simulation)

02 SYN/ (Synthesis)

(Check if there is any latch or error in your design in syn.log)

(Check the timing of the design in /Report/SA.timing)

03 GATE SIM/ (Gate-level simulation)

04 PTPX/ (PrimeTime power analysis)

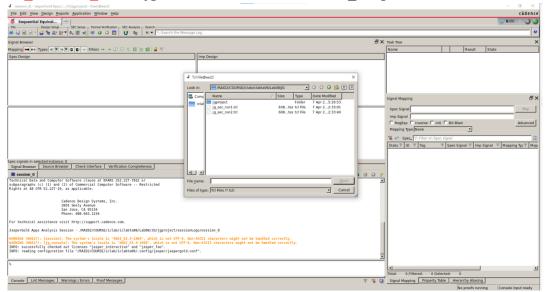
(Get the power of your design)

09 SUBMIT/

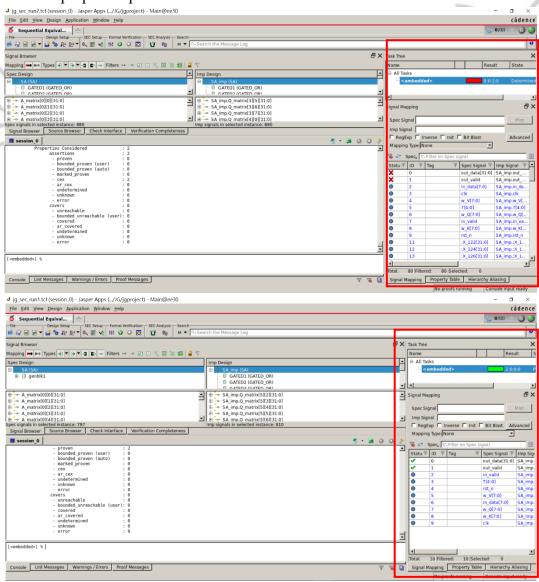
You can key in ./09 clean up to clear all log files and dump files in each folder.

3. JasperGold SEC execution steps: In folder JG/

(1) ./01_run, ./02_run or jg –sec & and click the File/Tcl_script/source.



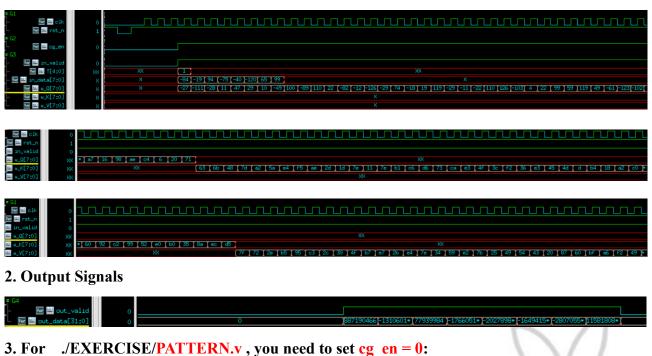
(2) Check all properties pass.



You should pass all tasks in both ./01_run & ./02_run.

Waveform Example

1. Input Signals



5.1 of "ALKERCISE/ITATTERATO", you need to set eg_en vi



4. For ./EXERCISE/PATTERN_CG.v, you need to set cg_en = 1:

