Assignment 1

Student Info

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Problem

If the first 6 terms of Taylor expansion are used to calculate

$$\int_{0}^{1} e^{-x^{2}} dx$$

find its error, including truncation error and roundoff error.

Answer

Let $f(x) = e^{-x^2}$ and expand the original equation with Taylor Series at point 0.

$$\int_{0}^{1} f(x) = \int_{0}^{1} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(0)}{n!} (x)^{n}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{m} x^{2m}}{m!}$$

$$= \sum_{m=0}^{m \to \infty} \frac{(-1)^{m}}{(2m+1) \cdot m!}$$

And its first 6 non-zero terms are:

$$\int_{0}^{1} f(x) \approx \int_{0}^{1} (1 - x^{2} + \frac{x^{4}}{2!} - \frac{x^{6}}{3!} + \frac{x^{8}}{4!} - \frac{x^{10}}{5!})|_{0}^{1}$$

$$\approx x - \frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{x^{5}}{5 \cdot 2!} - \frac{x^{7}}{7 \cdot 3!} + \frac{x^{9}}{9 \cdot 4!} - \frac{x^{11}}{11 \cdot 5!}|_{x=0}^{x=1}$$

$$\approx \sum_{m=0}^{m=5} \frac{(-1)^{m}}{(2m+1) \cdot m!}$$

Result

Definition of Variables

Exact Value xEstimated Value x^* Truncation Error R_n Roundoff Error E

Truncation Error

$$R_n = x^* - x = \sum_{n=6}^{n \to \infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n+1) \cdot n!}$$

Roundoff Error:

The python code suggests that the $x^* = 0.7467291967291968$. Suppose that only preseve 4 digits after decimal point.

Round-by-chop

$$x = 0.7467 E = x - x* = 0.0000291967291968$$

Round-to-nearest

$$x = 0.7467 E = x - x* = 0.0000291967291968$$