

SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

KIA431 Series

BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

PROGRAMMABLE PRECISION REFERENCES

The KIA431 Series integrated circuits are three-terminal programmable shunt regulator diodes.

These monolithic IC voltage reference operate as a low temperature coefficient zener which is programmable from V_{ref} to 36 volts with two external resistors. These devices exhibit a wide operating current range of 1.0 to 100mA with a typical dynamic impedance of 0.22 . The characteristics of these references make them excellent replacements for zener diodes in many applications such as digital voltmeters, power supplies, and op amp circuitry. The 2.5 volt reference makes it convenient to obtain a stable reference from 5.0 volt logic supplies, and since the KIA431 Series operates as a shunt regulator, it can be used as either a positive or negative voltage reference.

FEATURES

· Divice Code Name :KIA431 + V_{ref} Code + Package Code+Pin Configuration Code

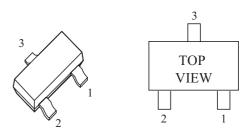
ITEM	V	r _{ef} Code	Package Code			
	Code	Tolerance (%)	Code	Package		
	Blank	± 2.2	Blank	TO-92		
KIA431	Z	± 1.5	F	SOT-89		
	A	± 1.0	M	SOT-23		
	В	± 0.5				

- · Low Dynamic Output Impedance: 0.22 (Typ.).
- · Sink Current Capability of 1.0 to 100mA.
- · Equivalent Full-Range Temperature Coefficient of 50ppm/ (Typ.).
- Temperature Compensated for Operation Over Full Rated Operating Temperature Range.
- · Low Output Noise Voltage.
- Suffix U : Qualified to AEC-Q100(Grade 3)
 - : Automotive and standard product are electrically and thermally the same, except where specified. ex) KIA431*M-RTK/HU.

LINE UP

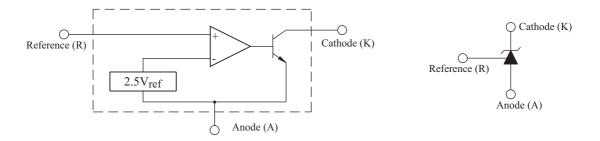
Type No.	Operating Voltage(V)	Package	Marking
KIA431			
KIA431Z		TO-92	
KIA431A		10-92	
KIA431B			
KIA431F			3A
KIA431ZF	2.5 ~ 36	SOT-89	3Z
KIA431AF	2.5 ~ 30		3B
KIA431BF			3C
KIA431M			43C
KIA431ZM		SOT-23	43Z
KIA431AM			43A
KIA431BM			43B

PIN CONFIGURATION (SOT-23)

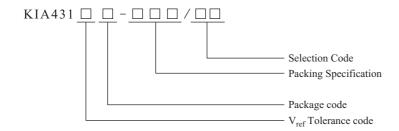


1. Cathode 2. Ref 3. Anode

BLOCK DIAGRAM



ORDERING INFORMATION



V _{ref} Tolerance Code		P	ackage Code	Selection Code		
Blank	± 2.2%	Blank	TO-92	P/PS	Pb-Free	
Z	± 1.5%	F	SOT-89	Н	Halogen-Free	
A	± 1.0%	M	SOT-23			
В	± 0.5%					

	TO-92	AT : Taping of AMMO PACK type
Packing Specification	SOT-89	RTF : RTF type
	SOT-23	RTK : RTK type

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25)

(Full operating ambient temperature range applies unless otherwise noted.)

CHARACTE	ERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT	
Cathode To Anode Voltage	V_{KA}	37	V		
Cathode Current Range, Conti	nuous		I_{K}	-100 150	mA
Reference Input Current Range	e, Continuous		I _{ref}	-0.05 10	mA
Operating Junction Temperatu	re		T _j	150	
Operating Temperature			T_{opr}	-40 85	
Storage Temperature			T_{stg}	-65 150	
	KIA431			700	
Total Power Dissipation	KIA431F		P_{D}	800	mW
	KIA431M	(Note1)		350	
	KIA431			179	
Thermal Resistance	KIA431F	KIA431F		156	/W
	KIA431M	(Note1)		357	

Note1) Package mounted on 99.5% Alumina $10 \times 8 \times 0.6$ mm

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25)

CHARACTERISTICS		SYMBOL	TEST CIRCUIT	TEST CONDITION		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
	KIA431			Figure 1	V _{KA} =V _{ref} , I _K =10mA		2.440	2.495	2.550	V
Reference Input	KIA431	Z	V				2.458	2.495	2.532	V
Voltage	KIA431	A	V_{ref}				2.470	2.495	2.520	V
	KIA431	В					2.4825	2.495	2.5075	V
Reference Input Voltag	Reference Input Voltage		Figure 1		V -V I -10A		-	7.0	30*	V
Deviation Over Temper	rature Ran	ge	V _{ref}	(Note 1)	$V_{KA}=V_{ref}$, $I_{K}=10mA$		-	7.0	40	mV
Ratio of Change in Reference Input		V _{ref} /	Fig. 3.	I -10 A	$V_{KA} = 10V V_{ref}$	-	-1.4	-2.7	mV/V	
Anode Voltage	Voltage to Change in Cathode to Anode Voltage		V_{KA}	Figure 2	I _K =10mA	V _{KA} = 36V 10V	-	-1.0	-2.0	III V / V
Pafaranaa Innut Curran	.+	Ta=25	Ι.	Figure 2	I -10 A D1-101- D2-		-	1.8	4.0	
Reference input Curren	Reference Input Current Ta=		- I _{ref}	rigure 2	I _K =10mA, R1=10k , R2=		-	-	6.5	μA
Reference Input Current Deviation Over Temperature Range		I_{ref}	Figure 2	I _K =10mA, R1=10k , R2=		-	0.8	2.5	μA	
Minimum Cathode Current For Regulation		I _{min}	Figure 1	$V_{KA} = V_{ref}$		-	0.5	1.0	mA	
Off-State Cathode Current		$I_{\rm off}$	Figure 3	V _{KA} =36V, V _{ref} =0V		-	2.6	1000	nA	
Dynamic Impedance		Z _{ka}	Figure 1 (Note 2)	$V_{KA}=V_{ref}$, $I_{K}=1.0$ 100mA, f 1.0kHz		-	0.22	-		

^{* :} Selection Code (PS)

FIGURE 1-TEST CIRCUIT FOR $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$

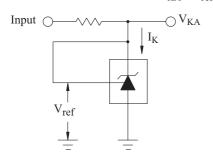
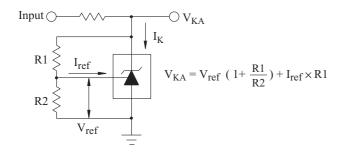
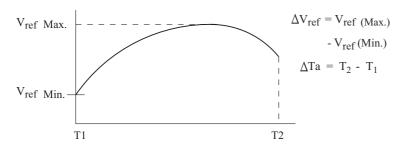


FIGURE 2-TEST CIRCUIT FOR $V_{KA} > V_{ref}$



Note 1:

The deviation parameter V_{ref} is defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the full operating ambient temperature range that applies.



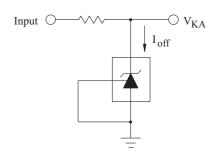
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

The average temperature coefficient of the Reference input voltage, V_{ref} , is defined as:

$$V_{ref}(\frac{ppm}{}) = \frac{(\frac{V_{ref}}{V_{ref} \text{ at } 25}) \times 10^6}{Ta}$$
$$= \frac{V_{ref} \times 10^6}{Ta(V_{ref} \text{ at } 25)}$$

 V_{ref} can be positive or negative depending on whether V_{ref} Min. or V_{ref} Max. occurs at the lower ambient temperature.

FIGURE 3-TEST CIRCUIT FOR I_{off}



Example : $V_{ref} = 8.0 \text{mV}$ and slope is positive, V_{ref} at 25 = 2.495V, Ta=70

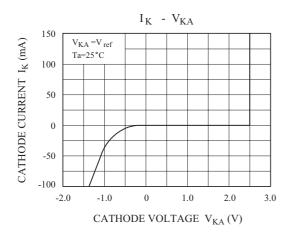
$$V_{\text{ref}} = \frac{0.008 \times 10^6}{70 \times (2.495)} = 45.8 \text{ ppm/}$$

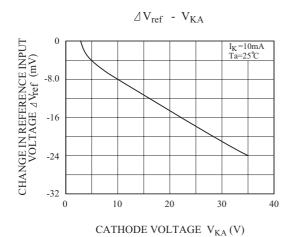
Note 2: The dynamic impedance Z_{ka} is defined as:

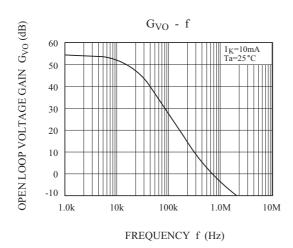
$$|Z_{ka}| = \frac{VKA}{Ik}$$

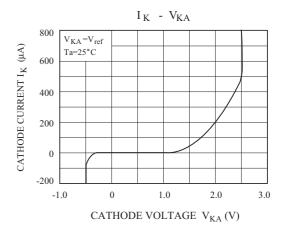
When the device is programmed with two external resistors, R1 and R2, (refer to Figure 2) the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is defined as:

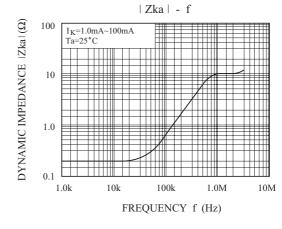
$$|Z_{ka'}| = |Z_{ka}| \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

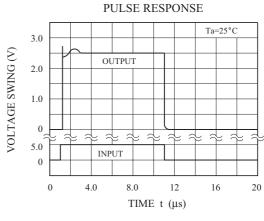


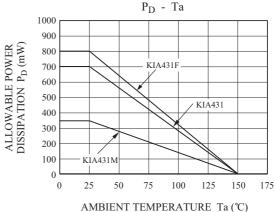


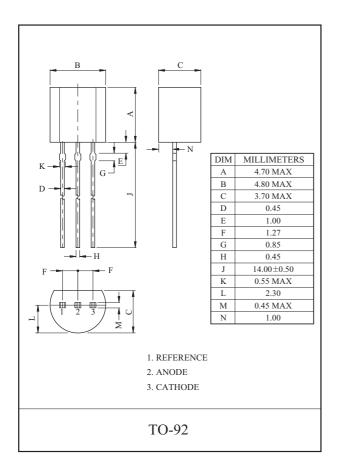


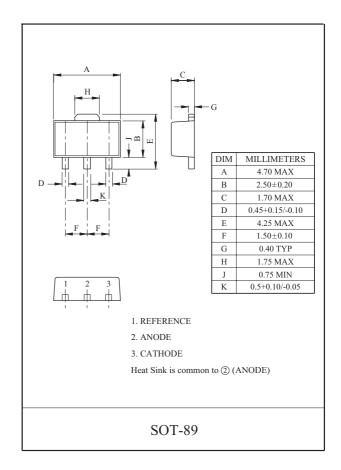


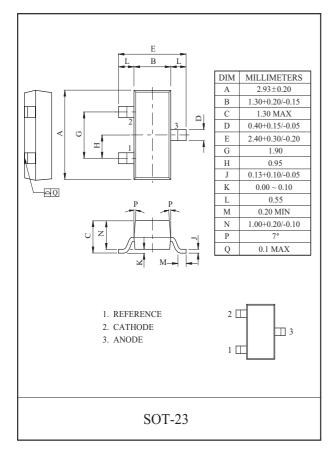








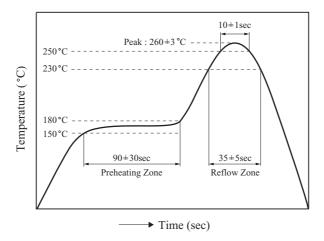




PRECAUTION FOR USE

Lead-Free Soldering Condition.

Elements mounting styles of electronic devices are gaining in further diversification over recent years, and needs for components are all the more expanding in varieties. Especially, surface mounting is steadily penetrating into industrial segments as a world-wide popular technical trend. Although exposure to high temperature is inevitable during soldering we recommend limiting the soldering temperature to low levels as shown in figure for the sake of retaining inherent excellent reliability.



[Lead-Free Soldering Temperature Profile]

1. When employing solder reflow method

1) Soldering Condition

Standard Condition: 250 (Temperature), 10 ± 1sec. (Time)

Peak Condition: 260 ± 3

- 2) Recommend temperature profile
- 3) Precautions on heating method

When resin in kept exposed to high temperature for a long time, device reliability may be marred.

Therefore, it is essential to complete soldering in the shortest time possible to prevent temperature of resin from rising.

2. When employing halogen lamps or infrared-ray heaters

When halogen lamps or infrared-ray heaters are used, avoid direct irradiation onto resin surfaces; such devices cause extensive localized temperature rise.

Please keep a reflow solder operating when Surface Mount Package ☐s Soldering.