Link to repo: https://github.com/Benek6h/CS472-Team.git

Tast 2.1:AnimatedSprite.java#getWidth()
AnimatedSprite.java#getHeight()

```
public class getWidthAndHeightSprite {
    /**
    * Do we get the right sprite?
    */
    1usage
    private static final PacManSprites SPRITE_STORE = new PacManSprites();
    1usage
    private PlayerFactory Factory = new PlayerFactory(SPRITE_STORE);
    3 usages
    private Player ThePlayer = Factory.createPacMan();
    new*
    @Test
    void sprite() {
        if(!ThePlayer.isAlive()){
            assertThat(ThePlayer.getSprite().getWidth()).isEqualTo( expected: 16);
            assertThat(ThePlayer.getSprite().getHeight()).isEqualTo( expected: 16);
        }
    }
}
```

This code will make a new player sprite and will get the Width and Height, checking to see if they return the proper value.

Before:

Element	Class V	Method, %	Line, %
∨	16% (9/55)	9% (30/312)	8% (95/1153)
✓ <a>	16% (9/55)	9% (30/312)	8% (95/1153)
> i jpacman	16% (9/55)	9% (30/312)	8% (95/1153)

After:

Element	Class, % ~	Method, %	Line, %
✓ ◎ nl✓ ◎ tudelft→ ◎ jpacman	16% (9/55) 16% (9/55) 16% (9/55)	10% (32/312) 10% (32/312) 10% (32/312)	8% (98/1153)

Player.java#getKiller()

```
public class GetKiller {
    /**
    * Do we get empty when alive?
    */
    1usage
    private static final PacManSprites SPRITE_STORE = new PacManSprites();
    1usage
    private PlayerFactory Factory = new PlayerFactory(SPRITE_STORE);
    2usages
    private Player ThePlayer = Factory.createPacMan();
    new *
    @Test
    void killer() {
        if(ThePlayer.isAlive()) {
            assertThat(ThePlayer.getKiller()).isEqualTo( expected: null);
        }
}
```

This code will create a new player and when the player is alive it should return null, otherwise, it should return the ghost name that killed them

Before:

Element	Class V	Method, %	Line, %
∨ lonl	16% (9/55)	9% (30/312)	8% (95/1153)
✓ <a>	16% (9/55)	9% (30/312)	8% (95/1153)
> lipacman	16% (9/55)	9% (30/312)	8% (95/1153)

After:

Element	Class, % ×	Method, %	Line, %
√	16% (9/55)	9% (31/312)	8% (96/1153)
✓	16% (9/55)	9% (31/312)	8% (96/1153)
> 🗈 jpacman	16% (9/55)	9% (31/312)	8% (96/1153)

Player.java#getScore()

```
public class GetScore {
    /**
    * Do we get the correct score

    */
    1usage
    private static final PacManSprites SPRITE_STORE = new PacManSprites();
    1usage
    private PlayerFactory Factory = new PlayerFactory(SPRITE_STORE);
    4 usages
    private Player ThePlayer = Factory.createPacMan();
    new *
    @Test
    void score() {
        int score = 0;
        ThePlayer.addPoints(5);
        ThePlayer.addPoints(5);
        score = ThePlayer.getScore();
        assertThat(score).isEqualTo( expected: 15);
}
```

This code creates a player and sets the score value. After updating it it should return the correct score value.

Before:

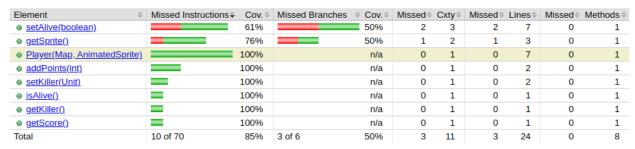
Element	Class V	Method, %	Line, %
✓ ■ nl	16% (9/55)	9% (30/312)	8% (95/1153)
✓ <a>	16% (9/55)	9% (30/312)	8% (95/1153)
> 🖻 jpacman	16% (9/55)	9% (30/312)	8% (95/1153)

After:

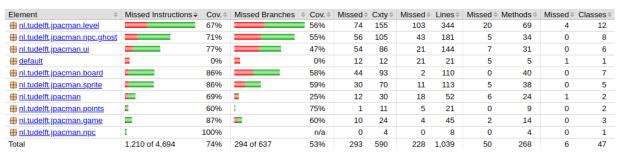
Element	Class, % ~	Method, %	Line, %
✓	16% (9/55)	10% (32/312)	8% (98/1153)
✓ <a>	16% (9/55)	10% (32/312)	8% (98/1153)
> 🗈 jpacman	16% (9/55)	10% (32/312)	8% (98/1153)

Task 3:

 Are the coverage results from JaCoCo similar to the ones you got from IntelliJ in the last task? Why so or why not?



jpacman



AnimatedSprite

Element	Missed Instructions	Cov. \$	Missed Branches		Missed	Cxty	Missed	Lines	Missed	Methods =
<u>update()</u>		74%		50%	3	5	3	11	0	1
split(int, int, int, int)		0%		n/a	1	1	2	2	1	1
 AnimatedSprite(Sprite[], int, boolean, boolean) 		87%		50%	2	3	0	9	0	1
<u>currentSprite()</u>		83%		50%	3	4	0	5	0	1
getWidth()		69%		50%	2	3	0	2	0	1
● getHeight()		69%		50%	2	3	0	2	0	1

The results were somewhat different. Even though I did not check for classes, the overall number went down compared to what was already tested in base. Other than that, the line count number is the same.

- Did you find helpful the source code visualization from JaCoCo on uncovered branches? Yes, this is much more organized and I can see exactly what was tested and what was not. It also reminds me of branches and classes that are not tested which is something that I did not think about. Such was when I was writing getSprite() and I forgot the branch for when the player was not alive, thus it would return deadSprite. I had forgotten to check for that, but I didn't realize until I used JaCoCo's report because the graphs next to each function is much easier to see.
 - Which visualization did you prefer and why? IntelliJ's coverage window or JaCoCo's report?

I prefer JaCoCo's report. I personally like a mor visual report and it is hard to see what lines I am specifically missing, such as how I was missing the branch for getSprite().

Task 4:

```
def test_repr(self):
    """Test the representation of an account"""
    account = Account()
    account.name = "Foo"
    self.assertEqual(str(account), second: "<Account 'Foo'>")
```

This test is to test the representation of the account. First it creates an account and sets the name to be Foo. Thus the string representation of the account should return '<Account %r>' % self.name

More accurately:

<Account 'Foo'>

Because Foo is the name.

```
def test_to_dict(self):
    """ Test account to dict """
    data = ACCOUNT_DATA[self.rand] # get a random account
    account = Account(**data)
    result = account.to_dict()
    self.assertEqual(account.name, result["name"])
    self.assertEqual(account.email, result["email"])
    self.assertEqual(account.phone_number, result["phone_number"])
    self.assertEqual(account.disabled, result["disabled"])
    self.assertEqual(account.date_joined, result["date_joined"])
```

This test is to test if the account can be made into a dictionary using to_dict(). First, a random account is grabbed and filled in, then turned into a dictionary.

The account should now be populated with the base results of the dictionary, thus it checks if all the base values such as name and email are correct.

```
def test_from_dict(self):
    """Test set attributes from dict"""
    data = ACCOUNT_DATA[self.rand]  # get a random account
    account = Account(**data)
    result = account.to_dict()
    account.from_dict(result)
    self.assertEqual(account.name, result["name"])
    self.assertEqual(account.email, result["email"])
    self.assertEqual(account.phone_number, result["phone_number"])
    self.assertEqual(account.disabled, result["disabled"])
    self.assertEqual(account.date_joined, result["date_joined"])
```

This test is very similar to the previous one. It will test if you can set the attributes of the dictionary. Thus we still have to check if all the attricubtes in result is equal to account.

```
def test_update(self):
    """Test update attributes from dict"""
    id_number = self.rand
    data = ACCOUNT_DATA[id_number] # get a random account
    account = Account(**data)
    account.name = "NewName"
    account.id = id_number
    account.update()
    self.assertEqual(account.name, second: "NewName")
```

This tests is to see if the update function is working. First it makes an account and changes the account name and sets the id number. Then it will update the account in the database. Thus we can check if the name changed in the database.

```
def test_update2(self):
    """Test update branch attributes from dict"""
    data = ACCOUNT_DATA[self.rand] # get a random account
    account = Account(**data)
    account.name = "NewName"
    with self.assertRaises(DataValidationError):
        account.update()
    self.assertEqual(account.name, second: "NewName")
```

This test is similar to the previous one, only checking to see if the same applies to when an id is not given to the account when updating. It will catch the exception raised from not including an id.

```
def test_delete(self):
    """Test delete attributes from dict"""
    id_number = self.rand
    data = ACCOUNT_DATA[id_number]  # get a random account
    account = Account(**data)
    account.create()
    account.delete()
    self.assertIsNone(Account.find(id_number))
```

This test makes sure that an account is deleted from the database when running <u>.delete()</u>. First, it will grab an account from a random id number and then create it in the database. Then it will delete the account and try to search for the account using the id number, which should return none.

```
def test_fid(self):
    """Test find attributes from dict"""
    id_number = self.rand
    data = ACCOUNT_DATA[id_number] # get a random account
    account = Account(**data)
    account.create()
    second_account = account.find(id_number)
    self.assertEqual(account.name, second_account.name)
    self.assertEqual(account.id, second_account.id)
```

This test is to see if the correct account is found using <u>.find()</u>. First, a random id has an account created, then the account is created in the database. After we will make a second account and use <u>.find()</u> to assign it to the previous account. Thus when checking, their information should exactly match because they are the same account.

Task 5:

```
def test_create_a_counter(self):
    """It should create a counter"""
    client = app.test_client()
    result = client.post('/counters/foo')
    self.assertEqual(result.status_code, status.HTTP_201_CREATED)
```

Here I created the test to create a counter, but I didnt create a POST route, so the test failed because it returned not found.

```
@app.route( rule: '/counters/<name>', methods=['POST'])
def create_counter(name):
   app.logger.info(f"Request to create counter: {name}")
   global COUNTERS
   if name in COUNTERS:
      return {"Message":f"Counter {name} already exists"}, status.HTTP_409_CONFLICT
   COUNTERS[name] = 0
   return {name: COUNTERS[name]}, status.HTTP_201_CREATED
 def test_duplicate_a_counter(self):
    result = self.client.post('/counters/bar')
    self.assertEqual(result.status_code, status.HTTP_201_CREATED)
    result = self.client.post('/counters/bar')
    self.assertEqual(result.status_code, status.HTTP_409_CONFLICT)
student@VirtualBox:~/tdd$ nosetests
Counter tests
- It should create a counter
- It should return an error for duplicates
               Stmts Miss Cover
Name
                                       Missing
src/counter.py 11 0 100%
src/status.py 6 0 100%
                 17 0 100%
TOTAL
Ran 2 tests in 0.067s
0K
```

Here I created the POST route and the test succeeded to create a counter. It also returns a 409 error code for having duplicate counter names.

```
def test_update_a_counter(self):
    """Should update counter"""
    client = app.test_client()
    result = client.post('/counters/live')
    self.assertEqual(result.status_code, status.HTTP_201_CREATED)

    baseline = result.get_json()['live']
    result = self.client.put('/counters/live')

    self.assertEqual(result.status_code, status.HTTP_200_0K)
    self.assertEqual(result.get_json()['live'], baseline + 1)
```

Here I made a test to update the counter but didnt make a put route, so my error code didnt return correctly.

```
@app.route( rule: '/counters/<name>', methods=['PUT'])
def update_counter(name):
    """Update a counter"""
    app.logger.info(f"Request to update counter: {name}")

if name in COUNTERS:
    COUNTERS[name] = COUNTERS[name] + 1
    return {name: COUNTERS[name]}, status.HTTP_200_0K
    return {name: COUNTERS[name]}, status.HTTP_404_NOT_FOUND
```

```
student@VirtualBox:~/tdd$ nosetests
Counter tests
 It should create a counter
· It should return an error for duplicates
 Should update counter (FAILED)
ERROR: Should read a counter
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/home/student/tdd/tests/test_counter.py", line 59, in test_read_a_counter
   baseline = result.get_json()['/counters/laugh']
KeyError: '/counters/laugh'
 ----->>> begin captured logging << ------
src.counter: INFO: Request to create counter: laugh
FAIL: Should update counter
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/home/student/tdd/tests/test_counter.py", line 51, in test_update_a_counter
   self.assertEqual(result, baseline + 1)
AssertionError: <WrapperTestResponse streamed [200 OK]> != 1
```

Here is my PUT route for updating a counter which updates the counter if it does exits and returns not found if it does not. It however still failed the test because I had used the wrong call. It should have not included '/counters/'

My read a counter also had the same issue, as shown above. The code is below.

```
@app.route( rule: '/counters/<name>', methods=['GET'])
def get_counter(name):
    """reαd α counter"""
    app.logger.info(f"Request to read counter: {name}")

if name in COUNTERS:
    return {name: COUNTERS[name]}, status.HTTP_200_OK
```

```
def test_read_a_counter(self):
    """Should read a counter"""
    client = app.test_client()
    result = client.post('/counters/laugh')
    self.assertEqual(result.status_code, status.HTTP_201_CREATED)

    baseline = result.get_json()['laugh']
    result = self.client.get('/counters/laugh')

    self.assertEqual(result.status_code, status.HTTP_200_0K)
```

After changing the issue, all my tests passed.

```
Counter tests
 It should create a counter
 It should return an error for duplicates
 Should read a counter (ERROR)
 Should update counter
______
ERROR: Should read a counter
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/home/student/tdd/tests/test_counter.py", line 59, in test_read_a_counter
   baseline = result.get_json()['/counters/laugh']
KeyError: '/counters/laugh'
------->>> begin captured logging << ------
src.counter: INFO: Request to create counter: laugh
------->>> end captured logging << ------
Name
     Stmts Miss Cover Missing
src/counter.py 23 4 83% 33, 38-41
src/status.py 6 0 100%
TOTAL
Ran 4 tests in 0.067s
```

Counter tests

- It should create a counter
- It should return an error for duplicates
- Should read a counter
- Should update counter

Name	Stmts	Miss	Cover	Missing
src/counter.py src/status.py	23 6	1	96% 100%	33
TOTAL	29	1	97%	
Ran 4 tests in (0.069s			

ОК