

SCUOLA DI INGEGNERIA INDUSTRIALE E DELL'INFORMAZIONE

Software Engineering 2 Requirements Analysis and Specification Document

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1 Introduction

Online coding challenges and platforms have become an essential resource for programmers and developers in the modern tech landscape. These platforms provide a versatile means to enhance coding skills, offer practical learning experiences, and promote a competitive and engaging approach to problem-solving. Additionally, participation in such platforms can prepare individuals for tech industry job interviews, as many companies utilize similar coding challenges during their recruitment processes. In summary, these online coding challenge platforms are invaluable tools for skill development, community engagement, and professional growth in the ever-evolving field of programming.

What makes the CodeKataBattle platform even more compelling is the involvement of experienced educators who create coding Battles. These experts design challenges that are not only instructive but also thought-provoking, ensuring a rich and educational experience for participants.

Moreover, these platforms often facilitate the creation of groups, enabling collaborative problem-solving and enhancing team working skills. Users can form teams, tackle challenges together, and learn from one another's approaches. This group dynamic adds an extra layer of motivation and shared learning experiences, enhancing the value of these platforms for participants.

2 1 Introduction

1.1. Purpose

The purpose of this document is to present a detailed description of CodaKataBattle. It is addressed to the developers who have to implement the requirements and could be used as an agreement between the customer and the contractors.

1.1.1. Goals

Below there's a table that lists all the goals of the CKB system:

| ID | Description |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| G1 Allow an ED to create a Tournament | |
| G2 | Allow a ST to subscribe to a specific Tournament before the registration deadline |
| G3 | Allow an ED to create a Battle |
| G4 | Allow any User to visualize the profile of other Users and their Badges |
| G5 | Allow a ST to subscribe to a specific Battle before the registration deadline |
| G6 | Allow STs to submit their code before the submission deadline |
| G7 | Allow an ED to set badges for deserving STs |
| G8 | Allow any User to view the result and the progress of a Tournament |
| G9 | Allow any User to view the results of a Battle |

Table 1.1: Goals table.

1.2. Scope

CodeKataBattle (CKB) is a new platform that aims to help Students to improve their software development skills by participating in Tournaments and Battles, in which they will train on code katas, programming exercises that contain some test cases to be passed. Educators will create Tournaments and Battles in order to challenge the Students that will be asked to create groups and compete with their code.

1.2.1. World Phenomena

| ID | Description |
|-----|-------------------------------------|
| WP1 | The ED wants to create a Tournament |

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| WP2 | The ST wants to join a Tournament |
|------|--|
| WP3 | The ED wants to create a Battle |
| WP4 | The ST wants to join a Battle |
| WP5 | The ST wants to create a STG for a Battle |
| WP6 | The ST wants to fork the repository on GH |
| WP7 | The ST wants to push their code on GH |
| WP8 | The ST wants to search another User profile |
| WP9 | The ED wants to search another User profile |
| WP10 | The ST wants to search a Tournament |
| WP11 | The ED wants to search a Tournament |
| WP12 | The ST wants to check the rankings of a Battle |
| WP13 | The ED wants to check the rankings of a Battle |
| WP14 | The ST wants to check the rankings of a Tournament |
| WP15 | The ED wants to check the rankings of a Tournament |

Table 1.2: World Phenomenas.

1.2.2. Shared phenomena

| ID | Description | ${f Controller}$ | Observer |
|-----|---|------------------|----------|
| SP1 | The ED creates an account in the CKB sys- | ED | CKB |
| | tem | | |
| SP2 | The ED logs in his account in the CKB sys- | ED | CKB |
| | tem | | |
| SP3 | The ED logs out of his account from the CKB | ED | CKB |
| | system | | |
| SP4 | The ED creates a Tournament | ED | CKB |
| SP5 | CKB adds the Tournament to the ED's Tour- | CKB | ED |
| | nament list | | |
| SP6 | The ED can checks his Tournament list | ED | CKB |
| SP7 | The ED grants other EDs the permission to | ED | CKB |
| | create Battles within a Tournament | | |
| SP8 | The ED creates a Battle in a specific Tour- | ED | CKB |
| | nament | | |

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| SP9 | CBK adds the Battle to the ED's Battle list | CKB | ED |
|------|---|-----|-----|
| SP10 | The ED can checks his Battle list | ED | CKB |
| SP11 | The ED uploads the code kata in the Battle | ED | CKB |
| SP12 | The ED sets the minimum and the maximum | ED | CKB |
| | number of students per group for the Battle | | |
| SP13 | The ED sets a registration deadline to the | ED | CKB |
| | Battle | | |
| SP14 | The ED sets a final submission deadline to | ED | CKB |
| | the Battle | | |
| SP15 | The ED sets additional configurations for | ED | CKB |
| | scoring in the Battle | | |
| SP16 | The ED sets the badges that STs could be | ED | CKB |
| | awarded in the Battle | | |
| SP17 | The ED sets the parameters of the badges | ED | CKB |
| | that STs could be awarded in the Battle | | |
| SP18 | The ST creates an account in the CKB sys- | ST | CKB |
| | tem | | |
| SP19 | The ST logs in his account in the CKB sys- | ST | CKB |
| | tem | | |
| SP20 | The ST logs out of his account from the CKB | ED | CKB |
| | system | | |
| SP21 | CKB notifies STs that a Tournament has | CKB | ST |
| | been created | | |
| SP22 | The ST subscribes to a specific Tournament | ST | CKB |
| | before the registration deadline | | |
| SP23 | CKB notifies STs that a Battle has been cre- | CKB | ST |
| | ated | | |
| SP24 | The ST subscribes to a specific Battle before | ST | CKB |
| | the registration deadline | | |
| SP25 | CKB adds the Tournament to the ST's Bat- | CKB | ST |
| | tle list | | |
| SP26 | The ST creates a STg for the Battle | ST | CKB |
| SP27 | The ST invites other STs to join his STG for | ST | CKB |
| | a Battle | | |

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| SP28 | CKB sends a notification to the ST when he | CKB | ST |
|------|--|-----|-----|
| | receives ain invitation to join a STG | | |
| SP29 | The ST accepts other ST's invitations to join | ST | CKB |
| | their STG fot a Battle | | |
| SP30 | CKB adds the STs to the STG | CKB | ST |
| SP31 | CKB creates a GH repository containing the | CKB | ST |
| | code kata and sends the lik to all STs regis- | | |
| | tered in the Battle | | |
| SP32 | The ST commits a new version of his code | ST | CKB |
| SP33 | CKB runs the tests on the source code | CKB | ST |
| SP34 | CKB updates the score of the STG on the | CKB | ST |
| | Battle's leaderboard | | |
| SP35 | CKB updates the score of the ST on the | CKB | ST |
| | Tournament's leaderboard | | |
| SP36 | STs can view the current ranks evolving dur- | ST | CKB |
| | ing the Battle | | |
| SP37 | EDs can view the current ranks evolving dur- | ED | CKB |
| | ing the Battle | | |
| SP38 | During the consolidation stage, EDs can | ED | CKB |
| | manually modify the scores | | |
| SP39 | CKB notifies all STs when the final Battle | CKB | ST |
| | ranks are available | | |
| SP40 | The ED closes the Tournament | ED | CKB |
| SP41 | CKB notifies all the STs involved in the Tour- | CKB | ST |
| | nament when the final ranks of the Tourna- | | |
| | ment are available | | |
| SP42 | STs can view the current ranks evolving dur- | ST | CKB |
| | ing the Tournament | | |
| SP43 | EDs can view the current ranks evolving dur- | ED | CKB |
| | ing the Tournament | | |
| SP44 | CKB assigns the badges to the STs | CKB | ST |
| SP45 | The ST can visualize the profile of other ST | ST | CKB |
| | or ED | | |
| SP46 | The ED can visualize the profile of other ST | ED | CKB |
| | or ED | | |
| | | l | |

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Table 1.3: Shared Phenomenas.

1.3. Definition, Acronyms, Abbreviations

| Acronyms | Definition |
|----------|--|
| RASD | Requirements Analysis & Specification Document |
| ST | Student |
| ED | Educator |
| STG | Student Group |
| CKB | CodaKataBattle |
| GH | GitHub |
| User | All STs and EDs |
| API | Application Programming Interface |
| DAX | Domain Assumption X |
| SPX | Shared Phenomena X |
| WPX | World Phenomena X |
| RX | Requirement X |

Table 1.4: Acronyms used in the document.

1.4. Revision history

RASD v1.0 20/12/2023

1.5. Reference Documents

- Specification Document Assignment
- IEEE Standard Documentation For RASD

1.6. Document Structure

The document is divided into six sections, each with its unique focus, as outlined below.

1 Introduction 7

Introduction: In the first section, we lay out the project's objectives, purposes, and offer a concise examination of global and shared phenomena. This section also includes a compilation of abbreviations and definitions that are essential for comprehending the problem.

Overall Description: The second section provides a comprehensive overview of the problem. It delves into further details about the domain and various scenarios involved, in addition to discussing product and user characteristics, assumptions, dependencies and constraints.

Specific Requirements: The third section is dedicated to an in-depth analysis of the specific requirements. It offers detailed insights into external interface requirements, functional requirements, and performance requirements.

Formal Analysis Using Alloy: The fourth section employs Alloy to conduct a formal analysis. This chapter's primary purpose is to validate the accuracy of the model described in the preceding sections. It focuses on presenting the results of the conducted checks and meaningful assertions.

Effort Spent: Section five outlines the individual efforts contributed by each group member to compose this document.

References: The final section serves as a bibliography, listing the references and additional resources used in the creation of this document.



2 Overall Description

2.1. Product perspesctive

2.1.1. Scenarios

Scenario 1: Unregistered ST creates an account. Bhristian Ciffi wants to improve his skills in coding, so he decides to join CKB. First he opens the website and clicks on the "Sign-Up" button, so he proceeds to insert his eMail, password, name, surname and a nickname in order to create a new account. Then, Bhristian will receive a confirmation mail to activate the account. Once the creation of the account is completed he'll be free to join his first competition.

Scenario 2: ED creates a new Tournament. DumbTurkey, who is a Software Engineering teacher and an ED for CKB in his free time, wants to test STs with his new Tournament regarding the various phases of the creation of a calculator that resolves differential equations in Java, so he creates a new Tournament by clicking in his home page on the "Create a Tournament" button. Then he inserts the name of the Tournament, the students' subscription deadline and he clicks on the "Confirm" button. As soon as the Tournament is created he grants to Gianbrambo Bambo, one of his friends, who is also an ED, the permissions to create Battles within the Tournament by clicking on the button "Grant permission" and inserting the Educator's email in the Tournament options. In the meanwhile a notification is sent by CKB to all STs in order to inform them of the creation of the Tournament.

Scenario 3: ST joins a Tournament. Ilbo Glions wants to join a Tournament that he noticed in the "Open Tournament" section on his Homepage and clicks on the Tournament's name. Opening the Tournament Page, he decides to participate in the Tournament, so he clicks on the "Join Tournament" button.

Scenario 4: ED creates a Battle. Bamba Filo, an ED enter in his Tournament Page in order to create a new Battle with the title "Time Series Forecasting Challenge", so

he inserts the title in the apposite form, sets the minimum and maximum numbers of participants per each group to be respectively 3 and 5, the registration deadline to 4 days from that moment, the final submission deadline to 15 days and uploads the code kata with a brief description of what the STs have to do. Finally he clicks on the "Confirm" button. Simultaneously a notification is sent to every Student that joined the Tournament.

Scenario 5: ST joins a Battle. Mateo Retegui wants to participate in the "Time Series Forecasting Challenge", a Battle created by an ED. After receiving the notification from the ED, he selects the Battle from the link in the notification and he clicks on the "Join the Battle" button. Then he is asked to join or create a Group in order to participate, so he clicks on the "Create a Group" button, so he can set the Group's name to be "TheCEOs" and sends the invitations to some of his friends. Finally, once the Group is full he clicks on "Confirm the Group". Once the registration deadline expires, he will see the GitHub Repository link on the main page of the Battle, so he proceeds to fork the repository and starts coding.

2.1.2. Class diagrams

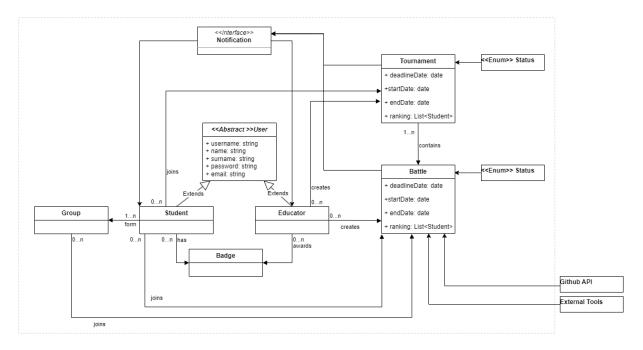


Figure 2.1: High level Class Diagram

Student and Educator Classes are implemented by extending the abstract Class 'User', since their attributes are almost the same, in fact the username, name, surname, email and password strings are in common for both the classes.

Educators may create new instances of the Tournament Class, which contains the Battles. There are two different enumerations (one for Tournament, the other for Battle) in order to implement and to keep record of the current status of the Tournament or the Battle. The current rankings are saved using List<Student> in the correct classes.

Educators can also set one or more badges to be awarded to deserving students. Battle Class may interact with the external Tools (like the GitHub API and the Tools for the code testing).

The Notification Interface is used to send different kinds of notification to STs and EDs when a new Tournament or Battle is created, or during the various phases of the competition, or when a ST invites other STs to join a group.

2.1.3. State diagrams

In this section are presented the State Diagrams of the CKB system representing all the possibile operation that a User can perform.

Signup. When a user wishes to register on CKB, they are required to input their credentials, including their name, surname, email, nickname, and password in a registration form. If the provided credentials are deemed valid (ensuring that the email or nickname is not already in use, and the password meets the criteria of being at least 8 characters long, containing at least one capital letter, a number, and a special character), CKB will send an email to the user. Upon the user confirming the registration through the provided email link, the new account is successfully created. If the credentials are not correct CKB shows an error message to the User and redirects him to the registration form page.

Furthermore, if the user selects the option "Register as a new Educator" during the registration process, CKB will enhance the account with additional permissions. These permissions may include the possibility to create Tournaments or Battles.

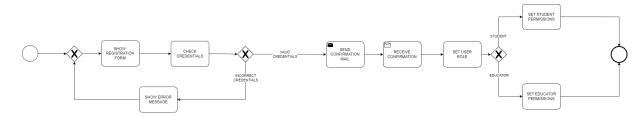


Figure 2.2: Signup state diagram

Login. When a registered user attempts to log in to their CKB account, they must enter their credentials (email and password) into a login form. If the provided credentials are accurate—matching those of a registered user in the CKB database—CKB displays the user's homepage, showcasing Tournaments and ongoing Battles in which the user is participating. On the other hand, if the entered credentials are invalid, CKB presents an error message to the user and redirects them back to the login form page.

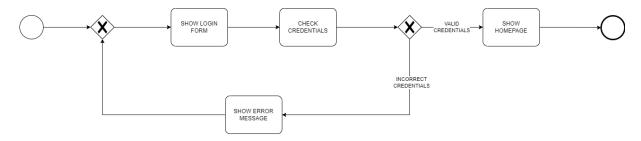


Figure 2.3: Login state diagram

Create a Tournament. When an ED intends to create a new Tournament on CKB, he is required to input various parameters in the create Tournament form. These parameters include the Tournament name and the registration deadline for the STs. In addition to these parameters, the ED can invite other EDs to join this Tournament, through a notification sent by CKB, to help him create new Battles. If any of these parameters are deemed unacceptable by the system, CKB displays an error message to the ED and redirects him back to the create Tournament form page.

Conversely, if all parameters meet the system's criteria, CKB proceeds to create the Tournament. The newly created Tournament is then added to the ED's Tournaments list, and a notification is sent to all STs to inform them of the availability of a new Tournament.

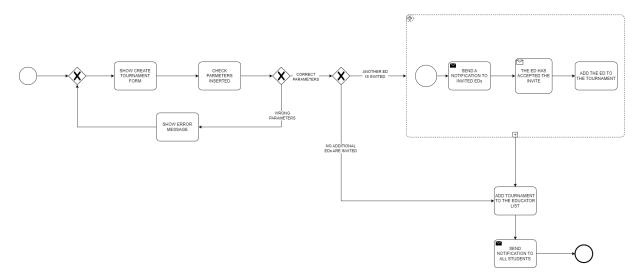


Figure 2.4: Create a Tournament state diagram

Create a Battle. Once a Tournament is created, an ED has the option to create a new Battle within it. To do so, the ED is required to input various parameters in the create Battle form. These parameters encompass the Battle name, code kata, registration deadline, submission deadline, minimum and maximum members per STG, and any additional rules for evaluation. In the event that any of these parameters are considered unacceptable by the system, CKB displays an error message to the ED and redirects them back to the create Tournament form page.

Conversely, if all parameters meet the system's criteria, CKB proceeds to create the Battle. The newly created Battle is then added to the ED's list of Battles, and a notification is sent to all STs registered to the Tournament where the Battle resides, informing them that a new Battle is now available.

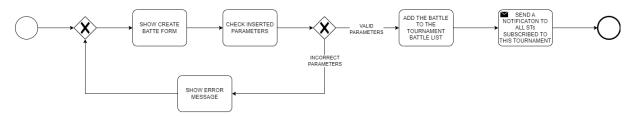


Figure 2.5: Create a Battle state diagram

Join a Tournament. When a new Tournament is created, a ST receives a notification or discovers it on the homepage. At this point, the ST can choose to join the Tournament. If the ST is not yet registered for that specific Tournament, CKB not only adds the Tournament to the ST's Tournament list but also includes the ST in the participant list

of the newly created Tournament. This ensures that the ST is officially registered as a participant, allowing him to engage in the Battles.

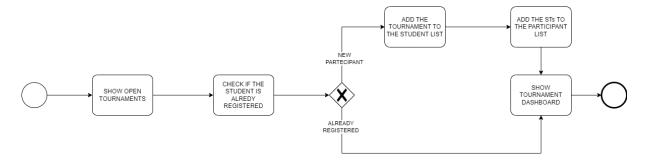


Figure 2.6: Join a Tournament state diagram

Join a Battle. Once a ST has registered for a Tournament, and a new Battle is created within it, the ST has the option to join a specific Battle. CKB performs a check to verify if the registration deadline for the chosen Battle has not expired. If the ST is within the allowed timeframe, CKB adds the ST to the list of participants for that Battle and directs them to the create group page where they can further engage in the competition.

However, if the registration deadline has already expired, CKB displays an error message to the ST, notifying them of the expiration, and redirects them to the Tournament dashboard with the respective Battle. This ensures that participants are aware of the registration timeline and can take timely actions to join the Battles of their choice.

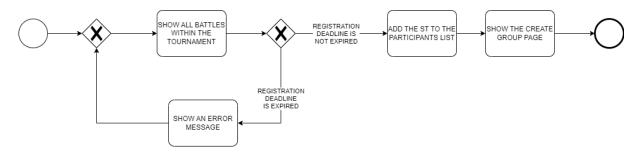


Figure 2.7: Join a Battle state diagram

Create a Group. The possibility to create a group within a Battle is granted to STs once they have joined a Battle, and the registration deadline has expired. At this point, they are redirected to the create group form, where they can invite other STs to join their STG. The process involves the ST entering a nickname, and upon verification by CKB that the ST with that nickname has also joined the same Battle, a notification is sent to the invited ST, enabling them to join the STG.

Upon receiving a notification, a ST has the option to respond, and upon acceptance, the ST is added to the STG, becoming a participant in the Battle. This invitation process is replicated for each ST that the group creator wishes to invite. Once the group is formed, the ST who initiated the STG can confirm the group, but only if the minimum and maximum number of group members are adhered to. Once confirmed, the STG is ready to actively participate in the Battle.

However, if an invited ST is not part of the Battle, a ST accepts the invitation after the deadline, or the group creation deadline has expired, CKB displays an error message to the respective ST, informing them of the issue and guiding them accordingly. This ensures that the group creation and participation adhere to the specified deadlines and criteria.

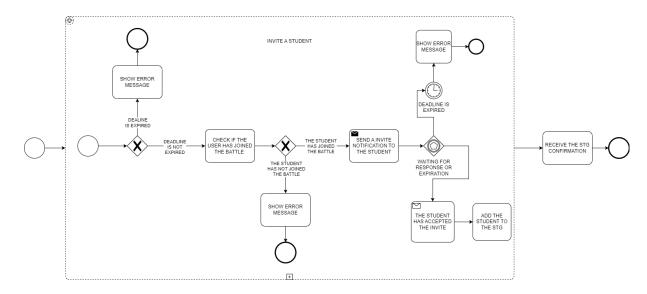


Figure 2.8: Create a Group state diagram

Evaluate the code. During the consolidation stage, once all commits have been completed and no further changes are possible, an ED has the option to manually inspect a STG code. The ED can download the code from the Battle dashboard for thorough examination. After reviewing the code, the ED can then modify the score assigned to the STG, which was previously assessed by external tools automatically during each commit.

To facilitate this, CKB provides a form that allows the ED to input the adjusted score. However, before updating the score, CKB checks whether the new score adheres to predefined boundaries, such as being non-negative or not exceeding 100. If the new score meets these criteria, CKB successfully updates the score for the STG.

In the event that the new score falls outside the specified boundaries, CKB displays an

error message to the ED and redirects them to the evaluate code form.

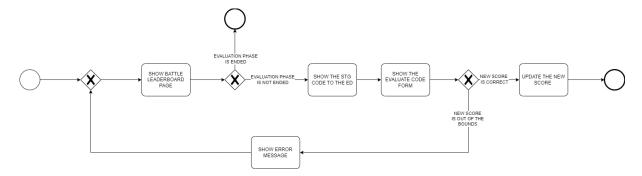


Figure 2.9: Evaluate the code state diagram

Open a profile. If a user wishes to view another user's profile, including badges and other relevant information, they can do so by clicking on the user's nickname in various dashboards, such as the Tournament dashboard or the group composition. Upon clicking the nickname, CKB displays the profile of the selected user to provide the desired information. This feature allows users to easily access and view the profiles of others within the platform.

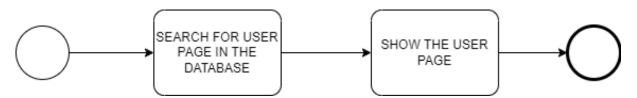


Figure 2.10: Open a profile state diagram

Search for a profile. In addition to opening a user profile by clicking the nickname in a dashboard, Users also have the option to use the search bar. By entering a nickname or a keyword in the search bar, CKB will display a list of Users whose nickname contain the entered keyword. Users can then click on a specific User from the search results to open and view their profile, providing a convenient and flexible way to access User information within the platform.



Figure 2.11: Search for a profile state diagram

Search for a Tournament. Users can utilize the search bar to look for Tournaments by entering a name or a keyword. When a search query is entered, CKB will present a list of Tournaments whose names contain the specified keyword. Users can then click on a particular Tournament from the search results, and CKB will redirect them to the Tournament dashboard for detailed information and engagement with the selected Tournament.



Figure 2.12: Search for a Tournament state diagram

Logout. Users can log out from their account at any time by clicking the "Logout" button. Upon clicking the button, CKB terminates the user's session, ensuring that they are securely logged out. Following this action, the user is then redirected to the login page, providing them with the opportunity to rejoin the CKB system if they wish to do so.

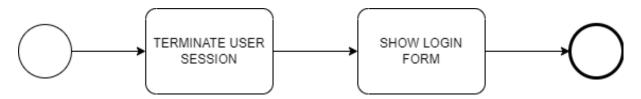


Figure 2.13: Logout state diagram

2.2. Product functions

Here are listed a summary of the main functions of the CKB system:

Signup: The User submits his name, surname, nickname, email address and a new password. A confirmation mail is required to complete the process.

Login: The User signs in after typing his eMail and password in the login form.

Create a Tournament: The ED creates a new Tournament and the system sends a notification to all the STs.

Join a Tournament: A ST can join a Tournament by clicking on the "Join Tournament" button on the Tournament's page.

Create a Battle: An ED can create multiple Battles within a Tournament to test the STs. When a new Battle is created CKB sends a notification to all the STs that have joined the Tournament.

Join a Battle: A ST can join a Battle by clicking on the "Join Battle" button on the Battle's page.

Create a Group: After joining a Battle the ST may create a new group and invite other STs or to accept an invitation to join another group. It is a choice of the ST to play alone or to create a group with STs, whether this is made possible by the minimum number of STs per STG decided by the ED.

Evaluate Code: During the Consolidation phase, an ED can manually download and evaluate the code of a STG within a Battle.

Create a Badge: An ED can create Badges to be awarded to worthy STs and define their rules.

Search for a Profile: Users can write a nickname or a keyword in the search bar to retrieve another User's profile.

Open a Profile: Users can click on a nickname in a Leaderboard to open another User's profile.

Search for a Tournament: Users can write a Tournament's name or a keyword in the search bar to retrieve the information about a Tournament.

Logout: A User session will be closed if the User clicks on "Logout" button. Next time the User opens CKB he will need to log in again.

2.3. User characteristic

Essentially, there are two types of registered users in CKB: Students (STs) and Educators (EDs). Here are briefly explained their main characteristics:

- ST: Students join CodeKataBattle in order to prove and improve their skills in coding. They need to have a device with an internet connection and an account in order to have access to CKB, in which they can join Tournaments and Battles to compete with other students.
- ED: Educators join CodeKataBattle, where they can organize Tournaments in which STs can compete, evaluate the STs' works and award them badges.

Both the EDs and the STs need to register an account in order to access CKB. During the registration process their both asked to provide an eMail account.

2.4. Assumptions, dependencies and constraints

2.4.1. Domain assumptions

| ID | Description |
|------|--|
| DA1 | The EDs need to have a valid email address. |
| DA2 | The STs need to have a valid email address. |
| DA3 | The EDs need to have a device and a reliable internet connection. |
| DA4 | The STs need to have a device and a reliable internet connection. |
| DA5 | The EDs need to have a GitHub account. |
| DA6 | The STs need to have a GitHub account. |
| DA7 | Sts need to know how to fork a GitHub Repository. |
| DA8 | STs need to know how to push their code on GitHub. |
| DA9 | CKB needs to communicate with GH through its API. |
| DA10 | CKB needs to communicate with the external Static Analysis Tools in order to |
| | compute the scores. |
| DA11 | CKB needs to communicate correctly with the eMail system. |

Table 2.1: Domain assumptions.



3 | Specific Requirements

This section is devoted to a specific description of every kind of requirement the system has to deal with in order to achieve all the functionalities described.

3.1. External interface requirements

3.1.1. User interfaces

The CodeKataBattle's user interface will be a website, developed in order to be used both by STs and EDs, available to everybody who has a device with an Internet Browser and a reliable Internet connection.

3.1.2. Hardware interfaces

The system will be accessible from every device with an Internet Browser to access the website and a reliable Internet connection. The user is free to choose his device like a computer, a tablet or a smartphone, despite that, it is suggested to use a computer, which will make it easier to deal with the writing of the code.

3.1.3. Software interfaces

The system requires the GitHub APIs and the External Tools in order to work properly. Also, it will use a mailing system to send confirmation emails to the users during the registration process.

3.1.4. Communication interfaces

The communication Interfaces needed by the system are the HTTPS Protocol and the Mail System Transfer Protocol (SMTP).

3.2. Functional requirements

3.2.1. Requirements

| ID | Description |
|-----|---|
| R1 | CKB allows unregistered Users to sign up |
| R2 | CKB allows registered EDs to login |
| R3 | CKB allows registered STs to login |
| R4 | CKB allows EDs to create Tournaments |
| R5 | CKB allows EDs to grant the permissions of a Tournament to other EDs |
| R6 | CKB allows EDs to create Battles |
| R7 | CKB allows EDs to uploads the code kata of a Battle |
| R8 | CKB allows EDs to set the minimun and the maximum number of STs per group |
| | of a Battle |
| R9 | CKB allows EDs to set a registration deadline of a Battle |
| R10 | CKB allows EDs to set a submission deadline of a Battle |
| R11 | CKB allows EDs to set additional configuration for the scoring system of a Battle |
| R12 | CKB allows EDs to set functional aspects for the scoring system of a Battle |
| R13 | CKB allows EDs to create new badges |
| R14 | CKB allows EDs to choose the rules related to the awarding of badges |
| R15 | CKB allows EDs to choose which badges to award in a certain Tournament |
| R16 | CKB allows EDs to assing a score manually during the consolidation stage |
| R17 | CKB allows EDs to close a Tournament |
| R18 | CKB allows EDs to visualize the profile of another User |
| R19 | CKB allows STs to visualize the profile of another User |
| R20 | CKB allows STs to join a Tournament |
| R21 | CKB allows STs to join a Battle |
| R22 | CKB allows STs to create a new STG |
| R23 | CKB allows STs to join a STG |
| R24 | CKB allows STs to invite other STs in their STG |
| R25 | CKB stores the informations about the Users |
| R26 | CKB shall ensure security of data |
| R27 | CKB sends notifications to every ST when a new Tournament is created |
| R28 | CKB sends notifications when a new Battle is created to every ST which is |
| | participating in the Tournament that the Battle is part of |

| R29 | CKB sends notifications to a ST when he receives an invitation to be part of |
|-----|---|
| | STG |
| R30 | CKB creates a GH repository of the code kata when the registration deadline for |
| | the Battle expires |
| R31 | CKB sends the link of the GH repository to every STG that participates in the |
| | Battle |
| R32 | CKB evaluates the STG's work every time a push is made on GH and calculates |
| | Battle score for the STG |
| R33 | CKB updates the Battle leaderboard once a new score is registered |
| R34 | CKB updates the Tournament leaderboard once a new score is registered |
| R35 | CKB allows STs to check the leaderboard of a Battle |
| R36 | CKB allows EDs to check the leaderboard of a Battle |
| R37 | CKB allows EDs to analyze the code of a STG |
| R38 | CKB sends notifications to every STs participating in the Battle once the con- |
| | solidation stage ends |
| R39 | CKB allows STs to check the list of ongoing Tournaments |
| R40 | CKB allows EDs to check the list of ongoing Tournaments |
| R41 | CKB allows STs to check the leaderboard of a Tournaments |
| R42 | CKB allows EDs to check the leaderboard of a Tournaments |
| R43 | CKB sends notification to every ST involved in a Tournament when the Tour- |
| | nament is closed and the final ranks are available |
| R44 | CKB shall communicate with the GH API in order to calculate a new score every |
| | time a push action is made by a STG |
| R45 | CKB shall communicate with the external tool in order to calculate the score of |
| | a STG |
| R46 | CKB shall communicate with the mailing system in order to allow Users to |
| | register their account |
| R47 | STs need to fork the GH repository of the Battle they are participating in |
| R48 | STs need to push their code in the GH repository in order to have their code |
| | evaluated |
| R49 | CKB shall assign the badges to all STs that fullfill their requirements |

Table 3.1: Requirements

3.2.2. Use case diagrams

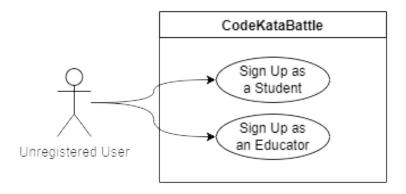


Figure 3.1: Use Cases Diagram for Unregistered Users

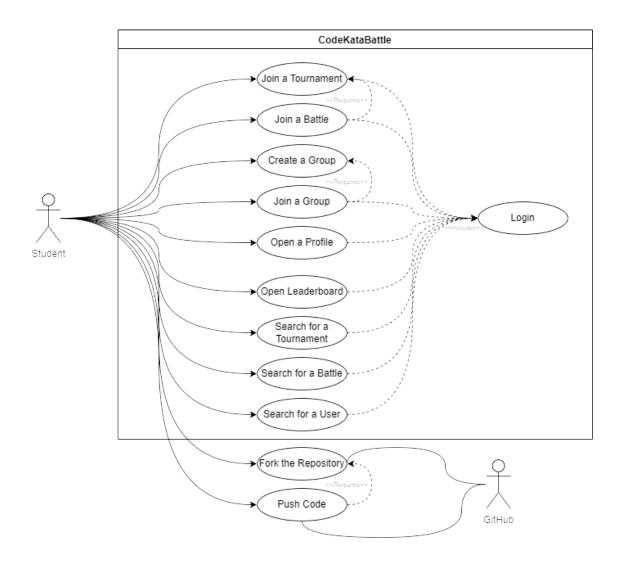


Figure 3.2: Use Cases Diagram for Students

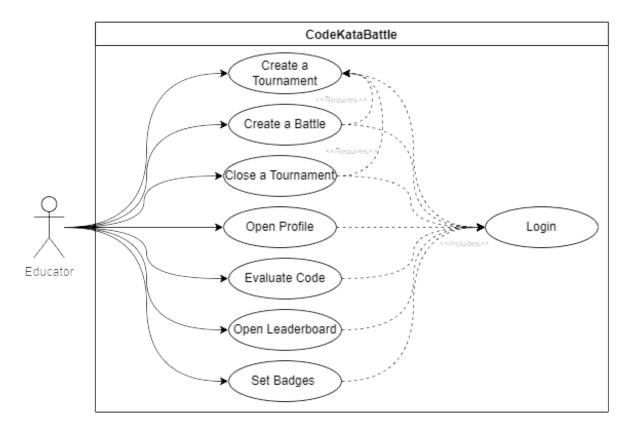


Figure 3.3: Use Cases Diagram for Educators

3.2.3. Use cases

In this section, they are explained and represented the main identified use cases. There is a table with entry conditions, event flow, exit conditions and exception for each of them, and a sequence diagram that shows the messages exchanged between the entities and the called functions.

UC1. Signup as ED

| Actor | ED, email provider |
|------------------|---|
| Entry conditions | The ED is not already registered in CKB and has to search the CKB URL |
| | the browser search bar |
| Event Flow | 1 - The application shows the login form |
| | 2 - The ED clicks on "create an account" button |
| | 3 - The application shows the signup form |
| | 4 - The ED inserts his name, surname, nickname, email and password in |
| | form and also ticks on the "Signup as Educator" checkbox |

| | 5 - The ED clicks on the "Register" button 6 - The application checks all the credentials 7 - If credentials are correct the application sends a confirmation email to the ED through the email provider. 8 - The ED clicks on the confirmation link |
|----------------|---|
| Exit condition | The application allows the ED to access to the CKB system |
| Exceptions | The email address is already linked to an account. In this case an error message is shown and the ED is redirected to the profile creation settings. Invalid password if it is shorter than 8 characters, if it doesn't have at least 1 number and/or 1 capital letter and/or a special character. In this case an error message is shown and the ED is redirected to the profile creation settings. The nickname is already used. An error is shown and the ED is redirected to the profile creation settings. |

Table 3.2: Signup as ED use case

UC2. Signup as ST

| Actor | ST, email provider |
|------------------|---|
| Entry conditions | The ST is not already registered in CKB and has to search the CKB URL in the |
| | browser search bar |
| Event Flow | 1 - The application shows the login form |
| | 2 - The ST clicks on "create an account" button |
| | 3 - The application shows the signup form |
| | 4 - the ST inserts his name, surname, nickname and password in the form |
| | 5 - The ST clicks on the "Register" button |
| | 6 - The application checks all the credentials |
| | 7 - if credentials are correct the application sends a confirmation email to the ST |
| | through an email provider. |
| | 8 - The ST clicks on the confirmation link |
| | |
| Exit condition | The application allows the ST to access to the CKB system |

| Exceptions | The email address is already linked to an account. In this case an ermessage is shown and the ST is redirected to the profile creation setting. Invalid password if it is shorter than 8 characters, if it doesn't have at least number and/or 1 capital letter and/or a special character. In this case an error message is shown and the ST is redirected to the profile creat settings. The nickname is already used. An error is shown and the ST is redirected to the profile creation settings. |
|------------|---|

Table 3.3: Signup as ST use case

UC3. Login

| Actor | Users |
|------------------|---|
| Entry conditions | The User should be registered in CKB and has to search the CKB URL in |
| | browser search bar |
| Event Flow | 1- The application shows the login form |
| | 2- The User insert his mail and password in the form |
| | 3- The User clicks on the "Login" button |
| | 4- The system check the credentials |
| | |
| Exit condition | The application allows the user to access to the CKB system |
| | |
| Exceptions | Incorrect email or password. An error message is shown and the User is redirect |
| | back to the Login page |

Table 3.4: Login use case

UC4. Create a Tournament

| Actor | ED |
|------------------|---|
| Entry conditions | ED is correctly logged in. The ED has decided to create a Tournament. The |
| | is on his profile page. |

| Event Flow | 1- The ED clicks on "Create a Tournament" button |
|----------------|--|
| | 2- CKB return the create Tournament form |
| | 3- The ED writes the Tournament name, sets the deadline for STs to subscribe |
| | and chooses and writes the other EDs nicknames to grant them permissions to |
| | create new Battles |
| | 4- CKB stores the data of the Tournament |
| | 5- CKB sends a notification to the chosen EDs |
| | 6- CKB notifies all the STs of the creation of the Tournament |
| | 7- CKB return the Tournament main page |
| Exit condition | The Tournament is correctly created and a confirmation message is shown to the |
| | ED |
| Exceptions | • The Tournament's name is null or already exists. An error message is |
| | shown and the ED is redirected back to create Tournament settings. |
| | • The EDs chosen are non-existent, or the creator chooses other ED that |
| | have already permission in this Tournament. An error message is shown |
| | to the ED and the ED is redirected to create Tournament settings. |
| | • The Deadline is a date before the day the Tournament is created. An error |
| | message is shown to the ED and a new Deadline has to be chosen and the |
| | ED is redirected to create Tournament settings. |
| | |
| | |

Table 3.5: Create a Tournament use case

UC5. Join a Tournament

| Actor | ST |
|------------------|---|
| Entry conditions | The Student is correctly logged in. The Student has decided to join a Tourna- |
| | ment. |
| Event Flow | 1- The Student search the name of a Tournament into the search box |
| | 2- CKB returns the result from the search. |
| | 3- The Student clicks on the new Tournament's name. |
| | 4- CKB redirects the Student to the main page of the Tournament. |
| | 5- The Student clicks on the "Join Tournament" button. |
| | 6- CKB saves the Student as one of the competitors of the Tournamen |
| | 7- CKB shows a confirm message and redirects the Student to the page that |
| | contains the current Leaderboard of the Tournament. |

| Exit condition | The Student is now part of the Tournament and will be notified whenever a r |
|----------------|---|
| | Battle will be available. |
| | |
| Exceptions | Nothing is found from the research. In this case the user will be redire back to the home page. The Tournament already ended. In this case is shown an error messathe User is redirected to the final leaderboard of the Tournament. The student already joined the Tournament. In this case CKB will not shany error messages, but will redirect the Student to the current Leaderboard of the Tournament. The Deadline already expired. An error message is shown and the ST redirected back to the Home Page. |

Table 3.6: Join a Tournament use case

UC6. Create a Battle

| Actor | ED |
|------------------|--|
| Entry conditions | ED is logged in. ED is in the Tournament page. ED has decided to cre |
| | Battle |
| Event Flow | 1- ED clicks on "Create new Battle" button |
| | 2- CKB redirect ED to the create Battle form |
| | 3- ED writes the Battle name |
| | 4- ED sets the minimum and maximum number of students per group |
| | 5- CBK checks the Battle name, the minimum and the maximum |
| | 6- CKB redirect ED to the upload code kata form |
| | 7- ED uploads the code kata to be resolved |
| | 8- CKB save the code kata sended |
| | 9- CKB redirect ED to the deadline and additional condition form |
| | 10- ED sets a registration deadline |
| | 11- ED sets a final submission deadline |
| | 12- ED sets additional configurations for scoring |
| | 13- CKB check deadline |
| | 14- CKB create a new Battle |
| | 15- CKB sends a notification to all STs subscribed to the Tournament |

| Exit condition | The Battle is correctly created and the ED is redirected to the Battle main page |
|----------------|--|
| Exceptions | The Battle's name is null or already exists. An error message is shown, the ED is redirected back to the create Battle settings. The maximum number of students per group is lesser than the minimum. An error message is shown to the ED and the ED is redirected to the create Battle settings. The minimum number of students per group is lesser or equal than zero. An error message is shown to the ED and the ED is redirected to the create Battle settings. |

Table 3.7: Create a Battle use case

UC7. Join a Battle

| Actor | ST |
|------------------|--|
| Entry conditions | The Student is correctly logged in and it is in the Tournament main page (the |
| | one with the leaderboard). The Student has decided to join a Battle. |
| Event Flow | 1- The Student click on the button "Go to Battles" |
| | 2- CKB redirects the student to the page that has the list of all the Battles of |
| | the Tournament. |
| | 3- The Student clicks on the "subscribe" button near the Battle name. |
| | 4- CKB redirects the Student to the CreateGroup page of the Battle. |
| | 5- CKB redirects the Student to the CreateGroup page of the Battle. |
| Exit condition | The Student, after the subscription deadline end, will be able to create a group |
| | and then confirm the participation to the Battle |
| Exceptions | The Student isn't in the Tournament that this Battle is part of. In this case CKB shows an error message, the User is redirected back to his main page/dashboard The Battle already ended or already started. In this case CKB shows an error message, the User is redirected to the final leaderboard of the Battle. The student already joined the Battle. In this case CKB will not show any error messages, but will redirect the Student to the CreateGroup page. |

Table 3.8: Join a Battle use case

UC8. Create a group and Battle confirmation

| Actor | ST |
|------------------|---|
| Entry conditions | The Student is correctly logged in and it is in the CreateGroup page. The Student |
| | has decided to join a Battle. |
| Event Flow | 1- The Student clicks on the "invite" button and then inserts another studer |
| | nickname. |
| | 2- CBK checks if the student joined the competition and notifies other stude |
| | of an invitation. |
| | 3- the other student can decide to accept or reject the invitation clicking on |
| | "accept" or "reject" button inside the notification. |
| | 4- CKB shows to the Student that creates the group the different state of |
| | various invitation requests (3 state : accepted, rejected, pending)(only the fi |
| | n-invited players that accept the invite are considered part of the group)(wh |
| | n is the upper bound threshold). |
| | 5- The Student can click on the "Join Battle" button. |
| | 6- CKB checks if the number of members respect the limits given by educat |
| | during the Battle creation. |
| | 7- CKB saves the Student and the group as one of the competitors of the Bat |
| | 8- CKB shows a confirmation message and redirects all the Students to the gro |
| | to the main page of the Battle (the one with the leaderboard). |
| Exit condition | The Student is now a competitor in the Battle and he can starts committed |
| | after the creation group deadline expires |
| Exceptions | • The group already joined the Battle. In this case CKB will not show a |
| | error messages, but will redirect the Student to the current Leaderboa |
| | of the Battle. |
| | • The number of students in the group is wrong. CKB will show an er |
| | and redirect the students to the CreateGroup page. |
| | • If the creation group deadline and all the students without group or all |
| | groups not confirmed will be kicked out from the Battle |
| | • if the invited student has not already joined in the competition or if |
| | nickname does not exist, CKB sends an error and redirects the ST to |
| | CreateGroup page. |
| İ | |

Table 3.9: Create a group and Battle confirmation use case

UC9. Open a profile

| Actor | ST or ED |
|------------------|---|
| Entry conditions | The User is logged in. The User should be in a leaderboard (both Battle or |
| | Tournament) page for retreiving a ST profile from it or an ED profile from the |
| | owner name of the Tournament (or from the list of all the EDs) |
| Event Flow | 1- User clicks on a ST's nickname (from the leaderboard) or ED's nickname (from |
| | the Tournament owner or from the list of all the EDs) |
| | 2- CKB returns the profile page of the selected User |
| Exit condition | User is able to know particular information of the User that he had selected |
| Exceptions | The User is not found. In this case the User will be redirected back to the |
| | brevious page. |

Table 3.10: Open a profile use case

UC10. Search for a profile

| Actor | ST or ED |
|------------------|---|
| Entry conditions | The User is logged in |
| Event Flow | 1- User clicks on the search bar |
| | 2- User writes another User's nickname or a keyword of it |
| | 3- CKB returns the list of the Users that contain the written keyword in their |
| | nickname |
| Exit condition | User is able to find the User that he was searching |
| Exceptions | None is found from the research. In this case the user will be redirected back to |
| | the previous page. |

Table 3.11: Search for a profile use case

UC11. Search for a Tournament

| Actor | ST or ED |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Entry conditions | The User is logged in |
| Event Flow | 1- User clicks on the search bar |

| | 2- User writes a Tournament's name or a keyword of it |
|----------------|---|
| | 3- CKB returns the list of the Tournaments that contain the written keyword |
| | their name |
| Exit condition | User is able to find the Tournament that he was searching |
| Exceptions | Nothing is found from the research. In this case the user will be redirected by |
| | to the previous page. |

Table 3.12: Search for a Tournament use case

3.2.4. Mapping on goals

G1 - Allow an ED to create a Tournament.

- R1: CKB allows unregistered Users to sign up.
- R2: CKB allows registered EDs to login.
- R4: CKB allows EDs to create Tournaments.
- R5: CKB allows EDs to grant the permissions of a Tournament to other EDs.
- R15: CKB allows EDs to choose which badges to award in a certain Tournament.
- R17: CKB allows EDs to close a Tournament.
- R27: CKB sends notifications to every ST when a new Tournament is created.

G2 - Allow a ST to subscribe to a specific Tournament before the registration deadline.

- R1: CKB allows unregistered Users to sign up.
- R3: CKB allows registered STs to login.
- R20: CKB allows STs to join a Tournament.
- R39: CKB allows STs to check the list of ongoing Tournaments.

- R43: CKB sends notification to every ST involved in a Tournament when the Tournament is closed and the final ranks are available.
- R46: CKB shall communicate with the mailing system in order to allow Users to register their account.

G3 - Allow an ED to create a Battle.

- R6: CKB allows EDs to create Battles.
- R7: CKB allows EDs to uploads the code kata of a Battle.
- R8: CKB allows EDs to set the minimum and the maximum number of STs per group of a Battle.
- R9: CKB allows EDs to set a registration deadline of a Battle.
- R10: CKB allows EDs to set a submission deadline of a Battle.
- R11: CKB allows EDs to set additional configuration for the scoring system of a Battle.
- R12: CKB allows EDs to set functional aspects for the scoring system of a Battle.
- R16: CKB allows EDs to assing a score manually during the consolidation stage.
- R28: CKB sends notifications when a new Battle is created to every ST which is participating in the Tournament that the Battle is part of.
- R30: CKB creates a GH repository of the code kata when the registration deadline for the Battle expires.
- R31: CKB sends the link of the GH repository to every STG that participates in the Battle.
- R32: CKB evaluates the STG's work every time a push is made on GH and calculates Battle score for the STG.
- R33: CKB updates the Battle leaderboard once a new score is registered.
- R46: CKB shall communicate with the mailing system in order to allow Users to register their account.

G4 - Allow any User to visualize the profile of other Users and their Badges.

- R18: CKB allows EDs to visualize the profile of another User.
- R19: CKB allows STs to visualize the profile of another User.
- R25: CKB stores the informations about the Users.
- R26: CKB shall ensure security of data.

G5 - Allow a ST to subscribe to a specific Battle before the registration deadline.

- R21: CKB allows STs to join a Battle.
- R22: CKB allows STs to create a new STG.
- R23: CKB allows STs to join a STG.
- R24: CKB allows STs to invite other STs in their STG.
- R29: CKB sends notifications to a ST when he receives an invitation to be part of STG.
- R31: CKB sends the link of the GH repository to every STG that participates in the Battle.

G6 - Allow STs to submit their code before the submission deadline.

- R16: CKB allows EDs to assing a score manually during the consolidation stage.
- R32: CKB evaluates the STG's work every time a push is made on GH and calculates Battle score for the STG.
- R33: CKB updates the Battle leaderboard once a new score is registered.
- R34: CKB updates the Tournament leaderboard once a new score is registered.
- R37: CKB allows EDs to analyze the code of a STG.

- R38: CKB sends notification to every ST involved in a Tournament when the Tournament is closed and the final ranks are available.
- R44: CKB shall communicate with the GH API in order to calculate a new score every time a push action is made by a STG.
- R45: CKB shall communicate with the external tool in order to calculate the score of a STG.
- R47: STs need to fork the GH repository of the Battle they are participating in.
- R48: STs need to push their code in the GH repository in order to have their code evaluated.

G7 - Allow an ED to set badges for deserving STs.

- R13: CKB allows EDs to create new badges.
- R14: CKB allows EDs to choose the rules related to the awarding of badges.
- R15: CKB allows EDs to choose which badges to award in a certain Tournament.
- R49: CKB shall assign the badges to all STs that fullfill their requirements.

G8 - Allow any User to view the result and the progress of a Tournament.

- R34: CKB updates the Tournament leaderboard once a new score is registered.
- R40: CKB allows EDs to check the list of ongoing Tournaments.
- R41: CKB allows STs to check the leaderboard of a Tournaments.
- R42: CKB allows EDs to check the leaderboard of a Tournaments.
- R43: CKB sends notification to every ST involved in a Tournament when the Tournament is closed and the final ranks are available.

G9 - Allow any User to view the results of a Battle.

- R33: CKB updates the Battle leaderboard once a new score is registered.
- R35: CKB allows STs to check the leaderboard of a Battle.
- R36: CKB allows EDs to check the leaderboard of a Battle.

3.3. Performance requirements

Number of concurrent users: According to recent research, Codewars, a website that has similar use cases of CKB, has about 1.8 million users. If we're optimistic, we want our app to attract around 25% of those users, which means it should be able to handle up to 500,000 users. This is important for making sure our app works well for a good number of people, giving them a smooth and enjoyable experience similar to what Codewars offers.

Data storage: CKB needs to save and manage all the details about both STs and EDs. Additionally, it has to store information about all the Tournaments, including the associated Battles. When a Tournament is closed all the data about it won't be canceled and a reference of it and of the Battles remains in the ED's page.

Time response: Every operation that is directly executed by CKB, i.e. login, create, join and evaluate, should be in the domain of milliseconds. Other operations such as the ones that involve GH, the mailing system and the External Tools cannot be guaranteed by CKB itself.

3.4. Design constraints

3.4.1. Standard compliance

The system must be compliant to the EU's GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation), a set of regulations that is designed in order to protect the personal data, the privacy and security of the EU's citizens.

3.4.2. Hardware limitations

The only hardware limitations are the support for a reliable internet connection and for a Web Browser.

3.5. Software system attributes

3.5.1. Reliability

The system has to be fault tolerant in order to prevent the propagation of errors and to guarantee a continuous usability of the system.

3.5.2. Availability

The system must be available the most time possible, with a minimum value of 99.9% (three-nines) of time. In this way the system will be unavailable for only 8.76 hours a year.

It shall be prevented a case scenario in which a mainta break occurs near to Battle's end, therefore there must be as few maintenance breaks as possible, with them possibly at nightime.

3.5.3. Security

The system must control the access rights of the users. The system shall grant both authentication, verifying the identity of the users that attempt to login and authorization, verifying the permission of the already logged users to perform certain requested actions. Measures to protect the database will be adopted, such as defense against query injections, and password and users' personal data stored will be encrypted.

3.5.4. Maintainability

The system must be designed using scalable and reusable models in order to permit future addition of features with minimum effort. Ordinary maintenance has to be scheduled at nightime, in order to keep the services available when the user traffic is high.

3.5.5. Portability

The system must be accessible by the users from every kind of Web Browser. There are no particular portability requirements server side.

4 Formal Analysis Using Alloy

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat. Duis aute irure dolor in reprehenderit in voluptate velit esse cillum dolore eu fugiat nulla pariatur. Excepteur sint occaecat cupidatat non proident, sunt in culpa qui officia deserunt mollit anim id est laborum.



5 | Effort Spent

| Member of group | Effort spent | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----|--|
| | Introduction | 0h | |
| | Overall description | 0h | |
| Ballabio Giacomo | Specific requirements | 0h | |
| | Formal analysis | 0h | |
| | Reasoning | 0h | |
| Benelle Francesco | Introduction | 0h | |
| | Overall description | 0h | |
| | Specific requirements | 0h | |
| | Formal analysis | 0h | |
| | Reasoning | 0h | |
| | Introduction | 0h | |
| | Overall description | 0h | |
| Cavallotti Alberto | Specific requirements | 0h | |
| | Formal analysis | 0h | |
| | Reasoning | 0h | |

Table 5.1: Effort spent by each member of the group.



6 References

6.0.1. References

6.0.2. Used Tools

- GitHub for project versioning and sharing.
- ullet LATEX and VSCode as editor for writing this document.
- sequencediagram.org for the sequence diagrams' design.
- draw.io for the other diagrams' design.
- Alloy for formal analysis.
- Google Documents for collaborative writing, notes and reasoning.



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