

SCUOLA DI INGEGNERIA INDUSTRIALE E DELL'INFORMAZIONE

# Software Engineering 2 Requirements Analysis and Specification Document

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# Contents

C	onter	nts	i
1	Intr	roduction	1
	1.1	Purpose	2
		1.1.1 Goals	2
	1.2	Scope	2
		1.2.1 World Phenomena	2
		1.2.2 Shared phenomena	2
	1.3	Definition, Acronyms, Abbreviations	5
	1.4	Revision history	6
	1.5	Reference Documents	6
	1.6	Document Structure	6
<b>2</b>	Ove	erall Description	7
	2.1	Product perspesctive	8
		2.1.1 Scenarios	8
		2.1.2 Class diagrams	9
		2.1.3 State diagrams	10
	2.2	Product functions	16
		2.2.1 Requirements	16
		2.2.2 Use cases	16
	2.3	User characteristic	16
	2.4	Assumptions, dependencies and constraints	17
		2.4.1 Domain assumptions	17
3	Spe	ecific Requirements 1	19
	3.1	<del>-</del>	20
		-	20

		3.1.2	Hardware interfaces	20
		3.1.3	Software interfaces	20
		3.1.4	Communication interfaces	20
	3.2	Functi	onal requirements	20
		3.2.1	Requirements	20
		3.2.2	Mapping on goals	22
		3.2.3	Use case diagrams	22
		3.2.4	Use cases	22
	3.3	Perfor	mance requirements	30
	3.4	Design	constraints	30
		3.4.1	Standard compliance	30
		3.4.2	Hardware limitations	30
		3.4.3	Any other constraints	31
	3.5	Softwa	re system attributes	31
		3.5.1	Reliability	31
		3.5.2	Availability	31
		3.5.3	Security	31
		3.5.4	Maintainability	31
		3.5.5	Portability	31
4	Form	mal Ar	nalysis Using Alloy	33
5	Effo	rt Spe	$\mathbf{nt}$	35
6	Refe	erences	5	37
$\mathbf{Li}$	st of	Figure	es	39
$_{ m Li}$	st of	Tables	5	41

# 1 Introduction

Online coding challenges and platforms have become an essential resource for programmers and developers in the modern tech landscape. These platforms provide a versatile means to enhance coding skills, offer practical learning experiences, and promote a competitive and engaging approach to problem-solving. Additionally, participation in such platforms can prepare individuals for tech industry job interviews, as many companies utilize similar coding challenges during their recruitment processes. In summary, these online coding challenge platforms are invaluable tools for skill development, community engagement, and professional growth in the ever-evolving field of programming.

What makes the CodeKataBattle platform even more compelling is the involvement of experienced educators who create coding battles. These experts design challenges that are not only instructive but also thought-provoking, ensuring a rich and educational experience for participants.

Moreover, these platforms often facilitate the creation of groups, enabling collaborative problem-solving and enhancing team working skills. Users can form teams, tackle challenges together, and learn from one another's approaches. This group dynamic adds an extra layer of motivation and shared learning experiences, enhancing the value of these platforms for participants.

2 1 Introduction

# 1.1. Purpose

# 1.1.1. Goals

# 1.2. Scope

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### 1.2.1. World Phenomena

ID	Description
WP1	The ED wants to create a Tournament
WP2	The ST wants to join a Tournament
WP3	The ED wants to create a Battle
WP4	The ST wants to join a Battle
WP5	The ST wants to create a STG for a Battle
WP6	The ST wants to fork the repository on GH
WP7	The ST wants to push their code on GH
WP8	The ST wants to search another User profile
WP9	The ED wants to search another User profile
WP10	The ST wants to search a Tournament
WP11	The ED wants to search a Tournament
WP12	The ST wants to check the rankings of a Battle
WP13	The ED wants to check the rankings of a Battle
WP14	The ST wants to check the rankings of a Tournament
WP15	The ED wants to check the rankings of a Tournament

Table 1.1: World Phenomenas.

# 1.2.2. Shared phenomena

ID	Description	${f Controller}$	Observer
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1 Introduction 3

SP1	The ED creates an account in the CKB system	ED	CKB
SP2		ED	CKB
512	The ED logs in his account in the CKB system		CKD
CD2	The FD loss out of his account from the CKP	ED	CKB
SP3	The ED logs out of his account from the CKB system	ED	CND
SP4	The ED creates a tournament	ED	CKB
	CKB adds the tournament to the ED's tour-	CKB	ED
SP5	nament list	CKD	
SP6	The ED can checks his tournament list	ED	CKB
SP7	The ED grants other EDs the permission to	ED	CKB
CDO	create battles within a tournament	ED	CLID
SP8	The ED creates a battle in a specific tourna-	ED	CKB
GD o	ment	CLUD	- ID
SP9	CBK adds the battle to the ED's battle list	CKB	ED
SP10	The ED can checks his battle list	ED	CKB
SP11	The ED uploads the code kata in the battle	ED	CKB
SP12	The ED sets the minimum and the maximum	ED	CKB
	number of students per group for the battle		
SP13	The ED sets a registration deadline to the	ED	CKB
	battle		
SP14	The ED sets a final submission deadline to	ED	CKB
	the battle		
SP15	The ED sets additional configurations for	ED	CKB
	scoring in the battle		
SP16	The ED sets the badges that STs could be	ED	CKB
	awarded in the battle		
SP17	The ED sets the parameters of the badges	ED	CKB
	that STs could be awarded in the battle		
SP18	The ST creates an account in the CKB sys-	ST	CKB
	tem		
SP19	The ST logs in his account in the CKB sys-	ST	CKB
	tem		
SP20	The ST logs out of his account from the CKB	ED	CKB
	system		
	i .	I .	1

4 1 Introduction

SP21	CKB notifies STs that a tournament has been	CKB	ST
	created		
SP22	The ST subscribes to a specific tournament	ST	CKB
	before the registration deadline		
SP23	CKB notifies STs that a battle has been cre-	CKB	ST
	ated		
SP24	The ST subscribes to a specific battle before	ST	CKB
	the registration deadline		
SP25	CKB adds the tournament to the ST's battle	CKB	ST
	list		
SP26	The ST creates a STg for the battle	ST	CKB
SP27	The ST invites other STs to join his STG for	ST	CKB
	a battle		
SP28	CKB sends a notification to the ST when he	CKB	ST
	receives ain invitation to join a STG		
SP29	The ST accepts other ST's invitations to join	ST	CKB
	their STG fot a battle		
SP30	CKB adds the STs to the STG	CKB	ST
SP31	CKB creates a GH repository containing the	CKB	ST
	code kata and sends the lik to all STs regis-		
	tered in the battle		
SP32	The ST commits a new version of his code	ST	CKB
SP33	CKB runs the tests on the source code	CKB	ST
SP34	CKB updates the score of the STG on the	CKB	ST
	battle's leaderboard		
SP35	CKB updates the score of the ST on the tour-	CKB	ST
	nament's leaderboard		
SP36	STs can view the current ranks evolving dur-	ST	CKB
	ing the battle		
SP37	EDs can view the current ranks evolving dur-	ED	CKB
	ing the battle		_
SP38	During the consolidation stage, EDs can	ED	CKB
	manually modify the scores		
SP39	CKB notifies all STs when the final battle	CKB	ST
51.00	ranks are available		) <u>1</u>
	Talled at a valuable		

1 Introduction 5

SP40	The ED closes the tournament	ED	CKB
SP41	CKB notifies all the STs involved in the tour-	CKB	ST
	nament when the final ranks of the tourna-		
	ment are available		
SP42	STs can view the current ranks evolving dur-	ST	CKB
	ing the tournament		
SP43	EDs can view the current ranks evolving dur-	ED	CKB
	ing the tournament		
SP44	CKB assigns the badges to the STs	CKB	ST
SP45	The ST can visualize the profile of other ST	ST	CKB
	or ED		
SP46	The ED can visualize the profile of other ST	ED	CKB
	or ED		

Table 1.2: Shared Phenomenas.

# 1.3. Definition, Acronyms, Abbreviations

Acronyms	Definition
RASD	Requirements Analysis & Specification Document
ST	Student
ED	Educator
STG	Student Group
CKB	CodaKataBattle
GH	GitHub
User	All STs and EDs
API	Application Programming Interface
DAX	Domain Assumption X
SPX	Shared Phenomena X
WPX	World Phenomena X
RX	Requirement X

Table 1.3: Acronyms used in the document.

6 1 Introduction

# 1.4. Revision history

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#### 1.5. Reference Documents

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#### 1.6. Document Structure

The document is divided into six sections, each with its unique focus, as outlined below.

**Introduction:** In the first section, we lay out the project's objectives, purposes, and offer a concise examination of global and shared phenomena. This section also includes a compilation of abbreviations and definitions that are essential for comprehending the problem.

**Overall Description:** The second section provides a comprehensive overview of the problem. It delves into further details about the domain and various scenarios involved, in addition to discussing product and user characteristics, assumptions, dependencies and constraints.

**Specific Requirements:** The third section is dedicated to an in-depth analysis of the specific requirements. It offers detailed insights into external interface requirements, functional requirements, and performance requirements.

Formal Analysis Using Alloy: The fourth section employs Alloy to conduct a formal analysis. This chapter's primary purpose is to validate the accuracy of the model described in the preceding sections. It focuses on presenting the results of the conducted checks and meaningful assertions.

Effort Spent: Section five outlines the individual efforts contributed by each group member to compose this document.

**References:** The final section serves as a bibliography, listing the references and additional resources used in the creation of this document.

# 2 Overall Description

# 2.1. Product perspesctive

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#### 2.1.1. Scenarios

#### Scenario 1: Unregistered ST creates an account.

Bhristian Ciffi wants to improve his skills in coding, so he decides to join CKB. First he opens the website and clicks on the "Sign-Up" button, so he proceeds to insert his eMail, password, name, surname and a nickname in order to create a new account. Then, Bhristian will receive a confirmation mail to activate the account. Once the creation of the account is completed he'll be free to join his first competition.

#### Scenario 2: ED creates a new Tournament.

DumbTurkey, who is a Software Engineering teacher and an ED for CKB in his free time, wants to test STs with his new Tournament regarding the various phases of the creation of a calculator that resolves differential equations in Java, so he creates a new Tournament by clicking in his home page on the "Create a Tournament" button. Then he inserts the name of the Tournament, the students' subscription deadline and he clicks on the "Confirm" button. As soon as the Tournament is created he grants to Gianbrambo Bambo, one of his friends, who is also an ED, the permissions to create Battles within the Tournament by clicking on the button "Grant permission" and inserting the Educator's email in the Tournament options. In the meanwhile a notification is sent by CKB to all STs in order to inform them of the creation of the Tournament.

#### Scenario 3: ST joins a Tournament.

Ilbo Glions wants to join a Tournament that he noticed in the "Open Tournament" section on his Homepage and clicks on the Tournament's name. Opening the Tournament Page, he decides to participate in the Tournament, so he clicks on the "Join Tournament" button.

#### Scenario 4: ED creates a Battle.

Bamba Filo, an ED enter in his Tournament Page in order to create a new Battle with the title "Time Series Forecasting Challenge", so he inserts the title in the apposite form, sets the minimum and maximum numbers of participants per each group to be respectively 3 and 5, the registration deadline to 4 days from that moment, the final submission deadline to 15 days and uploads the code kata with a brief description of what the STs have to do. Finally he clicks on the "Confirm" button. Simultaneously a notification is sent to every Student that joined the Tournament.

#### Scenario 5: ST joins a Battle.

Mateo Retegui wants to participate in the "Time Series Forecasting Challenge", a battle created by an ED. After receiving the notification from the ED, he selects the Battle from the link in the notification and he clicks on the "Join the Battle" button. Then he is asked to join or create a Group in order to participate, so he clicks on the "Create a Group" button, so he can set the Group's name to be "TheCEOs" and sends the invitations to some of his friends. Finally, once the Group is full he clicks on "Confirm the Group". Once the registration deadline expires, he will see the GitHub Repository link on the main page of the Battle, so he proceeds to fork the repository and starts coding.

#### 2.1.2. Class diagrams

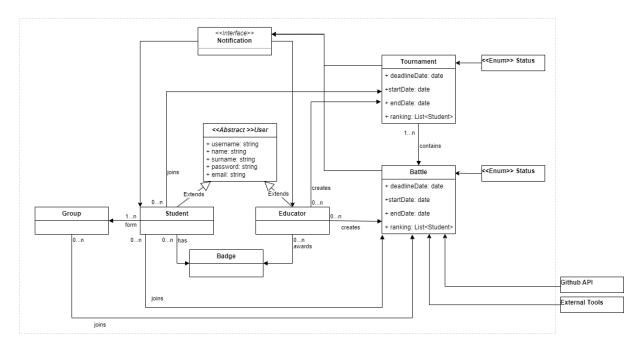


Figure 2.1: High level Class Diagram

Student and Educator Classes are implemented by extending the abstract Class 'User', since their attributes are almost the same, in fact the username, name, surname, email and password strings are in common for both the classes.

Educators may create new instances of the Tournament Class, which contains the Battles. There are two different enumerations (one for Tournament, the other for Battle) in order to implement and to keep record of the current status of the Tournament or the Battle. The current rankings are saved using List<Student> in the correct classes.

Educators can also set one or more badges to be awarded to deserving students. Battle Class may interact with the external Tools (like the GitHub API and the Tools for the code testing).

The Notification Interface is used to send different kinds of notification to STs and EDs when a new Tournament or Battle is created, or during the various phases of the competition, or when a ST invites other STs to join a group.

#### 2.1.3. State diagrams

Signup. When a user wishes to register on CKB, they are required to input their credentials, including their name, surname, email, nickname, and password in a registration form. If the provided credentials are deemed valid (ensuring that the email or nickname is not already in use, and the password meets the criteria of being at least 8 characters long, containing at least one capital letter, a number, and a special character), CKB will send an email to the user. Upon the user confirming the registration through the provided email link, the new account is successfully created. If the credentials are not correct CKB shows an error message to the User and redirects him to the registration form page.

Furthermore, if the user selects the option "Register as a new Educator" during the registration process, CKB will enhance the account with additional permissions. These permissions may include the ability to create tournaments or battles.

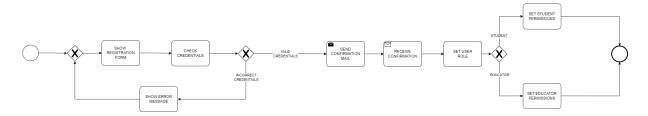


Figure 2.2: Signup state diagram

Login. When a registered user attempts to log in to their CKB account, they must enter their credentials (email and password) into a login form. If the provided credentials are accurate—matching those of a registered user in the CKB database—CKB displays the user's homepage, showcasing tournaments and ongoing battles in which the user is participating. On the other hand, if the entered credentials are invalid, CKB presents an error message to the user and redirects them back to the login form page.

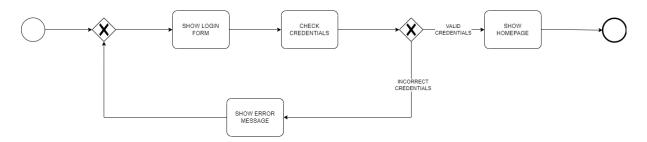


Figure 2.3: Login state diagram

Create a Tournament. When an ED intends to create a new tournament on CKB, he is required to input various parameters in the create tournament form. These parameters include the tournament name and the registration deadline for the STs. In addition to these parameters, the ED can invite other EDs to join this tournament, through a notification sent by CKB, to help him create new battles. If any of these parameters are deemed unacceptable by the system, CKB displays an error message to the ED and redirects him back to the create tournament form page.

Conversely, if all parameters meet the system's criteria, CKB proceeds to create the tournament. The newly created tournament is then added to the ED's tournaments list, and a notification is sent to all STs to inform them of the availability of a new tournament.

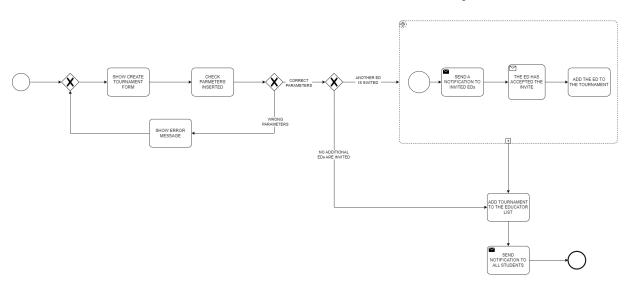


Figure 2.4: Create a Tournament state diagram

Create a Battle. Once a tournament is created, an ED has the option to create a new battle within it. To do so, the ED is required to input various parameters in the create battle form. These parameters encompass the battle name, code kata, registration deadline, submission deadline, minimum and maximum members per STG, and any ad-

ditional rules for evaluation. In the event that any of these parameters are considered unacceptable by the system, CKB displays an error message to the ED and redirects them back to the create tournament form page.

Conversely, if all parameters meet the system's criteria, CKB proceeds to create the battle. The newly created battle is then added to the ED's list of battles, and a notification is sent to all STs registered to the tournament where the battle resides, informing them that a new battle is now available.

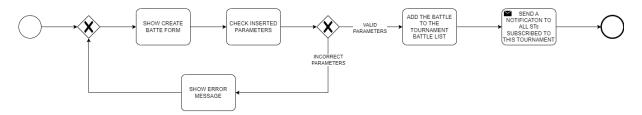


Figure 2.5: Create a Battle state diagram

Join a Tournament. When a new tournament is created, a ST receives a notification or discovers it on the homepage. At this point, the ST can choose to join the tournament. If the ST is not yet registered for that specific tournament, CKB not only adds the tournament to the ST's tournament list but also includes the ST in the participant list of the newly created tournament. This ensures that the ST is officially registered as a participant, allowing him to engage in the battles.

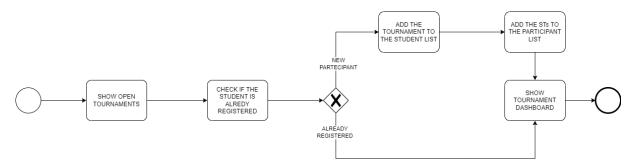


Figure 2.6: Join a Tournament state diagram

Join a Battle. Once a ST has registered for a tournament, and a new battle is created within it, the ST has the option to join a specific battle. CKB performs a check to verify if the registration deadline for the chosen battle has not expired. If the ST is within the allowed timeframe, CKB adds the ST to the list of participants for that battle and directs them to the create group page where they can further engage in the competition.

However, if the registration deadline has already expired, CKB displays an error message to the ST, notifying them of the expiration, and redirects them to the tournament dashboard with the respective battle. This ensures that participants are aware of the registration timeline and can take timely actions to join the battles of their choice.

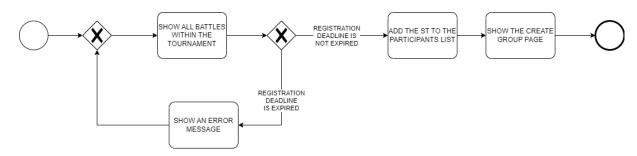


Figure 2.7: Join a Battle state diagram

Create a Group. The ability to create a group within a battle is granted to STs once they have joined a battle, and the registration deadline has expired. At this point, they are redirected to the create group form, where they can invite other STs to join their STG. The process involves the ST entering a nickname, and upon verification by CKB that the ST with that nickname has also joined the same battle, a notification is sent to the invited ST, enabling them to join the STG.

Upon receiving a notification, a ST has the option to respond, and upon acceptance, the ST is added to the STG, becoming a participant in the battle. This invitation process is replicated for each ST that the group creator wishes to invite. Once the group is formed, the ST who initiated the STG can confirm the group, but only if the minimum and maximum number of group members are adhered to. Once confirmed, the STG is ready to actively participate in the battle.

However, if an invited ST is not part of the battle, a ST accepts the invitation after the deadline, or the group creation deadline has expired, CKB displays an error message to the respective ST, informing them of the issue and guiding them accordingly. This ensures that the group creation and participation adhere to the specified deadlines and criteria.

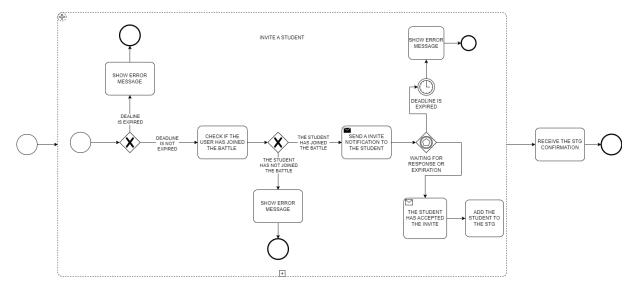


Figure 2.8: Create a Group state diagram

**Evaluate the code.** During the consolidation stage, once all commits have been completed and no further changes are possible, an ED has the option to manually inspect a STG code. The ED can download the code from the battle dashboard for thorough examination. After reviewing the code, the ED can then modify the score assigned to the STG, which was previously assessed by external tools automatically during each commit.

To facilitate this, CKB provides a form that allows the ED to input the adjusted score. However, before updating the score, CKB checks whether the new score adheres to predefined boundaries, such as being non-negative or not exceeding 100. If the new score meets these criteria, CKB successfully updates the score for the STG.

In the event that the new score falls outside the specified boundaries, CKB displays an error message to the ED and redirects them to the evaluate code form.

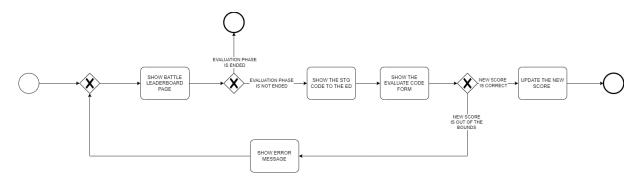


Figure 2.9: Evaluate the code state diagram

**Open a profile.** If a user wishes to view another user's profile, including badges and other relevant information, they can do so by clicking on the user's nickname in various dashboards, such as the tournament dashboard or the group composition. Upon clicking the nickname, CKB displays the profile of the selected user to provide the desired information. This feature allows users to easily access and view the profiles of others within the platform.

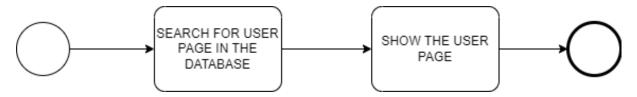


Figure 2.10: Open a profile state diagram

**Search for a profile.** In addition to opening a user profile by clicking the nickname in a dashboard, Users also have the option to use the search bar. By entering a nickname or a keyword in the search bar, CKB will display a list of Users whose nickname contain the entered keyword. Users can then click on a specific User from the search results to open and view their profile, providing a convenient and flexible way to access User information within the platform.



Figure 2.11: Search for a profile state diagram

**Search for a Tournament.** Users can utilize the search bar to look for tournaments by entering a name or a keyword. When a search query is entered, CKB will present a list of tournaments whose names contain the specified keyword. Users can then click on a particular tournament from the search results, and CKB will redirect them to the tournament dashboard for detailed information and engagement with the selected tournament.



Figure 2.12: Search for a Tournament state diagram

**Logout.** Users can log out from their account at any time by clicking the "Logout" button. Upon clicking the button, CKB terminates the user's session, ensuring that they are securely logged out. Following this action, the user is then redirected to the login page, providing them with the opportunity to rejoin the CKB system if they wish to do so.

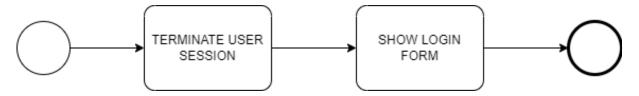


Figure 2.13: Logout state diagram

#### 2.2. Product functions

#### 2.2.1. Requirements

#### 2.2.2. Use cases

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#### 2.3. User characteristic

Essentially, there are two types of registered users in CKB: Students (STs) and Educators (EDs). Here are briefly explained their main characteristics:

- ST: Students join CodeKataBattle in order to prove and improve their skills in coding. They need to have a device with an internet connection and an account in order to have access to CKB, in which they can join Tournaments and Battles to compete with other students.
- ED: Educators join CodeKataBattle, where they can organize Tournaments in which STs can compete, evaluate the STs' works and award them badges.

Both the EDs and the STs need to register an account in order to access CKB. During the registration process their both asked to provide an eMail account.

# 2.4. Assumptions, dependencies and constraints

# 2.4.1. Domain assumptions

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# 3 Specific Requirements

# 3.1. External interface requirements

#### 3.1.1. User interfaces

The CodeKataBattle's user interface will be a website, developed in order to be used both by STs and EDs, available to everybody who has a device with an Internet Browser and a reliable Internet connection.

#### 3.1.2. Hardware interfaces

The system will be accessible from every device with an Internet Browser to access the website and a reliable Internet connection. The user is free to choose his device like a computer, a tablet or a smartphone, despite that, it is suggested to use a computer, which will make it easier to deal with the writing of the code.

#### 3.1.3. Software interfaces

The system requires the GitHub APIs and the External Tools in order to work properly. Also, it will use a mailing system to send confirmation emails to the users during the registration process.

#### 3.1.4. Communication interfaces

The communication Interfaces needed by the system are the HTTPS Protocol and the Mail System Transfer Protocol (SMTP).

# 3.2. Functional requirements

### 3.2.1. Requirements

ID	Description
R1	CKB allows unregistered Users to sign up
R2	CKB allows registered EDs to login
R3	CKB allows registered STs to login
R4	CKB allows EDs to create tournaments
R5	CKB allows EDs to grant the permissions of a tournament to other EDs
R6	CKB allows EDs to create battles

21

R7	CKB allows EDs to uploads the code kata of a battle
R8	CKB allows EDs to set the minimun and the maximum number of STs per group
	of a battle
R9	CKB allows EDs to set a registration deadline of a battle
R10	CKB allows EDs to set a submission deadline of a battle
R11	CKB allows EDs to set additional configuration for the scoring system of a battle
R12	CKB allows EDs to set functional aspects for the scoring system of a battle
R13	CKB allows EDs to create new badges
R14	CKB allows EDs to choose the rules related to the awarding of badges
R15	CKB allows EDs to choose which badges to award in a certain tournament
R16	CKB allows EDs to assing a score manually during the consolidation stage
R17	CKB allows EDs to close a tournament
R18	CKB allows EDs to visualize the profile of another User
R19	CKB allows STs to visualize the profile of another User
R20	CKB allows STs to join a tournament
R21	CKB allows STs to join a battle
R22	CKB allows STs to create a new STG
R23	CKB allows STs to join a STG
R24	CKB allows STs to invite other STs in their STG
R25	CKB stores the informations about the Users
R26	CKB shall ensure security of data
R27	CKB sends notifications to every ST when a new tournament is created
R28	CKB sends notifications when a new battle is created to every ST which is
	participating in the tournament that the battle is part of
R29	CKB sends notifications to a ST when he receives an invitation to be part of
	STG
R30	CKB creates a GH repository of the code kata when the registration deadline for
	the battle expires
R31	CKB sends the link of the GH repository to every STG that participates in the
	battle
R32	CKB evaluates the STG's work every time a push is made on GH and calculates
	battle score for the STG
R33	CKB updates the battle leaderboard once a new score is registered
R34	CKB updates the tournament leaderboard once a new score is registered
R35	CKB allows STs to check the leaderboard of a battle

R36	CKB allows EDs to check the leaderboard of a battle
R37	CKB allows EDs to analyze the code of a STG
R38	CKB sends notifications to every STs participating in the battle once the con-
	solidation stage ends
R39	CKB allows STs to check the list of ongoing tournaments
R40	CKB allows EDs to check the list of ongoing tournaments
R41	CKB allows STs to check the leaderboard of a tournaments
R42	CKB allows EDs to check the leaderboard of a tournaments
R43	CKB sends notification to every ST involved in a tournament when the tourna-
	ment is closed and the final ranks are available
R44	CKB shall communicate with the GH API in order to calculate a new score every
	time a push action is made by a STG
R45	CKB shall communicate with the external tool in order to calculate the score of
	a STG
R46	CKB shall communicate with the mailing system in order to allow Users to
	register their account
R47	STs need to fork the GH repository of the battle they are participating in
R48	STs need to push their code in the GH repository in order to have their code
	evaluated
R49	CKB shall assign the badges to all STs that fullfill their requirements

Table 3.1: Requirements

# 3.2.2. Mapping on goals

# 3.2.3. Use case diagrams

#### 3.2.4. Use cases

In this section, they are explained and represented the main identified use cases. There is a table with entry conditions, event flow, exit conditions and exception for each of them, and a sequence diagram that shows the messages exchanged between the entities and the called functions.

# UC1. Signup as ED

Actor	ED, email provider
Entry conditions	The ED is not already registered in CKB and has to search the CKB URL
	the browser search bar
Event Flow	1 - The application shows the login form
	2 - The ED clicks on "create an account" button
	3 - The application shows the signup form
	4 - The ED inserts his name, surname, nickname, email and password in
	form and also ticks on the "Signup as Educator" checkbox
	5 - The ED clicks on the "Register" button
	6 - The application checks all the credentials
	7 - If credentials are correct the application sends a confirmation email to
	ED through the email provider.
	8 - The ED clicks on the confirmation link
Exit condition	The application allows the ED to access to the CKB system
Exceptions	<ul> <li>The email address is already linked to an account. In this case an er message is shown and the ED is redirected to the profile creation settin</li> <li>Invalid password if it is shorter than 8 characters, if it doesn't have at le 1 number and/or 1 capital letter and/or a special character. In this can error message is shown and the ED is redirected to the profile creat settings.</li> <li>The nickname is already used. An error is shown and the ED is redirected to the profile creation settings.</li> </ul>

Table 3.2: Signup as ED use case

# UC2. Signup as ST

Actor	ST, email provider
Entry conditions	The ST is not already registered in CKB and has to search the CKB URL in
	browser search bar

Event Flow	1 - The application shows the login form
	2 - The ST clicks on "create an account" button
	3 - The application shows the signup form
	4 - the ST inserts his name, surname, nickname and password in the form
	5 - The ST clicks on the "Register" button
	6 - The application checks all the credentials
	7 - if credentials are correct the application sends a confirmation email to the ST
	through an email provider.
	8 - The ST clicks on the confirmation link
Exit condition	The application allows the ST to access to the CKB system
Exceptions	<ul> <li>The email address is already linked to an account. In this case an error message is shown and the ST is redirected to the profile creation settings.</li> <li>Invalid password if it is shorter than 8 characters, if it doesn't have at least 1 number and/or 1 capital letter and/or a special character. In this case an error message is shown and the ST is redirected to the profile creation settings.</li> <li>The nickname is already used. An error is shown and the ST is redirected to the profile creation settings.</li> </ul>

Table 3.3: Signup as ST use case

# UC3. Login

Actor	Users
Entry conditions	The User should be registered in CKB and has to search the CKB URL in the
	browser search bar
Event Flow	1- The application shows the login form
	2- The User insert his mail and password in the form
	3- The User clicks on the "Login" button
	4- The system check the credentials
Exit condition	The application allows the user to access to the CKB system

Exceptions	Incorrect email or password. An error message is shown and the User is redirec
	back to the Login page

Table 3.4: Login use case

### UC4. Create a tournament

Actor	ED
Entry conditions	ED is correctly logged in. The ED has decided to create a tournament. The l
	is on his profile page.
Event Flow	1- The ED clicks on "Create a Tournament" button
	2- CKB return the create tournament form
	3- The ED writes the Tournament name, sets the deadline for STs to subscr
	and chooses and writes the other EDs nicknames to grant them permissions
	create new battles
	4- CKB stores the data of the Tournament
	5- CKB sends a notification to the chosen EDs
	6- CKB notifies all the STs of the creation of the Tournament
	7- CKB return the Tournament main page
Exit condition	The tournament is correctly created and a confirmation message is shown to
	ED
Exceptions	• The Tournament's name is null or already exists. An error message
	shown and the ED is redirected back to create tournament settings.
	• The EDs chosen are non-existent, or the creator chooses other ED the
	have already permission in this Tournament. An error message is sho
	to the ED and the ED is redirected to create tournament settings.
	• The Deadline is a date before the day the Tournament is created. An er
	message is shown to the ED and a new Deadline has to be chosen and
	ED is redirected to create tournament settings.

Table 3.5: Create a tournament use case

# UC5. Join a tournament

Actor	ST
Entry conditions	The Student is correctly logged in. The Student has decided to join a Tourna-
	ment.
Event Flow	1- The Student search the name or the code of a Tournament into the search box
	2- CKB returns the result from the search.
	3- The Student clicks on the new Tournament's name.
	4- CKB redirects the Student to the main page of the Tournament.
	5- The Student clicks on the "Join Tournament" button.
	6- CKB saves the Student as one of the competitors of the Tournamen
	7- CKB shows a confirm message and redirects the Student to the page that
	contains the current Leaderboard of the Tournament.
Exit condition	The Student is now part of the Tournament and will be notified whenever a new
	Battle will be available.
Exceptions	<ul> <li>The Tournament already ended. In this case is shown an error message, the User is redirected to the final leaderboard of the Tournament.</li> <li>The student already joined the Tournament. In this case CKB will not show any error messages, but will redirect the Student to the current Leaderboard of the Tournament.</li> <li>The Deadline already expired. An error message is shown and the ST is redirected back to the Home Page.</li> </ul>

Table 3.6: Join a tournament use case

### UC6. Create a battle

Actor	ED
Entry conditions	ED is logged in. ED is in the Tournament page. ED has decided to create a
	Battle
Event Flow	1- ED clicks on "Create new battle" button
	2- CKB redirect ED to the create battle form
	3- ED writes the Battle name
	4- ED sets the minimum and maximum number of students per group
	5- CBK checks the battle name, the minimum and the maximum
	6- CKB redirect ED to the upload code kata form

	7- ED uploads the code kata to be resolved
	8- CKB save the code kata sended
	9- CKB redirect ED to the deadline and additional condition form
	10- ED sets a registration deadline
	11- ED sets a final submission deadline
	12- ED sets additional configurations for scoring
	13- CKB check deadline
	14- CKB create a new Battle
	15- CKB sends a notification to all STs subscribed to the Tournament
Exit condition	The battle is correctly created and the ED is redirected to the battle main page
Exceptions	• The Battle's name is null or already exists. An error message is shown,
	ED is redirected back to the create battle settings.
	• The maximum number of students per group is lesser than the minimu
	An error message is shown to the ED and the ED is redirected to the cre-
	battle settings.
	• The minimum number of students per group is lesser or equal than ze
	An error message is shown to the ED and the ED is redirected to the cre-
	battle settings.

Table 3.7: Create a battle use case

# UC7. Join a battle

Actor	ST
Entry conditions	The Student is correctly logged in and it is in the Tournament main page (
	one with the leaderboard). The Student has decided to join a Battle.
Event Flow	1- The Student click on the button "Go to battles"
	2- CKB redirects the student to the page that has the list of all the Battles
	the Tournament.
	3- The Student clicks on the "subscribe" button near the battle name.
	4- CKB redirects the Student to the CreateGroup page of the Battle.
	5- CKB redirects the Student to the CreateGroup page of the Battle.
Exit condition	The Student, after the subscription deadline end, will be able to create a gro
	and then confirm the participation to the battle

<ul> <li>The Student isn't in the Tournament that this Battle is part of. It case CKB shows an error message, the User is redirected back to his page/dashboard</li> <li>The Battle already ended or already started. In this case CKB shows error message, the User is redirected to the final leaderboard of the Item of the student already joined the Battle. In this case CKB will not show error messages, but will redirect the Student to the CreateGroup page.</li> </ul>	s main  bws an  Battle.  bw any
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Table 3.8: Join a battle use case

# UC8. Create a group and battle confirmation

Actor	ST
Entry conditions	The Student is correctly logged in and it is in the CreateGroup page. The Student
	has decided to join a Battle.
Event Flow	1- The Student clicks on the "invite" button and then inserts another student's
	nickname.
	2- CBK checks if the student joined the competition and notifies other students
	of an invitation.
	3- the other student can decide to accept or reject the invitation clicking on the
	"accept" or "reject" button inside the notification.
	4- CKB shows to the Student that creates the group the different state of the
	various invitation requests (3 state : accepted, rejected, pending)(only the first
	n-invited players that accept the invite are considered part of the group)(where
	n is the upper bound threshold).
	5- The Student can click on the "Join Battle" button.
	6- CKB checks if the number of members respect the limits given by educators
	during the battle creation.
	7- CKB saves the Student and the group as one of the competitors of the Battle
	8- CKB shows a confirmation message and redirects all the Students to the group
	to the main page of the Battle (the one with the leaderboard).
Exit condition	The Student is now a competitor in the Battle and he can starts committing
	after the creation group deadline expires

	·
Exceptions	<ul> <li>The group already joined the Battle. In this case CKB will not show a error messages, but will redirect the Student to the current Leaderbox of the Battle.</li> <li>The number of students in the group is wrong. CKB will show an er and redirect the students to the CreateGroup page.</li> <li>If the creation group deadline and all the students without group or all the groups not confirmed will be kicked out from the battle.</li> <li>if the invited student has not already joined in the competition or if the nickname does not exist, CKB sends an error and redirects the ST to the CreateGroup page.</li> </ul>

Table 3.9: Create a group and battle confirmation use case

# UC9. Open a profile

Actor	ST or ED
Entry conditions	The User is logged in. The User should be in a leaderboard (both battle
	tournament) page for retreiving a ST profile from it or an ED profile from
	owner name of the tournament (or from the list of all the EDs)
Event Flow	1- User clicks on a ST's nickname (from the leaderboard) or ED's nickname (fr
	the tournament owner or from the list of all the EDs)
	2- CKB returns the profile page of the selected User
Exit condition	User is able to know particular information of the User that he had selected
Exceptions	

Table 3.10: Open a profile use case

# UC10. Search for a profile

Actor	ST or ED
Entry conditions	The User is logged in
Event Flow	1- User clicks on the search bar
	2- User writes another User's nickname or a keyword of it

	3- CKB returns the list of the Users that contain the written keyword in their
	nickname
Exit condition	User is able to find the User that he was searching
Exceptions	

Table 3.11: Search for a profile use case

#### UC11. Search for a tournament

Actor	ST or ED
Entry conditions	The User is logged in
Event Flow	1- User clicks on the search bar
	2- User writes a Tournament's name or a keyword of it
	3- CKB returns the list of the Tournaments that contain the written keyword in
	their name
Exit condition	User is able to find the Tournament that he was searching
Exceptions	

Table 3.12: Search for a tournament use case

# 3.3. Performance requirements

# 3.4. Design constraints

# 3.4.1. Standard compliance

The system must be compliant to the EU's GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation), a set of regulations that is designed in order to protect the personal data, the privacy and security of the EU's citizens.

#### 3.4.2. Hardware limitations

The only hardware limitations are the support for a reliable internet connection and for a Web Browser.

#### 3.4.3. Any other constraints

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# 3.5. Software system attributes

#### 3.5.1. Reliability

The system has to be fault tolerant in order to prevent the propagation of errors and to guarantee a continuous usability of the system.

#### 3.5.2. Availability

The system must be available the most time possible, with a minimum value of 99.9% (three-nines) of time. In this way the system will be unavailable for only 8.76 hours a year.

It shall be prevented a case scenario in which a mainta break occurs near to Battle's end, therefore there must be as few maintenance breaks as possible, with them possibly at nightime.

### 3.5.3. Security

The system must control the access rights of the users. The system shall grant both authentication, verifying the identity of the users that attempt to login and authorization, verifying the permission of the already logged users to perform certain requested actions. Measures to protect the database will be adopted, such as defense against query injections, and password and users' personal data stored will be encrypted.

# 3.5.4. Maintainability

The system must be designed using scalable and reusable models in order to permit future addition of features with minimum effort. Ordinary maintenance has to be scheduled at nightime, in order to keep the services available when the user traffic is high.

# 3.5.5. Portability

The system must be accessible by the users from every kind of Web Browser. There are no particular portability requirements server side.



# 4 Formal Analysis Using Alloy



# 5 Effort Spent



# 6 References



# List of Figures

2.1	High level Class Diagram	9
2.2	Signup state diagram	10
2.3	Login state diagram	11
2.4	Create a Tournament state diagram	11
2.5	Create a Battle state diagram	12
2.6	Join a Tournament state diagram	12
2.7	Join a Battle state diagram	13
2.8	Create a Group state diagram	14
2.9	Evaluate the code state diagram	14
2.10	Open a profile state diagram	15
2.11	Search for a profile state diagram	15
2.12	Search for a Tournament state diagram	15
2.13	Logout state diagram	16



# List of Tables

1.1	World Phenomenas	2
1.2	Shared Phenomenas	5
1.3	Acronyms used in the document	5
3.1	Requirements	22
3.2	Signup as ED use case	23
3.3	Signup as ST use case	24
3.4	Login use case	25
3.5	Create a tournament use case	25
3.6	Join a tournament use case	26
3.7	Create a battle use case	27
3.8	Join a battle use case	28
3.9	Create a group and battle confirmation use case	29
3.10	Open a profile use case	29
3.11	Search for a profile use case	30
3 12	Search for a tournament use case	30

