



Dear teachers, please do not teach this page.

亲爱的小朋友们，此页是为老师准备的教学目标页。

You are going to:



**Review what you have learned
in Lessons 5, 6, and 7.**



Are You Ready?

Listen to me.



Look at me.

REVIEW

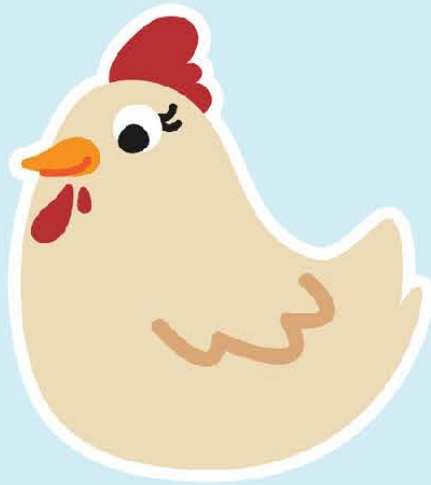


Classic English Junior Level 4 - Unit 6 - Lesson 8

REVIEW

WARM-UP

What animals lay eggs?



• LESSON 5 REVIEW •**ACTIVITY**

Correct the wrong words in the sentences.

- 1 *Eagles* are big birds with long necks that live on rivers and lakes.
- 2 To *catch* means to break an egg open so a baby animal such as a bird, fish, or snake can come out.
- 3 *Empty* means having enough or more than enough of something.
- 4 Every winter, some animals *leave* to other places that are warmer and have more food.

What things would you like to have plenty of?

ACTIVITY

Answer the questions using exclamatory sentences.



1. What do you say when you see your favorite animals at the zoo?



2. What do you say when you find strange-looking eggs in your backyard?



3. What do you say when someone gives you plenty of gifts?

When should you use an exclamatory sentence?

ACTIVITY

Describe each picture using the words below.



swan, hatch



migrate



plenty of

If you found an egg hatching, what would you do?

• LESSON 6 REVIEW •

ACTIVITY

Complete each sentence with the correct word.

stripes | body

1 The _____ of a zebra are black and white.

houses | shelter

2 Some animals migrate for food, warmth, and _____.

hump | tail

3 Some camels have one _____, and some have two.

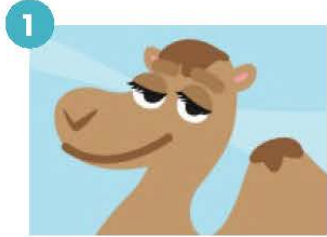
adapt to | look at

4 Animals need to _____ their environment to survive.

What other animals with stripes do you know?

ACTIVITY

Talk about these animals using the phrase “not only.”



long eyelashes
thick eyebrows

**Camels not only have long eyelashes.
They also have thick eyebrows.**



long neck
spots on their fur



thick skin
lots of fat



sharp beak
long tongue

ACTIVITY

Read and answer.

Animals have different ways of adapting to their environment. Some animals change their body parts. Polar bears have thick fur and fat under their skin to keep them warm. Other animals undergo changes in their bodies. Chameleons change their color to hide from other animals. Some animals migrate to adapt. When the weather turns cold, monarch butterflies migrate to warmer places.



1. How do polar bears and monarch butterflies adapt to their environment?
2. How do chameleons hide from other animals?

WRITING PROJECT

Talk about some ways these animals adapt to their environment.



Write a passage about this after class.

LESSON 7 REVIEW**ACTIVITY**

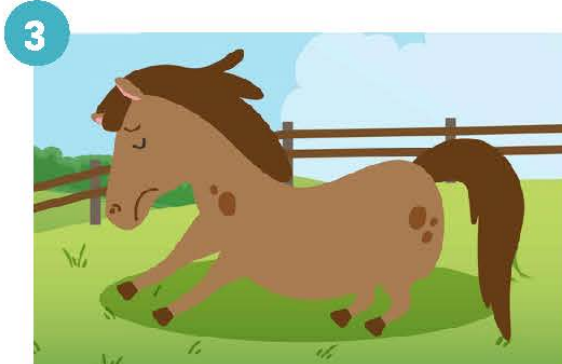
Complete the words then make sentences using them.



ee o_



i_j_r_d



b_ _ _ly



_ _ck_ _

What would you do if an injured person asks for your help?

ACTIVITY

Describe the pictures using the sentence pattern:

How + [adjective/adverb] + subject + verb.

Example: "How quickly the rabbit runs!"



Describe your favorite animal using the sentence pattern.

ACTIVITY

Complete and role-play.



HINTS

barely feeds on
pocket fat

Wow. How ... is!



I know. She can ...

Maybe ... too much cat food.



She does. I also feed her treats ...

Today I reviewed:

KEY WORDS

- swan, hatch, migrate, plenty of
- adapt to, shelter, hump, stripe
- feed on, injured, barely, pocket

GRAMMAR

★ Exclamatory sentence

When it hatches, I will have a baby swan!

★ “not only”

It's **not only** animals that adapt to their habitats.

★ Exclamatory sentence

What a cute squirrel!



**SEE YOU
SOON!**

51Talk