

#### 阿卡索新经典综合英语1(上)

This material is for:

- 1 lesson planning (for T);
- 2 after-class use (for S).

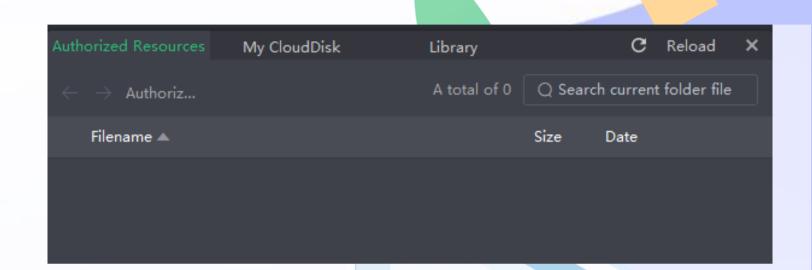


CloudDisk  $\rightarrow$  [Authorized Resources] folder  $\rightarrow$  open PPT material.

#### 本课件仅可用于:

- ①老师课前备课;
- ②学生课后自习。

如果正在使用ClassIn软件上课,请老师在右侧操作栏的[Authorized Resources] 文件夹中找到PPT课件并打开,以获得最佳上课体验。





阿卡索新经典综合英语1(上)

Acadsoc New Classic English 1 (A)

Lesson 55 He likes ... But he doesn't like ... 他喜欢..... 但是他不喜欢......

#### Learning Objectives:

- 1 grammar point Simple present tense with third-person singular subjects
- 8 words



A. Warm up

B. Learn

B. Read

C. Practice

D. Review

A. Warm up

(2mins)

Do you walk your dog every day?



Which of the following sentences can't be used to describe the picture?

The woman walks her dog every day.

The woman and the dog walk every day.

The man meets the woman and her dog.

Yes, I do.



A. Warm up

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D. Review

A. Warm up

(2mins)

Do you walk your dog every day?



Which of the following sentences can't be used to describe the picture?

The woman and the dog walk every day.

Yes, I do.



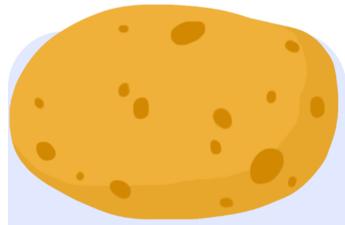
B. Dialogue – Learn





tomato /təˈmeɪtoʊ/ n. 番茄,西红柿





/pəˈteɪtoʊ/ n. 马铃薯,土豆

potato



cabbage /ˈkæbɪdʒ/ n. 卷心菜,圆白菜



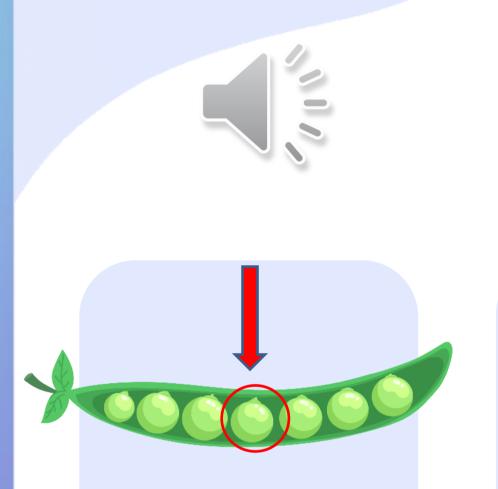
/ˈletɪs/ n. 莴苣,生菜

lettuce

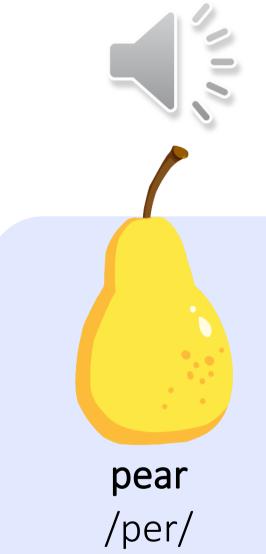




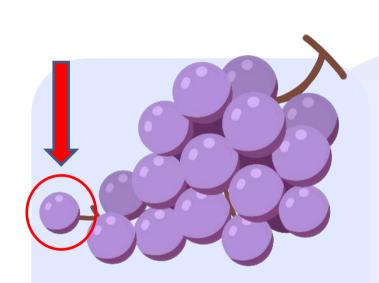
Learn the words with your teacher.



pea /piː/ n. 豌豆



n. 梨



grape /greip/ n. 葡萄



peach /piːtʃ/ n. 桃子



(5mins)

# ◆ B. Dialogue – Learn

Simple present tense with <u>third-person singular subjects (he, she, it, a name)</u> 主语是第三人称单数的一般现在时 ( <u>第三人称单数主语: he, she, it, 一个名字</u> )				
Declarative sentences 陈述句	Positive sentences 肯定句	Subject + verb (third-person singular form) + object (+ rest of the sentence) 主语 + 动词 (第三人称单数形式) + 宾语 + 句子剩余部分		
		He misses (想念) his mother.	Penny wants to go to school.	
	Negative sentences 否定句	Subject + doesn't/does not + verb (base form) + object (+ rest of the sentence) 主语 + doesn't/does not + 动词原形 +宾语 + 句子剩余部分		
		He doesn't miss his mother.	Penny does not want to go to school.	
Interrogative sentences 疑问句		Does + subject + verb (base form) + object (+ rest of the sentence)  Does + 主语 + 动词原形 + 宾语 + 句子剩余部分		
		Does he miss his mother?	Does Penny want to go to school?	
Answers to interrogative sentences 对疑问句的回答		Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't. / No, he does not.	Yes, she does./ No, she doesn't./ No, she does not.	





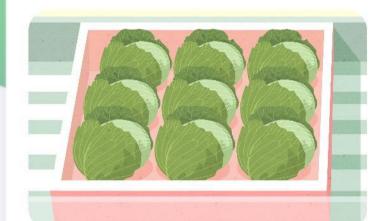
# B. Dialogue – Read

(2mins)

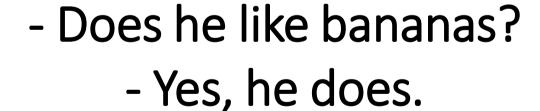




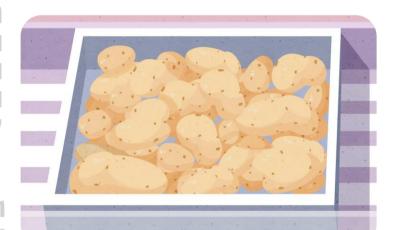
- Does he like tomatoes?
  - Yes, he does.

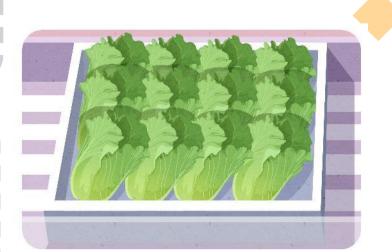


- Does she like cabbages?
- No, she doesn't. She likes potatoes.



- Does she like lettuces?
- No, she doesn't. She likes oranges.

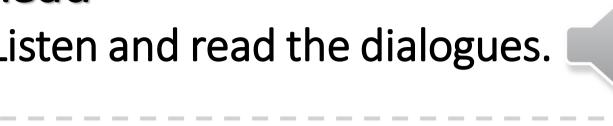








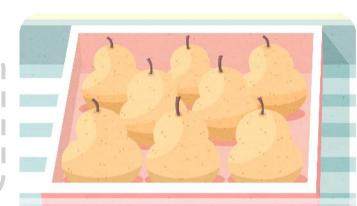
Listen and read the dialogues.

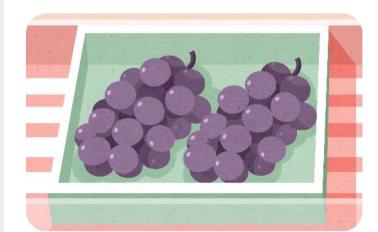


- Does he like apples?
  - Yes, he does.



- No, she doesn't. She likes pears.

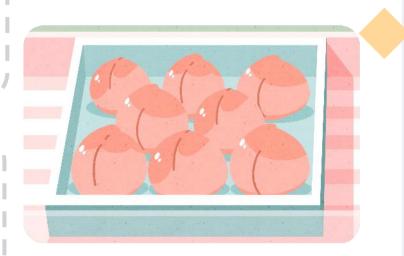




- Does he like grapes?
  - Yes, he does.



- No, she doesn't. She likes peaches.





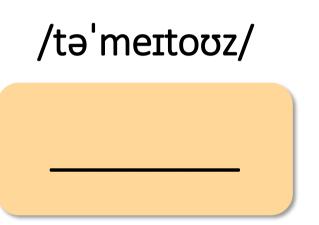


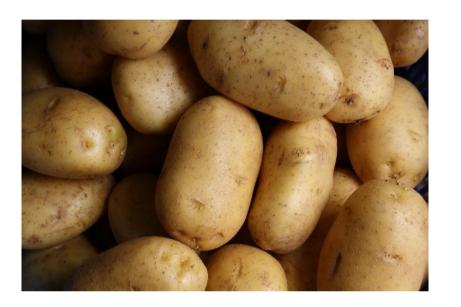
A. Warm up

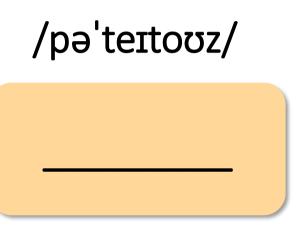
(2mins)

■ Fill in the blanks according to the pictures and IPA letters. Only one word is needed for each blank. 根据图片及音标填空。一空一词。

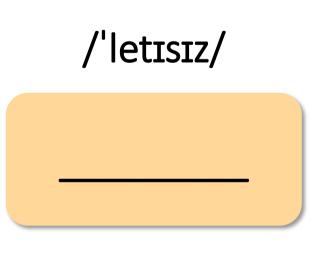














/ˈkæbɪdʒɪz/



■ Fill in the blanks according to the pictures and IPA letters. Only one word is needed for each blank. 根据图片及音标填空。一空一词。



/təˈmeɪtoʊz/

tomatoes



/pəˈteɪtoʊz/

potatoes



/'letisiz/

lettuces



/ˈkæbɪdʒɪz/

cabbages





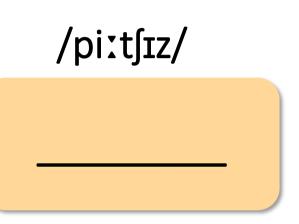
(2mins)

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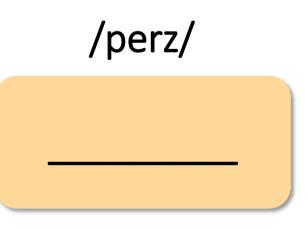




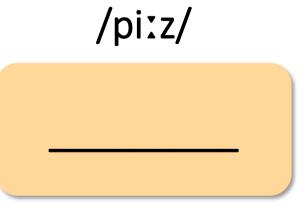
















■ Fill in the blanks according to the pictures and IPA letters. Only one word is needed for each blank. 根据图片及音标填空。一空一词。



/greips/

grapes



/piːtʃɪz/

peaches



/perz/

pears



/piːz/

peas





Complete the dialogues according to the example. 根据例子补全对话。

E.g. Kelly likes potatoes, but she doesn't like tomatoes.

A: Does Kelly like tomatoes ?

B: No, she doesn't. But <u>she likes potatoes</u>.

1 Chris speaks French. He doesn't speak English.

A: \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_.





Complete the dialogues according to the example. 根据例子补全对话。

E.g. Kelly likes potatoes, but she doesn't like tomatoes.

A: Does Kelly like tomatoes ?

B: No, she doesn't. But <u>she likes potatoes</u>.

1 Chris speaks French. He doesn't speak English.

A: <u>Does Chris speak French</u>?

B: Yes, <u>he does</u>.





- Complete the dialogues according to the example on the last page. 根据上一页的例子补全对话。
- Jack doesn't play football. He plays baseball.

A: Does Jack play football?

B: \_\_\_\_\_\_. But \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Julia likes peas, but she doesn't like peaches.

A: ?

B: No, \_\_\_\_\_\_. But \_\_\_\_\_\_.



- Complete the dialogues according to the example on the last page. 根据上一页的例子补全对话。
- Jack doesn't play football. He plays baseball.

A: Does Jack play football?

B: No, he doesn't . But he plays baseball .

Julia likes peas, but she doesn't like peaches.

A: Does Julia like peaches?

B: No, <u>she doesn't</u>. But <u>she likes peas</u>.





In this lesson, you've learned:

#### Words

tomato

potato

cabbage

lettuce

pea

pear

grape

peach



#### Grammar

Simple present tense with <u>third-person singular subjects (he, she, it, a name)</u> 主语是第三人称单数的一般现在时 ( <u>第三人称单数主语: he, she, it, 一个名字</u> )			
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		He misses his mother.	
	Negative sentences 否定句	Subject + doesn't/does not + verb (base form) + object (+ rest of the sentence) 主语 + doesn't/does not + 动词原形 +宾语 + 句子剩余部分	
		He doesn't miss his mother.	
Interrogative sentences 疑问句		Does + subject + verb (base form) + object (+ rest of the sentence)  Does + 主语 + 动词原形 + 宾语 + 句子剩余部分	
		Does he miss his mother?	
Answers to interrogative sentences 对疑问句的回答		Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't. / No, he does not.	



# See you next time!

同学对本节课还满意吗?

请给我们五星好评哦!







