

This material is for:

- ① lesson planning (for T);
- ② after-class use (for S).

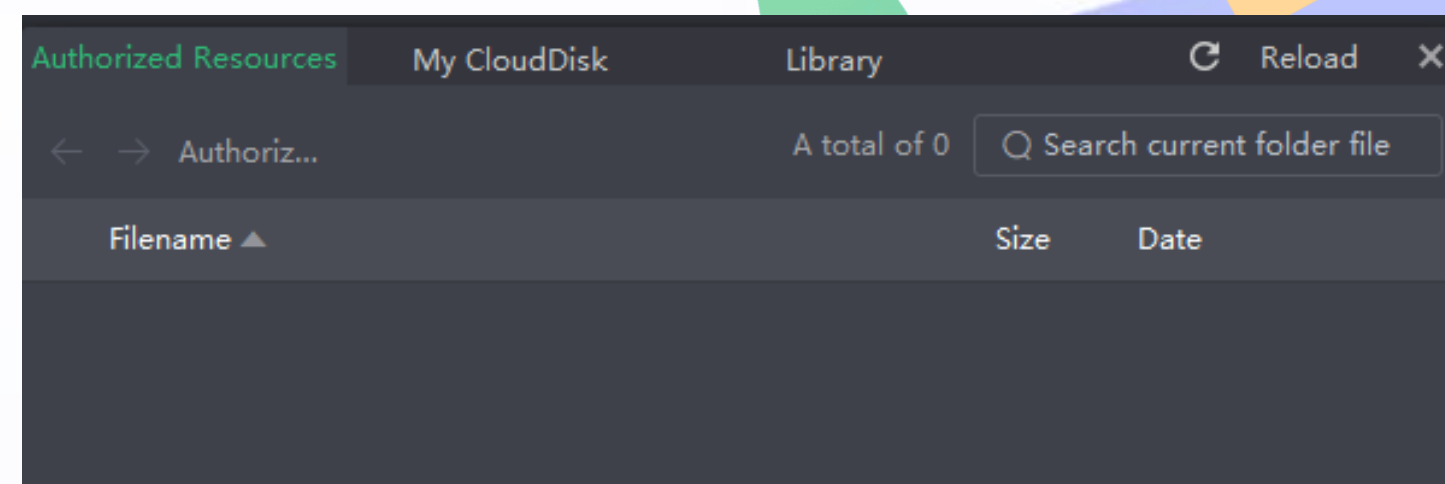
If you are using ClassIn, please go to:

**CloudDisk → [Authorized Resources] folder → open PPT material.**

本课件仅可用于:

- ① 老师课前备课;
- ② 学生课后自习。

如果正在使用ClassIn软件上课, 请老师在右侧操作栏的[Authorized Resources]文件夹中找到PPT课件并打开, 以获得最佳上课体验。



# Acadsoc New Classic English 1 (A)

## Lesson 44 What are you going to do with ... ? 你要怎么处理 ..... ?

### Learning Objectives:

- 3 words
- 1 grammar point





A. Warm up

B. Listen

B. Learn

B. Read

C. Practice

D. Review

## A. Warm up

(3mins)

Read the dialogue and answer the question.



*What does the woman mean?*

She doesn't want the man to take a break.

She doesn't want the man to break the vase.

She doesn't want the vase to break by itself.

A. Warm up

B. Listen

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## A. Warm up

Read the dialogue and answer the question.



*What does the woman mean?*

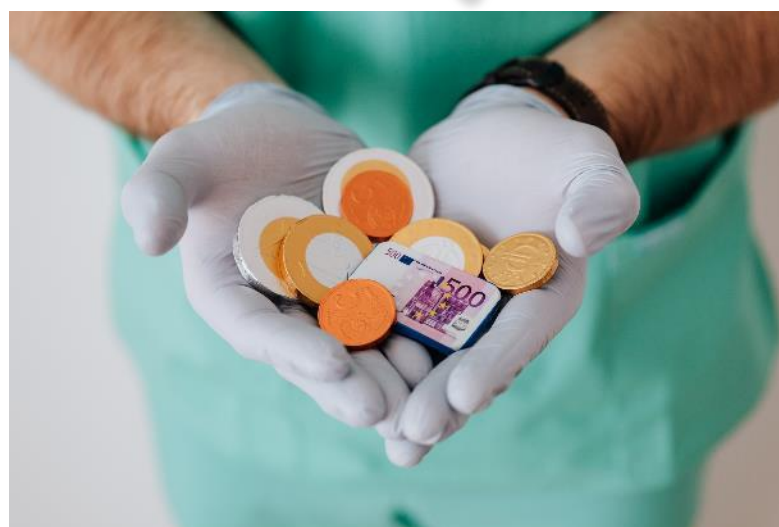
She doesn't want the man to break the vase.



## ◆ B. Dialogue – Listen

(3mins)

■ Learn the words with your teacher.



**show**

/ʃoʊ/

v. 给.....看

*He **showed** me some chocolate candies.*



**take**

/teɪk/

v. 带给, 带上

***Take** your passport (护照) with you.*



**send**

/send/

v. 发送, 邮寄

*I'm going to **send** this letter by mail.*

◆ B. Dialogue – Learn

(6mins)

Imperative clauses 祈使句		
	Positive form 肯定形式	Negative form 否定形式
Function 功能	We use imperative clauses when we want to tell someone <b>directly to do</b> / <b>not to do</b> something (usually for suggestions, requests, orders etc.) 我们用祈使句来 <b>直接地</b> 告诉别人 <b>要/不要</b> 做某事 (通常用于提建议、要求、命令等)。	
Feature 特点	An imperative clause usually <b>doesn't have a subject</b> . 祈使句通常 <b>无主语</b> 。	
Structure 结构	Base form of the verb + object + ... 动词原形 + 宾语 + .....	Don't + base form of the verb + object + ... Don't + 动词原形 + 宾语 + .....
Examples 例句	<b>Bring</b> this letter to him. 把这封信 <b>带</b> 给他。 <b>Be</b> careful. 小心点。	<b>Don't drop</b> it! 别把它 <b>摔了/掉了</b> ! <b>Don't be</b> late! 别 <b>迟到了</b> !
Important Notes 重要提示	① Use imperative clauses carefully, as they can sound very direct and impolite. 要谨慎使用祈使句，因为它们听起来会过于直接及不礼貌。 ② In <b>formal</b> documents and notices, negative imperative clauses start with "Do not." 在 <b>正式</b> 文档及告示中，祈使句的否定式以Do not开头。 E.g. <b>Do not</b> use the elevator in the event of fire. 着火时 <b>切勿</b> 使用电梯。	



## ◆ B. Dialogue – Read

(2.5min)

■ Listen again and read the dialogues.



- What are you going to do with that vase?
- I'm going to show it to my grandmother.
- Be careful. Don't drop it!



- What are you going to do with that newspaper?
- I'm going to take it to my father.
- Wait. Bring this letter to him, too.

- What are you going to do with those ice creams?
- I'm going to give them to the children.
- Be careful with them. Don't drop them!

- What are you going to do with that letter?
- I'm going to send it to my grandfather.
- Remember to send your best wishes.



## ◆ C. Practice

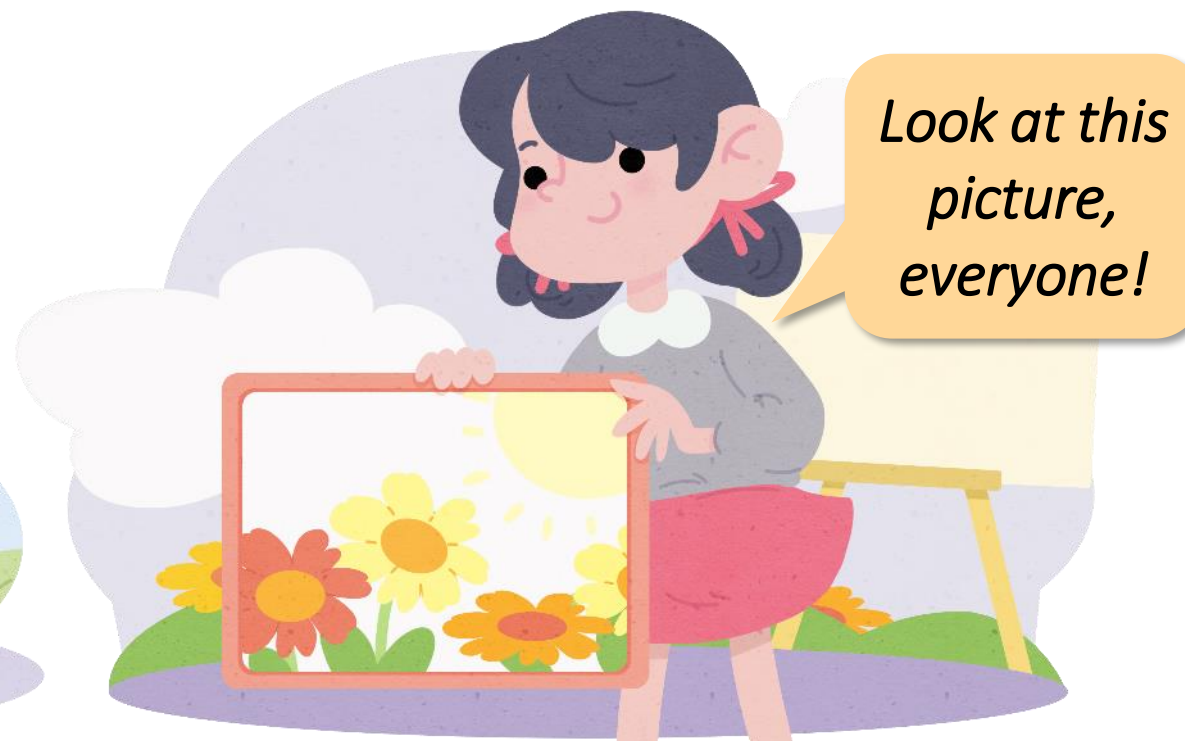
(2mins)

- Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the words you learned today: show, send, take.  
用你今天新学单词 (show, send, take) 的正确形式填空。

I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_ a letter.

She's \_\_\_\_\_ a picture to  
her classmates.

It's raining. Remember to  
\_\_\_\_\_ your umbrella.





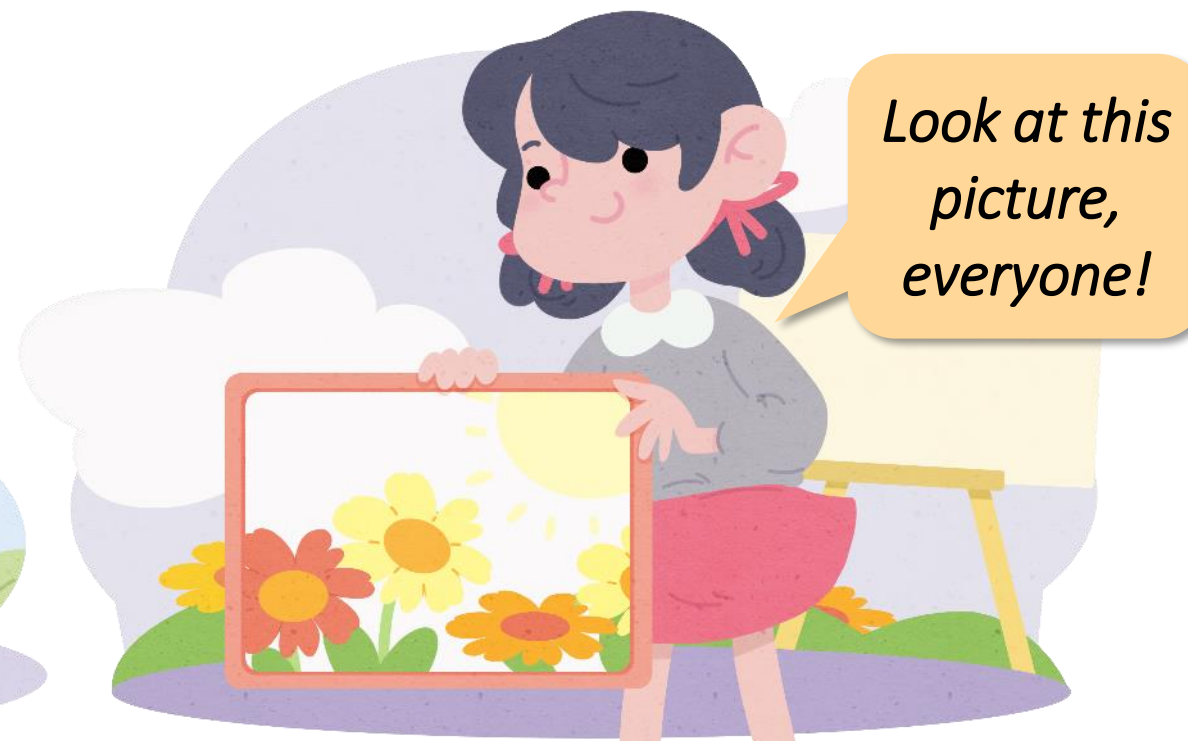
## ◆ C. Practice

- Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the words you learned today: show, send, take.  
用你今天新学单词 (show, send, take) 的正确形式填空。

I'm going to send a letter.

She's showing a picture to her classmates.

It's raining. Remember to take your umbrella.



## ◆ C. Practice

(2.5mins)

- Put the words into the correct order to make sentences. Pay attention to capitalization.  
 请将下列单词重新排列，组成正确的句子。注意（句首）字母大写。

1

upstairs

don't

go

!

2

your

.

you

bag

with

take



## ◆ C. Practice

- Put the words into the correct order to make sentences. Pay attention to capitalization.  
请将下列单词重新排列，组成正确的句子。注意（句首）字母大写。

1

upstairs

don't

go

!

Don't go upstairs!  
不要上楼！

2

your

.

you

bag

with

take

Take your bag with you.  
把你的包带上。

## ◆ C. Practice

(3.5mins)

- Change the following sentences into imperative clauses.  
将下列句子改为祈使句。

1

Would you mind closing the door, please?

2

You must come and see me at 3 p.m.

3

You shouldn't sleep now.

4

You shouldn't swim in the sea.



## ◆ C. Practice

(3.5mins)

- Change the following sentences into imperative clauses.

将下列句子改为祈使句。

1

Would you mind closing the door, please?

Close the door, please.

2

You must come and see me at 3 p.m.

Come and see me at 3 p.m.

3

You shouldn't sleep now.

Don't sleep now.

4

You shouldn't swim in the sea.

Don't swim in the sea.

## ◆ D. Review

(3mins)

■ In this lesson, you've learned:

**Words** show take send

### Grammar

#### Imperative clauses 祈使句

	Positive form 肯定形式	Negative form 否定形式
Function 功能	We use imperative clauses when we want to tell someone <b>directly to do</b> / <b>not to do</b> something (usually for suggestions, requests, orders etc.) 我们用祈使句来 <b>直接地</b> 告诉别人 <b>要/不要</b> 做某事 (通常用于提建议、要求、命令等)。	
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# See you next time!

同学对本节课还满意吗？  
请给我们五星好评哦！

