

This material is for:

- ① lesson planning (for T);
- ② after-class use (for S).

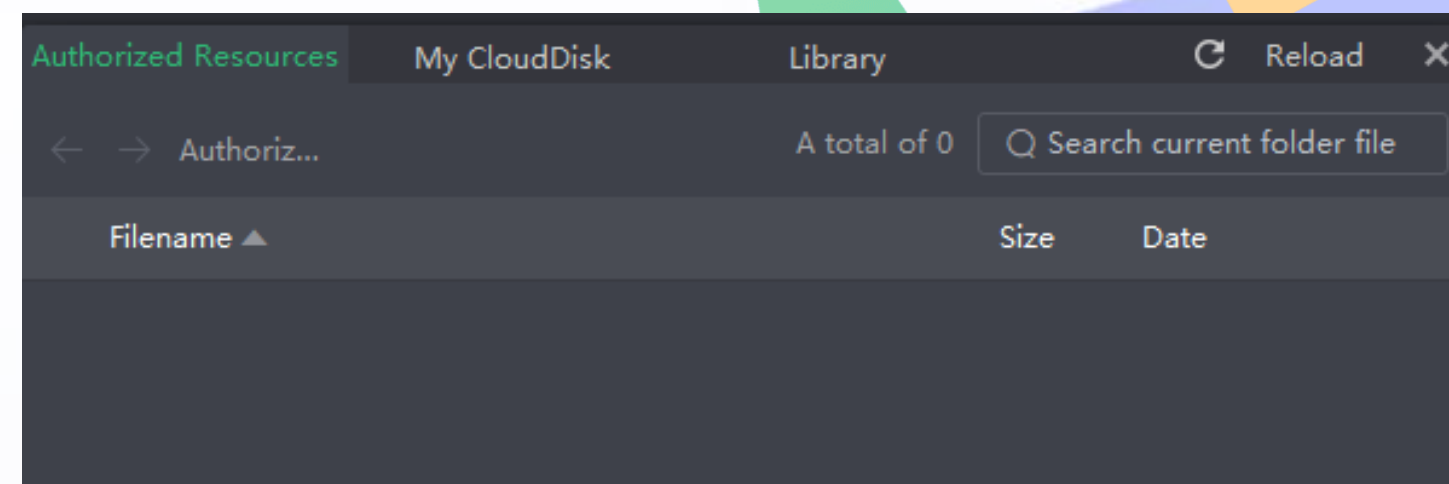
If you are using ClassIn, please go to:

CloudDisk → [Authorized Resources] folder → open PPT material.

本课件仅可用于:

- ① 老师课前备课;
- ② 学生课后自习。

如果正在使用ClassIn软件上课, 请老师在右侧操作栏的[Authorized Resources]文件夹中找到PPT课件并打开, 以获得最佳上课体验。

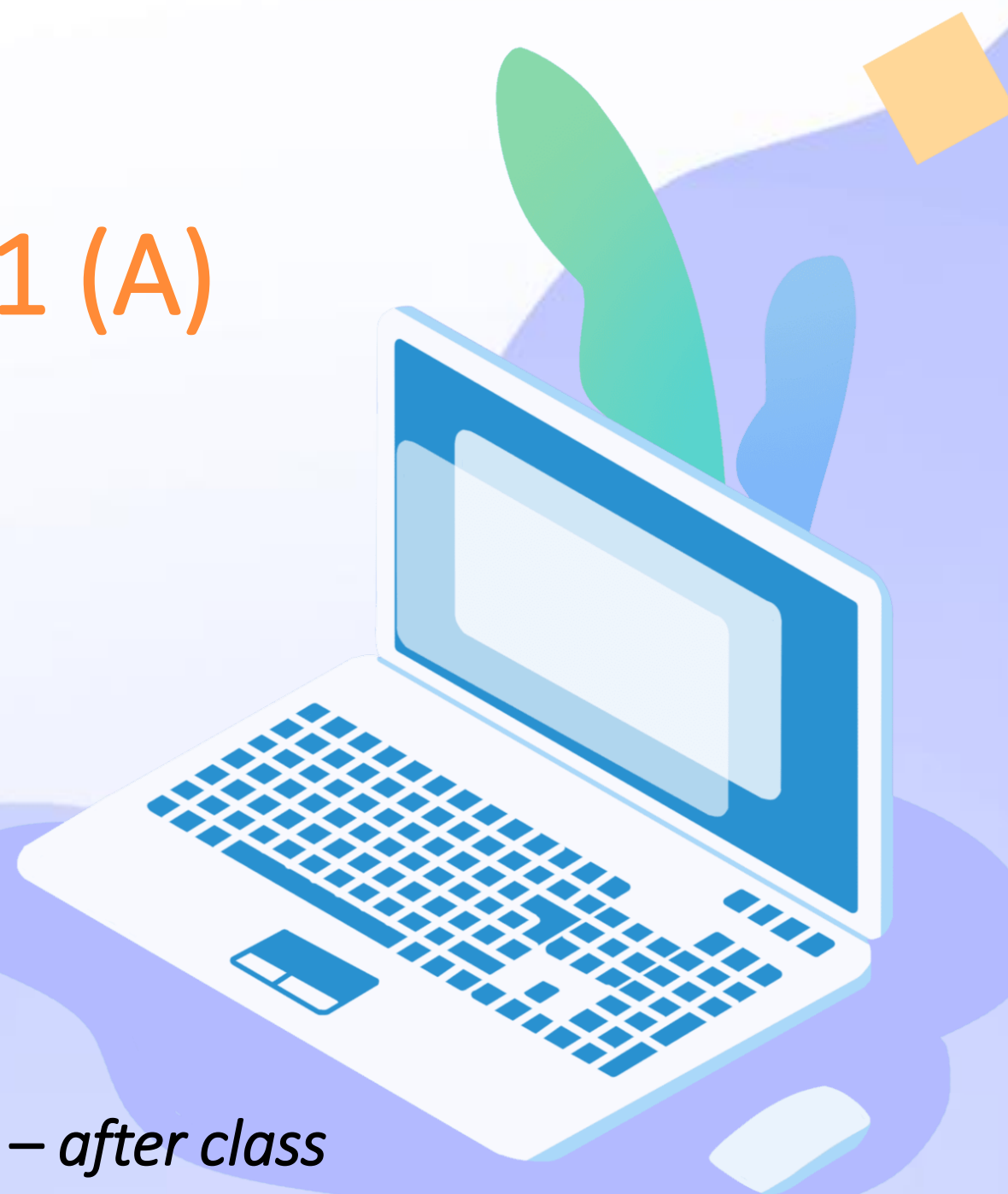


Acadsoc New Classic English 1 (A)

Lesson 13 Review 1 复习课 1

Learning Objectives:

- Review texts, words and expressions in Unit 1
- Summarize grammar points in Unit 1
- Check out the glossary and expressions in Unit 1 – *after class*



(2 mins)



阿卡索外教网
外教一对一在线英语培训平台
Acadsoc.com.cn

A. Texts

Review the texts with your teacher.

Lesson 1 – Excuse me!

- Excuse me! Is this your handbag? - Pardon?
- Is this your handbag?
- Yes, it is. Thank you very much.



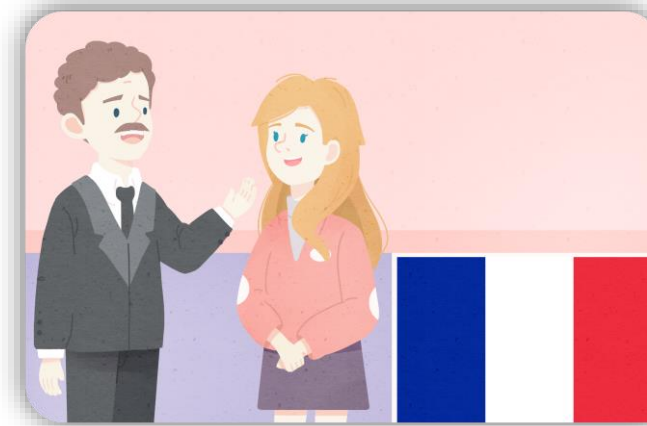
Lesson 3 – Sorry, sir.

- My coat and my umbrella please. Here is my ticket.
- Here's your umbrella and your coat.
- This is not my umbrella.
- Sorry, sir. Is this it?



Lesson 5 – Nice to meet you.

- Good morning! This is Miss Sophie Dupont.
Sophie is a new student. She is French.
- Sophie, this is Hans. He is German.
- Nice to meet you.





(2 mins)

A. Texts

Review the texts with your teacher.

Lesson 7 – Are you a teacher?

- My name's Robert. - My name's Sophie.
- What nationality are you? - I'm Italian.
- What's your job? - I'm an engineer.



Lesson 9 – How are you today?

- How are you today? - I'm very well, thanks. And you?
- I'm fine, thanks. - How is Tony?
- He's fine, too. Thank you. Goodbye, Nice to see you.



Lesson 11 – Is this your shirt?

- Whose shirt is that? - Is this your shirt, Dave?
- No, sir. It's not my shirt. - Is this shirt Tim's?
- Perhaps it is, sir. Tim's shirt's white.
- Here you are. Catch!



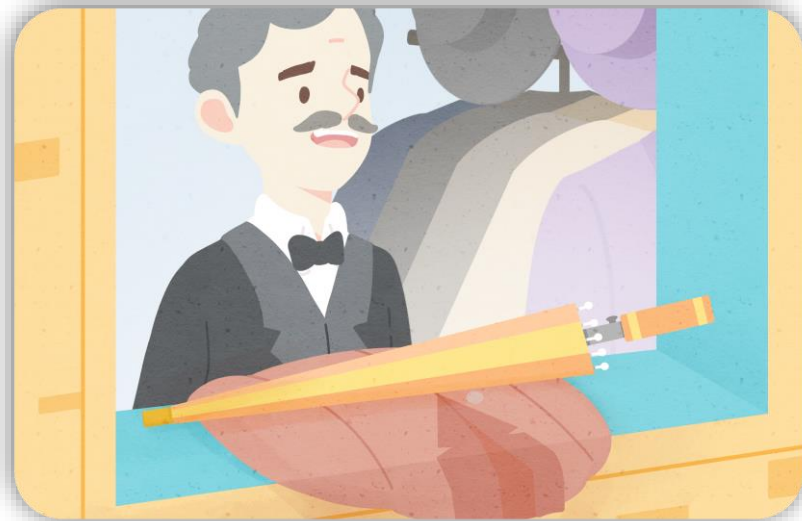
(2 mins)

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◆ B. Words and Expressions

 Listen to the audio and fill in the blanks.

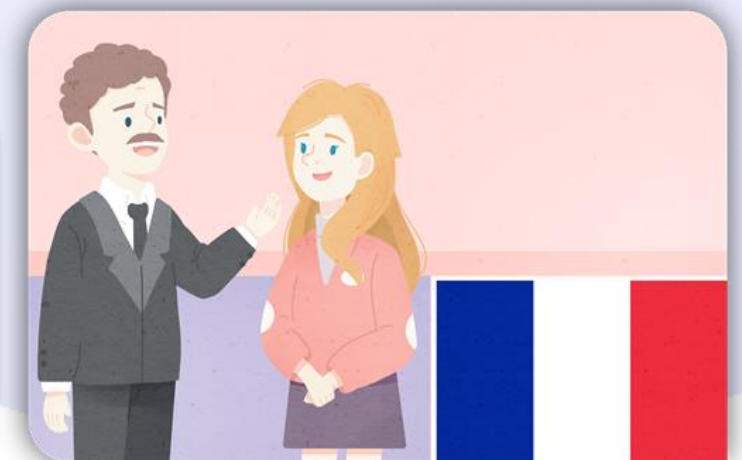
1. - _____ me! -Yes?
-Is this _____ handbag? - _____?



2. - _____ your _____ and coat.
-This is _____ my umbrella.
- _____, _____. Is this _____?



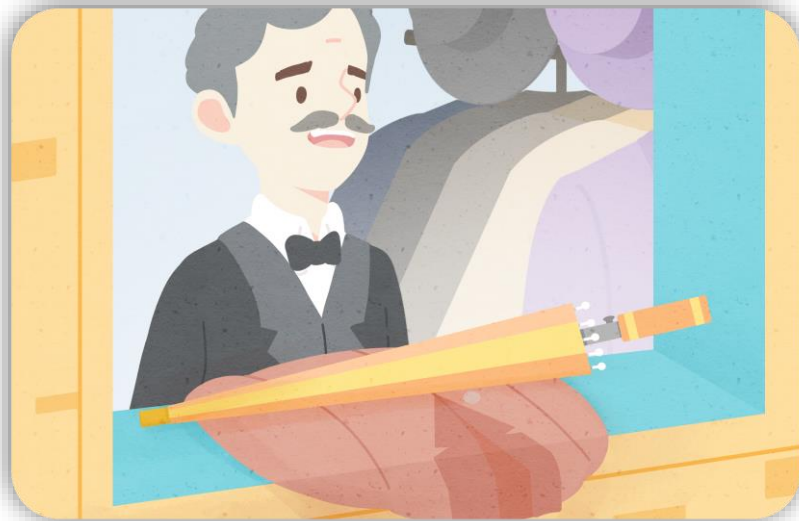
3. - Good _____! This is _____ Sophie Dupont.
Sophie is a _____ student.
- Sophie, this is Luming. He's _____. - _____ to _____ you.





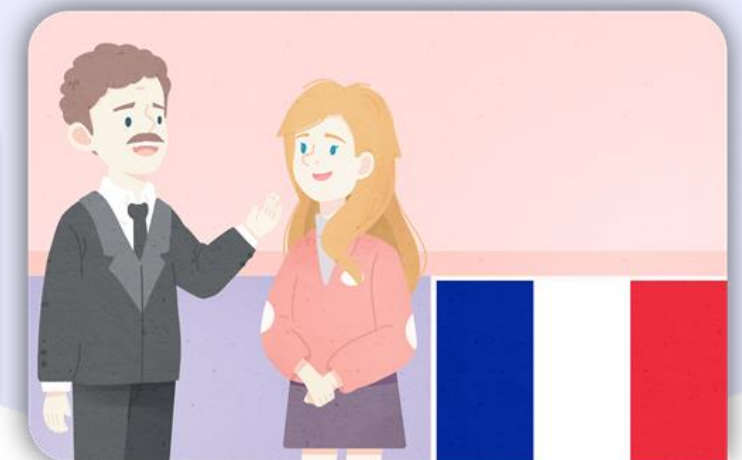
◆ B. Words and Expressions

1. - Excuse me! - Yes?
- Is this your handbag? - Pardon?



2. - Here's your umbrella and coat.
- This is not my umbrella.
- Sorry, sir. Is this it?

3. - Good morning! This is Miss Sophie Dupont.
Sophie is a new student.
- Sophie, this is Luming. He's Chinese. - Nice to meet you.

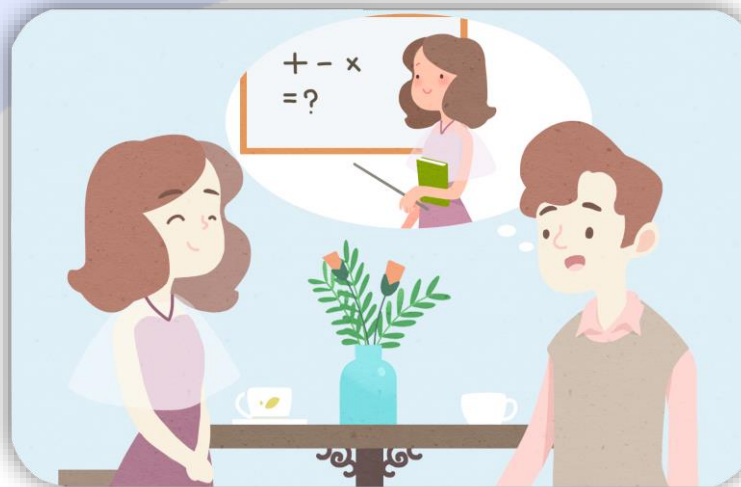




(2 mins)

B. Words and Expressions

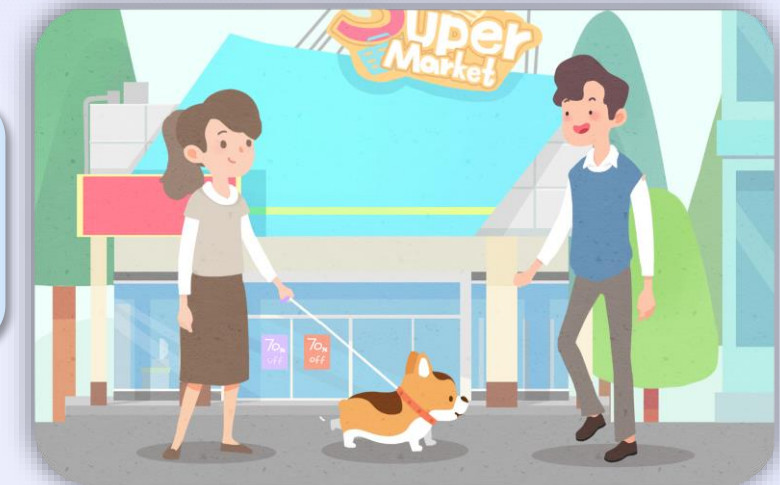
Listen to the audio and fill in the blanks.



4. - Are you a _____? - No, I'm not.
- What's your _____? - I'm a _____.



5. - _____ are you _____? - I'm _____, thank you. _____?
- I'm _____, thanks. Nice to _____ you. _____.



6. _____ shirt is that? - Is _____ your shirt, Dave?
- No, _____. It's not my shirt. - Is this shirt _____?
- _____ it is, sir. Tim's shirt's _____.

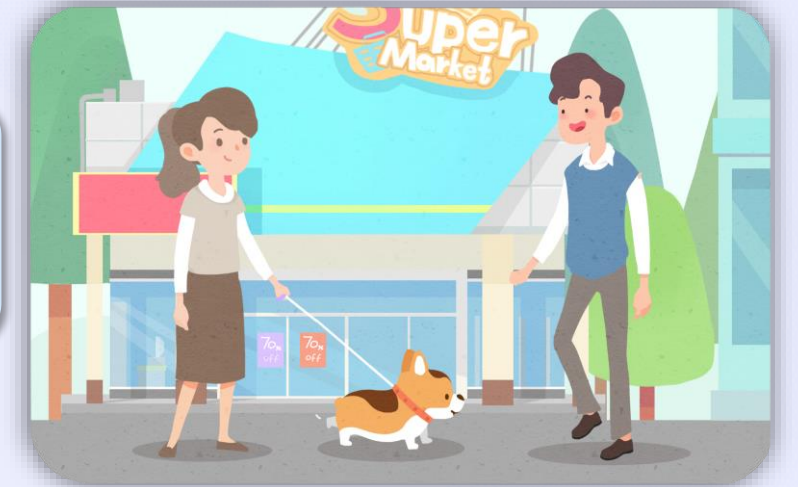


B. Words and Expressions



4. - Are you a teacher? - No, I'm not.
- What's your job? - I'm a clerk.

5. - How are you today? - I'm very well, thank you. And you?
- I'm fine, thanks. Nice to see you. Goodbye.



6. Whose shirt is that? - Is this your shirt, Dave?
- No, sir. It's not my shirt. - Is this shirt Tim's?
- Perhaps it is, sir. Tim's shirt's white.

(2.5 min)

C. Grammar Points

Declarative & Interrogative Sentences 陈述句与疑问句

Declarative Sentence

陈述句

- It refers to a sentence that states a fact or makes a statement. 指陈述一个事实或者说话人的看法的句型。
- The subject comes before the verb. 主语位于谓语动词之前。
e.g. This is her handbag. 这是她的手提包。

主语(Subject)

谓语动词(Verb)

Interrogative Sentence

疑问句

- It refers to a sentence that asks a question or makes a request for information. 指提出问题或要求提供信息的句型。
- The subject comes after the verb. 主语位于谓语动词之后。
e.g. Is this her handbag? 这是她的手提包吗?

谓语动词(Verb)

主语(Subject)

(2.5 mins)

◆ C. Grammar Points

Negative Sentence 否定句

Meaning
含义

- A negative sentence shows a **negative meaning**.
否定句表示**否定**的含义。(……不是……)

Structure
结构

- We form negative sentences with **not** after **be (am, is, are)**
否定句是由**be**动词(am, is, are)加**not** 构成的。
- subject + be(am/is/are) + not**
主语 + be动词(am/is/are) + not

Examples
例句

- I **am not** a teacher. 我**不是**老师。
- He **is not** my son. 他**不是**我的儿子。
- They **are not** students. 他们**不是**学生。

C. Grammar Points

(2.5 mins)

Alternative Question 选择疑问句

Meaning 含义

- An alternative question gives a choice of two or more answers in the question and includes **or**.
- 选择疑问句在问题中包含两个或多个选项，并用**or**连接。

Form 形式

- **Am /Is /Are ... A or B?**
- ...是A还是B？

Examples 例句

- -Is she a French student **or** a German student? 她是法国学生**还是**德国学生？
-She is a German student. 她是德国学生。
- -Is this the front **or** the back of the dress? 这是裙子的前面**还是**后面？
-This is the back of the dress. 这是裙子的后面。
- -Are you a teacher **or** not? 你**是不是**老师？
-I'm not a teacher. 我不是老师。

◆ C. Grammar Points

Special Questions Beginning with “What”
what 引导的特殊疑问句

(2.5 mins)

Meaning
含义

- Wh- questions(special questions) begin with **what**(什么), **when**(什么时候), **where**(什么地方), **who**(谁), **whom**(谁), **whose**(谁的), **why**(为什么), **which**(哪个) and **how**(怎么样). We use them to ask for information. The answer can not be *yes* or *no*.
- 以疑问词 **what, when, where, who, whom, whose, why, which** and **how** 等引导的问句都叫特殊疑问句。我们用特殊疑问句来询问信息。特殊疑问句不能用 *yes* 或 *no* 来回答。

Form
形式

- **What is/are ... (subject)?**
- ...是什么？

Examples
例句

- **-What is your name?** 你的名字是**什么**？
- **-My name is Luming.** 我的名字是鲁明。
- **-What is your opinion?** 你的观点是**什么**？
- **-I think you are right.** 我认为你是对的。

C. Grammar Points

(2.5 mins)

adjective 形容词

Meaning

含义

- A word that describes a *noun* or *pronoun*.
- 形容词用来修饰名词或者代词。

Form

形式

- 1. **Something/Someone am/is/are + adjective.** e.g. He is **thin**.
某人/某事是...样的。
- 2. **...am/is/are (a/an) + adjective + noun.** e.g. She is a **good** girl.
...是（一个）...样的...

Function

功能

- To modify nouns. It's a **tall** building. It's a **beautiful** picture.
- 用来修饰名词。 That's a **nice** umbrella. The bag is so **small**.
- To modify pronouns. She is **happy**. I'm very **polite**(礼貌的).
- 用来修饰代词。 He is **lazy**. They are very **kind**(善良的).

C. Grammar Points

Special Questions Beginning with “Whose” whose 引导的特殊疑问句

(2.5 min)

Meaning 含义

- We use *whose* to ask a question about possession.
- 我们用whose来询问某件东西归属于哪个人。

Forms 形式

- **Whose is this/that ...noun(singular)?**
...(单数)是谁的？
e.g. - **Whose is this bag?**
- This is Emma's.
- **Whose are these/those...noun(plural)?**
...(复数)是谁的？
e.g. - **Whose are these gloves?**
- These are Kate's.
- **Whose...noun(singular) is this/that?**
这/那是谁的...(单数)？
e.g. - **Whose bag is that?**
- That's Emma's bag.
- **Whose...noun(plural) are these/those?**
这些/那些是谁的...(复数)？
e.g. - **Whose gloves are those?**
- Those are Kate's.

C. Grammar Points

(3 mins)

Grammar Exercises

1. Declarative & Interrogative Sentences

陈述句与疑问句

- Change the declarative sentence into interrogative sentence.
That is Tim's umbrella.

2. Negative Sentence

否定句

- Change the declarative sentence into negative sentence.
She is my teacher.

3. Alternative Question

选择疑问句

- Change the following declarative sentences into an alternative question.
Alice is a student. She isn't French. She is German.

C. Grammar Points

Grammar Exercises

1. Declarative & Interrogative Sentences 陈述句与疑问句

- Change the declarative sentence into interrogative sentence.
That is Tim's umbrella.
Is that Tim's umbrella?

2. Negative Sentence 否定句

- Change the declarative sentence into negative sentence.
She is my teacher.
She is not my teacher.

3. Alternative Question 选择疑问句

- Change the following declarative sentences into an alternative question.
Alice is a student. She isn't French. She is German.
Is Alice a French student or a German student?

(3 mins)

C. Grammar Points

Grammar Exercises

4. Special Questions Beginning with “What”

what 引导的特殊疑问句

- Ask question about the underlined words.
My ticket number is ten.

5. adjective 形容词

- Put the words into the correct order to make a sentence.
is, big, this, a, house.

6. Special Questions Beginning with “Whose”

whose 引导的特殊疑问句

- Ask question about the underlined words.
That is my mother's coat.

C. Grammar Points

Grammar Exercises

4. Special Questions Beginning with “What”

what 引导的特殊疑问句

- Ask question about the underlined words.

My ticket number is ten.

What is your ticket number?

5. adjective 形容词

- Put the words into the correct order to make a sentence.

is, big, this, a, house.

This is a big house.

6. Special Questions Beginning with “Whose”

whose 引导的特殊疑问句

- Ask question about the underlined words.

That is my mother's coat.

Whose coat is that?

See you next time!

同学对本节课还满意吗？
请给我们五星好评哦！

*Check the glossary and expressions in Unit 1
after class!*

课后记得查看第一单元的词汇和实用表达！





D. After class – Glossary

Lesson 1 Excuse Me!

excuse	/ɪk'skjuːs/	v.	原谅
me	/miː/	pron.	我(宾格)
yes	/jes/	adv.	是的
is	/ɪz/	v.	是
this	/ðɪs/	pron.	这
your	/jʊr/	adj.	你的, 你们的
handbag	/'hændbæg/	n.	手提包
pardon	/'pɑːrdn/	v.	原谅
It	/ɪt/	pron.	它

Lesson 2 Is this your ...?

pen	/pen/	n.	钢笔
pencil	/'pensl/	n.	铅笔
book	/bʊk/	n.	书
watch	/wɑːtʃ/	n.	手表
coat	/koʊt/	n.	大衣, 外衣
dress	/dres/	n.	连衣裙
skirt	/skɜːt/	n.	半身裙
shirt	/ʃɜːt/	n.	衬衣, 衬衫

Lesson 3 Sorry, sir.

umbrella	/ʌm'brelə/	n.	伞
ticket	/'tɪkɪt/	n.	票
number	/'nʌmbər/	n.	号码



D. After class – Glossary

sir	/sər/	n.	先生
cloakroom	/'kloʊkrʊm/	n.	衣帽存放处
my	/maɪ/	adj.	我的
sorry	/'sɔːri/	adj.	对不起的
please	/pliːz/	int.	请
here	/hɪr/	adv.	这里
five	/faɪv/	num.	五

Lesson 4 Is this your...?

house	/haʊs/	n.	房子
suit	/suːt/	n.	套装
school	/skuːl/	n.	学校
teacher	/'tiːtʃər/	n.	老师

son	/sʌn/	n.	儿子
daughter	/'dɔːtər/	n.	女儿

Lesson 5 Nice to meet you.

good	/gʊd/	adj.	好的
new	/nuː/	adj.	新的
nice	/naɪs/	adj.	美好的
morning	/'mɔːrnɪŋ/	n.	早晨
French	/frentʃ/	adj. & n.	法国的；法国人
German	/'dʒɜːrmən/	adj. & n.	德国的；德国人
Japanese	/'dʒæpə'niːz/	adj. & n.	日本的；日本人
Chinese	/'tʃaɪ'niːz/	adj. & n.	中国的；中国人
meet	/miːt/	v.	认识



D. After class – Glossary

Lesson 6 What make is it?

make	/meɪk/	n.	品牌
Swedish	/'swɪːdɪʃ/	adj.	瑞典的
English	/'ɪŋɡlɪʃ/	adj.	英国的
American	/ə'merɪkən/	adj.	美国的
Italian	/ɪ'tæliən/	adj.	意大利的

Lesson 7 Are you a teacher?

what	/wʌt/	pron.	什么
am	/æm/	v.	是
are	/ɑːr/	v.	是
name	/neɪm/	n.	名字
nationality	/ˌnæʃə'næləti/	n.	国籍

job	/dʒɑːb/	n.	工作
clerk	/klɜːk/	n.	文员
engineer	/ˌendʒɪ'nɪr/	n.	工程师

Lesson 8 What's your job?

police officer	/pə'liːs ˌɑːfɪsə/	n.	警察
taxi driver	/'tæksi 'draɪvər/	n.	出租车司机
flight attendant	/'flaɪt ə'tendənt/	n.	空乘
postman	/'pəʊstmən/	n.	邮递员
nurse	/nɜːrs/	n.	护士
mechanic	/mə'kænɪk/	n.	机械师
hairstylist	/'heɪdrɪsər/	n.	理发师



D. After class – Glossary

Lesson 9 How are you today?

hello	/hə'loʊ/	int.	你好
hi	/haɪ/	int.	你好
thanks	/θæŋks/	int.	谢谢
goodbye	/,gʊd'baɪ/	int.	再见
how	/haʊ/	adv.	怎样
today	/tə'deɪ/	adv.	今天
well	/wel/	adj.	健康的
fine	/faɪn/	adj.	美好的
see	/si:/	v.	见到

Lesson 10 look at...

overweight	/,oʊvə'weɪt/	adj.	胖的
------------	--------------	------	----

thin	/θɪn/	adj.	瘦的
tall	/tɔ:l/	adj.	高的
short	/ʃɔ:rt/	adj.	矮的
old	/oʊld/	adj.	老的
young	/jʌŋ/	adj.	年轻的
busy	/'bɪzi/	adj.	忙的
lazy	/'leɪzi/	adj.	懒得

Lesson 11 Is this your shirt?

whose	/hu:z/	pron.	谁的
blue	/blu:z/	adj.	蓝色的
white	/waɪt/	adj.	白色的
perhaps	/pər'hæps/	adv.	或许



D. After class – Glossary

Lesson 12 How are you today?

blouse	/blaʊs/	n.	女士衬衫
tie	/taɪ/	n.	领带
sister	/'sɪstər/	n.	姐妹
brother	/'brʌðər/	n.	兄弟
father	/'fɑːðər/	n.	父亲
mother	/'mʌðər/	n.	母亲



D. After class – Expressions

Lesson 1 Excuse Me!

- excuse me 对不起, 打扰一下
- Pardon?
 - I beg you pardon?
 - Pardon me?

} 请再说一遍
好吗?
- Thank you very much.
 - Thank you.
 - Thanks
 - Thanks a lot.

} 表示感谢

Lesson 3 Sorry, sir.

- Here is = Here's 这是
 - He is = He's 他是
 - It is = It's 这是
- Sorry = I'm sorry. 对不起。
- Is this it? 这个是吗?

Lesson 5 Nice to meet you.

- Good morning. 早上好。
 - Good afternoon. 下午好。
 - Good evening. 晚上好。
- This is Miss Sophie Dupont. 这位是索菲·杜邦小姐。
- Mr. 先生 e.g. Mr. Blake 布莱克先生
 - Mrs. (married) 夫人(已婚)
 - Miss (unmarried) 小姐(未婚)
 - Ms. (marital status unknown) 女士(婚姻状况不详)
- Nice to meet you. 很高兴认识你。

Lesson 7 Are you a teacher?

- My name is ... = I am... 我的名字是.../我是...
- What's your job? = What do you do?
你是做什么工作的?
- What nationality are you?
 - Where are you from?
 - Where do you come from?

} 你来自哪里?



◆ D. After class – Expressions

Lesson 9 How are you today?

1. ① How are you?
② How are things?
③ How's everything?
④ How's it going?
⑤ How are you doing? } 你好吗?
2. ① I'm very well, thank you. 我很好, 谢谢。
② I'm good, thanks. 我很好, 谢谢。
③ I'm fine, thanks. 我挺好的, 谢谢。
④ Not (too) bad. 还行; 不错。
3. ① And you?
② And how are you?
③ How about you? } 你呢?

Lesson 11 Is this your shirt?

1. Whose shirt is that? 那是谁的衬衫?
2. Is this shirt Tim's? 这是蒂姆的衬衫吗?
3. ① Here you are.
② Here you go.
③ Here it is/they are.
④ There you go.
⑤ There you are. } 给你

