

This material is for:

- ① lesson planning (for T);
- ② after-class use (for S).

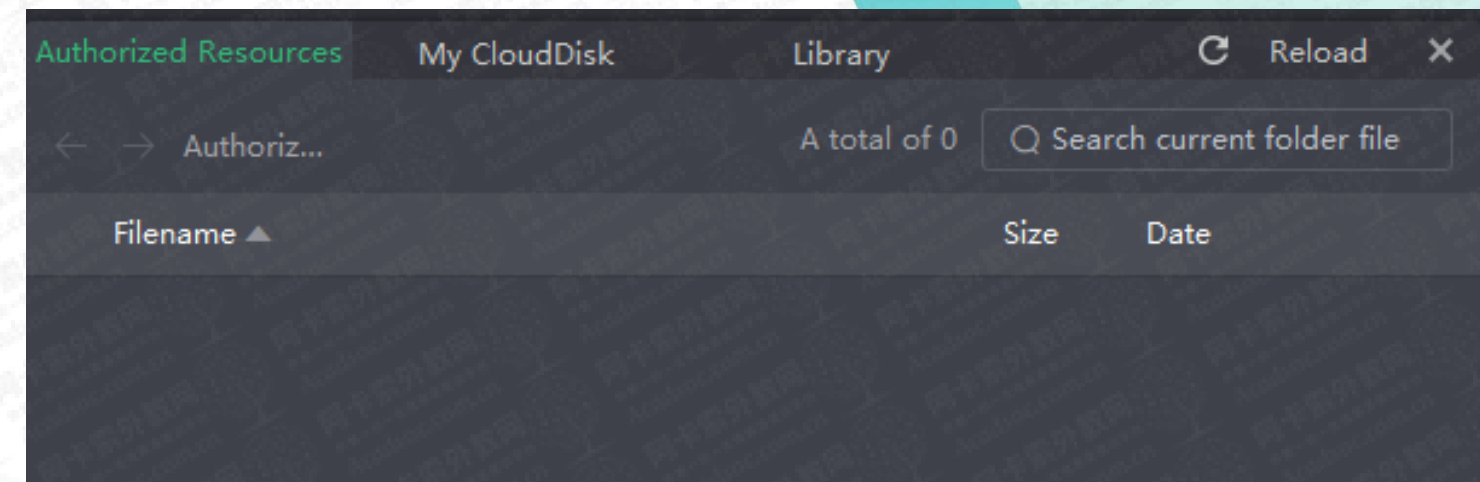
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本课件仅可用于:

- ① 老师课前备课;
- ② 学生课后自习。

如果正在使用ClassIn软件上课, 请老师在右侧操作栏的[Authorized Resources]文件夹中找到PPT课件并打开, 以获得最佳上课体验。



# Acadsoc New Classic English 2 (A)

## Lesson 8 An exciting trip (B) 激动人心的旅行 (下)

### Learning Objectives:

- Review words & structures from lesson (A)
- Retell the text from lesson (A)
- Discuss several questions





## A. Recall

(3mins)

- Recall the text from lesson (A). Complete the text in your own words.

回忆上节课中所学的课文内容，并用自己的语言补全课文。

*I have just received a letter from my brother, Tim. He is in Australia. He has been there for six months. Tim is an engineer. He is working for a big firm and he has already visited a great number of different places in Australia. He has just bought an Australian car and has gone to Alice Springs, a small town in the center of Australia. He will soon visit Darwin. From there, he will fly to Perth. My brother \_\_\_\_\_, so he \_\_\_\_\_.*





## A. Recall

■ Check your answers.

检查答案。

*I have just received a letter from my brother, Tim. He is in Australia. He has been there for six months. Tim is an engineer. He is working for a big firm and he has already visited a great number of different places in Australia. He has just bought an Australian car and has gone to Alice Springs, a small town in the center of Australia. He will soon visit Darwin. From there, he will fly to Perth. My brother has never been abroad before, so he is finding this trip very exciting.*



## B. Vocabulary

(4mins)

### 1. Fill in the blanks with proper words.

1. Tim is in Australia. He went \_\_\_\_\_ ( to / at / into / in ) Australia six months **ago**.
2. The writer hasn't seen Tim \_\_\_\_\_ ( from / since / by ) six months ago.
3. He has just gone to Alice Springs. He has never \_\_\_\_\_ ( went / being / been ) there **before**.
4. Tim is **working for** a big **firm**. = He is working for a big \_\_\_\_\_ ( society / company / factory / store).
5. He has visited a great number of **different** places. = He hasn't stayed in \_\_\_\_\_ ( the only / a similar / the same ) place.
6. He will **fly to** Perth. = He will go there \_\_\_\_\_ ( with air / in air / by air / through air ).

### 2. Choose two words/phrases in **加粗的** and make your own sentences.

Word/Phrase 1

\_\_\_\_\_

Word/Phrase 2

\_\_\_\_\_



## B. Vocabulary

### 1. Fill in the blanks with proper words.

1. Tim is in Australia. He went to ( to / at / into / in ) Australia six months **ago**.
2. The writer hasn't seen Tim since ( from / since / by ) six months ago.
3. He has just gone to Alice Springs. He has never been ( went / being / been ) there **before**.
4. Tim is **working for** a big **firm**. = He is working for a big company ( society / company / factory / store).
5. He has visited a great number of **different** places. = He hasn't stayed in the same ( the only / a similar / the same ) place.
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Word/Phrase 1

\_\_\_\_\_

Word/Phrase 2

\_\_\_\_\_

# C. Key structures

(5mins)

## 1. What has happened? / 现在完成时

- Study the example sentences. Pay close attention to the underlined words.  
研究以下例句，特别要注意现在完成时句子中表示时间的状语(划线部分)。

1) I have <u>just</u> received a letter from my brother, Tim.	5) He has retired <u>now</u> .
2) He has been there <u>for six months</u> .	6) I haven't been very successful <u>so far</u> .
3) He has <u>already</u> visited a great number of different places.	7) The train has not arrived <u>yet</u> .
4) My brother has <u>never</u> been abroad before.	8) Have you <u>ever</u> been to Australia?

- **Exercise:** Write these sentences again. Put the words in parentheses in the right place.  
**练习：**改写以下句子，将括号中表示时间的状语放在恰当位置。

1. *I have had breakfast. (just)*
2. *He has been in prison. (for three months)*
3. *Have you been to Germany? (ever)*
4. *I have been to Germany. (never)*
5. *The police have not caught the thief. (yet)*



## C. Key structures

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**练习：**改写以下句子，将括号中表示时间的状语放在恰当位置。

1. *I have had breakfast. (just)* ***I have just had breakfast.***
2. *He has been in prison. (for three months)* ***He has been in prison for three months.***
3. *Have you been to Germany? (ever)* ***Have you ever been to Germany?***
4. *I have been to Germany. (never)* ***I have never been to Germany.***
5. *The police have not caught the thief. (yet)* ***The police have not caught the thief yet.***



## C. Key structures

(3mins)

### 2. Receive and Take / “接收”与“拿走”

- **receive:** I *have just received* a letter from my brother. 我刚从我弟弟那里收到一封信。
- **take:** Someone *has taken* my pen. 有人拿走了我的钢笔。

- **Exercise:** Choose the correct words in the following sentences.  
练习：根据全句的意思选用合适的动词。

1. Yesterday I ( *took / received* ) a present from Aunt Jane.
2. Have you ( *taken / received* ) a letter from him yet?
3. I ( *took / received* ) the letter with me.
4. He has ( *taken / received* ) some flowers to her.
5. Why did you ( *take / receive* ) this book off the shelf?

## C. Key structures

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3. I ( took / received ) the letter with me.
4. He has ( taken / received ) some flowers to her.
5. Why did you ( take / receive ) this book off the shelf?



## D. Retell

(5mins)

- Retell the text from lesson (A). Use the key words below to help you.

参考以下关键词，□头复述课文。

1. just - letter - brother - Tim
2. in Australia
3. there - six months
4. Tim - engineer
5. big firm - already - number - places
6. bought - Australian car - gone - Alice Springs - small town - center
7. soon - Darwin
8. From there - fly - Perth
9. never - abroad - before - trip - exciting

*\* Use as many expressions from the original text as possible. Prepare and try to speak without pauses.*

*\* 尽量使用原文的词组和结构。做好准备，尝试一次性连续讲完。*

## D. Retell

- Check your answers against the text.

对照课文原文，检查你的答案。

*I have just received a letter from my brother, Tim. He is in Australia. He has been there for six months. Tim is an engineer. He is working for a big firm and he has already visited a great number of different places in Australia. He has just bought an Australian car and has gone to Alice Springs, a small town in the center of Australia. He will soon visit Darwin. From there, he will fly to Perth. My brother has never been abroad before, so he is finding this trip very exciting.*

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(3mins)

## E. Discussion

1. *Do you know anyone who lives or works abroad? Tell your teacher about him/her.*

2. *Which country would you like to visit most? Why?*

## F. Review

- In this lesson, we learned the expressions of what has happened, and the difference between receive and take.

本节课，我们学习了现在完成时的表达，以及receive和take的区别。

### What has happened?

- *I have just received a letter from my brother, Tim.*
- *He has been there for six months.*
- *He has already visited a great number of different places.*
- *He has gone to Alice Springs.*
- *My brother has never been abroad before.*

### Receive and Take

- *I have just received a letter from my brother.*
- *Someone has taken my pen.*





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# See you next time!



您的支持是我们前进的动力，  
期待您的五星好评！

