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- ① lesson planning (for T);
- ② after-class use (for S).

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本课件仅可用于:

- ① 老师课前备课;
- ② 学生课后自习。

如果正在使用ClassIn软件上课, 请老师在右侧操作栏的[Authorized Resources]文件夹中找到PPT课件并打开, 以获得最佳上课体验。



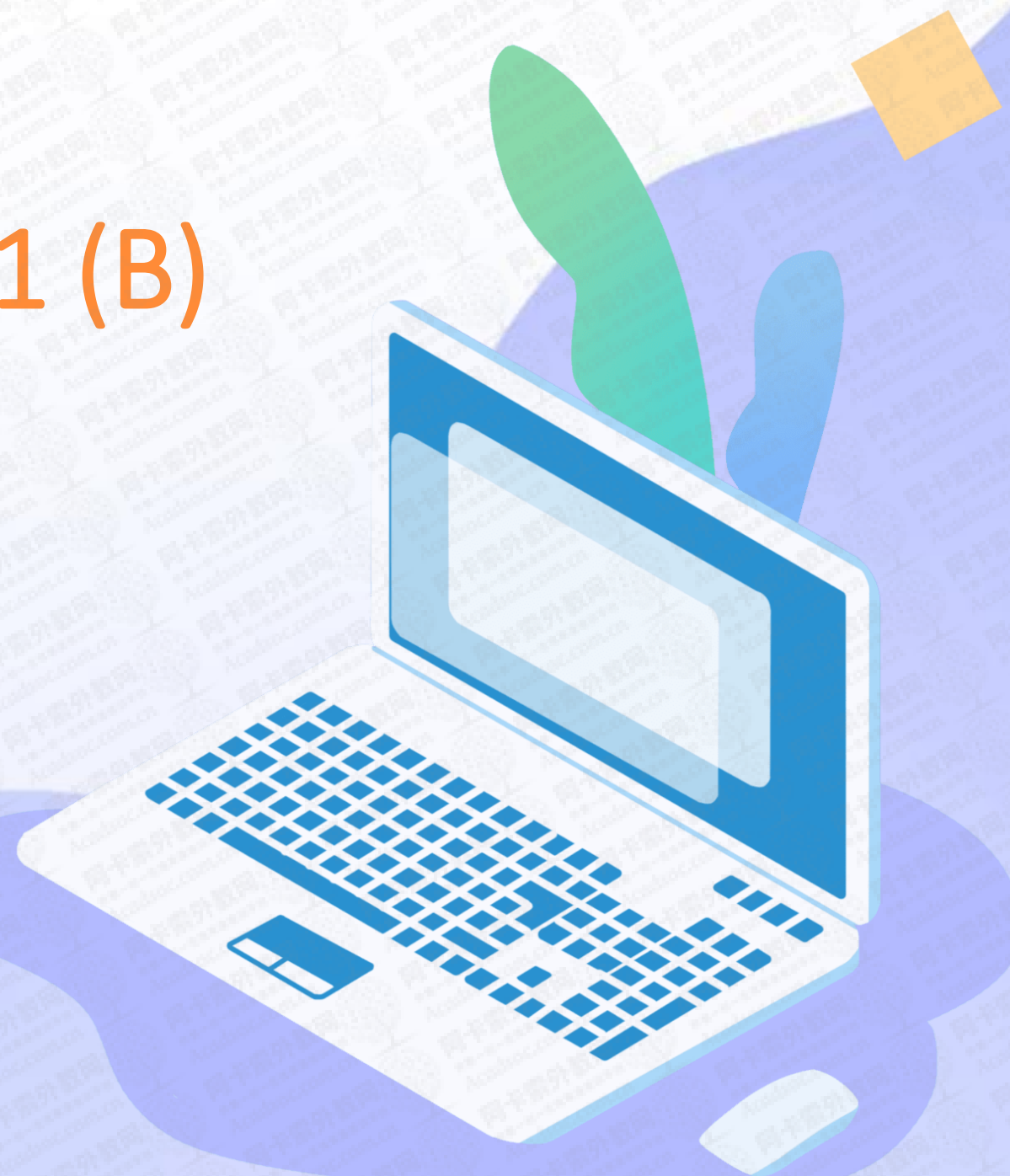


# Acadsoc New Classic English 1 (B)

## Lesson 75 Sally's first train ride 萨利首次乘火车旅行

### Learning Objectives:

- 11 words and 3 language points
- 1 text





## A. Warm up

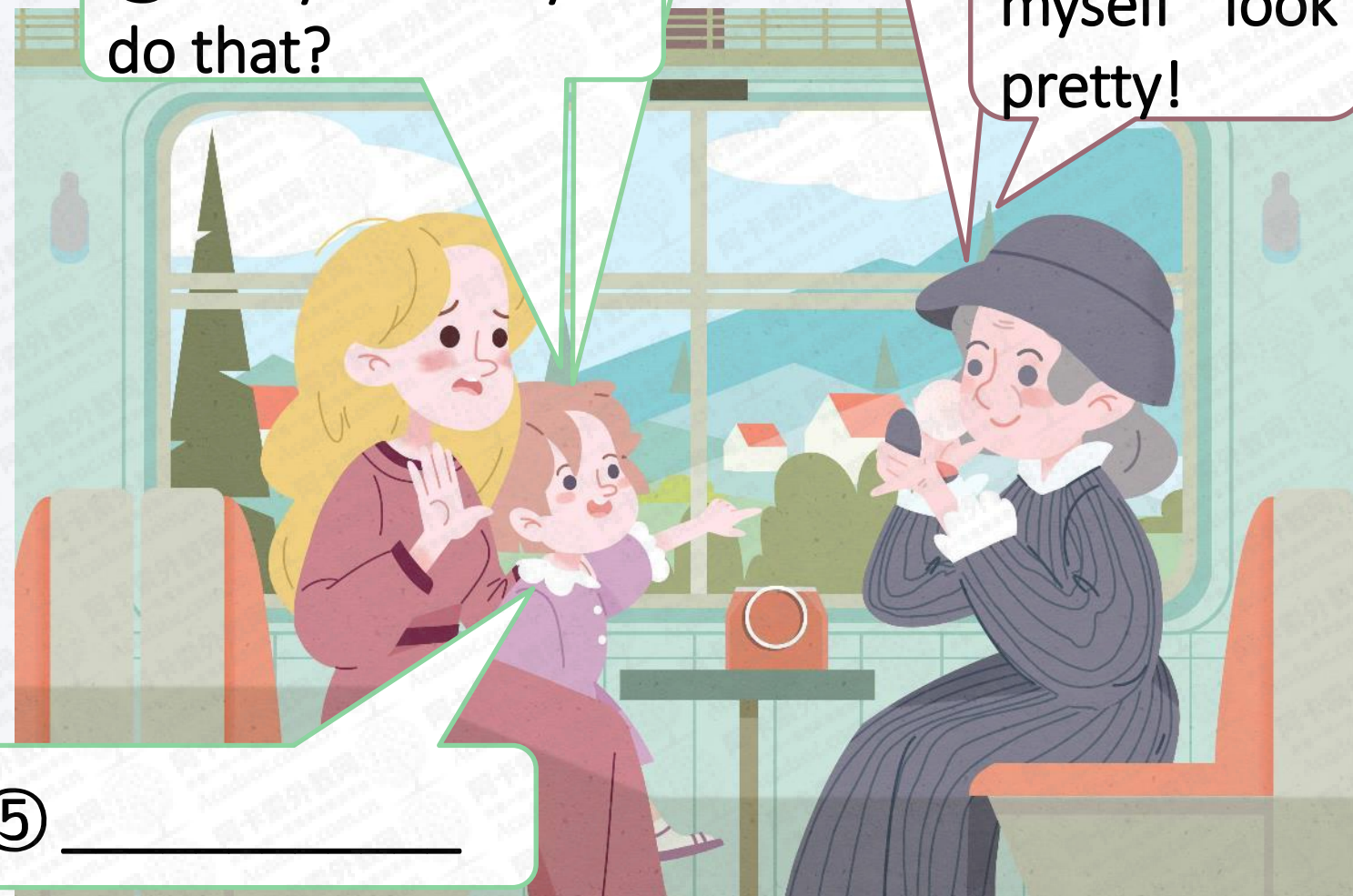
(2 mins)

① Hi, what are you doing?

② I'm putting makeup on my face.

③ Why would you do that?

④ To make myself look pretty!



⑤ \_\_\_\_\_

Which of the following should be used to complete the dialog?

A. But you are still ugly!

B. It's a waste of money.

C. That's nice!



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## A. Warm up

① Hi, what are you doing?

② I'm putting makeup on my face.

③ Why would you do that?

④ To make myself look pretty!




⑤ \_\_\_\_\_



*Which of the following should be used to complete the dialog?*

*A. But you are still ugly!*

*B. It's a waste of money.*

 *C. That's nice!*



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## B. Words & Phrases

(4 mins)

Learn the words and phrases with your teacher.

excited	/ɪk'saɪtɪd/	adj.	(感到) 兴奋的	I'm really <b>excited</b> about the party.
middle-aged	/ˌmɪdl 'eɪdʒd/	adj.	中年的	He is a <b>middle-aged</b> man.
opposite	/'ɑ:pəzɪt/	prep.	在.....对面	They sat <b>opposite</b> each other.
curiously	/'kjʊəriəsli/	adv.	好奇地	"Why did you come here?" Jack asked <b>curiously</b> .
funny	/'fʌni/	adj.	有趣的, 滑稽的	He's a very <b>funny</b> guy.
powder	/'paʊdə/	n.	粉末, 化妆扑粉	She put some <b>powder</b> on her face.
compact	/'kɑ:mpækt/	n.	带镜子的粉盒	She bought a powder <b>compact</b> last night.
smile	/smaɪl/	v.	笑, 微笑	She <b>smiled</b> <u>at</u> him and he <b>smiled</b> back.
kindly	/'kaɪndli/	adv.	友好地, 仁慈地	Stella <b>kindly</b> offered to help.
ugly	/'ʌgli/	adj.	丑陋的	I just saw <u>an</u> <b>ugly</b> building.
amused	/ə'mju:zd/	adj.	(感到) 好笑的	She <b>was amused</b> <u>by</u> your jokes.



## ◆ C. Dialog – Listen <http://www.acadsoc.com.cn/IES/Aplayer.aspx?code=540B23D9D798A6BD> (3 mins)

■ Look at the picture. Listen and answer the question.

### Words you'll hear:

excited                  powder

middle-aged          compact

opposite               smile

curiously              kindly

funny                   ugly

amused

Why was the mother  
embarrassed (难堪的)?





## ◆ C. Dialog – Listen

■ Look at the picture. Listen and answer the question.

### *Words you'll hear:*

excited                  powder

middle-aged          compact

opposite               smile

curiously              kindly

funny                   ugly

amused

*Why was the mother  
embarrassed (难堪的)?*



*Because Sally (her daughter) called  
the (middle-aged) lady ugly.*





## ◆ C. Dialog – Read <http://www.acadsoc.com.cn/IES/Aplayer.aspx?code=540B23D9D798A6BD>

(2 mins)

Last week, my four-year-old daughter, Sally, was invited to a children's party. I decided to take her by train. Sally was very excited because she had never traveled on a train before. She sat near the window and asked questions about everything she saw. Suddenly, a middle-aged lady got on the train and sat opposite Sally. "Hello, little girl," she said. Sally did not answer, but looked at her curiously.

The lady was dressed in a blue coat and a large, funny hat. After the train had left the station, the lady opened her handbag and took out her powder compact. She then began to put makeup on her face. "Why are you doing that?" Sally asked. "To make myself beautiful," the lady answered. She put away her compact and smiled kindly. "But you are still ugly," Sally said. Sally was amused, but I was very embarrassed!



## ◆ C. Dialog – Learn

### ■ Sentences and expressions.

(5 mins)

#### 1. compound adjectives 复合形容词

A compound adjective is made up of more than one word. The words in a compound adjective do not need to be adjectives. They are usually connected with hyphens.

复合形容词由两个或以上的词组成，通常以连字符连接，词性未必是形容词。

- a **long-term** goal 一个**长期的**目标
- a **man-eating** shark 一条**食人的**鲨鱼
- a **middle-aged** lady 一位**中年的**妇女
- a **four-year-old** girl 一个**四岁的**女孩
- an **eighty-page** paper 一篇**八十页的**论文

(Nouns in compound adjectives **must be singular**.  
复合形容词中的**名词必须用单数形式**。)

#### 2. before vs. ago

“Before” is often used with the perfect tense, while “ago” is usually used with the past tense.

Before常与完成时搭配使用，ago常与过去时搭配使用。

- *She has never been to New York **before**.*  
她**此前**从未去过纽约。

- *She went to New York three years **ago**.*  
她三年**前**去过纽约。

#### 3. adjectives ending with “-ed” and “-ing”

- **excited**: to describe someone who feels very happy (指某人感到) 兴奋的
- *I am **excited** about this movie.*  
我对这部电影**感到兴奋**。
- **exciting**: to describe something making someone feel excited (指某事物) 令人兴奋的
- *This is an **exciting** movie.*  
这部电影**令人兴奋** (这部电影**很刺激**)。
- **amused**: showing that you think something is funny (指某人感到) 好笑的
- *She was **amused** at/by your costume.*  
她**被**你的戏服**逗得**开心。
- **amusing**: entertaining; funny and giving pleasure (指某事物) 有趣的，引人发笑的
- *I didn't find this story **amusing**.*  
我觉得这个故事**没有趣味性**。



## ◆ C. Dialog – Practice

(3 mins)

■ Fill in the blanks with the correct words. 用正确的词填空。

1. – I have some \_\_\_\_\_ (exciting / excited) news for you. We're going to Venice this summer!

– What! I'm so \_\_\_\_\_ (exciting / excited)!

2. He was \_\_\_\_\_ (amused / amusing) by your joke.

He thought the joke was \_\_\_\_\_ (amused / amusing).

3. Sally and Molly sat \_\_\_\_\_ (opposite to / opposite of / opposite) each other. Sally looked at

Molly \_\_\_\_\_ (kind / kindly), while Molly looked at Sally \_\_\_\_\_ (curious / curiously).

4. The train left 10 minutes \_\_\_\_\_ (ago / before).

I arrived at the station in a hurry, but the train had left 10 minutes \_\_\_\_\_ (ago / before).



## ◆ C. Dialog – Practice

■ Fill in the blanks with the correct words. 用正确的词填空。

1. – I have some exciting (exciting / excited) news for you. We're going to Venice this summer!

– What! I'm so excited (exciting / excited)!

2. He was amused (amused / amusing) by your joke.

He thought the joke was amusing (amused / amusing).

3. Sally and Molly sat opposite (opposite to / opposite of / opposite) each other. Sally looked at

Molly kindly (kind / kindly), while Molly looked at Sally curiously (curious / curiously).

4. The train left 10 minutes ago (ago / before).

I arrived at the station in a hurry, but the train had left 10 minutes before (ago / before).



## ◆ C. Dialog - Practice

(2 mins)

■ Read and choose. 读一读，选一选。

- Wow, look at that clown (小丑)! It's so \_\_\_\_\_! I want to laugh out loud!
- But I think it's \_\_\_\_\_. I don't like clowns at all.
- Well, at least we should respect (尊重) the \_\_\_\_\_ man who plays the clown. It's a tiring job, and he's not young anymore. But he still puts on a big \_\_\_\_\_ every day.
- I agree. Oh, he just took out his \_\_\_\_\_. Now he's putting on more makeup. He's very dedicated (尽职的) to his work.

compact  
funny  
middle-aged  
powder  
ugly  
smile



## ◆ C. Dialog - Practice

■ Read and choose. 读一读，选一选。

- Wow, look at that clown (小丑)! It's so funny! I want to laugh out loud!
- But I think it's ugly. I don't like clowns at all.
- Well, at least we should respect (尊重) the middle-aged man who plays the clown. It's a tiring job, and he's not young anymore. But he still puts on a big smile every day.
- I agree. Oh, he just took out his powder compact. Now he's putting on more makeup. He's very dedicated (尽职的) to his work.

compact  
funny  
middle-aged  
powder  
ugly  
smile



## ◆ C. Dialog – Practice

(3 mins)

- Discuss the questions below with your teacher.  
和你的老师讨论下列问题。

1. Can you describe your first train ride, plane ride, boat ride or other travel experience? How do you feel about the ride or experience?

2. Do you think makeup can truly make a person beautiful?  
Why or why not?



(1 min)



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## D. Review

In this lesson, you've learned:

### Words

excited	powder
middle-aged	compact
opposite	smile
curiously	kindly
funny	ugly
	amused

### Expressions

1. compound adjectives 复合形容词

a **long-term** goal    a **man-eating** shark    a **middle-aged** lady

a **four-year-old** girl    an **eighty-page** paper

➤ Nouns in compound adjectives must be **singular**. (单数形式的)

2. "Before" is often used with the perfect tense, while "ago" is usually used with the past tense.

3. adjectives ending with "-ed" and "-ing"

- I am **excited** about this movie. 我对这部电影**感到兴奋**。
- This is an **exciting** movie. 这部电影**令人兴奋** (这部电影**很刺激**)。
- She was **amused** at/by your joke. 她**被**你的笑话**逗得开心**。
- I didn't find this joke **amusing**. 我觉得这个笑话**不好笑**。



# See you next time!

同学对本节课还满意吗？  
请给我们五星好评哦！

