

# Homework 1

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```
library(tidyverse)
```

Tasks that require an answer are bolded (inside **\*\*** in the .qmd file). For any task that includes a question (i.e. it ends with “?”), you should also answer the question in sentence form.

## Quarto

### 0.

Before making any changes to this document, **Render** it to verify you have all the necessary components installed. You can double check the PDF output you get against the `homework_01.pdf` provided on the Assignment page in canvas.

If you run into any difficulties with this first step, ask for help ASAP.

### 1.

**Edit the author: line in the top section of this document to replace my name with yours.** (1 pt)

It's good practice to check changes as you go. So, once you've made the change, **Render** this document again, and check the document renders without error, and your name has indeed replaced mine in the PDF output.

## Reading and Writing R Code

2.

Write code that accomplishes the following steps in this order: (4 pts)

1. Assign a variable called `temp_f` the value 32
2. Subtract 32 from `temp_f`, then divide it by 1.8. Assign the result to a variable called `temp_c`
3. Call the function `paste()` with `temp_f` as the first argument, `temp_c` as the second argument and the `sep` argument set to "F converted to C is ".

```
# Your code goes inside this code chunk
temp_f <- 32
temp_c <- (temp_f - 32) / 1.8
paste(temp_f, temp_c, sep = "F converted to C is ")
```

```
[1] "32F converted to C is 0"
```

If your code is correct, the result of running the chunk should be:

```
[1] "32F converted to C is 0"
```

3.

This week, you've seen how naming the arguments in a call to a function is optional, but can increase the readability of the code. For instance, this line of code doesn't name any of the arguments to `log()`:

```
log(1, 2)
```

Whereas, this code, which does the exact same thing, names all of its arguments explicitly:

```
log(x = 1, base = 2)
```

Re-write each line of code in the chunk below to explicitly name all of the arguments: (4 pts)

```
choose(n = 4, k = 2)
```

```
mean(x = LakeHuron, trim = 0.1, na.rm = TRUE)

ggplot(
  data = diamonds,
  mapping = aes(x = carat, y = price),
  environment = parent.frame(n = 1)
) +
  geom_point(
    mapping = NULL,
    data = NULL,
    stat = "identity",
    position = "identity",
    na.rm = FALSE,
    show.legend = NA,
    inherit.aes = TRUE
  )
```

*(Hint: You might need to look at the help for each function to find out the argument names)*

#### 4.

##### Submit your work (1 pt)

Make sure you Render your completed file once you've completed all the tasks. Double-check the PDF file contains all your solutions, then submit both the Quarto file (homework\_01.qmd) and the PDF file (homework\_01.pdf).