Stochastic gradient descent



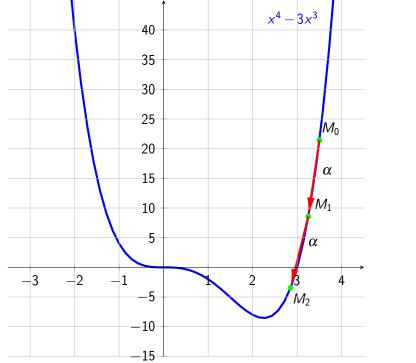
Figure: Input: picture of different species of fish

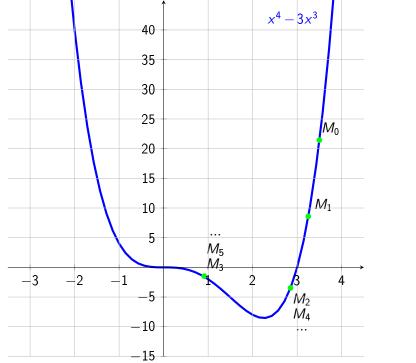


Figure: Output: photo analysis

Output:

- 1, 2, 3: specie 1
- 4: specie 2
- 5: specie 3
- 6, 7, 8, 9: specie 4
- 10, 11: specie 5
- 12, 13, 14: specie 6





Learning rate:	
$\forall \textit{n} \in \mathbb{N}, \alpha_{\textit{n}} =$	$\frac{1}{n+1}$

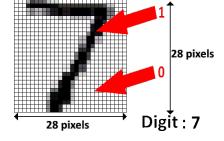


Figure: Example of an annotated MNIST element

With n set and $n \in [0, 9]$.

Output	0	0.1	 0.9	1	
The picture	doesn't match	doesn't seem to match	 seem to match	match	to digit n

Notations: α is the learning rate.

With n set and $n \in [0, 9]$.

0 otherwise.

We set m the number of pictures. Let $j \in [1, 28^2]$, θ_i is the j^{th} parameter defining the line

which is the nearest as possible to all points.
$$h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})$$
 est la prédiction de notre algorithme pour la *i*-ème photo $x^{(i)}$. $y^{(i)}$ takes value 0 or 1, 1 if the picture match to digit n and

We have $h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) = \sigma(\theta_1 + \theta_2 x_2 + ... + \theta_{282} x_{282})$, with σ the bijective sigmoid function defined from \mathbb{R} to [0; 1], by: $\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+a^{-x}}$

 $J(\theta_1, \theta_2, ..., \theta_{282}) = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^2$

Repeat until it converges: For i from 1 to 28^2 :

 $\theta_i := \theta_i - \alpha \frac{dJ(\theta_1, \theta_2, \dots \theta_{282})}{d\theta_i}$

 $\frac{dJ(\theta_1,\theta_2,...\theta_{28^2})}{d\theta_i} =$ $\frac{d}{d\theta_i} \left(\frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})^2 - 2h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) y^{(i)} + y^{(i)^2}) \right)$ $=rac{d}{d heta_i}(rac{1}{2m}\sum_{i=1}^m(h_{ heta}(x^{(i)})^2-2h_{ heta}(x^{(i)})y^{(i)}))$ because $y^{(i)}$ is constant.

$$= \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{dh_{\theta}(x^{(i)})}{d\theta_{j}} (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})$$

$$\forall i \in [1; m], \text{ we have}$$

$$\frac{dh_{\theta}(x^{(i)})}{d\theta_{j}} = \frac{d(\theta_{1} \times_{1} + \ldots + \theta_{28^{2}} \times_{28^{2}})}{d\theta_{j}} * \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\theta_{1} \times_{1} + \ldots + \theta_{28^{2}} \times_{28^{2}})}} =$$

Let $j \in [1; 28^2]$. We have:

 $\frac{x_i}{1+e^{-(\theta_1x_1+...+\theta_{28}^2x_{28}^2)}}$ by composition derivative.

 $= \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} 2h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) \frac{dh_{\theta}(x^{(i)})}{d\theta_{i}} - 2 \frac{dh_{\theta}(x^{(i)})}{d\theta_{i}} y^{(i)}$

So: $\frac{dJ(\theta_1, \theta_2, \dots \theta_{28}^2)}{d\theta_i} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{x_i (h_\theta(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})}{1 + e^{-(\theta_1 x_1 + \dots + \theta_{28}^2 x_{28}^2)}}$

```
from random import random
import gzip
from copy import deepcopy
cd ("MNIST—dataset")
ft = gzip open('data training', 'rb')
TRA|N|NG = load(ft)
OLD TRAINING = deepcopy(TRAINING[1])
ft.close()
NB ELEMENTS = |en(TRA|N|NG[0])
THETA NUMBER = int(|en(TRA|N|NG[0][0]))
SIZE = int(sqrt(THETA NUMBER))
STEP = 0.02 / NB ELEMENTS
theta = [[0] * THETA NUMBER for i in range(10)]
newTheta = [[0] * THETA NUMBER for i in range (10)]
H THETA = [0] * NB ELEMENTS for i in range(10)]
E MY SUM = [[0] * NB ELEMENTS for i in range (10)]
NEW TRAINING = [[int(OLD TRAINING[pic] != nb) for pic in range(NB ELEMENTS)] for nb i
def mySum(picIndex, numberIndex):
    partia|Sum = 0
    for j in range (THETA NUMBER):
        partia|Sum += theta[number|ndex][i] * TRA|N|NG[0][pic|ndex][i]
    return partia|Sum
def h theta(picIndex, numberIndex):
    partia|Sum = 0
```

partialSum += theta[number|ndex][i] * TRA|N|NG[0][pic|ndex][i]

from os import chdir as cd from pickle import load from math import sgrt, exp

for i in range (1, THETA NUMBER):

return theta[number|ndex][0] + partia|Sum

```
return TRAINING[0][picIndex][thetaIndex] / (1 + E MY SUM[numberIndex][picIndex])
def prediction (index):
    best \mid ndex = -1
    best Distance = 10 # "largest" distance
    for number index in range (10):
        hTet = h theta(index, number|ndex)
        if hTet < best Distance:
             bestindex = numberindex
             best Distance = hTet
    return bestindex
def prediction Rate():
    nb = 0
    for i in range(NB ELEMENTS):
        if OLD TRAINING[i] == prediction(i): nb += 1
    print ((nb / NB ELEMENTS) * 100, nb, NB ELEMENTS)
def prediction Index (index):
    prediction = 0
    nblndex = 0
    for i in range(NB ELEMENTS):
        if OLD \overline{T}RA|N|\overline{N}G[i] == index:
             nb \overline{n} dex += 1
             if not bool(round(h theta(i, index))):
                 prediction += 1
    return prediction
for number Index in range (10):
    print (number Index)
    iteration = 0
    lastValue = NB ELEMENTS
    predi = prediction | ndex(number| ndex)
    |ast|mprove = 0
```

def dh theta(picIndex, thetaIndex, numberIndex):

while predi <= last Value and last Improve < 2:

```
e \mid se: | ast|mprove = 0
        last Value = predi
        print ("iteration", iteration, predi)
        for k in range (NB ELEMENTS):
            H THETA[number|ndex][k] = h theta(k, number|ndex)
            E MY SUM[number|ndex][k] = exp(-mySum(k, number|ndex))
        for i in range (THETA NUMBER):
            sum = 0
            for k in range (NB ELEMENTS):
                sum += dh_theta(k, i, number|ndex) * (H_THETA[number|ndex][k] - NEW
            newTheta[number|ndex][i] = theta[number|ndex][i] - STEP * sum
        for i in range (THETA NUMBER):
            theta [number | ndex][i] = new Theta [number | ndex][i]
        iteration += 1
        predi = prediction | ndex ( number | ndex )
prediction Rate()
```

if predi == last Value: last Improve += 1

Iteration	Error rate	Number of errors	Number of pictures
0	95.64	5665	5923
1	32.18	1906	5923
2	13.47	798	5923
3	9.71	575	5923
4	9.37	555	5923

81.7 % of good prediction for $n \in \llbracket 0;9 \rrbracket$ on the testing

Beginning of output for n = 0:

database.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \hat{x}_{1} \\ \dots \\ x_{28^{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$
$$(\theta_{1}\theta_{2}\dots\theta_{28^{2}}) h_{\theta}(x)$$

```
#include <fstream>
#include <vector>
#include <tuple>
#include < cmath >
#include <iostream>
#include < cereal/archives/binary hpp>
#include < cereal / types / vector hpp>
#include < cereal / types / tuple . hpp>
#include <SDL.h>
#include <thread>
using namespace std;
template < typename T>
string convert Nb To Str (const T& number)
    ostringstream convert;
    convert << number;
    return convert.str();
void echo(string str)
    unsigned int time = SDL GetTicks():
    string finalStr = convertNbToStr((time - (time % 1000)) / 1000) + "s" + str
    cout << finalStr;
vector < tuple < vector < double > , unsigned short >> TRAINING;
vector < unsigned short > OLD TRAINING;
unsigned int NB ELEMENTS. THETA NUMBER, TMP WORKING ELEMENTS, SIZE:
vector < vector < double >> old Theta, theta, new Theta, H THETA, E MY SUM;
vector < vector < unsigned short >> NEW TRAINING;
double STEP:
unsigned short threads = 0;
```

double mySum(unsigned int piclndex, unsigned int numberIndex)

#include <string>

```
partia|Sum += theta[number|ndex][j] * (get <0>(TRA|N|NG[pic|ndex]))[j];
    return partial Sum:
double h theta (unsigned int picIndex, unsigned int numberIndex)
    double partialSum = theta[number|ndex][0];
    for (unsigned int i = 1; i < THETA NUMBER; i++)
        partialSum += theta[number|ndex][i] * (get <0>(TRA|N|NG[pic|ndex]))[i];
    return partial Sum;
double dh theta (unsigned int piclndex, unsigned int thetalndex, unsigned int numberln
    return (get <0>(TRAINING[picIndex]))[thetaIndex] / (1 + E MY SUM[numberIndex][picI
unsigned short prediction (unsigned int index)
    unsigned int best Index = 0, best Distance = 10;
    for (unsigned short number | n dex = 0; number | n dex < 10; number | n dex + +)
        double hTet = h theta(index, numberIndex);
        if (hTet < best Distance)
            best | ndex = number | ndex :
            best Distance = hTet:
        }
    return bestindex:
void prediction Rate()
```

double partialSum = 0:

for (unsigned int j = 0; j < THETA NUMBER: i++)

```
unsigned int nb = 0;
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < NB ELEMENTS; i++)
        if(OLD TRAINING[i] == prediction(i))
            n b + +:
    echo(convertNbToStr(100 * nb / NB ELEMENTS) + " " + convertNbToStr(nb) + " "
unsigned short prediction Index (unsigned int index)
    unsigned short prediction = 0;
    unsigned int nb \mid ndex = 0;
    for (unsigned int i = 0: i < NB ELEMENTS: i++)
        if(OLD TRA|N|NG[i] == index)
             nb|ndex++:
             if (!round(h theta(i, index)))
                 prediction ++:
    return prediction:
bool condition (unsigned short number Index)
    return true;
void digit (unsigned short numberIndex)
    if (condition (number | ndex))
        echo(convert Nb To Str(number Index));
    unsigned short iteration = 0, predi = predictionIndex(numberIndex), lastImprove =
    unsigned int lastValue = NB ELEMENTS;
    while (predi <= last Value)
        if (predi == |astValue) |ast|mprove++:
        e \mid se \mid ast \mid mprove = 0:
        if (|ast|mprove == 2) break;
```

```
if (condition (number | ndex))
            echo(convertNbToStr(numberIndex) + " iteration " + convertNbToStr(iterati
        for (unsigned int k = 0; k < NB ELEMENTS; k++)
            H THETA[numberIndex][k] = h theta(k, numberIndex);
            E = MY = SUM[number|ndex][k] = exp(-mySum(k, number|ndex));
        for (unsigned int i = 0; i < THETA NUMBER; <math>i++)
             double sum = 0:
            for (unsigned int k = 0; k < NB ELEMENTS; k++)
                 sum += dh theta(k, i, number|ndex) * (H THETA[number|ndex][k] - NEW
            newTheta[number|ndex][i] = theta[number|ndex][i] - STEP * sum;
        for (unsigned int i = 0; i < THETA NUMBER; <math>i++)
            oldTheta[numberIndex][i] = theta[numberIndex][i];
            theta[number|ndex][i] = newTheta[number|ndex][i];
        iteration ++:
        predi = prediction | ndex (number | ndex);
    }
if (condition (number Index))

- NLT o Str (nu
        echo(convertNbToStr(numberIndex) + " itb " + convertNbToStr(iteration) +
    for (unsigned int i = 0: i < THETA NUMBER: i++)
        theta[number|ndex][i] = oldTheta[number|ndex][i];
    if (condition (number | ndex))
        echo(convertNbToStr(numberIndex) + " itc " + convertNbToStr(iteration) + " "
    threads --:
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
    ifstream file ("train .bin" ifstream :: binary):
    cereal:: BinaryInputArchive iarchive (file):
```

last Value = predi:

iarchive (TRAINING);

```
iarchive (OLD TRAINING);
NB ELEMENTS = OLD TRAINING size();
file . close():
THETA NUMBER = (get < 0 > (TRAINING[0])) size ();
SIZE = (unsigned int)(sqrt(THETA NUMBER));
STEP = 0.02 / NB ELEMENTS;
vector < double > tmp0:
for (unsigned int theta | n dex = 0; theta | n dex < THETA NUMBER; theta | n dex ++)
    tmp0 push back(0);
for (unsigned short number | n dex = 0: number | n dex < 10: number | n dex + +)
    old Theta push back (tmp0);
    theta push back(tmp0):
    newTheta push back(tmp0);
tmp0 . clear():
for (unsigned intelement | ndex = 0; element | ndex < NB ELEMENTS; element | ndex ++)
    tmp0 push back(0);
for (unsigned short number | ndex = 0; number | ndex < 10; number | ndex ++)
    H THETA push back(tmp0);
    E MY SUM push back(tmp0);
    vector < unsigned short > tmp1;
    for (unsigned int pic = 0; pic < NB ELEMENTS; pic++)
         unsigned short is The Digit = int (OLD TRAINING[pic]! = number Index);
        tmp1 push back(isTheDigit);
    NEW TRAINING.push back(tmp1);
}
threads = 10;
for (unsigned short number | ndex = 0; number | ndex < 10; number | ndex ++)
    thread digit Thread (digit, number Index);
```

```
//digit Thread.join();
    digit Thread detach ():
while (threads != 0)
    SDL Delay (100):
prediction Rate ();
of stream thetas File ("thetas bin", fstream :: binary);
cereal:: Binary Output Archive oarchive (thetas File);
oarchive (theta):
thetas File. close ();
thetas File open ("thetas txt");
for (unsigned short number Index = 0; number Index < 10; number Index ++)
    for (unsigned int thetaIndex = 0; thetaIndex < THETA NUMBER; thetaIndex++)
         thetas File << theta [number | ndex ] [theta | ndex ] << "":
    thetas File << "\n":
thetas File . close ():
```