

# Syntax and Semantics

## Exercise Session 10

### Exercise 1.

Is there a big-step transition for each of the following cases? If so, prove it.

- (i)  $\langle x := 2; (\text{skip}; y := 3), [x \mapsto 3, y \mapsto 5] \rangle \rightarrow ?$
- (ii)  $\langle \text{if } x < y \text{ then } z := 5 \text{ else } S, [x \mapsto 2, y \mapsto 3, z \mapsto 5] \rangle \rightarrow ?$   
where  $S = (\text{if } x + 1 < y \text{ then } z := 2 \text{ else } z := 3)$
- (iii)  $\langle \text{skip}; x := 3; \text{while } x \leq 5 \text{ do } (x := x + 1; y := 2), \sigma \rangle \rightarrow ?$  where  $\sigma = [x \mapsto 2, y \mapsto 0]$ .

### Exercise 2.

Let  $S = \text{while } \neg(2 < (1 + 1)) \text{ do } (\text{if } x < x \text{ then } x := 2 \text{ else skip})$ .

- (i) Prove that  $S$  loops forever in the small-step semantics.
- (ii) Prove that there exists  $k \geq 0$  s.t. in the SS-semantics for any state  $s \in \text{States}$ ,  $\langle S, s \rangle \Rightarrow^k \langle S, s \rangle$ .

### Exercise 3.

Find all the transitions (if there are any) in the transition sequence starting from  $\langle S, s \rangle$  in the small-step semantics, for each of the following cases:

- (i)  $S = \text{if } (\neg(x > 3) \vee y > 2) \text{ then } (x := x + 3; y := 2) \text{ else skip}$  and  $s = [x \mapsto 0, y \mapsto 0]$ .
- (ii)  $S = \text{while } \neg(x < y) \text{ do } (x := x - 1; y := y + 1)$  and  $s = [x \mapsto 3, y \mapsto 0]$ .

### Exercise 4.

Prove that regular expressions are closed under intersection.