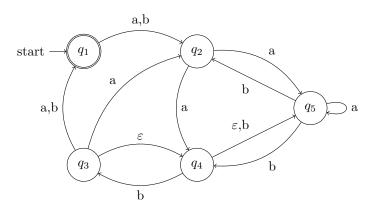
# Syntax and Semantics Exercise Session 3

#### Exercise 1

Consider the NFA N in the state diagram below.



1. Describe N. What are  $Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F$ ?

#### Solution:

2. Find an accepting computation (sequence of states) of N on the input aabba.

**Solution:**  $q_1 \xrightarrow{a} q_2 \xrightarrow{a} q_4 \xrightarrow{b} q_3 \xrightarrow{\varepsilon} q_4 \xrightarrow{b} q_3 \xrightarrow{a} q_1$ 

3. Which of the following inputs are accepted?

(a) aabbbba

Solution: Accepted

(b) abbabb

Solution: Rejected

(c) aaabab

Solution: Rejected

(d) abbbaab

Solution: Rejected

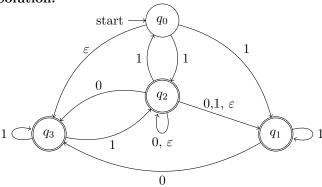
(e) abababa

Solution: Rejected

### Exercise 2

Construct the state diagram for the NFA  $N=(Q,\Sigma,\delta,q_0,F)$  where

#### Solution:



Which of the following inputs are accepted by this machine?

(a) 0011010

Solution: Rejected

(b) 0001110

Solution: Rejected

(c) 1010111

Solution: Accepted

(d) 1101011

Solution: Accepted

#### Exercise 3

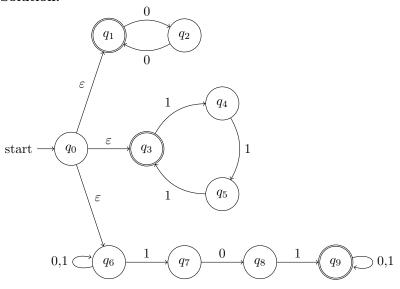
Construct automata that recognize the following languages:

1.  $L_1 = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid w \text{ has the prefix } 001 \text{ and the suffix } 00\} \cup \{\varepsilon\}$ Solution: 0, 1

Solution:  $\operatorname{start}$ 

3.  $L_3 = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid w = \underbrace{00...0}_{2n} \text{ or } w = \underbrace{11...1}_{3n} \text{ for } n \ge 0 \text{ or } w \text{ contains substring } 101\}$ 

Solution:



## Exercise 4

For each NFA given below, construct an equivalent DFA, where  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ .

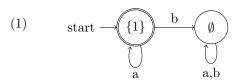
 $(1) \qquad \text{start} \longrightarrow 1 \qquad a \qquad (2) \qquad \text{start} \longrightarrow 1 \qquad b$ 

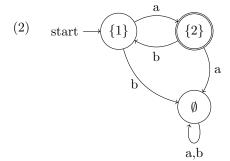
(5) start  $\longrightarrow$  1 2 (6) start  $\longrightarrow$  1 b,  $\varepsilon$ 

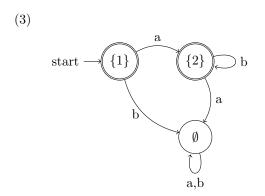
### ${\bf Solution:}$

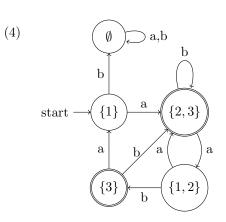
#### Solution:

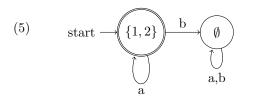
Only reachable states are shown

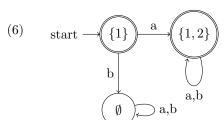






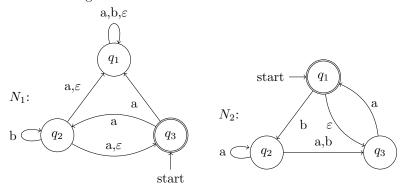




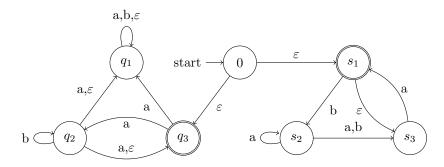


## Exercise 5

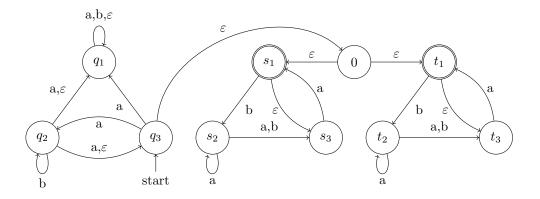
Consider the following automata



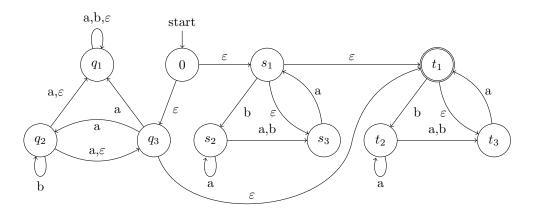
1. Construct an automaton that recognizes  $L(N_1) \cup L(N_2)$  Solution:



2. Construct an automaton that recognizes  $L(N_1) \circ (L(N_2) \cup L(N_2))$  Solution:



3. Construct an automaton that recognizes  $(L(N_1) \cup L(N_2)) \circ L(N_2)$  Solution:



4. Construct an automaton that recognizes  $(L(N_1) \cup L(N_2)^*) \circ L(N_2)$  Solution:

