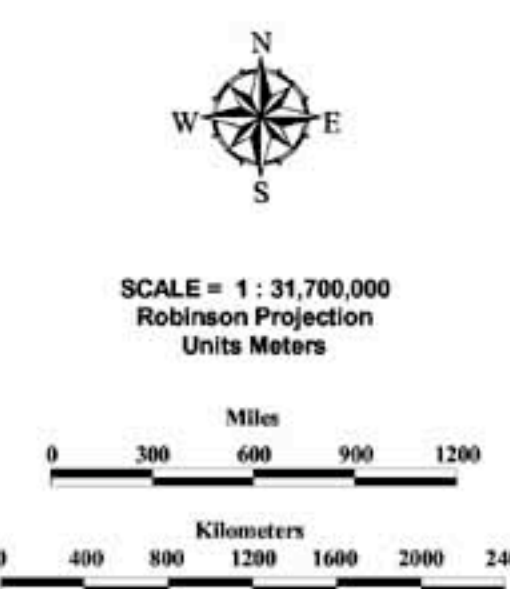
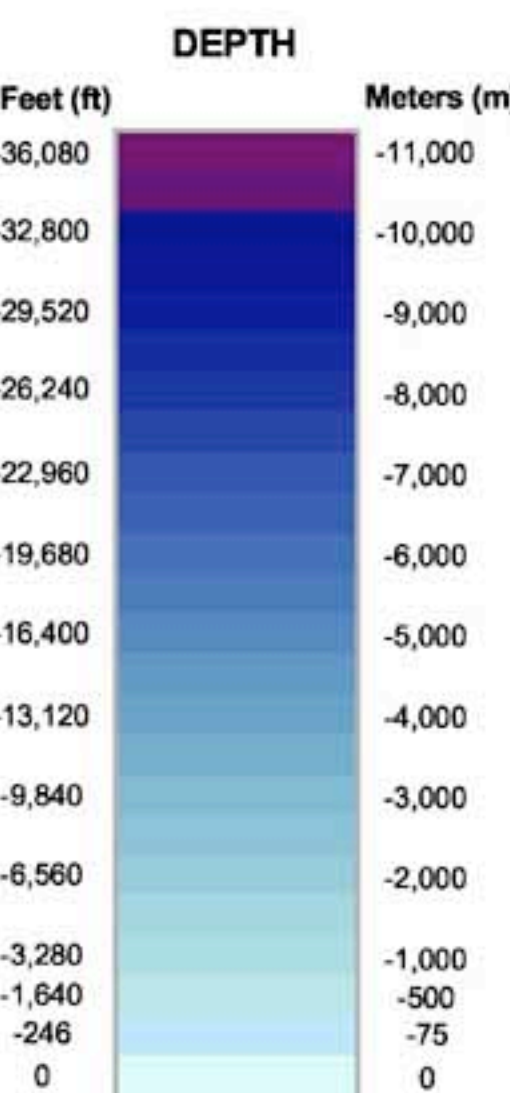


MAP KEY:

- LME Numbers:
- 1 East Bering Sea
 - 2 Gulf of Alaska
 - 3 California Current
 - 4 Gulf of California
 - 5 Gulf of Mexico
 - 6 Southeast U.S. Continental Shelf
 - 7 Northeast U.S. Continental Shelf
 - 8 Scotian Shelf
 - 9 Newfoundland-Labrador Shelf
 - 10 Insular Pacific-Hawaiian
 - 11 Pacific Central-American Coastal
 - 12 Caribbean Sea
 - 13 Humboldt Current
 - 14 Patagonian Shelf
 - 15 South Brazil Shelf
 - 16 East Brazil Shelf
 - 17 North Brazil Shelf
 - 18 West Greenland Shelf
 - 19 East Greenland Shelf
 - 20 Barents Sea
 - 21 Norwegian Shelf
 - 22 North Sea
 - 23 Baltic Sea
 - 24 Celtic-Biscay Shelf
 - 25 Iberian Coastal
 - 26 Mediterranean Sea
 - 27 Canary Current
 - 28 Guinea Current
 - 29 Benguela Current
 - 30 Agulhas Current
 - 31 Somali Coastal Current
 - 32 Arabian Sea
 - 33 Red Sea
 - 34 Bay of Bengal
 - 35 Gulf of Thailand
 - 36 South China Sea
 - 37 Sulu-Celebes Sea
 - 38 Indonesian Sea
 - 39 North Australian Shelf
 - 40 Northeast Australian Shelf - Great Barrier Reef
 - 41 East-Central Australian Shelf
 - 42 Southeast Australian Shelf
 - 43 Southwest Australian Shelf
 - 44 West-Central Australian Shelf
 - 45 Northwest Australian Shelf
 - 46 New Zealand Shelf
 - 47 East China Sea
 - 48 Yellow Sea
 - 49 Kurushio Current
 - 50 Sea of Japan
 - 51 Oyashio Current
 - 52 Sea of Okhotsk
 - 53 West Bering Sea
 - 54 Chukchi Sea
 - 55 Beaufort Sea
 - 56 East Siberian Sea
 - 57 Laptev Sea
 - 58 Kara Sea
 - 59 Iceland Shelf
 - 60 Faroe Plateau
 - 61 Antarctic
 - 62 Black Sea
 - 63 Hudson Bay
 - 64 Arctic Ocean

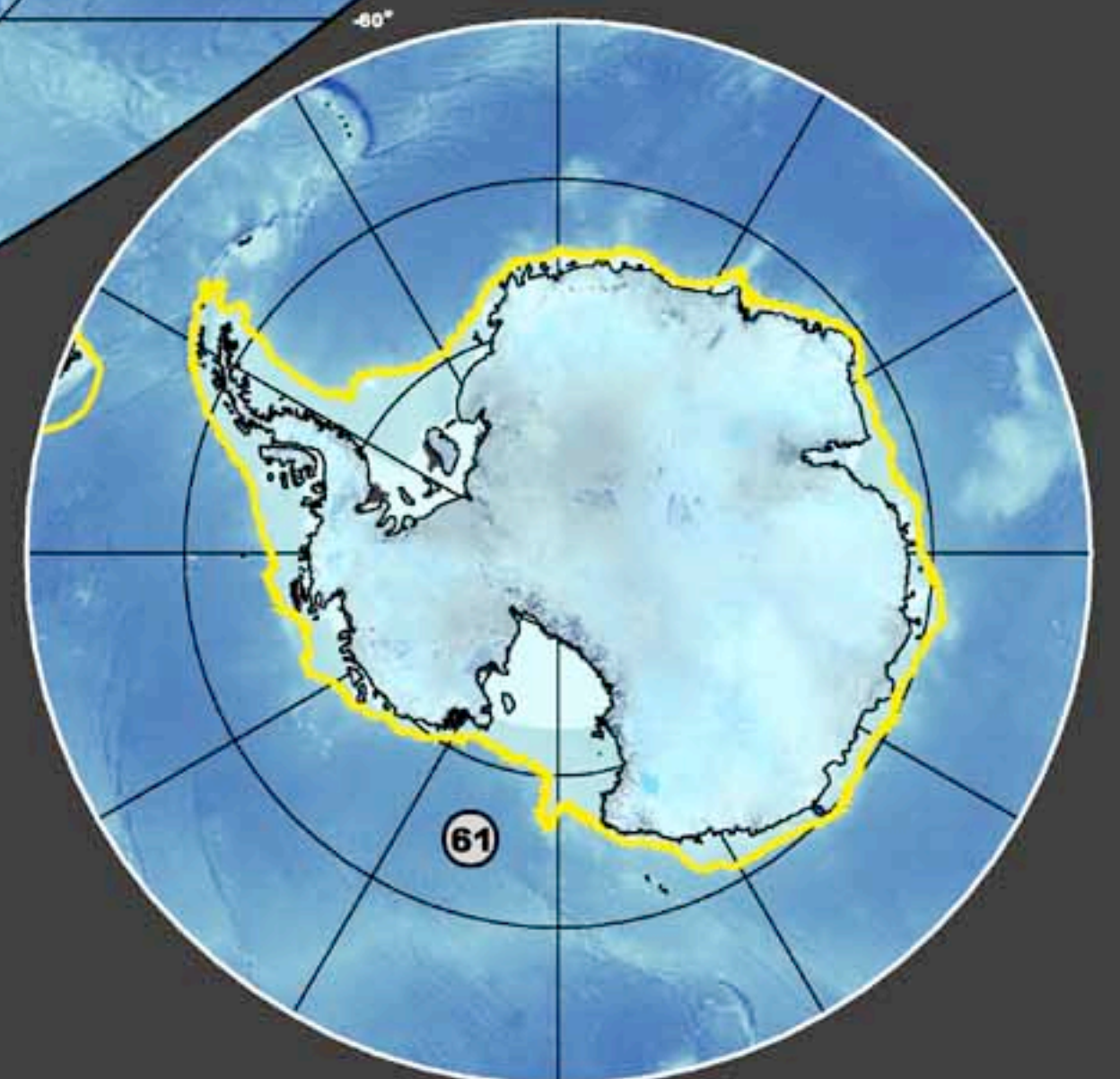
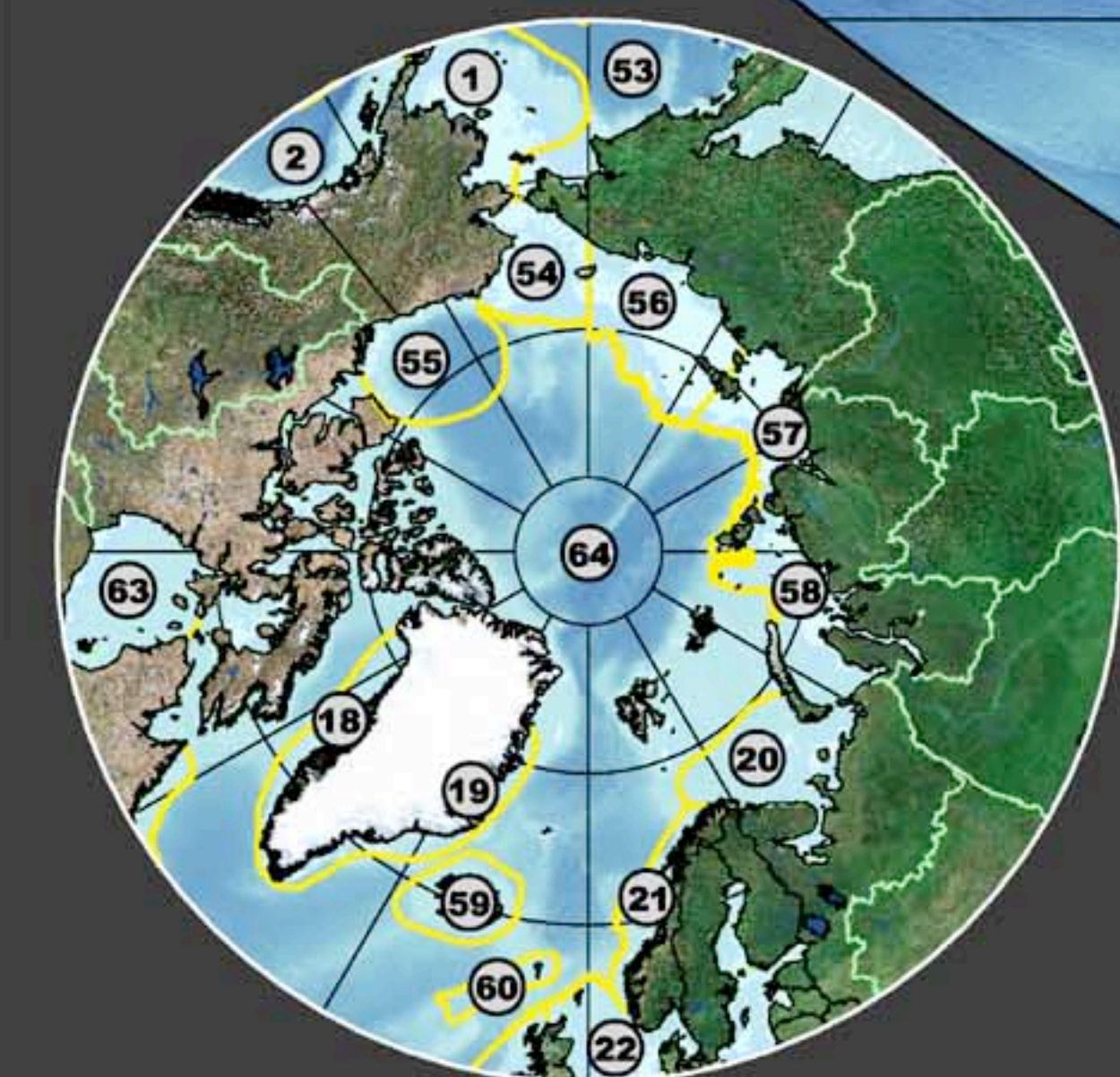
- Large Marine Ecosystems
- Watershed Bounds
- Political Borders



Data Sources:
Bathymetry (2-minute) : Smith and Sandwell, 1997
Bathymetry (5-minute) : NAVOCEANO, DBDB5
Watersheds (HYDRO 1k) : USGS Eros Data Center
Terrestrial Image, Political Boundaries : ESRI

IUCN

Large Marine Ecosystems of the World and Linked Watersheds



LARGE MARINE ECOSYSTEMS are areas of the ocean characterized by distinct bathymetry, hydrography, productivity, and trophic interactions. They annually produce 95 percent of the world's fish catch. They are national and regional focal areas of a global effort to reduce the degradation of linked watersheds, marine resources, and coastal environments from pollution, habitat loss, and over-fishing.

For More Information Visit: www.edc.uri.edu/lme

NORTH POLAR REGION

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