



Combining scripts and modules in python

Thanks to all contributors:

Alison Pamment, Sam Pepler, Ag Stephens, Stephen Pascoe, Kevin Marsh, Anabelle Guillory, Graham Parton, Esther Conway, Eduardo Damasio Da Costa, Wendy Garland, Alan Iwi and Matt Pritchard.





A simple python module/script

In Python you will often want to write a module where most of your code is held and then use a separate script to interact with it.

In this contrived example we have:



greetings.py
(module)



greeter.py (script)





How will it work?

When written, the script will be called like this:

```
$ python greeter.py
```

Nobody to greet!

\$ python greeter.py Greta

Hello Greta

\$ python greeter.py Harpo Chico Zeppo

Hello Harpo

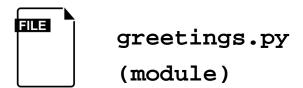
Hello Chico

Hello Zeppo





The "greetings.py" module



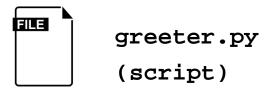
Holds the function that actual does something:

```
def greet(someone):
print "Hello %s" % someone
```





The "greeter.py" script



• defines the interaction between the "greetings.py" module and user input (from the command-line).

```
import greetings
import sys

if len(sys.argv) == 1:
    print "Nobody to greet!"

else:
    for person in sys.argv[1:]:
        greetings.greet(person)
```

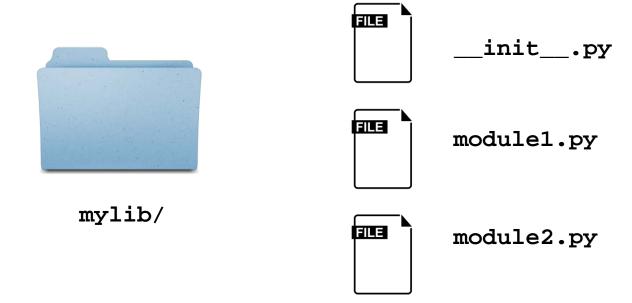




A python "package"

In Python you will often want to group a set of modules into a **package** or **library.**

On the file system a library might look like this:







What does ___init___.py do?



The "___init___.py" module is run when you import the name of the directory. It tells python that this directory is a Python *package*.

In this case it is called "mylib" so you would type:

```
>>> import mylib # runs content of mylib/__init__.py
```

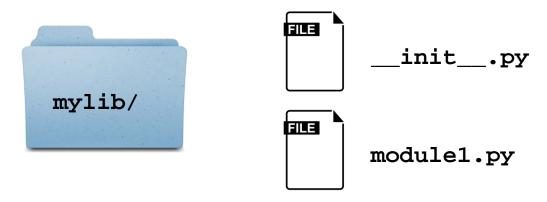
If "__init__.py" contained the line "print 10" you would see:

```
>>> import mylib
10
```





Importing a package module



The existence of the "__init__.py" module allows you to import modules within the package with:

```
>>> import mylib.module1
>>> mylib.module1.runSomething(1, 2, 3)
```





