Python

Logging and Debugging







Logging

Python has the "logging" module which allows you to log in many useful ways:

- To the terminal
- To file(s)
- To custom-handlers (e.g. e-mail)
- To system log files







Logging options

- You can configure:
 - The number of loggers
 - The format of log messages
 - The level of ferocity with which logging should happen, e.g.:
 - Log everything in "DEBUG" mode
 - Only log errors in "operational" mode







Alas, no time

We do not have time to cover logging properly. This could get you started:

```
>>> import sys, logging # You'll need both these modules
>>> stream handler = logging.StreamHandler(sys.stderr)
>>> stream handler.formatter =
 logging.Formatter(logging.BASIC FORMAT)
>>> log = logging.getLogger() # Create logger
>>> log.addHandler(stream handler) # Add handler to display
>>> log.setLevel(logging.DEBUG) # Set minimum logging level
>>> log.warning("Danger! Will Robinson! Danger!")
WARNING:root:Danger! Will Robinson! Danger!"
```







Or, the shortened version

```
>>> import logging
>>> logging.basicConfig()
>>> log = logging.getLogger()
>>> log.setLevel(logging.INFO)
>>> log.info("The system is running")
INFO:root:The system is running.
>>> log.debug("Nothing said") # Not displayed
           because logging at lower than
           priority level
>>> log.error("Now it's serious!")
ERROR:root:Now it's serious!
```







What is the python debugger?

We all write code with bugs in...that is why it is important to write tests for our code.

The python debugger is a tool that allows you to:

- Run through your code interactively;
- Inspect/change the variables at run-time;
- Set "break points" in the code where you can step in and examine the state.

Best illustrated through an example...







A simple script

```
def double_it(x):
    double = 2 * x
    return double
```

Can you guess where python raises an error?

```
# Now the main code
items = [34, 6.2, {"key": 34}]
for i in items:
    print(double it(i))
```







A simple script – with debugger

```
import pdb
                               Import the debugger
def double it(x):
    pdb.set trace()
                         # Set a break point
    double = 2 * x
    return double
# Now the main code
items = [34, 6.2, {"key": 34}]
for i in items:
    print(double it(i))
```







Debugger in action

```
$ python double.py
> /home/vagrant/double.py(5)double it()
\rightarrow double = 2 * x
                      Run the next line of code
(Pdb) n
> /home/vagrant/double.py(6)double it()
-> return double
                              Display current values of double and x
(Pdb) print(double, x)
68 34
                       Run the next line of code
(Pdb) n
```

- --Return--
- > /home/vagrant/double.py(6)double it()->68
- -> return double







Finding the error

```
. . .
```

```
(Pdb) n
```

Step through until we hit the error

```
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for *:
    'int' and 'dict'
```

- > /home/vagrant/double.py(5)double_it()
- -> double = 2 * x

(Pdb) print(x)

{ 'key': 34}

(Pdb) type (x)

<class 'dict'>

The line where the error occurred

Let's look at x when the error occurred

It failed because we can't double a dictionary!





