

Fall Protection and Rescue Plan Form

Site Location

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Job Location/Description						
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F	Plan prepared by		Date			
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			<u> </u>			
	Workers must review and sign this plan price	or to	starting work. Workers must understand this			
	plan and be trained in fall protection and the					
	This plan must be posted at the worksite for	r the	duration of work activities.			
1.	Identify potential fall hazards (check all tha	at a				
	Mobile elevating work platforms		Stairways			
	Excavations/trenches	Щ	Roof steep slope (greater than 4:12)			
	Floor openings	Щ	Roof low slope (4:12 or less)			
Ц	Wall openings	Щ	Swing fall			
Ц	Skylight openings	Щ	Hazardous process/equipment			
<u> </u>	Roof openings	Ш	Debris/objects falling to lower level			
Ц	Elevator shaft	Щ	Sharp edges			
<u> </u>	Ladders (fixed or portable)	Ш	Reinforcing steel installation			
Ш	Scaffold	Ш	Other:			
2.	Describe the fall hazard(s) details					
2	Identify fall protection systems to be used					
<u> </u>	Guardrail system	П	Aerial lift			
Ħ	Covers (holes and openings)	Ħ	Horizontal lifeline			
Ħ	Appropriate anchors for systems used	Ħ	Vertical lifeline and rope grab			
Ħ	Personal fall arrest system	Ħ	Warning line			
Ħ	Personal fall restraint system	П	Safety monitor			
П	Positioning device system	Ħ	Safety watch			
Ī	Scaffold with guardrail		Other:			
Ī	Scissor lift		Other:			

Department

4. Describe procedures for assembly, maintenance, inspection, disassembly of fall protection system to be used				
5. C	Describe procedures for handling, storage	e, se	curing tools and materials	
_				
		or w	orkers who may be in, or pass through the area	
bei	ow worksite Barricading		Toe boards/screens on scaffolds	
\overline{H}	Hard hats required	H	Toe boards/screens on scanous Toe boards/covers on floor openings	
\vdash	Catch net	Ħ	Screens on guardrails	
	Warning signs		Secure large tools	
	Tool belts		Other:	
	Tool lanyards		Other:	
7. le	dentify method for prompt, safe rescue of	inju		
	Police/Fire Response		Self-Rescue Options?	
	<u>'</u>	Ш		
	On-Site Equipment Available: Ladders, Lifts,		On-Site Attendants	
Ш	Winches, Pulleys, Work Platforms, etc?			
	Obstructions that may impede rescue?		Methods of Communication with Injured Worker:	
	<u>'</u>		Cell Phone Numbers 1) 2)	
	<u>'</u>		Supervisor:	
	<u>'</u>		On-Site Attendant: Injured Employee:	
2 1	dentify method used to determine adequa	CV C		
			Existing engineering/design documents	
	Manufacturer's data		Other:	
9. C	Describe and identify locations of anchora	ige i		
10.	Select system components			
	Full body harness	Ц	Choker	
H	Vertical lifeline	H	Carabiner	
	Horizontal lifeline Lanyard	H	Rope grab Personal shock absorber	
\vdash	Boatswains chair	H	Beamer	
	Connecting devices (identify)		Anchorage points (identify)	
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	Other:		Other:			
11.	Distance from anchor to ground, lower I	evel	or obstruction			
12.	Calculated minimum fall clearance					
13.	13. Inspection Checklist					
	Identification tags					
Ħ	Horizontal lifeline tension is correct					
	Integrity of stitching in shock absorber					
	Integrity of stitching in harness/lanyard					
	Manufacturers assembly/disassembly instruction	ons				
	Locking capability of retractable lanyards assu	red				
	Locking capability of carabiners assured					
	Locking capability of snap hooks assured					
Щ	Knots and other connection methods do not weaken lifeline					
Ц	Lifelines installed and protected from cuts or a	brasio	ns			
H	Rope (wear, fraying, damage, mildew)					
Н	Lanyards (wear, fraying, damage, mildew)		1. (1			
H	D-rings have adequate strength, are not crack		detormed			
Н	Guardrails are sound and of adequate strength Devices that are used to connect to horizontal		as look in both directions			
Н	Anchorage points provide adequate strength a			uiromonto		
H						
H	Hole covers are secured, marked and capable of withstanding anticipated weight loads Warning line meets strength and other requirements					
H	Safety Monitor is Competent Person, can see			mmunicat	e has no other duties	
\vdash	Safety Watch is Competent Person, can see w		-			
H	Other	OTTO:	no ologo orlough to com		nac ne carer adalec	
Ī	Other					
14.	Employee(s) trained to work under this	olan				
		natu	re		Date	
Name/title of Competent Person who provided training under this plan						
			-			

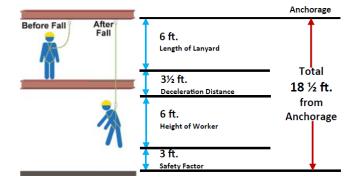
15. Work plan approval(s)					
Name of lead worker or supervisor	Signature	Date			
Name of Competent Person (If engineered system: Name of Qualified Person)					
If administrative controls: Name of department manager					

Calculating Fall Clearance using a Shock Absorbing Lanyard

Example

- First, add the length of the shock absorbing lanyard (6 ft.) to the maximum elongation of the shock absorber during deceleration (3 ½ ft.) to the average height of a worker (6 ft.)
- Then, add a safety factor of 3 ft. to allow for the possibility of an improperly fit harness, a taller than average worker and/ or a miscalculation of distance.
- The total, 18 ½ ft. is the suggested safe fall clearance distance for this example.

NOTE: Should the shock absorbing lanyard be used in conjunction with a cross-arm anchorage connector or other, the additional length of the anchorage connector must be taken into consideration.

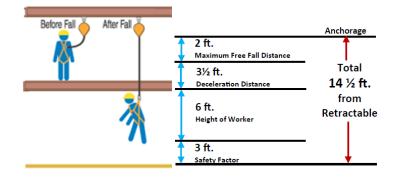


Calculating Fall Clearance using a Self-Retracting Lifeline

Example:

- First, add the maximum free fall distance (2 ft.) with a retractable lifeline to the maximum deceleration distance (3 ½ ft.) to the average height of a worker (6 ft.)
- Then, add a safety factor of 3 ft. to allow for the possibility of an improperly fit harness, a taller than average worker and/ or a miscalculation of distance.
- The total, 14 ½ ft. is the suggested safe fall clearance distance for this example.

NOTE: When using a retractable lifeline, the distance is calculated from the point where the retractable attaches to the back D-ring of the worker's harness.



Fall clearance is the minimum vertical distance needed between the anchor point and a lower level (this can be the ground or lower obstruction) with a safety factor to prevent the worker from hitting the lower level in a fall.

What is the distance from the anchor point to the ground or lower level where a worker would fall?

If a worker falls, when wearing a fall protection system, what is the <u>minimum fall clearance</u> from the anchor point to the worker's feet including a 3 ft. safety factor? (Calculate as shown below)

The calculated minimum fall clearance of a specific fall protection system may **never** be equal or greater than the distance between the anchor point and the lower level.

Description	Distance (ft.)
Lanyard length or free fall distance for self-retracting lifeline	
Maximum allowable deceleration distance	3 ½ ft.
Worker's height	
Other components if applicable	
Safety factor	3
Minimum fall clearance (sum of above)	