Reinforcement Learning

Friday, 14 September 2018 11:41 AM

Reinforcement learning: what if we do not know transitions P and reward function r of an MDP?

The Mystery Game:

https://programmingheroes.blogspot.com/2016/02/udacity-reinforcement-learning-mystery-game.html

Q-learning

1. Initialise Q(s,a) arbitrarily

2. For each episode:

a. Initialise s (go to the initial state)

b. Repeat for each step in the episode

i. Select the next action a to apply from s (using e.g. epsilon greedy, UCT) use Q(s,a)

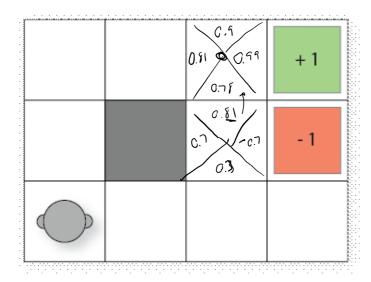
ii. Execute action a and observe the reward r and new state s'

iii.
$$Q(s,a) := Q(s,a) + \alpha[r + \gamma \max a' Q(s',a') - Q(s,a)]$$

iv. s:=s'

c. Until s is terminal estimate discounted future reach

Q-Tables		Action			
	State	North	South	East	West
	(0,0) (0,1)	0.53	0.36 0.27	0.36 0.23	0.21 0.23
	(3,3)	0.90	0.78	0.99	0.81



Learning rate α = 0.1 $\,$ Discount reward factor γ 0.9

Q-learning:

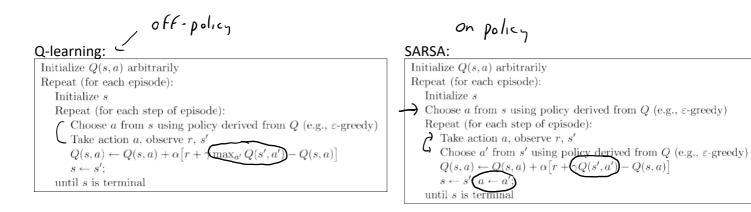
Q((2,3), North) = 0.81 + 0.1*(0 + 0.9*0.99 - 0.81) = 0.8181

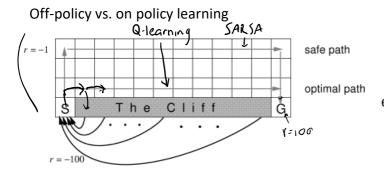
SARSA, with assumption that a' is West Q((2,3), North) = 0.81 + 0.1*(0 + 0.9*0.81 - 0.81) = 0.8019

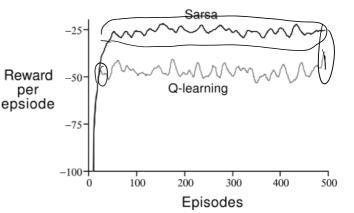
SARSA, with assumption that a' is East is just the same as for Q-learning

SARSA: On-policy learning

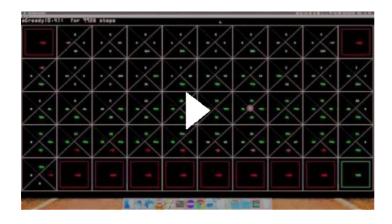
- 1. Initialise Q(s,a) arbitrarily
- 2. For each episode:
 - a. Initialise s (go to the initial state)
 - b. Select the next action a to apply from s (using e.g. epsilon greedy, UCT)
 - c. Repeat for each step in the episode
 - i. Execute action a and observe the reward r and new state s'
 - ii. Select the next action a' to apply from s' (using e.g. epsilon greedy, UCT)
 - iii. $Q(s,a) := Q(s,a) + \alpha [r + \gamma Q(s',a') Q(s,a)]$
 - iv. s := s'; a := a';
 - d. Until s is terminal





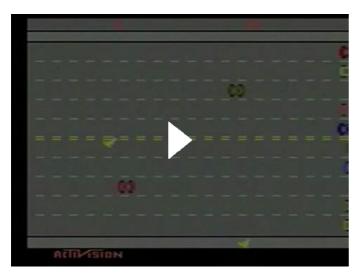


Gridworld Q-Learning - Example 3 - The Cliff



Learning to Play Freeway, using Reinforcement Learning





<u>Learning Hand-Eye Coordination for Robotic Grasping</u>

