Computel User Manual

Introduction

Computel is R-based software for computation of mean telomere length from whole genome next generation sequencing (NGS) data.

Development

Computel has been developed by the members of the Bioinformatics Group at the Institute of Molecular Biology of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Armenia (IMB NAS RA). You can visit the group's webpage at the following link: http://molbiol.sci.am/big.

Citation

When using Computel in your research, please refer to the GitHub repository at https://github.com/lilit-nersisyan/computel.

License

Copyright (C) 2014 Lilit Nersisyan & Arsen Arakelyan BIG IMB NAS RA.

This program is free software: you can redistribute and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License version 3. The license can be found at http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html.

Requirements

Computel is tested to work with 64 bit Windows 7, Linux and Mac OS X (10.6 and above).

The following software should be installed on your system:

R 3.0.3 or higher,

Bowtie2-2.1.0 (not 2.2.0!), http://sourceforge.net/projects/bowtie-bio/files/bowtie2/2.1.0/

Samtools 0.1.19, source: http://sourceforge.net/projects/samtools/files/samtools/0.1.19/ complied versions for Linux and Windows are included in the computel.zip file).

Picard tools 1.108 SamtoFastq.jar, http://sourceforge.net/projects/picard/.

Computel has been tested only on provided versions of software. It does not work with Bowtie2-2.2.0, and is not guaranteed to work with higher versions of Samtools and Picard.

Download and installation

Computel can be downloaded from GitHub at https://github.com/lilit-nersisyan/computel.

Download and extract the scripts into a local directory. The folder contains examples with sample configuration files and scripts for execution of Computel either from command line ("computel.cmd.R") or from R environment ("computel.R"), and the main functional scripts ("pipeline.R", "functions.R", "validate.options.R").

Setting up samtools

Samtools source is available for download from http://www.htslib.org/. However, some of the samtools releases have a threshold of 8000 for maximum depth of coverage. This threshold should be increased for telomere length calculation, by adding the line "bam mplp set maxcnt(mplp,1000000);" in the bam2depth.c, as indicated in the following patch:

Precompiled Samtools binaries for Windows and Linux, as well as Picard SamToFastq.jar are also provided for convenience. Before running Computel, check whether the binary works on your system, and otherwise recompile it from source.

Runing Computel from R

Open "computel.R" and change the configuration variables in the script as appropriate (see *Configuration options* section). The *scripts.dir* should point to the directory where the "pipeline.R", "validate.options.R" and "functions.R" scripts are located. Finally, run the script.

Executing Computel from command line

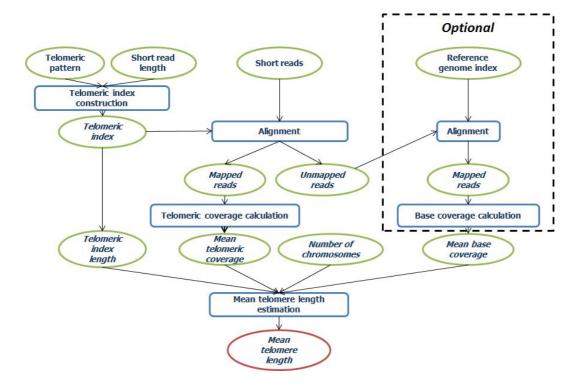
Type the following in the command line:

```
Rscript path/to/computel.cmd.R path/to/config.file
```

In Windows, the path to Rscript.exe (usually, this is "C:\Program Files\R\R-3.x.x\bin") should be set as an environmental variable. Alternatively the full path to Rscript should be provided in the command line.

Algorithm description

The algorithm workflow is presented in the figure. For its detailed description, refer to the main paper (*citation*).



Configuration options

The following options should be specified before running Computel. These are given either in a configuration text file as an argument to "computel.cmd.R" script, or in the body of "computel.R" script in case of running Computel from R.

Value	Example	Description
#directories		
scripts.dir	D:/computel/	Path to directory containing "pipeline.R", "validate.options.R" and "functions.R" scripts.
bowtie.build.path	D:/bowtie2- 2.1.0/bowtie2-build.exe	Path to bowtie2-build executable file or respective PATH variable, if applicable
bowtie.align.path	D:/bowtie2- 2.1.0/bowtie2-align.exe	Path to bowtie2-align executable file or respective PATH variable, if applicable
samtools.path	D:/samtools- 0.1.19/samtools.exe	Path to samtools executable file or respective PATH variable, if applicable
picard.samtofastq.jar	D:/picard-tools- 1.108/SamToFastq.jar	Path to SamToFastq.jar or respective PATH variable, if applicable

#input_reads		
read.length	76	Number of bases in short reads. Default is 100.
single	F	<i>T</i> -single-end reads, <i>F</i> - paired-end reads. Default is <i>T</i> .
IF paired-end reads		
fastq1	tel_reads1.fq	Path to first pair FASTQ file in case of paired-end reads (option <i>single</i> should be set to <i>F</i>)
fastq2	tel_reads2.fq	Path to second pair FASTQ file in case of paired-end reads (option <i>single</i> should be set to <i>F</i>)
IF single-end reads		
files.with.prefix	F	Specifies whether in single-end read FASTQ files are given with their prefix or as separate files
IF single-end reads AND files.with.prefix is F		
fastq	tel_reads.fq, tel_reads.fq1, tel_reads.fq2	Path to one or multiple FASTQ files (comma or tab separated) (option <i>single</i> should be set to <i>T</i> and <i>files.with.prefix</i> to <i>F</i>)
IF single-end reads AND files.with.prefix is T		
fastq.dir	J	Path to the directory where the reads are stored. (option <i>single</i> should be set to <i>T</i> and <i>files.with.prefix</i> to <i>T</i>)
fastq.prefix	tel_reads	Prefix of the reads to searched in the <i>fastq.dir</i> directory (option <i>single</i> should be set to <i>T</i> and <i>files.with.prefix</i> to <i>T</i>)
#algorithm_options		
pattern	TTAGGG	Sequence of single telomeric repeat. Default is <i>TTAGGG</i> .
num.haploid.chr	23	Number of chromosomes in haploid genome.

		Default is 23.
min.seed	12	Minimum number of telomeric bases to be present in short reads for telomeric read alignment. Default is 12.
mode.local	F	Mode of alignment. <i>T</i> - local, <i>F</i> - end-to-end. Default is <i>F</i> .
#base_coverage_calc ulation_options		
compute.base.cov	Т	Specifies if the base coverage should be computed by read alignment to reference genome (T) , or is supplied by the user (F) . Default is F .
base.cov	5.4	Precalculated mean coverage at reference genome. Given if option <i>compute.base.cov</i> is <i>F</i> . Default is 1.
base.index.pathtoprefix	base.index/base_index	Path to reference genome index directory and index prefix. Given if option <i>compute.base.cov</i> is <i>T</i> .
#output_options		
output.dir	output	Path to output directory. Default is ./output
#system_options		
num.proc	3	Number of processors to be used during alignment. Default is 3.
#additional_options		
quals	phred33	Quality scores of reads. Default is "phred33". Alternatives are:phred33,phred64 orsolexa-quals. Caution: be careful when specifying quality score values (see the text).
ignore.err	F	Specifies whether error messages thrown by system calls to bowtie should be ignored. Default is <i>F</i> .

Notes on some configuration options

Single vs. paired-end reads

Generally, Computel performs equally well with paired-end and single-end reads. Therefore, it is also valid to treat all the FASTQ files as single-end (by setting the **single** option to T); and specify them by supplying multiple comma or space separated files (with **fastq** option) or supplying the directory and the prefix of the files (with **fastq.dir** and **fastq.prefix** options).

Read length

Caution: If the **read.length** option is omitted or set to a wrong value, Computel will not warn the user and the algorithm will run, however, a wrong value of telomere length estimate will be outputted.

Pattern

Telomeric repeat pattern is specified for the 3'-end of the chromosome. E.g. in case of human telomeres, the sequence at 3'-end it is TTAGGG, while the 5'-end has pattern CCCTAA. If the pattern is omitted in the configuration file, the default value TTAGGG for human telomere repeats will be used. In case of a different study organism another pattern should be specified.

Number of haploid chromosomes

Telomere length is calculated with the formula:

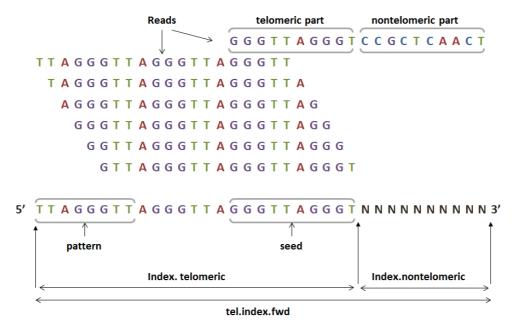
```
(mean(tel.cov/base.cov))*(rl+pl-1) / (2*num.haploid.chr),
```

where *tel.cov* is coverage at telomeric index and *base.cov* is coverage at reference genome; *rl* is read length and *pl* is telomeric pattern length, *num.haploid.chr* is the number of haploid chromosomes.

The division by *num.haploid.chr* is for deriving at a mean value of telomere length for each chromosome end. The number 2 is to account for the two ends of each chromosome. Note that the ploidy of the genome will have no influence on the results, meaning that, adjusted for the rest of the parameters, the results will not differ for haploid, diploid and polyploid genomes.

Min.seed

This is an advanced option and specifies the minimum number of telomeric repeat bases. More specifically, this value is used for building the telomeric index with trailing N bases of length (read.length - min.seed), which is the "index.nontelomeric" region of the index in the figure below.



If this option is omitted, the default value of 12 will be used. Increasing **min.seed** will increase specificity but decrease sensitivity of capturing telomeric reads, and vice-versa. We believe that for the majority of biological cases, the default value is optimal.

Alignment mode

When setting the **mode.local** value to T, the alignment of reads will be perfromed in Bowtie -- local mode, instead of the default --end-to-end mode. Theoretically, local mode increases sensitivity of capturing telomeric reads. To our experience, for the majority of biological cases, the default --end-to-end mode is more accurate than the --local mode.

Base coverage calculation options

Alignment of the reads to reference genome is the most time consuming part of the algorithm. To our experience, the accuracy of the algorithm does not decrease if the base coverage is assessed beforehand with the formula

```
base.cov = (total number of reads)*(read length)/(total genome length)
```

and supplied to Computel with **base.cov** option. In that case, the **compute.base.cov** option should be set to *F*.

If the user wants the algorithm to compute the base coverage with alignment, the user should provide the prebuilt reference genome index via the **base.index.pathtoprefix** option and set the **compute.base.cov** option to *F*.

quals

The quality scores can differ in various experimental settings. By default, computel will assume bowtie's default option for quality scores. Alternatively, the user may choose the quality scores to either '--phred33', '--phred64' or '--solexa-quals'. **Caution:** if **ignore.err** option is set to *T*, and the specified quality score values are wrong, bowtie may fail to run the alignment by throwing a warning message, but telomere computation will be performed with incomplete alignment and

wrong results will be generated. Thus, the user should be careful when specifying quality score values.

ignore.err

If this option is set to *F*, computel will halt further execution, if it receives error messages while performing system calls to bowtie align or build. Setting this option to *T*, will make computel ignore the error messages and continue telomere length calculation, which may result in wrong result generation. Therefore, the user should pay attention to the error messages thrown to command line and R consoles, after getting the results of the calculation.

Output format

The output is stored in the provided or default output directory. The telomeric index files are kept in "index" folder, the telomeric read alignment files are in "align" folder, and if base alignment files are kept in "base" folder, if generated. The final output is the "tel.length.xls" file, with the input parameters and estimated mean telomere length (tel.length, bp).

FAQ

The FAQ section will be generated once a question arises. Feel free to ask questions and make suggestions by mailing to Lilit Nersisyan at <u>nersisyan@mb.sci.am</u>.