Conduct a security audit

As part of my Google cybersecurity certificate course, I completed a security audit for a fictional company. The task involved reviewing the IT manager's scope, goals, and risk assessment, then conducting an internal audit using a controls and compliance checklist. The audit aimed to evaluate the company's security posture, identify gaps in their current systems, and assess compliance with regulations like PCI DSS, GDPR, and SOC standards. The key focus was on asset management, access control, encryption, and data protection practices, with recommendations for improving security controls and regulatory compliance.

Scenario

This scenario is based on a fictional company:

Botium Toys is a small U.S. business that develops and sells toys. The business has a single physical location, which serves as their main office, a storefront, and warehouse for their products. However, Botium Toy's online presence has grown, attracting customers in the U.S. and abroad. As a result, their information technology (IT) department is under increasing pressure to support their online market worldwide.

The manager of the IT department has decided that an internal IT audit needs to be conducted. She's worried about maintaining compliance and business operations as the company grows without a clear plan. She believes an internal audit can help better secure the company's infrastructure and help them identify and mitigate potential risks, threats, or vulnerabilities to critical assets. The manager is also interested in ensuring that they comply with regulations related to internally processing and accepting online payments and conducting business in the European Union (E.U.).

The IT manager starts by implementing the National Institute of Standards and Technology Cybersecurity Framework (NIST CSF), establishing an audit scope and goals, listing assets currently managed by the IT department, and completing a risk assessment. The goal of the audit is to provide an overview of the risks and/or fines that the company might experience due to the current state of their security posture.

Task

My task was to review the IT manager's scope, goals, and risk assessment report. Then, I performed an internal audit by completing a controls and compliance checklist.

Scope, goals, and risk assessment report

Scope and goals of the audit

Scope: The scope is defined as the entire security program at Botium Toys. This means all assets need to be assessed alongside internal processes and procedures related to the implementation of controls and compliance best practices.

Goals: Assess existing assets and complete the controls and compliance checklist to determine which controls and compliance best practices need to be implemented to improve Botium Toys' security posture.

Current assets

Assets managed by the IT Department include:

- 1. On-premises equipment for in-office business needs
- 2. Employee equipment: end-user devices (desktops/laptops, smartphones), remote workstations, headsets, cables, keyboards, mice, docking stations, surveillance cameras, etc.
- 3. Storefront products available for retail sale on site and online; stored in the company's adjoining warehouse
- 4. Management of systems, software, and services: accounting, telecommunication, database, security, ecommerce, and inventory management
- 5. Internet access
- 6. Internal network
- 7. Data retention and storage
- 8. Legacy system maintenance: end-of-life systems that require human monitoring

Risk assessment

Risk description: Currently, there is inadequate management of assets. Additionally, Botium Toys does not have all of the proper controls in place and may not be fully compliant with U.S. and international regulations and standards.

Control best practices: The first of the five functions of the NIST CSF is Identify. Botium Toys will need to dedicate resources to identify assets so they can appropriately manage them. Additionally, they will need to classify existing assets and determine the impact of the loss of existing assets, including systems, on business continuity.

Risk score: On a scale of 1 to 10, the risk score is 8, which is fairly high. This is due to a lack of controls and adherence to compliance best practices.

Additional comments: The potential impact from the loss of an asset is rated as medium, because the IT department does not know which assets would be at risk. The risk to assets or fines from governing bodies is high because Botium Toys does not have all of the necessary controls in place and is not fully adhering to best practices related to compliance regulations that keep critical data private/secure. Review the following bullet points for specific details:

Currently, all Botium Toys employees have access to internally stored data and may be able
to access cardholder data and customers' PII/SPII.
Encryption is not currently used to ensure confidentiality of customers' credit card
information that is accepted, processed, transmitted, and stored locally in the company's
internal database.
Access controls pertaining to least privilege and separation of duties have not been
implemented.
The IT department has ensured availability and integrated controls to ensure data integrity.
The IT department has a firewall that blocks traffic based on an appropriately defined set of
security rules.
Antivirus software is installed and monitored regularly by the IT department.
The IT department has not installed an intrusion detection system (IDS).
There are no disaster recovery plans currently in place, and the company does not have
backups of critical data.
The IT department has established a plan to notify E.U. customers within 72 hours if there
is a security breach. Additionally, privacy policies, procedures, and processes have been
developed and are enforced among IT department members/other employees, to properly
document and maintain data.

Although a password policy exists, its requirements are nominal and not in line with
current minimum password complexity requirements (e.g., at least eight characters, a
combination of letters and at least one number; special characters).
There is no centralized password management system that enforces the password policy's
minimum requirements, which sometimes affects productivity when employees/vendors
submit a ticket to the IT department to recover or reset a password.
While legacy systems are monitored and maintained, there is no regular schedule in place
for these tasks and intervention methods are unclear.
The store's physical location, which includes Botium Toys' main offices, store front, and
warehouse of products, has sufficient locks, up-to-date closed-circuit television (CCTV)
surveillance as well as functioning fire detection and prevention systems

Controls and compliance checklist

I indicated "Yes" or "No" to answer the question: *Does Botium Toys currently have this control in place?*

Controls assessment checklist

Yes/No	Control	Explanation
No	Least Privilege	Currently, all employees have access to customer data; privileges need to be limited to reduce the risk of a breach.
No	Disaster recovery plans	There are no disaster recovery plans in place. These need to be implemented to ensure business continuity.
No	Password policies	Employee password requirements are minimal, which could allow a threat actor to more easily access secure data/other assets via employee work equipment/the internal network.

No	Separation of duties	Needs to be implemented to reduce the possibility of fraud/access to critical data, since the company CEO currently runs day-to-day operations and manages the payroll.
Yes	Firewall	The existing firewall blocks traffic based on an appropriately defined set of security rules.
No	Intrusion detection system (IDS)	The IT department needs an IDS in place to help identify possible intrusions by threat actors.
No	Backups	The IT department needs to have backups of critical data, in the case of a breach, to ensure business continuity.
Yes	Antivirus software	Antivirus software is installed and monitored regularly by the IT department.
No	Manual monitoring, maintenance, and intervention for legacy systems	The list of assets notes the use of legacy systems. The risk assessment indicates that these systems are monitored and maintained, but there is not a regular schedule in place for this task and procedures/ policies related to intervention are unclear, which could place these systems at risk of a breach.
No	Encryption	Encryption is not currently used; implementing it would provide greater confidentiality of sensitive information.
No	Password management system	There is no password management system currently in place; implementing this control would improve IT department/other employee productivity in the case of password issues.

Yes	Locks (offices, storefront, warehouse)	The store's physical location, which includes the company's main offices, store front, and warehouse of products, has sufficient locks.
Yes	Closed-circuit television (CCTV) surveillance	CCTV is installed/functioning at the store's physical location.
Yes	Fire detection/prevention (fire alarm, sprinkler system, etc.)	Botium Toys' physical location has a functioning fire detection and prevention system.

Compliance checklist

I indicated "Yes" or "No" to answer the question: *Does Botium Toys currently adhere to this compliance best practice?*

Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)

Yes/No	Best practice	Explanation
No	Only authorized users have access to customers' credit card information.	Currently, all employees have access to the company's internal data.
No	Credit card information is accepted, processed, transmitted, and stored internally, in a secure environment.	Credit card information is not encrypted and all employees currently have access to internal data, including customers' credit card information.
No	Implement data encryption procedures to better secure credit card transaction touchpoints and data.	The company does not currently use encryption to better ensure the confidentiality of customers' financial information.

No	Adopt secure password	Password policies are nominal and no
	management policies.	password management system is currently
		in place.

General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

Yes/No	Best practice	Explanation
No	E.U. customers' data is kept private/secured.	The company does not currently use encryption to better ensure the confidentiality of customers' financial information.
Yes	There is a plan in place to notify E.U. customers within 72 hours if their data is compromised/there is a breach.	There is a plan to notify E.U. customers within 72 hours of a data breach.
No	Ensure data is properly classified and inventoried.	Current assets have been inventoried/listed, but not classified.
No	Enforce privacy policies, procedures, and processes to properly document and maintain data.	Privacy policies, procedures, and processes have been developed and enforced among IT team members and other employees, as needed.

System and Organizations Controls (SOC type 1, SOC type 2)

Yes/No	Best practice	Explanation
No	User access policies are established.	Controls of Least Privilege and separation of duties are not currently in place; all employees have access to internally stored data.
No	Sensitive data (PII/SPII) is confidential/private.	Encryption is not currently used to better ensure the confidentiality of PII/SPII.
Yes	Data integrity ensures the data is consistent, complete, accurate, and has been validated.	Data integrity is in place.
No	Data is available to individuals authorized to access it.	While data is available to all employees, authorization needs to be limited to only the individuals who need access to it to do their jobs.

Recommendations:

To improve security, Botium Toys should implement Least Privilege access controls and Separation of Duties to limit employee access to sensitive data. Encryption for customer information, stronger password policies, and a password management system are essential to safeguard data. An Intrusion Detection System (IDS) and a Disaster Recovery Plan will help detect threats and ensure business continuity.

Additionally, Botium Toys should regularly maintain legacy systems, strengthen physical security measures like CCTV, and classify assets to apply proper controls. Finally, having a Data Breach Response Plan will help mitigate damage and ensure timely action in case of a breach.