```
In [20]: import sympy as sp
           from IPython.display import display, Math, Latex
           from sympy.solvers.solveset import linsolve
            from sympy import lambdify, Matrix
            import numpy as np
            import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
            def displayEquations(LHS,RHS):
                left = sp.latex(LHS)
                right = sp.latex(RHS)
                display(Math(left + '=' + right))
            def displayLatex(LHS,RHS):
                left = sp.latex(LHS)
                right = sp.latex(RHS)
                display((left + '=' + right))
           varepsilon_x,varepsilon_y,E,sigma_x,sigma_y,nu = sp.symbols('varepsilon_x,varepsilon_y)
In [21]:
            eqn1 = (E / (1 - nu**2)) * (varepsilon_x + nu*varepsilon_y) - sigma_x
            E = qn1 = sp.solve(eqn1, E)
           displayEquations('E',E_eqn1)
           displayLatex(E,E eqn1)
           \mathbf{E} = \left\lceil rac{\sigma_x \left( 1 - 
u^2 
ight)}{
u arepsilon_y + arepsilon_x} 
ight
ceil
           E=\left(1 - \sqrt{2}\right)^{1} = E=\left(1 - \sqrt{2}\right)^{1}
           \\varepsilon_{x}}\\right]'
In [22]: j = sp.solve(eqn1,nu)
           displayEquations(nu,j)
           displayLatex(nu,j)

u = \left\lceil rac{-Earepsilon_y - \sqrt{E^2arepsilon_y^2 - 4E\sigma_xarepsilon_x + 4\sigma_x^2}}{2\sigma_x}, \; rac{-Earepsilon_y + \sqrt{E^2arepsilon_y^2 - 4E\sigma_xarepsilon_x + 4\sigma_x^2}}{2\sigma_x} 
ight
ceil
            '\\nu=\\left[ \\frac{- E \\varepsilon_{y} - \\sqrt{E^{2} \\varepsilon_{y}^{2} - 4 E
           \\sigma \{x\} \ \{x\} + 4 \ \{x\}^{2}\}  \\sigma \{x\}, \ \frac{- E \ \}
           arepsilon_{y} + \sqrt{E^{2} \sqrt{y^{2}} - 4 E \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x} epsilon_{x}
           + 4 \\sigma_{x}^{2}}}{2 \\sigma_{x}}\\right]'
In [30]: eqn2 = (E / (1 - nu**2)) * (varepsilon y + nu*varepsilon x) - sigma y
            eqn3 = (eqn1 + sigma_x) / (eqn2 + sigma_y)
            k = sp.solve(eqn3,nu)
           displayEquations(nu,sigma_x/sigma_y)
           displayEquations(nu,eqn3)
           displayEquations(nu,k)
            displayLatex(nu,sigma_x/sigma_y)
            displayLatex(nu,eqn3)
           displayLatex(nu,k)

u = \frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_y}

\nu = \frac{\nu \varepsilon_y + \varepsilon_x}{\nu \varepsilon_x + \varepsilon_y}
```

$$u = \left[-rac{arepsilon_x}{arepsilon_y}
ight]$$

'\\nu=\\left[- \\frac{\\varepsilon_{x}}{\\varepsilon_{y}}\\right]'