$\textbf{Answer:} \ \, \text{The log-likelihood} \ \, l(\theta) = \log[\Pi p(y^{(i)}|x^{(i)};\theta)] = \sum_i (-\lambda + y \log \lambda) + c(y). \ \, \text{Using the GLM assumption that} \ \, \lambda = e^{\eta} = e^{\theta^T x} \ \, \text{we get that} \ \, l(\theta) = \sum_i \left(-e^{\theta^T x^{(i)}} + y^{(i)}\theta^T x^{(i)}\right) + c(y)$

Then $\nabla_{\theta}l(\theta) = \sum_{i} \left(-x^{(i)}e^{\theta^{T}x^{(i)}} + y^{(i)}x^{(i)}\right)$ and so our gradient ascent update rule to find $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$ is $\theta \mapsto \theta + \alpha \nabla_{\theta}l(\theta) = \theta + \alpha \sum_{i} \left(-x^{(i)}e^{\theta^{T}x^{(i)}} + y^{(i)}x^{(i)}\right)$