



Pollution Impact on Honeybee Pollination

Studying how air and light pollution impact honeybee navigation, the efficiency of pollination, and plant biodiversity

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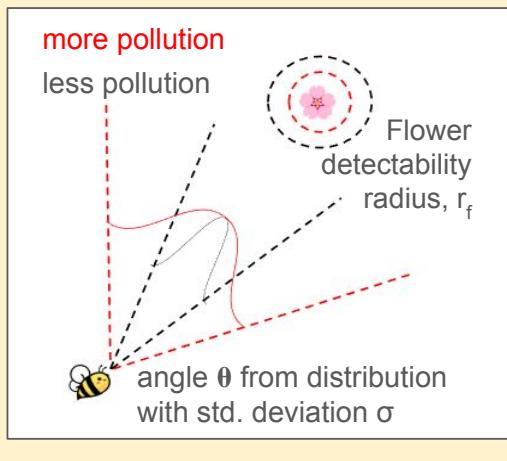
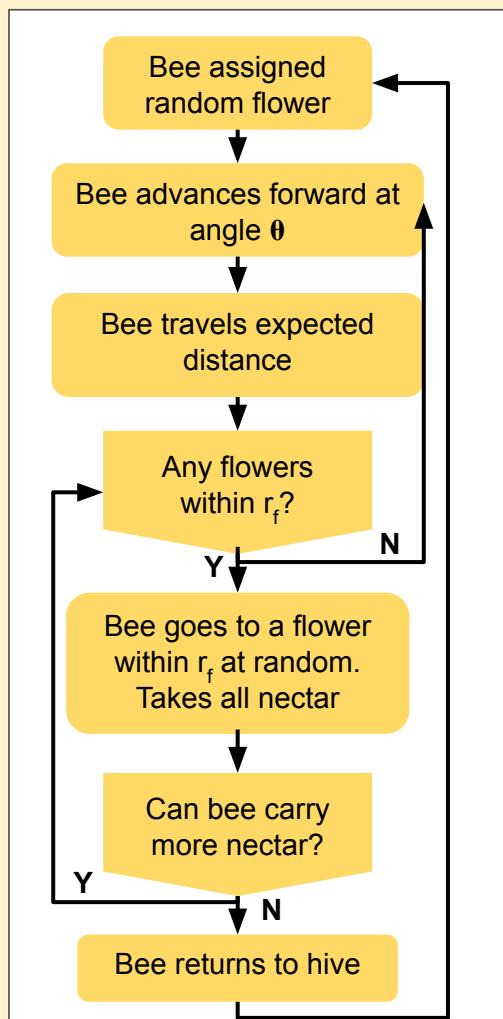


Why does it matter?

Pollination services are essential for global food production and biodiversity, and may contribute more than €200 billion annually to the global economy [1]. Pollinating animals are impacted by rising levels of environmental pollution. We hope to understand how pollution affects honeybee and plant ecosystems, so we can better support this complex system.

Method: Agent Based Modeling

Pollution	Honeybee Impact	Method of Modeling
Disrupts polarized light	Harder for bees to directionally navigate	Increased angle variability σ
Disrupts flower odour	Harder for bees to find local flowers	Decreased flower detectability radius, r_f

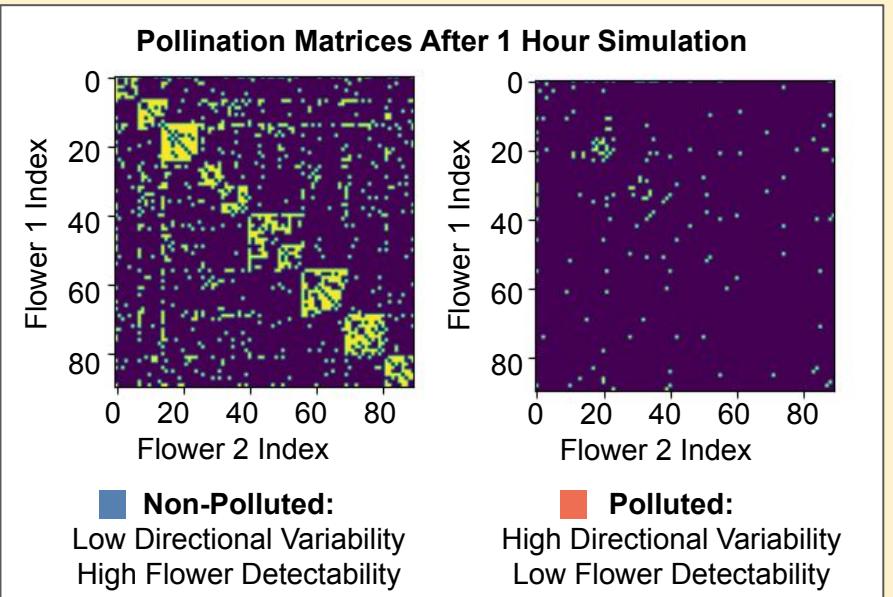
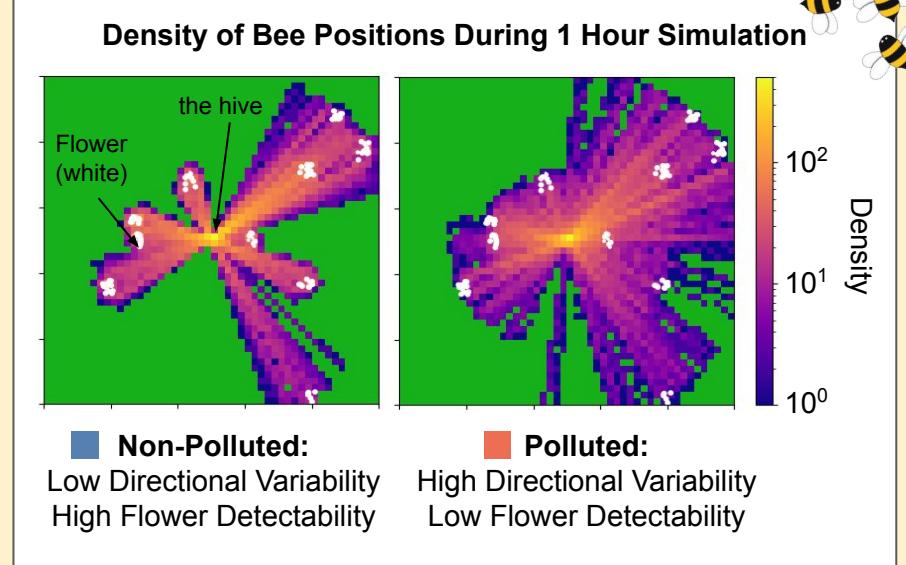


Success Metric:
Pollination Score, P

$$P = \frac{1}{N_{bees}} * \sum d_{pollination}$$

Local biodiversity tends to increase as flowers cross-pollinate across greater distances

Simulation Findings



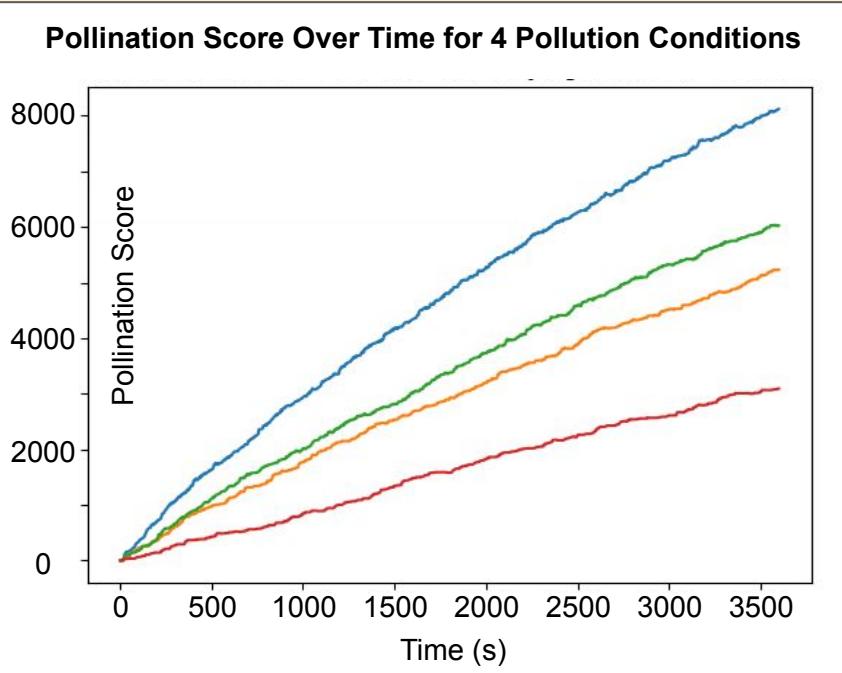
Results

Legend:

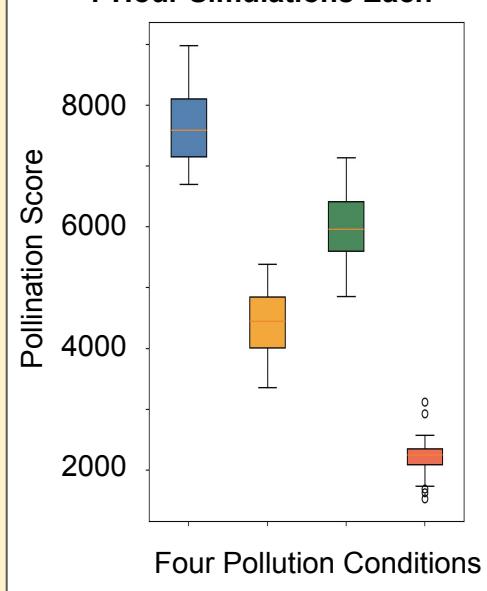
- █ Good Direction, Good Detection
- █ Good Direction, Poor Detection

Legend:

- █ Poor Direction, Good Detection
- █ Poor Direction, Poor Detection



Total Pollination Score Over 25 1-Hour Simulations Each



Conclusions

More pollution

Greater uncertainty of direction and smaller flower detection range

Fewer distant flowers visited in the same amount of time

Lower pollination score

Interpreted as less biodiversity