

H1.1 Determine the dot product, cross product, and angle between

$$\mathbf{P} = 2\mathbf{ax} - 6\mathbf{ay} + 5\mathbf{az}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = 3\mathbf{ay} + \mathbf{az}$$

$$\vec{P} = (2, -6, 5)$$

$$\vec{Q} = (0, 3, 1)$$

$$\vec{P} \cdot \vec{Q} = [(2 \cdot 0) + (-6 \cdot 3) + (5 \cdot 1)]$$

$$= 0 + (-18) + 5$$

$$= -13$$

$$\vec{P} \times \vec{Q} = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{a}_x & \mathbf{a}_y & \mathbf{a}_z \\ 2 & -6 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-6 - 15)\mathbf{a}_x + (0 - 2)\mathbf{a}_y + (6 - 0)\mathbf{a}_z$$

$$= (-21)\mathbf{a}_x + (-2)\mathbf{a}_y + 6\mathbf{a}_z$$

$$= -21\mathbf{a}_x - 2\mathbf{a}_y + 6\mathbf{a}_z$$

$$= (-21, -2, 6)$$

$$|\vec{P}| = \sqrt{(2)^2 + (-6)^2 + (5)^2} = \sqrt{65}$$

$$\cos \theta_{AB} = \frac{\vec{P} \cdot \vec{Q}}{|\vec{P}| |\vec{Q}|} = \frac{-13}{\sqrt{65} \sqrt{10}}$$

$$|\vec{Q}| = \sqrt{(0)^2 + (3)^2 + (1)^2} = \sqrt{10}$$

$$\theta_{AB} = \cos^{-1}(-0.5099)$$

$$= 120.6573^\circ$$

H1.2 Points P , Q and R are located at $(-1, 4, 8)$, $(2, -1, 3)$ and $(-1, 2, 3)$, respectively. Determine:

- (a) the distance between P and Q , (b) the distance vector from P to R , (c) the angle between \vec{QP} and \vec{QR} , (d) the area of triangle PQR , (e) the perimeter of triangle PQR .

$$a) \vec{r}_{PQ} = \vec{r}_Q - \vec{r}_P = (2, -1, 3) - (-1, 4, 8) = (3, -5, -5)$$

$$d = |\vec{r}_{PQ}| = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (-5)^2 + (-5)^2} = 7.6811$$

$$b) \vec{r}_{PR} = \vec{r}_R - \vec{r}_P = (-1, 2, 3) - (-1, 4, 8)$$

$$= (0, -2, -5)$$

$$= -2\mathbf{a}_y - 5\mathbf{a}_z$$

$$c) \cos \theta_{QP} = \frac{\vec{Q} \cdot \vec{P}}{|\vec{Q}| |\vec{P}|} = \frac{18}{\sqrt{14} \cdot 9} = 0.5345$$

$$\vec{Q} \cdot \vec{P} = (2 \cdot 1) + (-1 \cdot 4) + (3 \cdot 8)$$

$$= (-2 + (-4) + 24)$$

$$= 18$$

$$|\vec{Q}| = \sqrt{(2)^2 + (-1)^2 + (3)^2} = \sqrt{14}$$

$$|\vec{P}| = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (4)^2 + (8)^2} = \sqrt{81} = 9$$

$$\theta_{QP} = \cos^{-1}(0.5345) = 57.6885^\circ$$

$$\cos \theta_{QR} = \frac{\vec{Q} \cdot \vec{R}}{|\vec{Q}| |\vec{R}|} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{14} \sqrt{14}} = 0.35714$$

$$\vec{Q} \cdot \vec{R} = (2 \cdot -1) + (-1 \cdot 2) + (3 \cdot 3)$$

$$= -2 - 2 + 9$$

$$= 5$$

$$\theta_{QR} = \cos^{-1}(0.35714) = 69.0752^\circ$$

$$|\vec{R}| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (2)^2 + (3)^2} = \sqrt{14}$$

$$P) \quad \vec{PQ} = (2 - (-1), (-1) - 4, 3 - 8) \quad A = \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{v} \times \vec{w}\|$$

$$= (3, -5, -5) = \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{PR} = (-1 - (-1), 2 - 4, 3 - 8)$$

$$= (0, -2, -5) = \vec{w}$$

$$\vec{v} \times \vec{w} = \begin{vmatrix} a_x & a_y & a_z \\ 3 & -5 & -5 \\ 0 & -2 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = (25 - 10)a_x + (0 - (-15))a_y + (-6 - 0)a_z \\ = (15, 15, -6) \\ \|\vec{v} \times \vec{w}\| = \sqrt{(15)^2 + (15)^2 + (-6)^2} = \sqrt{486}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{v} \times \vec{w}\| = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{486} = 11.0227$$

$$\vec{PQ} \quad \vec{QR} \quad \vec{RP} \quad P = |\vec{PQ}| + |\vec{QR}| + |\vec{RP}|$$

$$\vec{PQ} = (3, -5, -5)$$

$$\vec{QR} = ((-1 - (2)), (2 - (-1)), (3 - 3)) = (-3, 3, 0)$$

$$\vec{RP} = ((-1) - (-1)), (4 - 2), (8 - 3) = (0, 2, 5)$$

$$|\vec{PQ}| = \sqrt{3^2 + (-5)^2 + (-5)^2} = \sqrt{59}$$

$$|\vec{QR}| = \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (3)^2 + (0)^2} = \sqrt{18}$$

$$|\vec{RP}| = \sqrt{0^2 + 2^2 + 5^2} = \sqrt{29}$$

$$P = 17.30895$$