

Benni De Jagere

No coffee? No Insights!



Designing Impactful Visualisations for your Data

As Data is key, visualising said data is even more important. We want our message to be understood with ease, and merely with a couple of glances. Hence making sure the receiving party can do so with ease will be vital to our success.

During this session, we'll go through some steps on how to maximise the potential of data visualisations. Starting at choosing the right types of visualisations, and which colour palettes are good matches for your message, we'll also make sure that our designs are as inclusive as we can possibly make them. Wrapping up with a few common use cases, you'll definitely pick up a few new things to take home with you.

Walking out of this session, you can expect to have a decent understanding on a few common design principles for your data visualisations and reports.

Our Partners



















Benni De Jagere?

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in /bennidejagere #SayNoToPieCharts







Setting Expectations

- What not to do ©
- (Intro to) Psychology of Visualisation
- The right visual and colours for the job
- Inclusive Design

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Use Case



https://elidesc.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/Velo_Antwerpen.jpg



New York Citibikes

www.citibikenyc.com/system-data

Public Open Data

Starts June 2013

Information about every trip

- Longer than 60 seconds
- Starts at public station

Masterdata



https://i0.wp.com/thenypost.files.wordpress.com/2013/12/citibike1.jpg



Data Visualisation – (Random) Thoughts?

Graphs and charts

Tell a story

Pie Charts!

Something I should think through more often

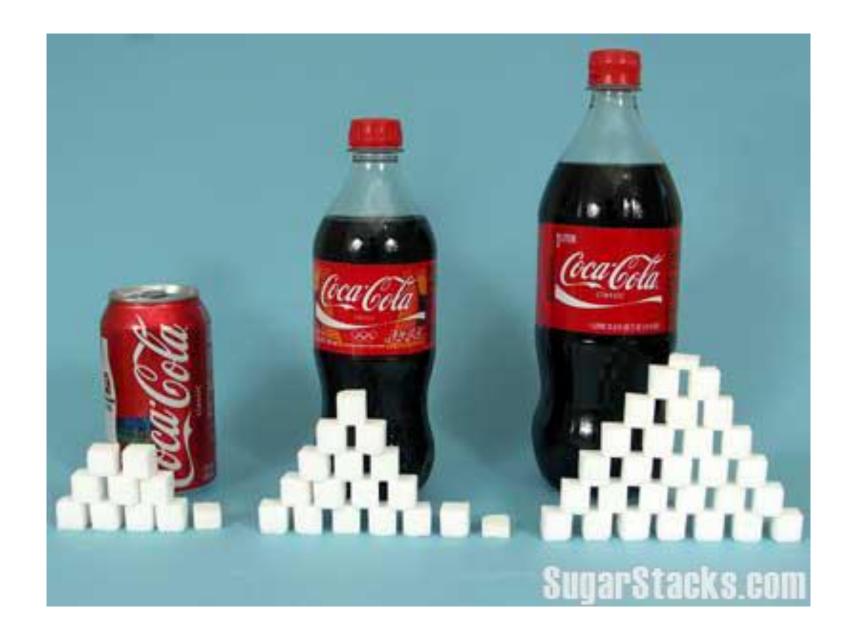
Maps

Looks easy, but is hard

Just slap some things on there!

Etc..







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Would you eat 6 donuts?





Honestly my take away from this chart is that donuts are healthier than I thought



Some things to keep in mind,,

Have no fear of perfection – you'll never reach it *Salvador Dali*

Data Visualisaton is Intelligence made visible

Data Visualisation is the intermediary between information and understanding



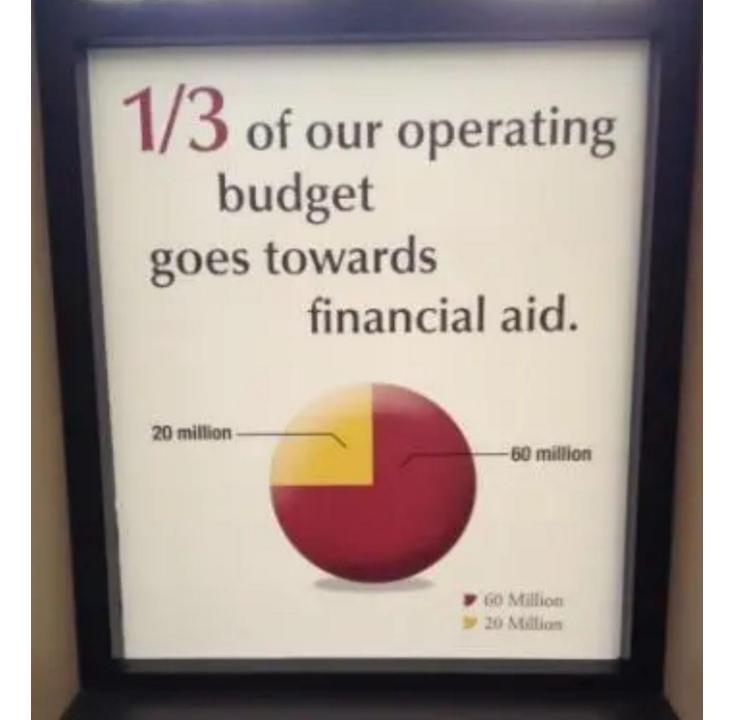
A wild data visualisation appeared!





Bilister, der forvolder betydelig legemsskade på andre

Kilde: Rigsadvokaten / Anklagemyndigheden. Tallene viser antal domme for overtrædelse af straffelovens paragraf 249. Tallet for 2020 er opgjort pr. 7. november.







Exceptions can be made ..

DARK DESERT HIGHWAY

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(PIE CHART)









History Taught Us Well







Why?

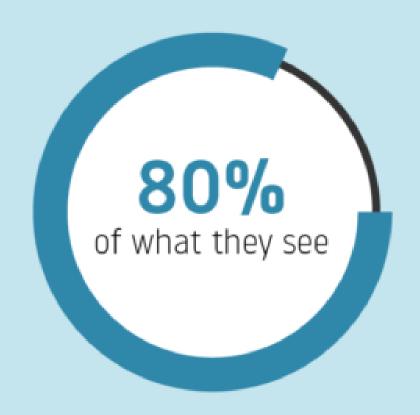


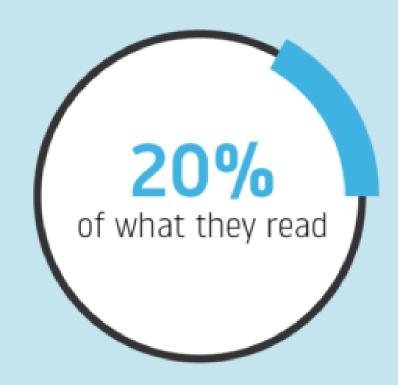
Why Data Visualisation matters?

- A good visualization gives ways to research data, investigate curious cause-effect relationships
- Data Visualisation helps us
 - Identify insights otherwise unnoticed
 - Understand data quickly
 - Identify relationships and patterns
 - Pinpoint emerging trends
 - Communicate our findings as a story to others

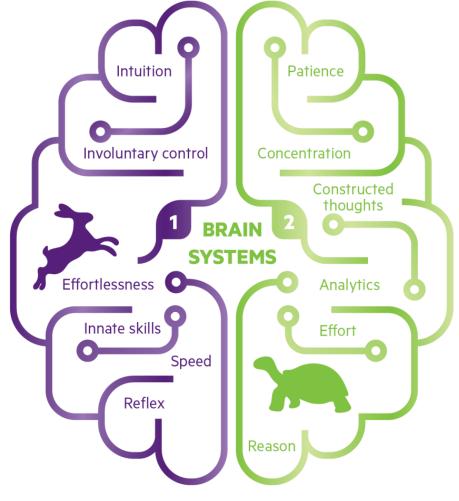
90% of all information transmitted to our brains is *visual*.

People remember:









https://medium.com/@ryansheffer/founders-need-to-think-slow-move-fast-6b683e94c110 https://bombbomb.com/blog/video-for-sales-thinking-fast-and-slow-kahneman/https://www.amazon.com/Thinking-Fast-Slow-Daniel-Kahneman/dp/0374533555





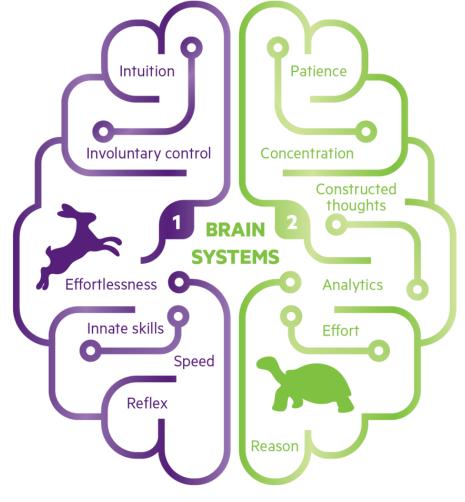




https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ClTS8qlhAx4

$$23 \times 14 = 322$$





https://medium.com/@ryansheffer/founders-need-to-think-slow-move-fast-6b683e94c110 https://bombbomb.com/blog/video-for-sales-thinking-fast-and-slow-kahneman/https://www.amazon.com/Thinking-Fast-Slow-Daniel-Kahneman/dp/0374533555



Creating Data Visualisations appeals to both our Artistic and Scientific side



Preattentive Attributes

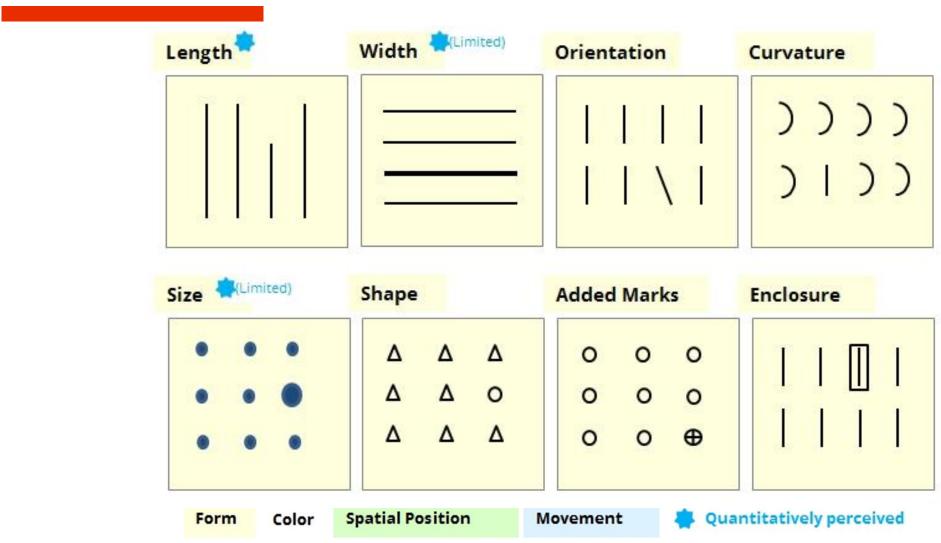


Preattentive attributes

- 4 basic properties
 - Colour
 - Form
 - Movement
 - Spatial Positioning
- The human brain processes these properties with ease
- Occurs within 200 milliseconds of exposure to the visual

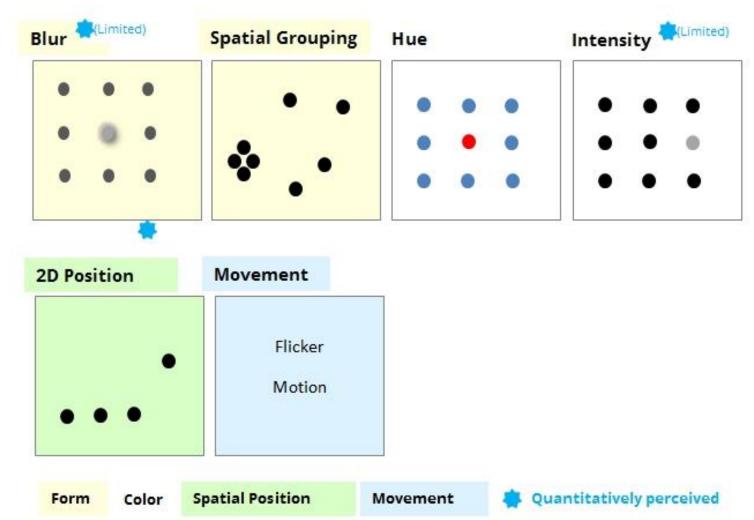


Preattentive attributes



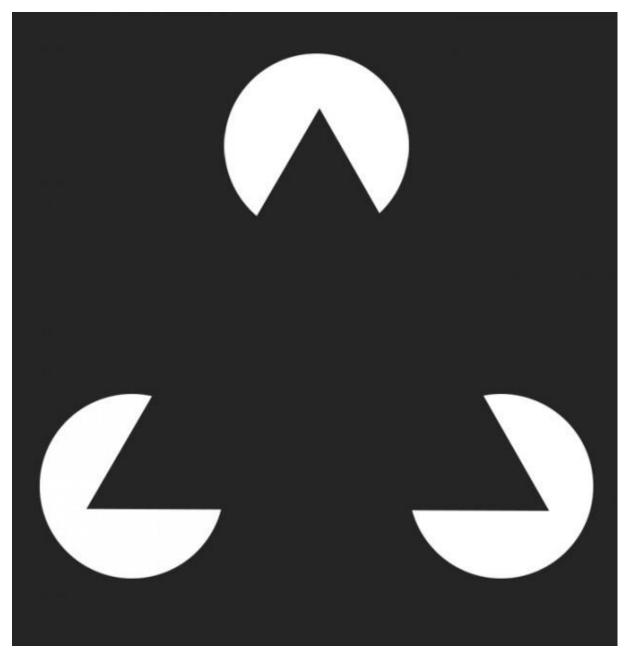


Preattentive attributes





Principles of Visual Perception















Gestalt Principles of Visual Perception

Great designers understand the powerful role that psychology plays in visual perception.

What happens when someone's eye meets your design creations?

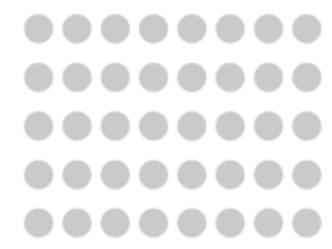
How does their mind react to the message your piece is sharing?

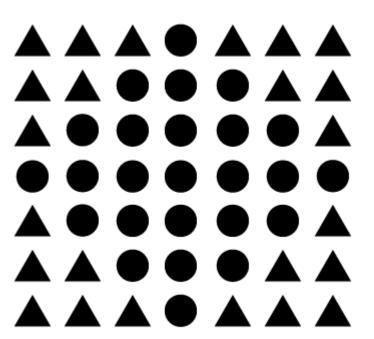


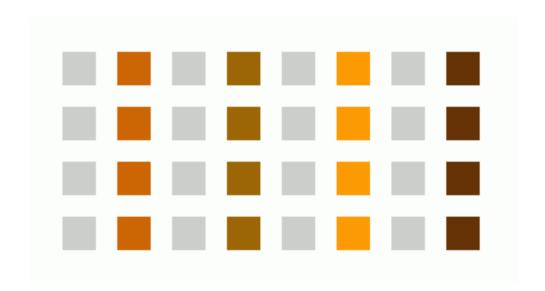
Gestal Principles of Visual Perception

- Helps us determine which elements are most effective in a given situation
- Hold power to influence our visual perception
- Allows designers to direct attention to specific points of focus, take action, or provoke behavioural change
- Help us design data visualisations that are intuitive, beautiful and functional







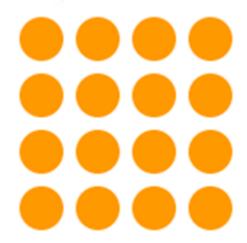




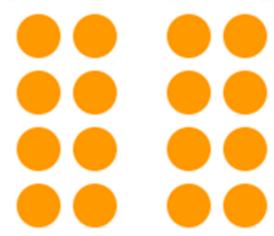
Similarity



This is perceived to be one group and the components somehow related to each other.

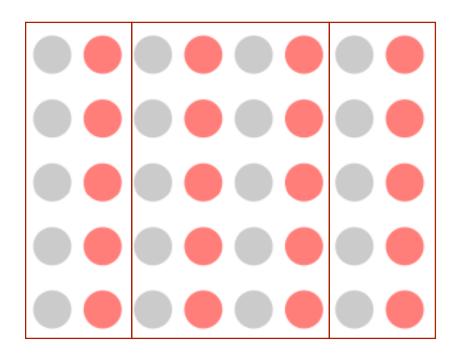


We perceive two groups here, and understand that there are differences between them.



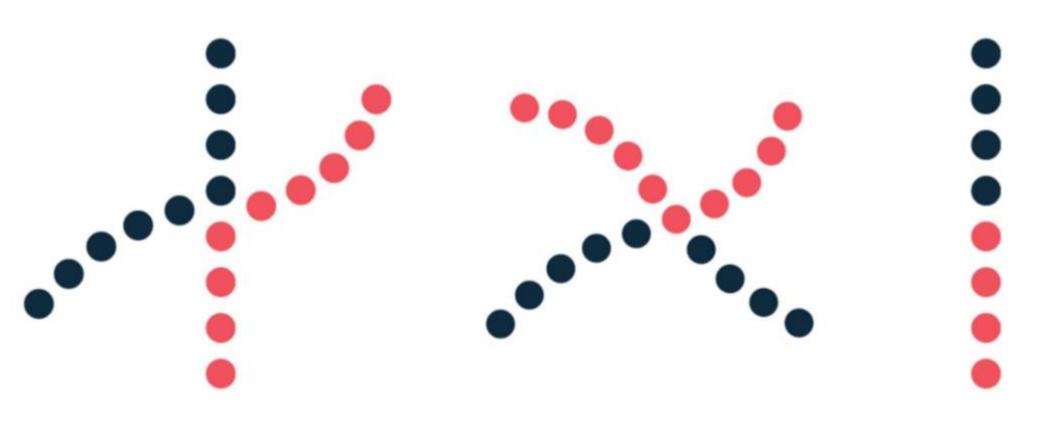
Proximity





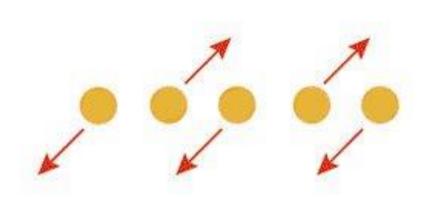
Common Regions





Continuity





Common Fate





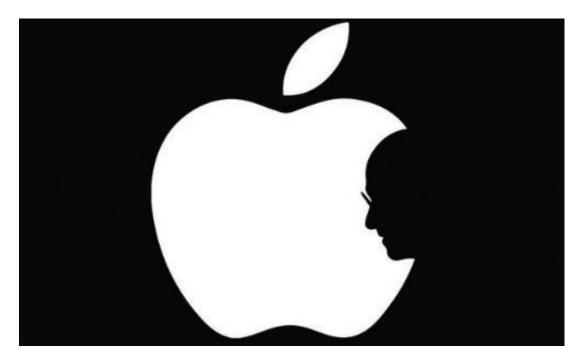




Figure - Ground

International Migrants Day: Mediterranean Death Trap

Migrant deaths worldwide by region in 2016

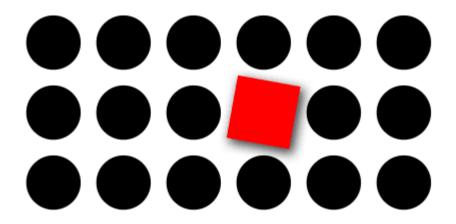






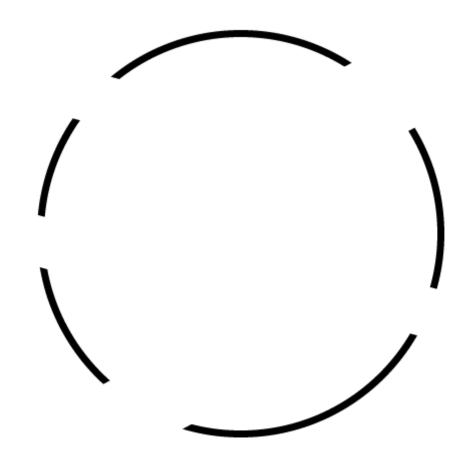






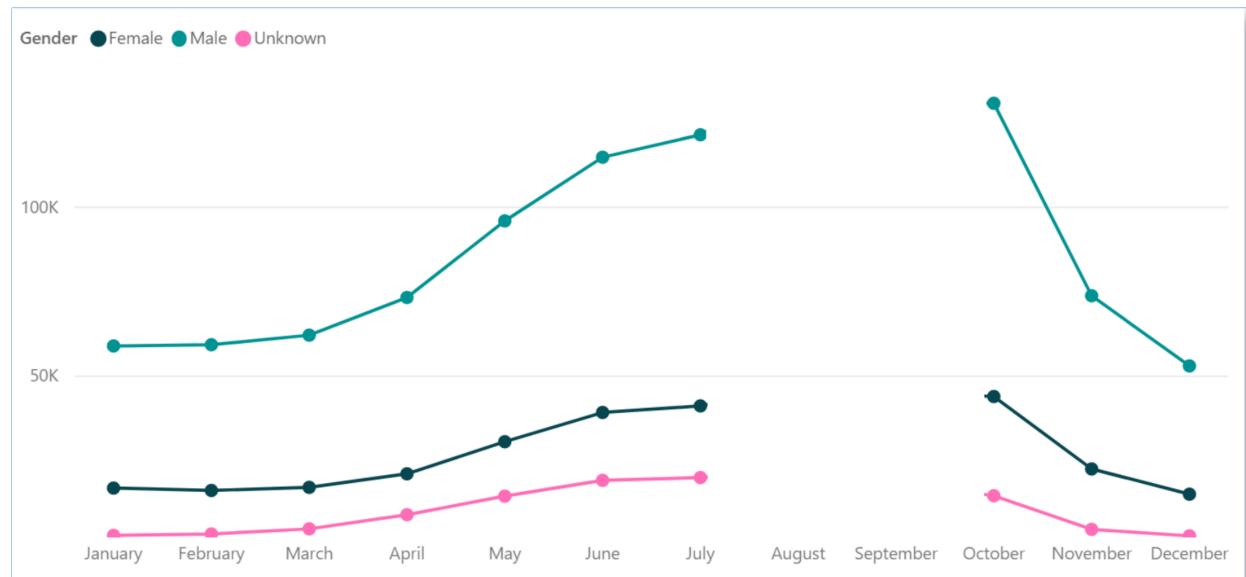
Focal Point



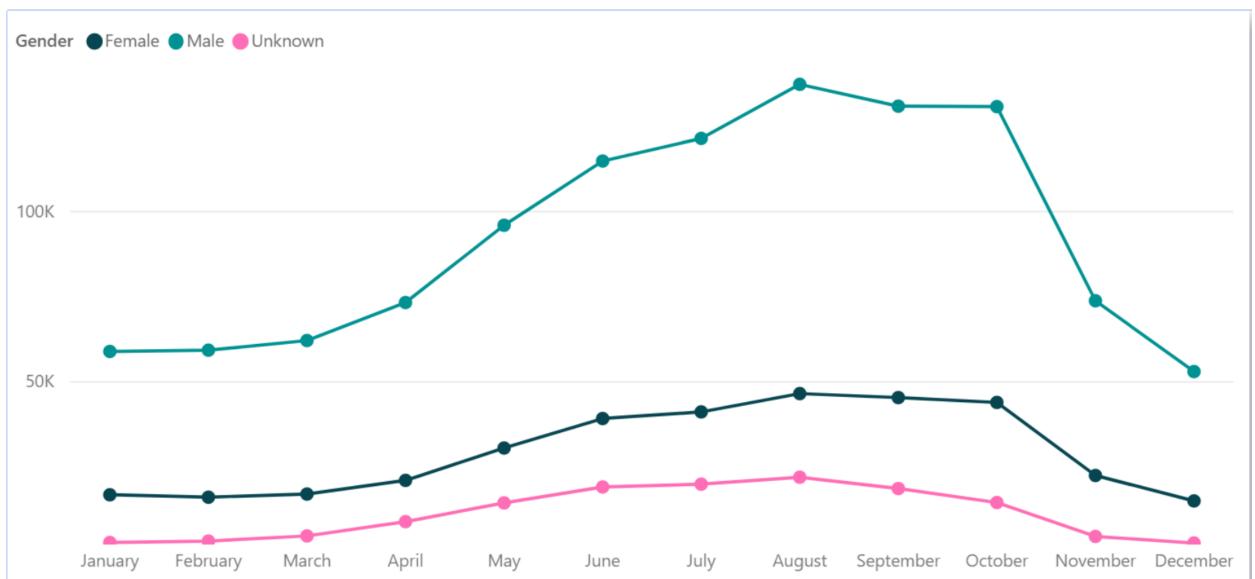


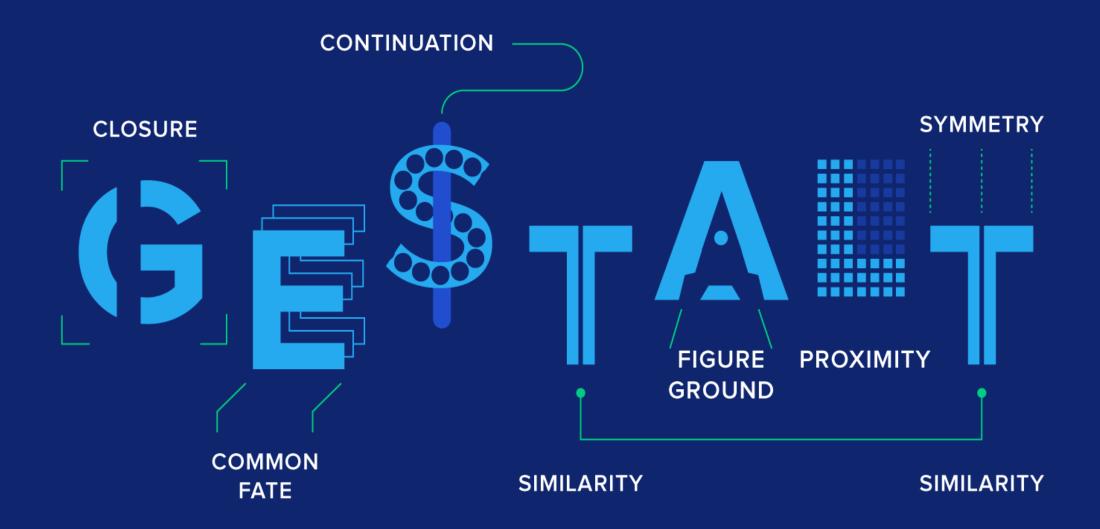
Closure













The right visual

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Choosing the right visual - Context

- Explore your data!
- Speak with business people, if possible
- Familiarise yourself with :
 - Business Context
 - What does it mean when ..
- Keep extra attention for :
 - Amounts, Distributions, Proportions
 - X-Y relationships
 - Geospatial data
 - Uncertainty



Choosing the right visual

- FT visual vocabulary
 - https://ft-interactive.github.io/visual-vocabulary/
- Data to viz
 - https://www.data-to-viz.com/#explore



Colour Theory

80



Colour Theory

- Colours are subjective, not every person responds the same
- Colours have different cultural meaning
- Colour Theory is based on research, to help us decide



Colour Theory

- Let's focus on the HSL Model
- Hue
 - Aligns to what people describe as a colour
- Saturation
 - Intensity of said colour
 - Scaled on how much the colour differs from neutral grey (0%)
- Luminance
 - Describes the spectrum of a hue from dark, based on the amount of black added





Step 1: Decide what the colours will represent

- Know your data, perform data exploration
- Decide on the aspect of your data that you want to represent
- Stick to one aspect per colour
- Colour scales can be used as well



Step 2: Understand your data scale

- Sequential when data values go from low to high
- Divergent when data has data points at both ends of the scale, with an important pivot in the middle.
- Qualitative when the data does not have an order of magnitude.



Step 3: Look for obvious options

- Look at the data and it's application
- Is there an occurence in nature, or in-person?
- Is there a corporate style guide?
- Try to pick colours users will easily understand



Step 4: Decide on the number of hues (base colours)

- Sequential data usually requires one hue, using luminance or saturation to define scale.
- Changes in luminance and saturation are hard to perceive
 - With a scale containing more than five data points, consider two hues
- Divergent data requires two hues, decreasing in saturation or luminance towards a neutral (usually white, black or gray).
- Qualitative data requires as many hues as values
- Remember the limitations of the human brain.
- Our brain struggles to perceive and remember more than seven colours. More than 12, and our brain struggles to differentiate

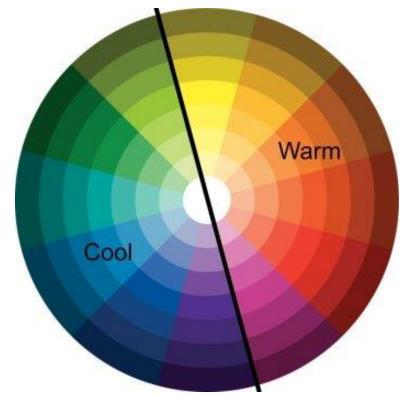


Step 5 : Be Consistent

- Upon deciding with your colours, be consistent
- Users will develop a mental map
- Increased familiarity helps the preattentive attributes



- Look at online resources (ie. ColorBrewer, Adobe Color)
- Decide on your warm or cool colours as a base



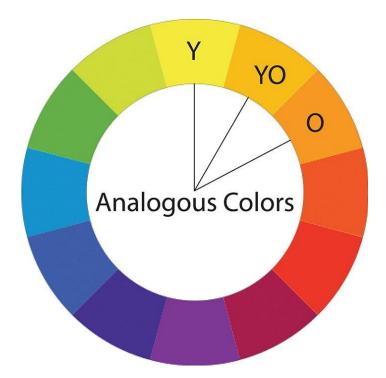


Monochromatic – shades of a single hue, ideal for sequential data.





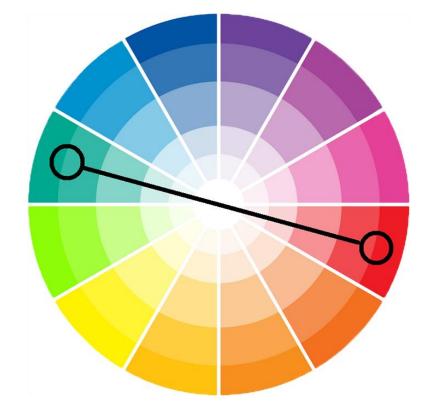
Analogous colors – colors that sit beside each other on the color wheel. These provide a more varied alternative for sequential data visualization.





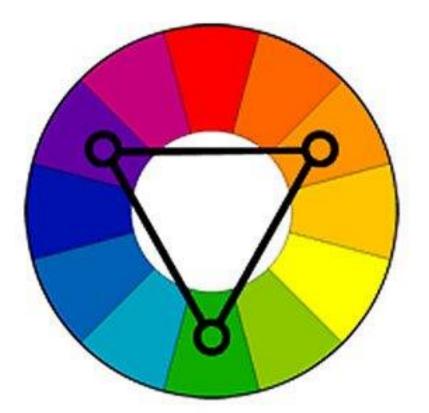
Complementary colors – from opposite sides of the color wheel. When paired with a neutral (e.g. white or gray) these palettes are perfect for

diverging data.





Triadic colors – 3 colors equally spaced around the wheel, which are a good starting point for a qualitative palette.



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Step 7 : Don't fear grey

- Not everything has to be a vibrant colour
- Use white and grey to add contrast to your report
- Consider creating your report in grey, black and white before choosing colours



Step 8: Make sure everyone is invited

- Keep accessiblity in mind when visualising your data
- Accessiblity Checklist Meagan Longoria
 - https://whocanuse.com/
 - http://www.color-blindness.com/coblis-color-blindness-simulator/
 - http://www.vischeck.com/vischeck/vischeckImage.php



Step 8: Make sure everyone is invited

	Men	Women
Red-green (Overall)	7 to 10%	_
Red-green (Caucasians)	8%	_
Red-green (Asians)	5%	_
Red-green (Africans)	4%	_
Monochromacy	_	_
Rod monochromacy (disfunctional, abnormally shaped or no cones)	0.00001%	0.00001%
Dichromacy	2.4%	0.03%
Protanopia (L-cone absent)	1% to 1.3%	0.02%
Deuteranopia (M-cone absent)	1% to 1.2%	0.01%
Tritanopia (S-cone absent)	0.001%	0.03%
Anomalous Trichromacy	6.3%	0.37%
Protanomaly (L-cone defect)	1.3%	0.02%
Deuteranomaly (M-cone defect)	5.0%	0.35%
Tritanomaly (S-cone defect)	0.01%	0.01%

71



Step 9 : Create a theme file

- Creating a theme file helps your consistency
- And easily share your presets with different users
- PowerBI.tips has <u>a theme generator</u>



Takeaways

10



Takeaways

- Remove Clutter and Avoid Visual & Data Overload
- Manage White Space
- Leverage Gestalt Principles
- Use the Power of Preattentive Attributes!
- Colours are key, use them wise
- Keep accessibility in mind
- Tell a Story!



Now you do it!

- Participate in the Workout Wednesday Challenges
- Follow the hashtag #WOW2021 on Twitter
- OR
 - Meagan Longoria (@Mmarie)
 - Shannon Lindsay (@shan_gsd)
 - David Eldersveld (@dataveld)
 - Spencer Baucke (@JSBaucke)



Reading Material

- https://www.datapine.com/blog/best-data-visualizationbooks/?fbclid=IwAR1lb77vZR3Sx4NX0Dua6bzyZaCctIfNbFUTS7jHOAzLB cPGtvY_rsQpgS0
 - Alberto Cairo
 - Stephen Few
 - Donald Miller
 - Edward R. Tufte
 - Cole Nussbaumer Knaflic
 - Steve Wexler



References

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- https://www.reddit.com/r/DataIsUgly
- https://www.reddit.com/r/dataisbeautiful
- https://datasavvy.me/design-concepts-for-better-power-bi-reports/
- Prathy's Blog... -
- http://daydreamingnumbers.com/blog/preattentive-attributesexample/
- https://learnforeverlearn.com/preattentive/



References

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- https://www.usertesting.com/blog/gestalt-principles
- https://practicalpie.com/gestalt-principles/ https://vizzendata.com/2020/07/06/utilizing-gestalt-principles-toimprove-your-data-visualization-design/
- http://daydreamingnumbers.com/concepts/gestalt-laws-datavisualization/
- https://www.interaction-design.org/literature/article/preattentive-visual-properties-and-how-to-use-them-in-information-visualization



Resources

- Adobe Color https://color.adobe.com/create/color-wheel
- i want hue https://medialab.github.io/iwanthue/
- Colormind.io http://colormind.io/
- ColorBrewer https://colorbrewer2.org/
- Colours from an image https://html-color-codes.info/colors-from-image/#
- Canva https://www.canva.com/color-palette/#
- Dribble colors https://dribbble.com/colors/e8e230?percent=30
- Colours co https://coolors.co/browser/latest/1
- Colors Hexa https://www.colorhexa.com/3589a1
- Color Combos https://www.colorcombos.com/popular-color-combinations/2



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