

TECHORNMA



Designing Impactful Visualisations for your Data

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About me



data Minds.be Co-Leader



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sessionize /bennidejagere



Data Platform



#SayNoToPieCharts



Let's set expectations

What not to do © (Intro to) Psychology of Visualisation
The right visual and colours for the job
Inclusive Design

Demo: Use Case

www.citibikenyc.com/system-data

Public Open Data

Starts June 2013

Information about every trip

- Longer than 60 seconds
- Starts at public station

Masterdata



https://i0.wp.com/thenypost.files.wordpress.com/2013/12/citibike1.jpg

Data Visualisation – (Random) Thoughts

Graphs and charts

Tell a story

Pie Charts!

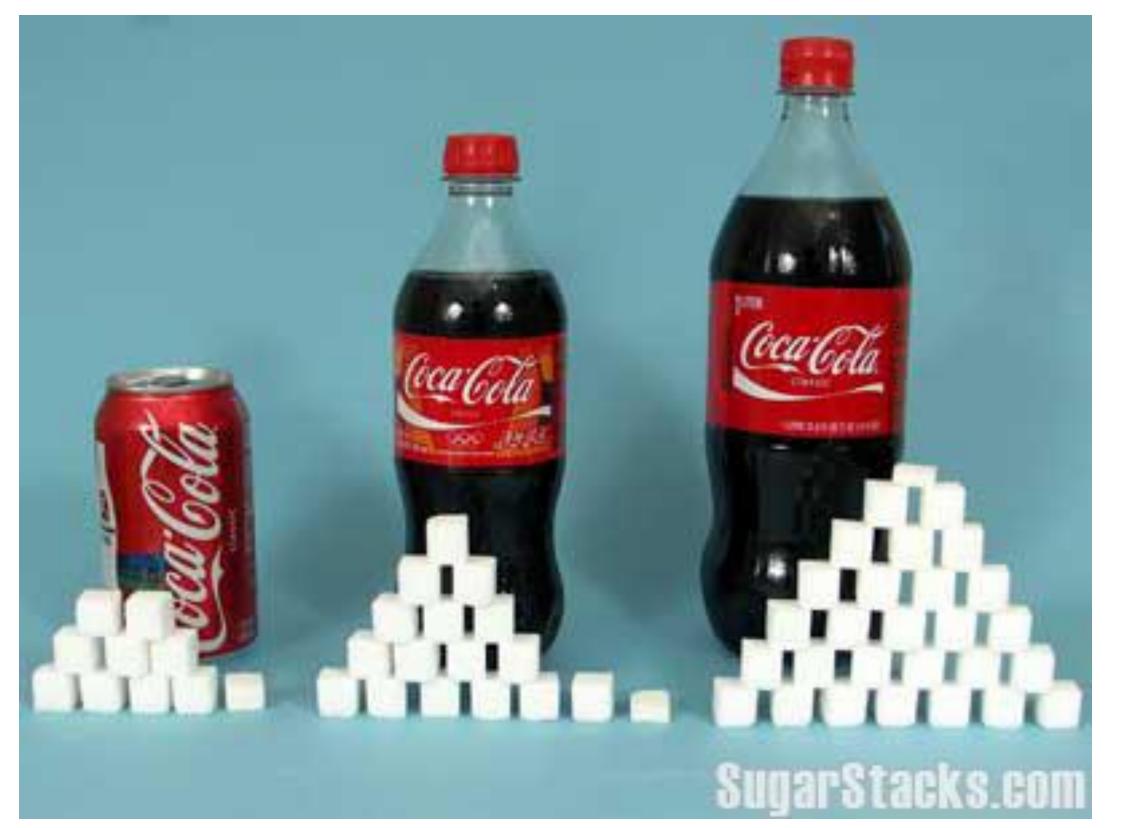
Something I should think through more often

Maps

Looks easy, but is hard

Just slap some things on there!

Etc..



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Would you eat 6 donuts?





Honestly my take away from this chart is that donuts are healthier than I thought

licrosoft University

Some things to keep in mind

Have no fear of perfection – you'll never reach it Salvador Dali

Data Visualisaton is Intelligence made visible

Data Visualisation is the intermediary between information and understanding

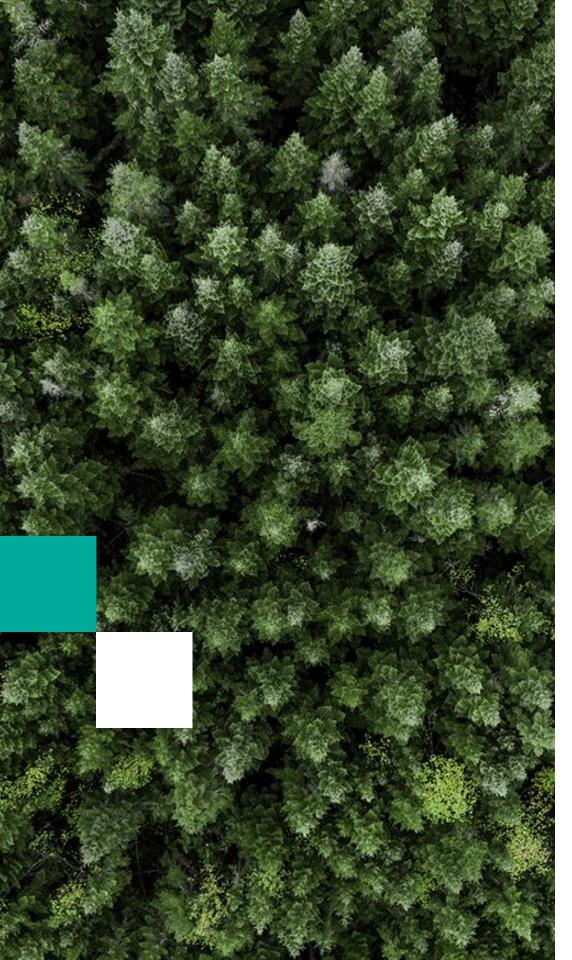


A wild data visualisation appeared!

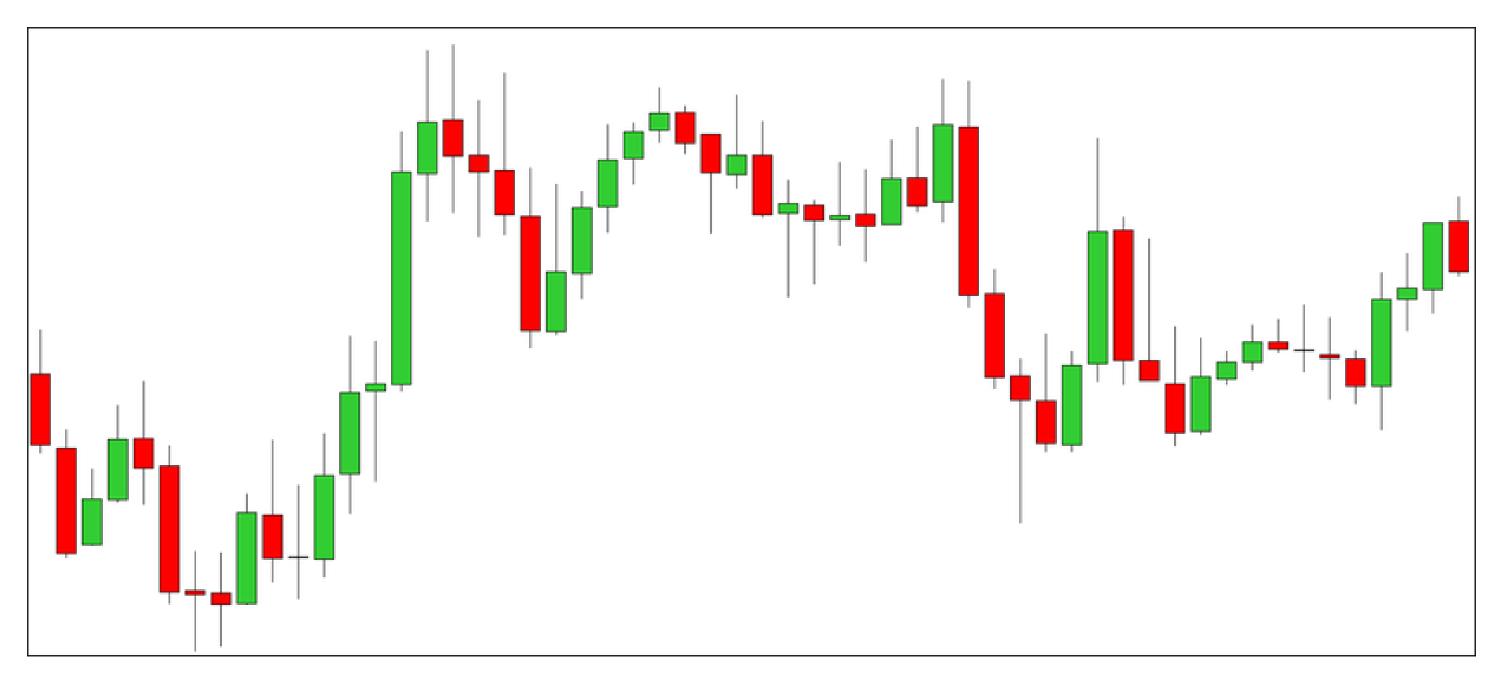


Bilister, der forvolder betydelig legemsskade på andre

Kilde: Rigsadvokaten / Anklagemyndigheden. Tallene viser antal domme for overtrædelse af straffelovens paragraf 249. Tallet for 2020 er opgjort pr. 7. november.



History Taught Us Well





Why?

Why Data Visualisation Matters

A good visualization gives ways to research data, investigate curious cause-effect relationships

Data Visualisation helps us

Identify insights otherwise unnoticed

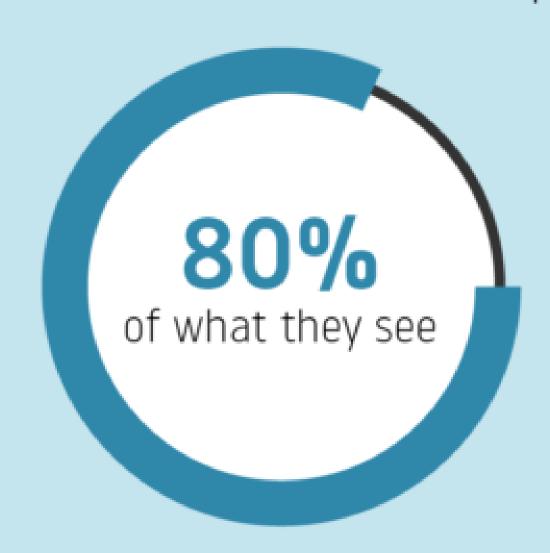
Understand data quickly

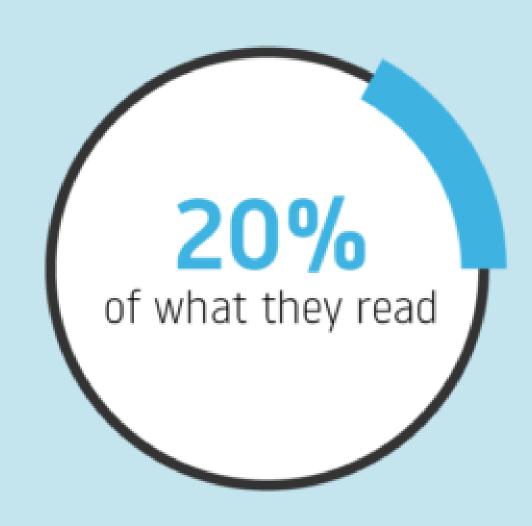
Identify relationships and patterns

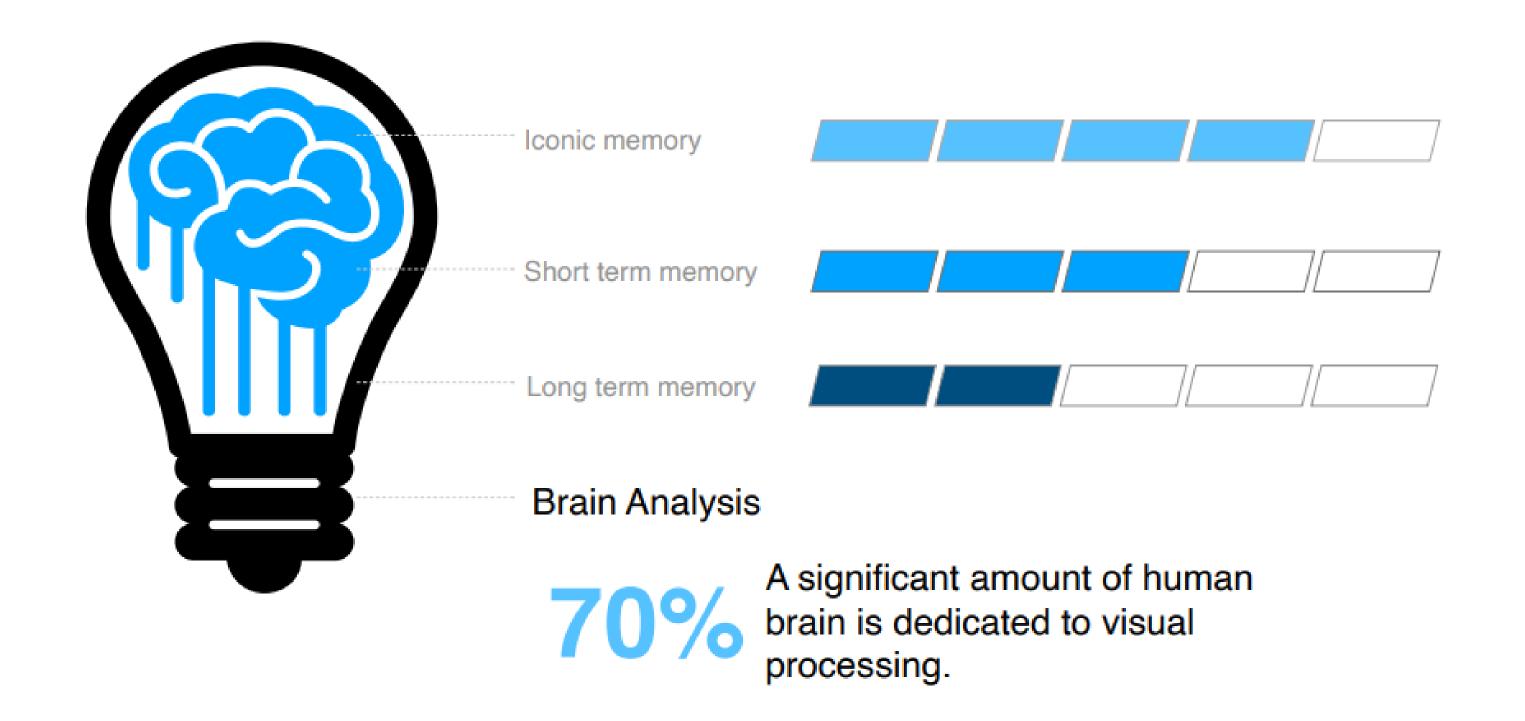
Pinpoint emerging trends

Communicate our findings as a story to others

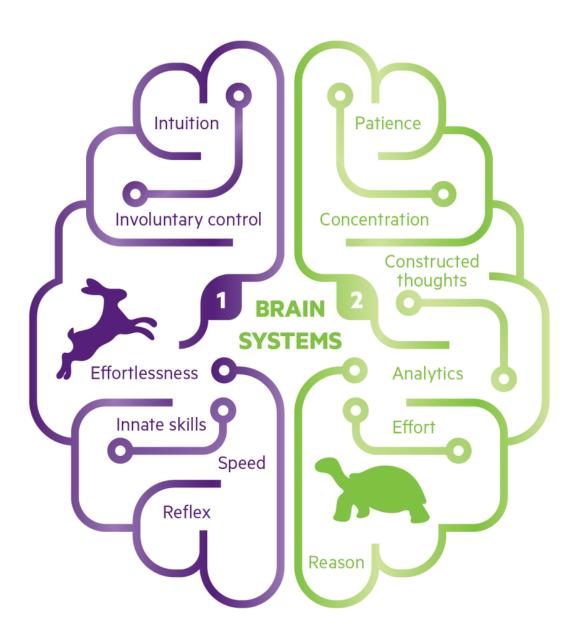
90% of all information transmitted to our brains is *visuαl*. People remember:







Cognitive Science for data visualisations



Cognitive Science for data visualisations



$$23 \times 14 = ?$$

Cognitive Science for data visualisations



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CITS8qIhAx4

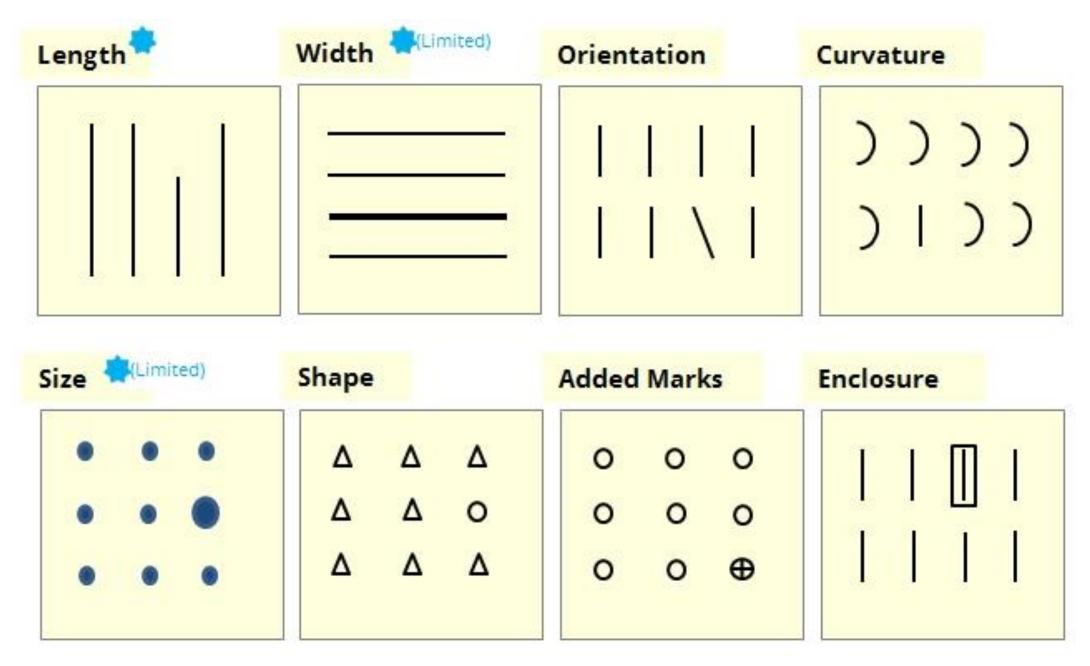
 $23 \times 14 = 322$

Creating Data Visualisations appeals to both our Artistic and Scientific side

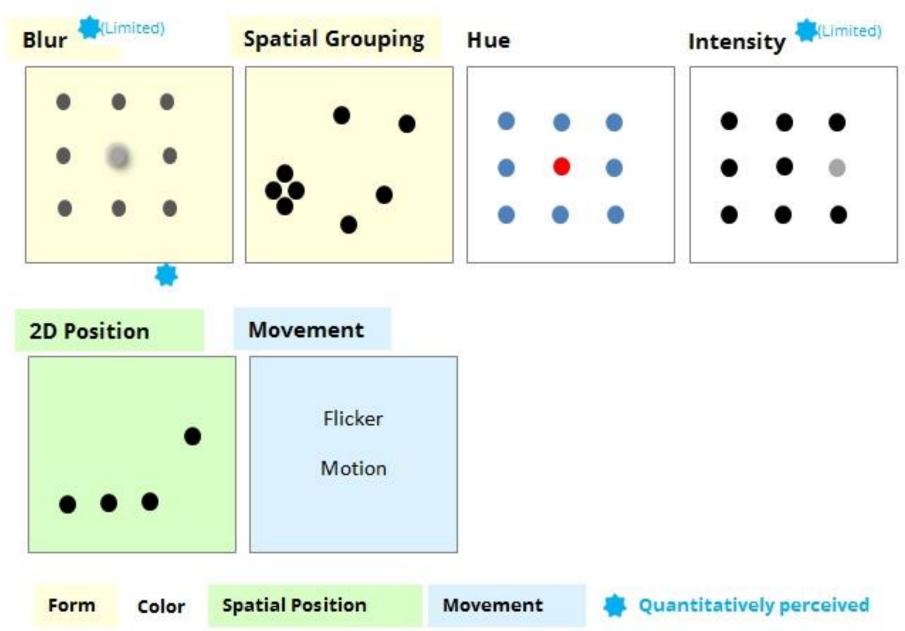


The human brain processes these properties with ease Occurs within 200 milliseconds of exposure to the visual

- 4 basic properties
 - 1.Colour
 - 2.Form
 - 3. Movement
 - 4. Spatial Positioning



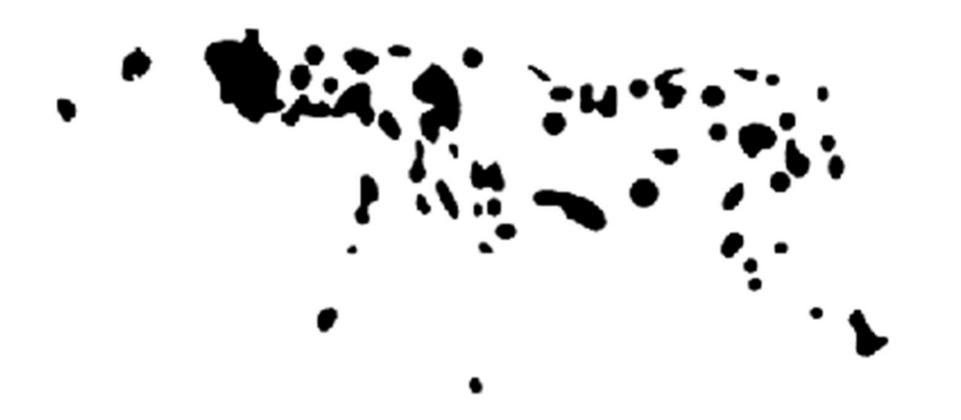
32



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Principles of Visual Perception





landan bada ada abada abad

Gestalt Principles of Visual Perception

Great designers understand the powerful role that psychology plays in visual perception.

What happens when someone's eye meets your design creations?

How does their mind react to the message your piece is sharing?

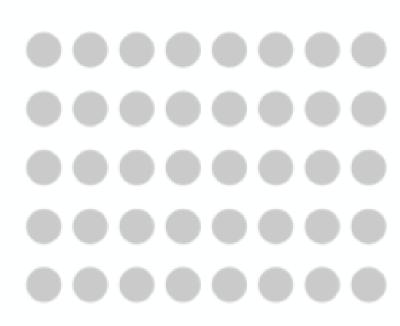
Gestalt Principles of Visual Perception

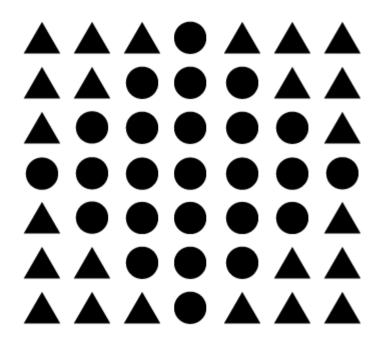
Helps us determine which elements are most effective in a given situation

Hold power to influence our visual perception

Allows designers to direct attention to specific points of focus, take action, or provoke behavioural change

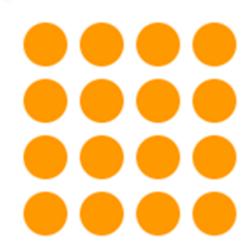
Help us design data visualisations that are intuitive, beautiful and functional



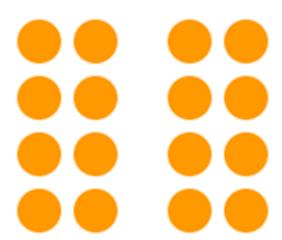


Similarity

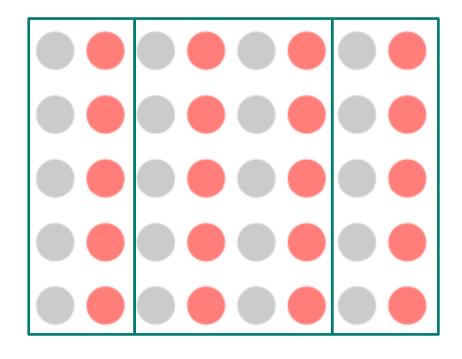
This is perceived to be one group and the components somehow related to each other.



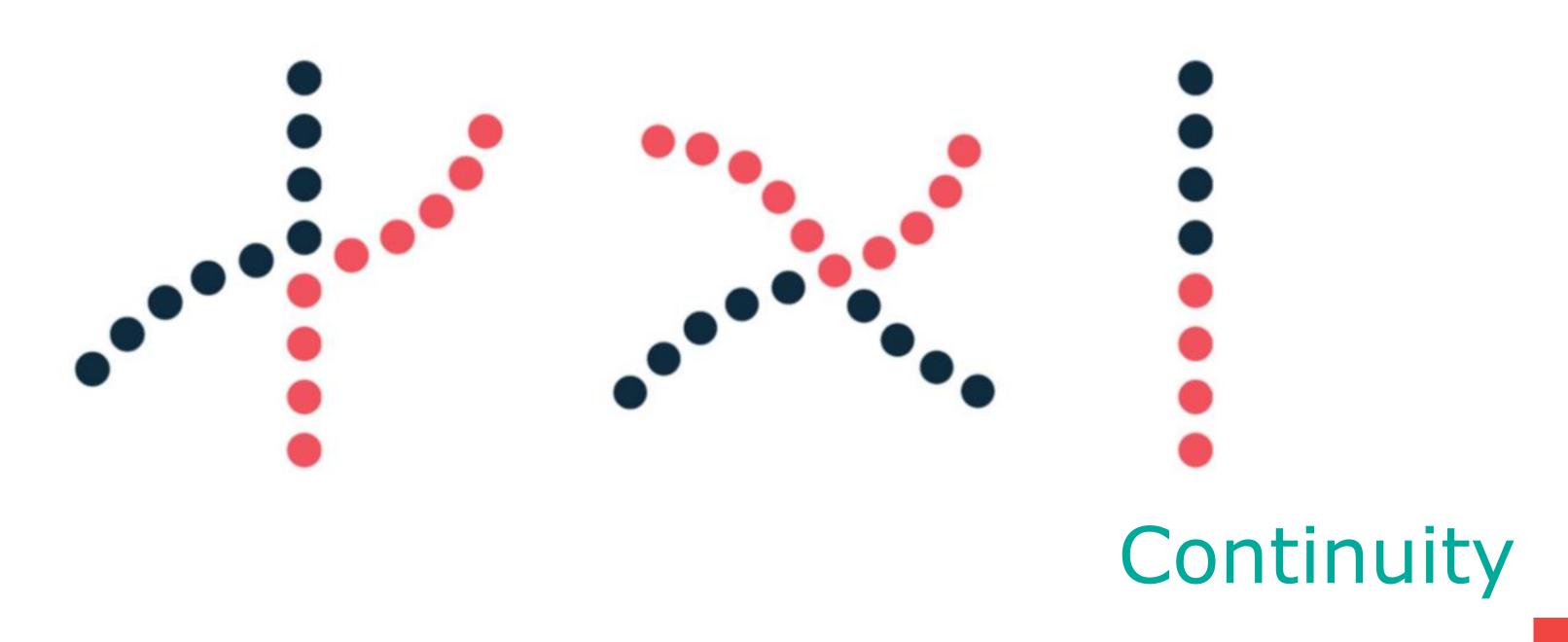
We perceive two groups here, and understand that there are differences between them.



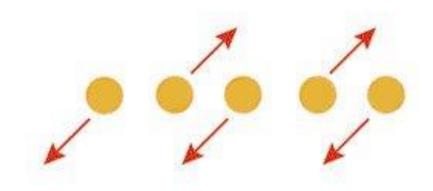
Proximity



Common Regions



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Common Fate



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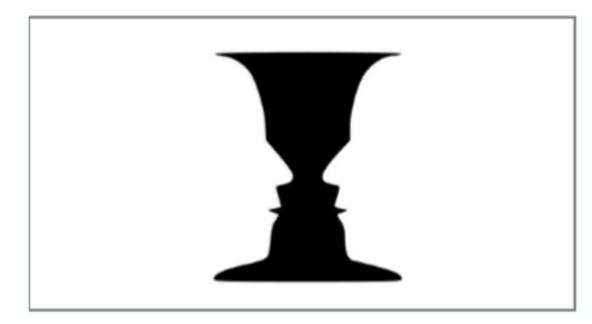
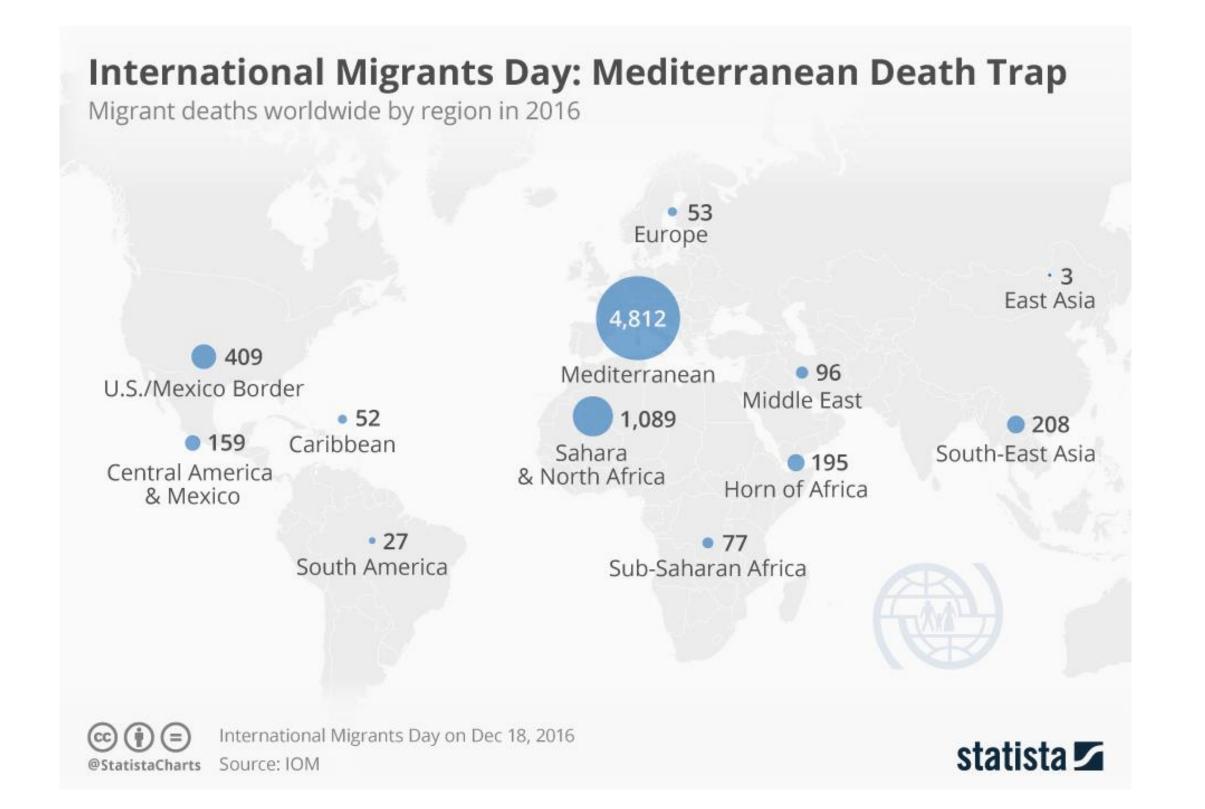
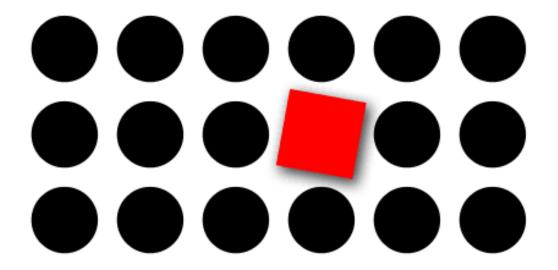


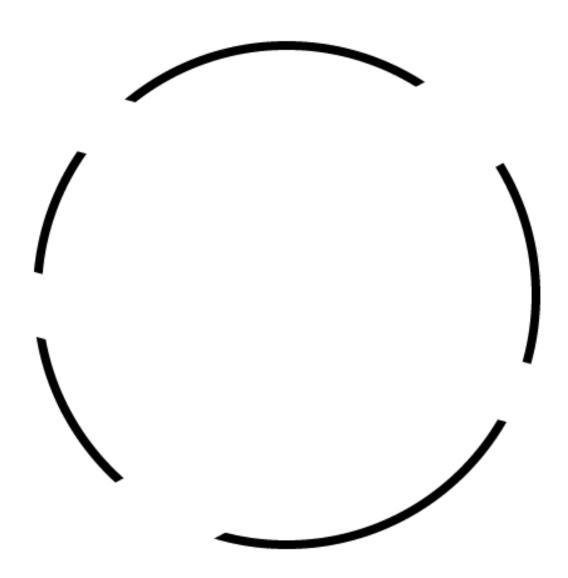


Figure - Ground

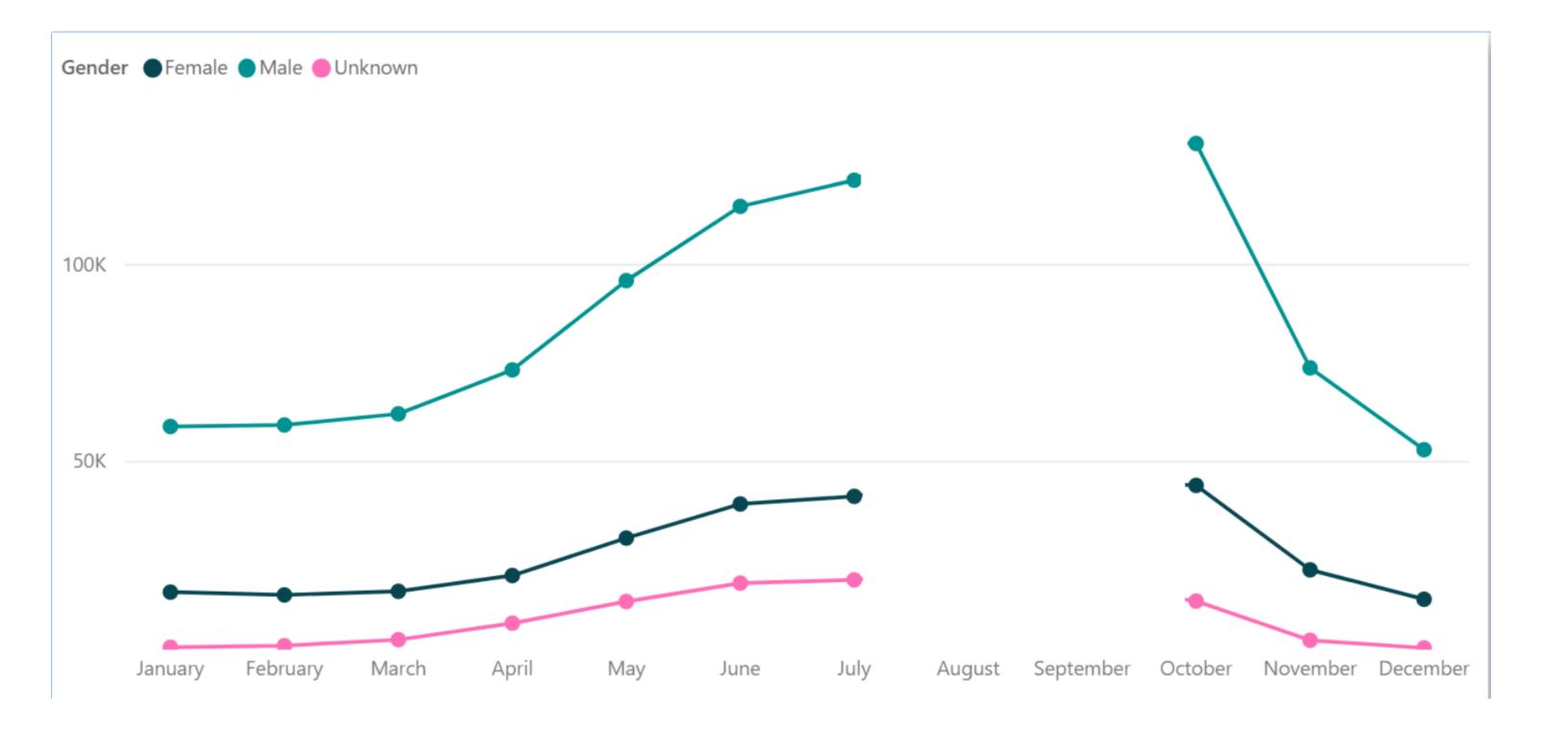


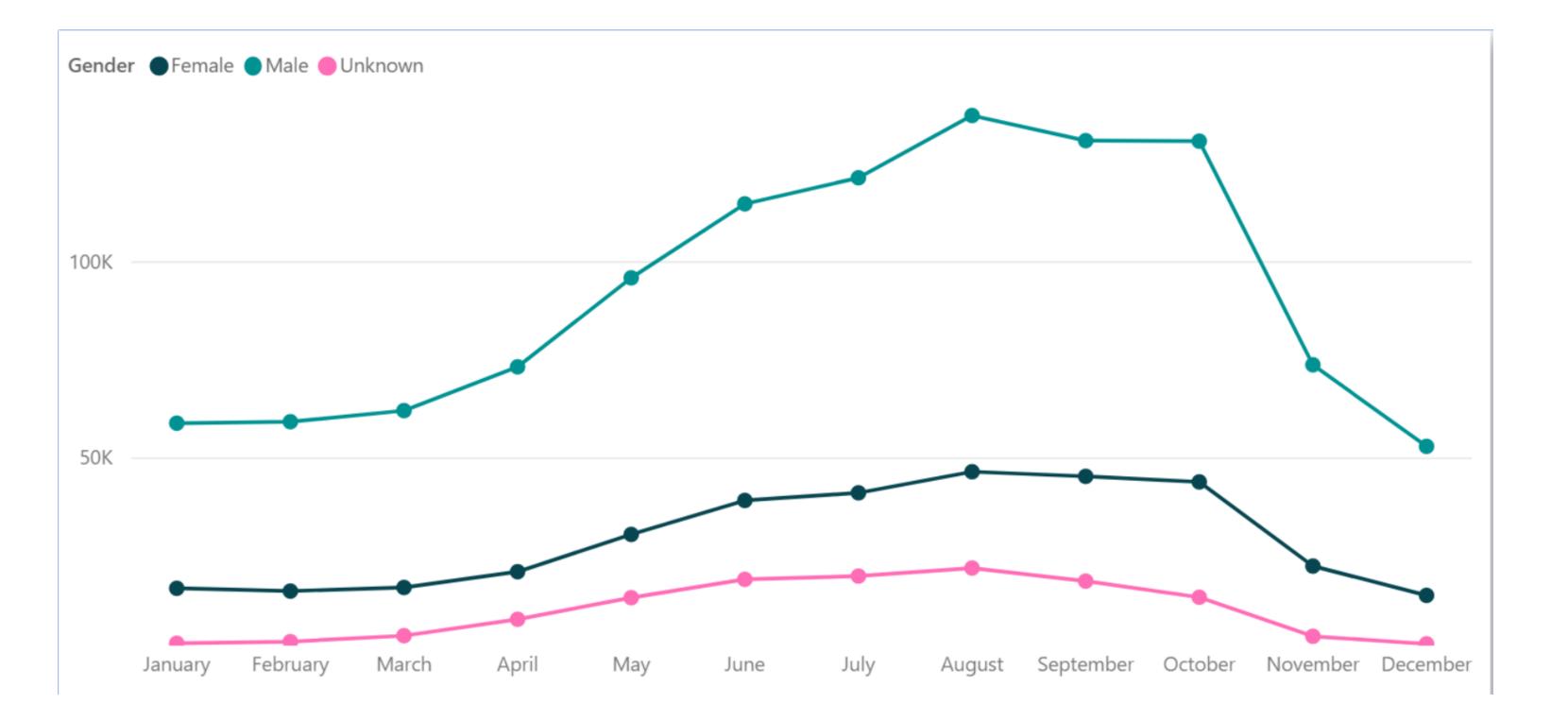


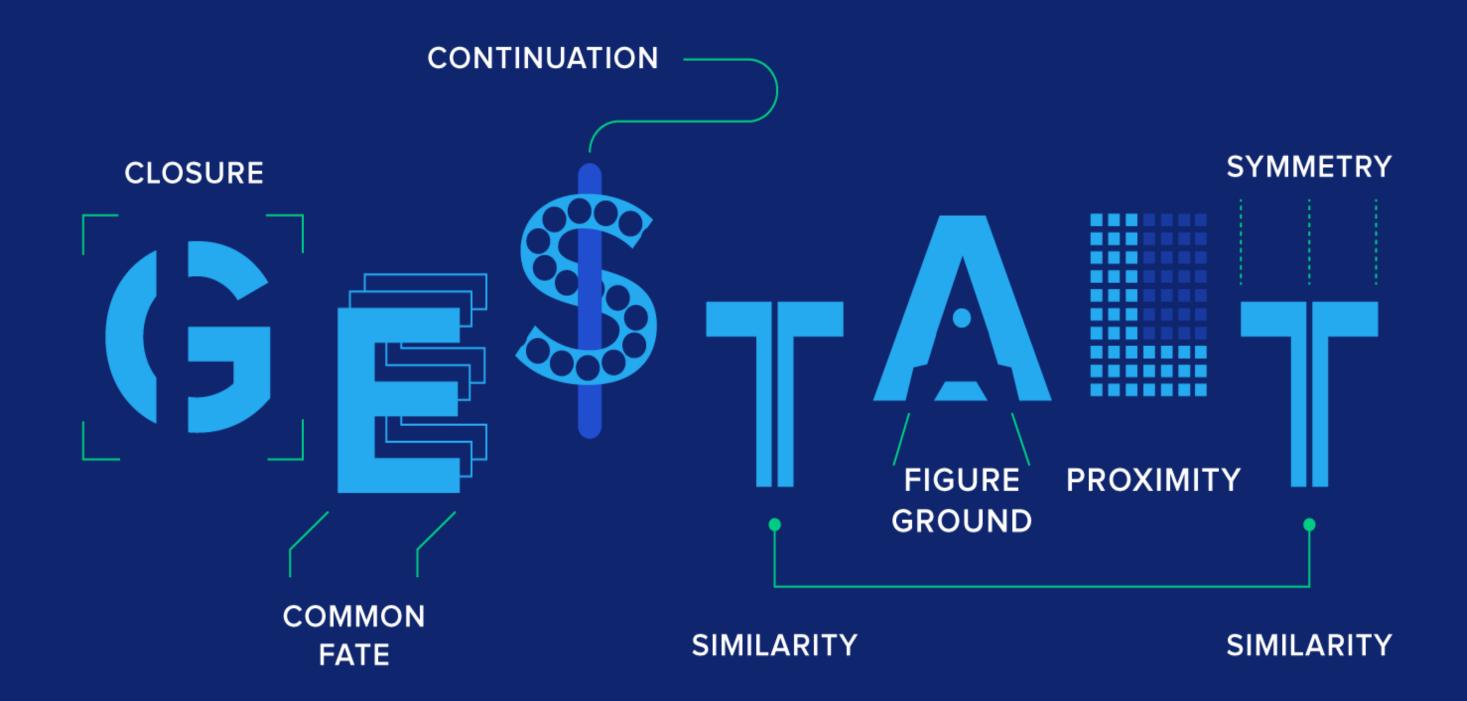
Focal Point



Closure









The right visual

Choosing the right visual - Context

Explore your data!

Speak with the business, if possible

Familiarise yourself with:

Business Context

What does it mean when ...

Choosing the right visual - Context

Pay extra attention to:

Amounts, Distributions, Proportions

X-Y relationships

Geospatial data

Uncertainty

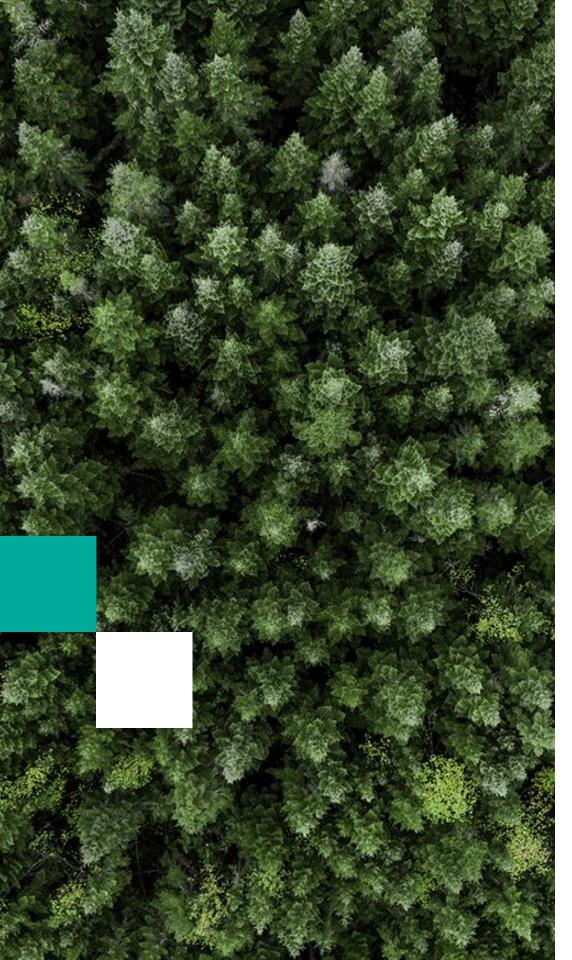
Choosing the right visual

FT visual vocabulary

https://ft-interactive.github.io/visual-vocabulary/

Data to viz

https://www.data-to-viz.com/#explore



Colour Theory

Colour Theory

Colours are subjective, not every person responds the same Colours have different cultural meaning Colour Theory is based on research, to help us decide

Colour Theory

Let's focus on the HSL Model

Hue

Aligns to what people describe as a colour

Saturation

Intensity of said colour

Scaled on how much the colour differs from neutral grey (0%)

Luminance

Describes the spectrum of a hue from dark, based on the amount of black added



Step 1: Decide what the colours will represent

Know your data, perform data exploration

Decide on the aspect of your data that you want to represent

Stick to one aspect per colour

Colour scales can be used as well

Step 2: Understand your data scale

Sequential – when data values go from low to high

Divergent – when data has data points at both ends of the scale, with an important pivot in the middle.

Qualitative – when the data does not have an order of magnitude.

Step 3: Look for obvious options

Look at the data and it's application

Is there an occurence in nature, or in-person?

Is there a corporate style guide?

Try to pick colours users will easily understand

Step 4: Decide on your hues

Sequential data usually requires one hue, using luminance or saturation to define scale.

Changes in luminance and saturation are hard to perceive With a scale containing more than five data points, consider two hues

Step 4: Decide on your hues

Divergent data requires two hues, decreasing in saturation or luminance towards a neutral (usually white, black or gray). Qualitative data requires as many hues as values

Step 5: Be Consistent

Upon deciding with your colours, be consistent
Users will develop a mental map
Increased familiarity helps the preattentive attributes

Step 6: Don't fear grey

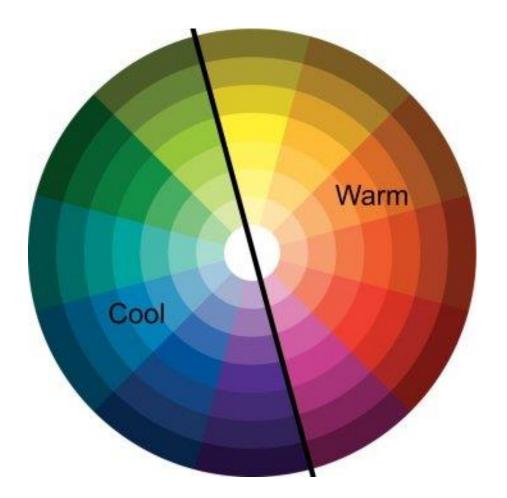
Not everything has to be a vibrant colour

Use white and grey to add contrast to your report

Consider creating your report in grey, black and white before choosing colours

Look at online resources (ie. ColorBrewer, Adobe Color)

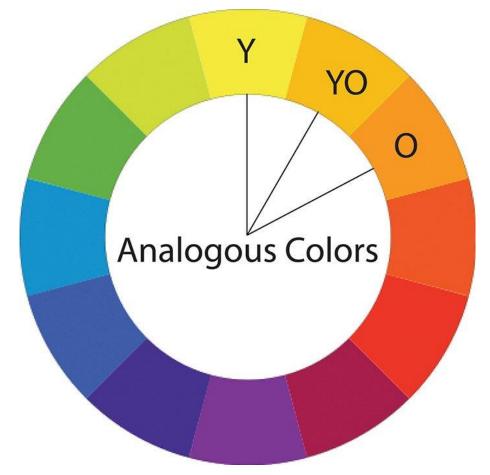
Decide on your warm or cool colours as a base



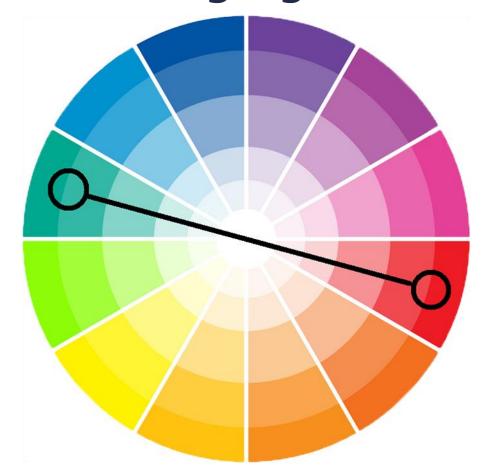
Monochromatic – shades of a single hue, ideal for sequential data.



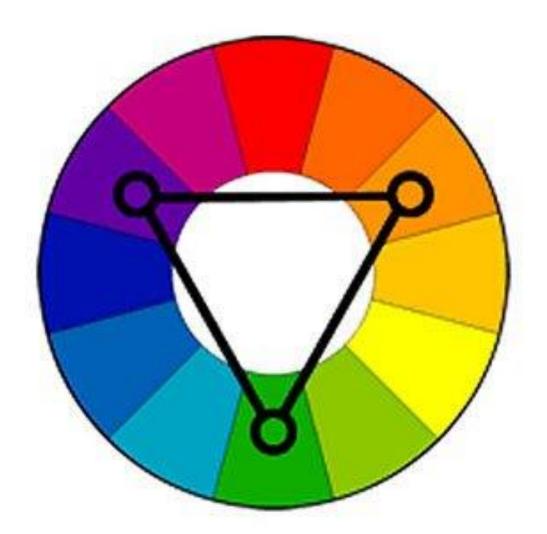
Analogous colors – colors that sit beside each other on the color wheel. These provide a more varied alternative for sequential data visualization.



Complementary colors – from opposite sides of the color wheel. When paired with a neutral (e.g. white or gray) these palettes are perfect for diverging data.



Triadic colors – 3 colors equally spaced around the wheel, which are a good starting point for a qualitative palette.



Step 8: Make sure everyone is invited

Keep accessiblity in mind when visualising your data

Accessiblity Checklist - Meagan Longoria

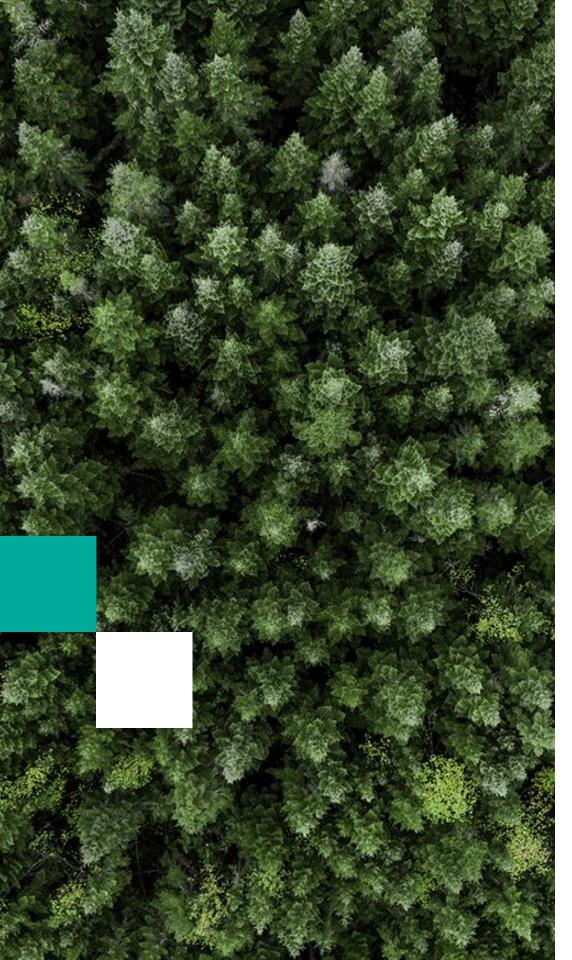
https://whocanuse.com/

http://www.color-blindness.com/coblis-color-blindness-simulator/

http://www.vischeck.com/vischeck/vischeckImage.php

Step 9: Create a theme file

Creating a theme file helps your consistency
And easily share your presets with different users
PowerBI.tips has <u>a theme generator</u>



Takeaways

Takeaways

Remove Clutter and Avoid Visual & Data Overload

Manage White Space

Leverage Gestalt Principles

Use the Power of Preattentive Attributes!

Colours are key, use them wise

Keep accessibility in mind

Tell a Story!

Now you do it!

```
Participate in the <u>Workout Wednesday Challenges</u>
Follow the hashtag #WOW2021 on Twitter

OR

Meagan Longoria ( @Mmarie )

Shannon Lindsay ( @shan_gsd )

David Eldersveld ( @dataveld )
```

Spencer Baucke (@JSBaucke)

Reading Material

https://www.datapine.com/blog/best-data-visualizationbooks/?fbclid=IwAR1lb77vZR3Sx4NX0Dua6bzyZaCctIfNbFUTS7jHOAz LBcPGtvY_rsQpgS0

Alberto Cairo

Stephen Few

Donald Miller

Edward R. Tufte

Cole Nussbaumer Knaflic

Steve Wexler

References

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https://viz.wtf/
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https://www.reddit.com/r/DataIsUgly

https://www.reddit.com/r/dataisbeautiful

https://datasavvy.me/design-concepts-for-better-power-bi-reports/

Prathy's Blog... -

<u>http://daydreamingnumbers.com/blog/preattentive-attributes-example/</u>

https://learnforeverlearn.com/preattentive/

References

https://www.smashingmagazine.com/2014/03/design-principles-visual-perception-and-the-principles-of-gestalt/

https://www.usertesting.com/blog/gestalt-principles

https://practicalpie.com/gestalt-principles/

https://vizzendata.com/2020/07/06/utilizing-gestalt-principles-to-improve-your-data-visualization-design/

http://daydreamingnumbers.com/concepts/gestalt-laws-datavisualization/

https://www.interaction-design.org/literature/article/preattentive-visual-properties-and-how-to-use-them-in-information-visualization

Resources

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Adobe Color - https://color.adobe.com/create/color-wheel
i want hue - https://medialab.github.io/iwanthue/
Colormind.io - http://colormind.io/
ColorBrewer - https://colorbrewer2.org/
Colours from an image - https://html-color-codes.info/colors-from-image/#
Canva - https://www.canva.com/color-palette/#
Dribble colors - https://dribbble.com/colors/e8e230?percent=30
Colours co - https://coolors.co/browser/latest/1
Colors Hexa - https://www.colorhexa.com/3589a1
Color Combos - https://www.colorcombos.com/popular-color-combinations/2
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