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# The questions provided by the RandomizeQuestionsByID: 8, 16, 17, 19, 21, 32

Main git link: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton>

Eden Dahan 318641222

Ruth Avivi 208981555

Ron Mansharof 208839787

Benny Shalom 203500780

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# Question 19: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton/tree/main/q19>

By LU Method:

$\|A\| = 1.8333333333333333$  ,  $\|A^{-1}\| = 408.00000000000026$

Cond  $\|A\| * \|A^{-1}\| = 748.00000000000048$

J1:  $[[1, 0, 0], [-0.5, 1, 0], [-0.3333333333333333, 0, 1]]$

J2:  $[[1, 0, 0], [0, 1, 0], [0, -0.9999999999999997, 1]]$

$L = J1^{-1} * J2^{-1} = [[1.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.5, 1.0, 0.0], [0.3333333333333333, 0.9999999999999997, 1.0]]$

$U = J2 * J1 * A = [[1.0, 0.5, 0.3333333333333333], [0.0, 0.08333333333333334, 0.08888888888888889], [0.0, 0.0, 0.005555555555555536]]$

$X : \{ 10.00000000000131936, -38.00000000000131936, 30.00000000000131936, \}$

גורם ההצגה גדול מידי, לכן נבחר להשתמש בשיטה השנייה, זיידל.

By seidel Method:

$$\vec{x}_{r+1} = -(L + D)^{-1} U \vec{x}_r + (L + D)^{-1} \vec{b}$$

Count	var1	var2	var3
0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	1.0	-1.5	0.20833333333333343
2	1.6805555555555556	-2.6770833333333335	0.5454282407407413
3	2.1567322530864197	-3.6441695601851856	0.9606581950874493
4	2.5018653817301093	-4.473291718910751	1.42183901242159
5	2.7626995219815123	-5.2104285422884615	1.9085364745580569
6	2.969035446291545	-5.88495552535586	2.4078019962089168
7	3.1398770972749577	-6.515667143069124	2.911455433378143
8	3.2873484270751807	-7.1146142156463785	3.4143537244326727
9	3.419189199678965	-7.689549092842952	3.913287699922082
10	3.5403453131141154	-8.245483744612734	4.406279158909059
11	3.6539821526700145	-8.785682598186815	4.892132993283496

12	3.7621303013322427	-9.312295196960985	5.37015182731416
13	3.8660969893757726	-9.82675935454928	5.839954210893645
14	3.966728273643425	-10.330058068635372	6.301358796388508
15	4.064576102188184	-10.822883250573657	6.754310559570098
16	4.160004772096796	-11.305740077822767	7.198833810450465
17	4.253258768761229	-11.779013510979691	7.6350022741225665
18	4.344505997448991	-12.243010701765412	8.062920048125113
19	4.433865334841002	-12.697988038355339	8.482709489875836
20	4.521424189219058	-13.144168401235465	8.894503519512568
21	4.607249694113543	-13.581752180804742	9.298440735816689
22	4.691395845130142	-14.01092431955773	9.69466232423026
23	4.773908051702112	-14.431858820725864	10.083310106403811
24	4.854826041561662	-14.844721642145352	10.464525316745586
25	4.934185715490814	-15.249672560795412	10.838447841842909
26	5.012020333116736	-15.646866381057286	11.205215754460381
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1635	8.99999999999911	-35.99999999999545	29.9999999999958
1636	8.99999999999913	-35.9999999999955	29.99999999999584
1637	8.99999999999915	-35.9999999999957	29.999999999996
1638	8.99999999999918	-35.99999999999574	29.99999999999602
1639	8.9999999999992	-35.9999999999959	29.99999999999616
1640	8.99999999999922	-35.99999999999595	29.99999999999627

Solution={ var1= 9.00000000000131936 var2= -36.00000000000131936 var3= 30.00000000000131936 }

רמת הדייק נקבעת ע"י האפסילון של המחשב שהיא 2 בחזקת מינוס 52  
השתמשנו בשיטה זו כי היא יותר מדויקת

# Question 21: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton/tree/main/q21>

By LU Method:

$||A|| = 19$  ,  $||A^{-1}|| = 0.48347107438016534$

Cond  $||A|| * ||A^{-1}|| = 9.185950413223141$

J1:  $[[1, 0, 0], [-0.4, 1, 0], [-0.5, 0, 1]]$

J2:  $[[1, 0, 0], [0, 1, 0], [0, 0.4411764705882353, 1]]$

$L = J1^{-1} * J2^{-1} = [[1.0, 0.0, 0.0], [0.4, 1.0, 0.0], [0.5, -0.4411764705882353, 1.0]]$

$U = J2 * J1 * A = [[10.0, 8.0, 1.0], [0.0, 6.8, -5.4], [0.0, 0.0, 7.117647058823529]]$

$X : \{-2.000000000000132016, 1.500000000000132016, 1.000000000000132016, \}$

גורם ההצגה גדול מידי, לכן נבחר להשתמש בשיטה השנייה, "עקוב".

By jaacobian Method:

$$\vec{x}_{r+1} = -D^{-1}(L + U)\vec{x}_r + D^{-1}\vec{b}$$

$L = [[0, 0, 0], [4, 0, 0], [5, 1, 0]]$

$D = [[10, 0, 0], [0, 10, 0], [0, 0, 10]]$

$U = [[0, 8, 1], [0, 0, -5], [0, 0, 0]]$

$||G|| = 0.9$

Converge

Count	var1	var2	var3
0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1	-0.70000	0.20000	0.15000
2	-0.87500	0.55500	0.48000
3	-1.19200	0.79000	0.53200
4	-1.38520	0.94280	0.66700
5	-1.52094	1.08758	0.74832
6	-1.64490	1.18254	0.80171
7	-1.72620	1.25881	0.85419
8	-1.79247	1.31758	0.88722
9	-1.84278	1.36060	0.91448

10	-1.87993	1.39435	0.93533
11	-1.90902	1.41964	0.95053
12	-1.93076	1.43887	0.96254
13	-1.94735	1.45358	0.97149
14	-1.96001	1.46469	0.97832
15	-1.96958	1.47316	0.98354
16	-1.97688	1.47960	0.98747
17	-1.98243	1.48449	0.99048
18	-1.98664	1.48821	0.99276
19	-1.98985	1.49104	0.99450
20	-1.99228	1.49319	0.99582
21	-1.99413	1.49482	0.99682
22	-1.99554	1.49606	0.99758

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33	-1.99978	1.49981	0.99988
34	-1.99983	1.49985	0.99991
35	-1.99987	1.49989	0.99993
36	-1.99990	1.49992	0.99995
37	-1.99993	1.49994	0.99996
38	-1.99994	1.49995	0.99997
39	-1.99996	1.49996	0.99998
40	-1.99997	1.49997	0.99998

Solution : { var1= -2.000000000132016, var2= 1.500000000132016, var3= 1.000000000132016, }

רמת הדיוק נקבעת ע"י האפסילון של המחשב שהיא 2 בחזקת מינוס 52

השתמשנו בשיטה זו כי היא יותר מדויקת

# Question 32: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton/tree/main/q32>

$$l_0(0.65) = ((0.65-0.35)/(0.2-0.35)) * ((0.65-0.45)/(0.2-0.45)) * ((0.65-0.6)/(0.2-0.6)) * ((0.65-0.75)/(0.2-0.75)) * ((0.65-0.85)/(0.2-0.85)) * ((0.65-0.9)/(0.2-0.9)) = -0.0039960039960039995$$

$$l_1(0.65) = ((0.65-0.2)/(0.35-0.2)) * ((0.65-0.45)/(0.35-0.45)) * ((0.65-0.6)/(0.35-0.6)) * ((0.65-0.75)/(0.35-0.75)) * ((0.65-0.85)/(0.35-0.85)) * ((0.65-0.9)/(0.35-0.9)) = 0.054545454545454564$$

$$l_2(0.65) = ((0.65-0.2)/(0.45-0.2)) * ((0.65-0.35)/(0.45-0.35)) * ((0.65-0.6)/(0.45-0.6)) * ((0.65-0.75)/(0.45-0.75)) * ((0.65-0.85)/(0.45-0.85)) * ((0.65-0.9)/(0.45-0.9)) = -0.16666666666666677$$

$$l_3(0.65) = ((0.65-0.2)/(0.6-0.2)) * ((0.65-0.35)/(0.6-0.35)) * ((0.65-0.45)/(0.6-0.45)) * ((0.65-0.75)/(0.6-0.75)) * ((0.65-0.85)/(0.6-0.85)) * ((0.65-0.9)/(0.6-0.9)) = 0.8$$

$$l_4(0.65) = ((0.65-0.2)/(0.75-0.2)) * ((0.65-0.35)/(0.75-0.35)) * ((0.65-0.45)/(0.75-0.45)) * ((0.65-0.6)/(0.75-0.6)) * ((0.65-0.85)/(0.75-0.85)) * ((0.65-0.9)/(0.75-0.9)) = 0.45454545454545486$$

$$l_5(0.65) = ((0.65-0.2)/(0.85-0.2)) * ((0.65-0.35)/(0.85-0.35)) * ((0.65-0.45)/(0.85-0.45)) * ((0.65-0.6)/(0.85-0.6)) * ((0.65-0.75)/(0.85-0.75)) * ((0.65-0.9)/(0.85-0.9)) = -0.20769230769230781$$

$$l_6(0.65) = ((0.65-0.2)/(0.9-0.2)) * ((0.65-0.35)/(0.9-0.35)) * ((0.65-0.45)/(0.9-0.45)) * ((0.65-0.6)/(0.9-0.6)) * ((0.65-0.75)/(0.9-0.75)) * ((0.65-0.85)/(0.9-0.85)) = 0.06926406926406924$$

$$P_6(0.65) = l_0(0.65)*y_0 + l_1(0.65)*y_1 + l_2(0.65)*y_2 + l_3(0.65)*y_3 + l_4(0.65)*y_4 + l_5(0.65)*y_5 + l_6(0.65)*y_6$$

lagrange formula -  $\sum_{i=1}^n Li(x) * Yi$

lagrange sol = 13.90225949050949200000132132

$$f(x) = ((y_1 - y_2)/(x_1 - x_2)) * point + (y_2 x_1 - y_1 x_2)/(x_1 - x_2)$$

$$f(x) = ((13.9776 - 13.7241)/(0.6 - 0.75)) * 0.65 + (13.7241 * 0.6 - 13.9776 * 0.75)/(0.6 - 0.75)$$

$$f(0.65) = 13.893099999999993$$

linear sol = 13.89309999999999300000132132

Process finished with exit code 0

תמיד נעדיף להשתמש בקירוב ע"פי לאגראנז', בגלל שקירוב לינארי הוא קירוב מסדר ראשון, לעומת קירוב לאגראנז' שהוא קירוב מסדר גודל הנקודות פחות אחד, במקרה שלנו הוא ממעלה שישית

# Question 8a: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton/tree/main/q8>

Method 1 : Bisection:

interval (-1, -0.9):

-----

root : -0.9189385414123535, iterations: 21

-----

interval (-0.9, -0.8):

guess -0.8 is not an approximated root

interval (-0.8, -0.7):

-----

root : -0.7750974893569947, iterations: 23

-----

interval (-0.7, -0.6):

guess -0.6000000000000001 is not an approximated root

interval (-0.6, -0.5):

-----

root : -0.5723649501800536, iterations: 22

-----

interval (-0.5, -0.4):

guess -0.4 is not an approximated root

interval (-0.4, -0.3):

guess -0.30000000000000004 is not an approximated root

interval (-0.3, -0.2):

-----

root : -0.22579135894775387, iterations: 20

-----

interval (-0.2, -0.1):

guess -0.1 is not an approximated root

interval (-0.1, 0.0):

guess -6.223015277861142e-62 is not an approximated root

interval (0.0, 0.1):

guess 0.1 is not an approximated root

interval (0.1, 0.2):

guess 0.2 is not an approximated root

interval (0.2, 0.3):

guess 0.29999999999999993 is not an approximated root

interval (0.3, 0.4):

guess 0.4 is not an approximated root

interval (0.4, 0.5):

guess 0.5 is not an approximated root

interval (0.5, 0.6):

guess 0.5999999999999999 is not an approximated root

interval (0.6, 0.7):

guess 0.7 is not an approximated root

interval (0.7, 0.8):



guess 0.8 is not an approximated root

interval (0.8, 0.9):

guess 0.8999999999999999 is not an approximated root

interval (0.9, 1.0):

guess 1.0 is not an approximated root

interval (1.0, 1.1):

guess 1.1 is not an approximated root

interval (1.1, 1.2):

guess 1.1999999999999997 is not an approximated root

interval (1.2, 1.3):

guess 1.2999999999999998 is not an approximated root

interval (1.3, 1.4):

guess 1.4 is not an approximated root

interval (1.4, 1.5):

guess 1.5 is not an approximated root

interval (1.5, 1.6):

guess 1.6 is not an approximated root

interval (1.6, 1.7):

guess 1.6999999999999997 is not an approximated root

interval (1.7, 1.8):

guess 1.7999999999999998 is not an approximated root

interval (1.8, 1.9):

guess 1.9 is not an approximated root

interval (1.9, 2.0):

guess 2.0 is not an approximated root

[-0.9189385414123535, -0.7750974893569947, -0.5723649501800536, -  
0.22579135894775387]

Process finished with exit code 0

Method 2 : Newthton raphson

interval (-1, -0.9):

-----

root : -0.9189385332046592, iterations: 5

-----

interval (-0.9, -0.8):

interval (-0.8, -0.7):

-----

root : -0.7750974982919796, iterations: 4

-----

interval (-0.7, -0.6):

-----

root : -0.5723649435387966, iterations: 5

-----

interval (-0.6, -0.5):

interval (-0.5, -0.4):

interval (-0.4, -0.3):

-----

root : -0.22579138626602957, iterations: 4

-----

interval (-0.3, -0.2):

interval (-0.2, -0.1):

interval (-0.1, 0.0):

interval (0.0, 0.1):

interval (0.1, 0.2):

interval (0.2, 0.3):

interval (0.3, 0.4):

interval (0.4, 0.5):

interval (0.5, 0.6):

interval (0.6, 0.7):

interval (0.7, 0.8):

interval (0.8, 0.9):

interval (0.9, 1.0):

interval (1.0, 1.1):

interval (1.1, 1.2):

interval (1.2, 1.3):

interval (1.3, 1.4):

interval (1.4, 1.5):

interval (1.5, 1.6):

interval (1.6, 1.7):

interval (1.7, 1.8):

interval (1.8, 1.9):

interval (1.9, 2.0):

[-0.9189385332046592, -0.7750974982919796, -0.5723649435387966, -  
0.22579138626602957]

Process finished with exit code 0

# Question 8b: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton/tree/main/q8>

C:\Users\Bennysh\PycharmProjects\pythonProjectzzz\venv\Scripts\python.exe

C:/Users/Bennysh/PycharmProjects/numericAnalysis2.py/main.py

Simpson method is going by the formula -  $(h/3) * (f(a) + 2 * \sum_{j=1 \text{ to last even}} f(x_{2j}) + 4 * \sum_{j=1 \text{ to last odd}} f(x_{2j-1}) + f(b))$

$h = 0.08$

$a, b = -0.4, 0.4$

Adding  $f(\text{start}) + f(\text{end})$ :  $-0.23222430688752257 + 0.09589362245627364$

Iteration 1, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

$-0.13633068443124893 += -0.5386245207225094$

Iteration 2, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

$-0.6749552051537584 += -0.03723338075379197$

Iteration 3, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

$-0.7121885859075504 += 0.28913361359938233$

Iteration 4, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

$-0.4230549723081681 += 0.2545530305228372$

Iteration 5, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

$-0.1685019417853309 += 0.6061982845504544$

Iteration 6, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

$0.43769634276512354 += 0.3094103603585617$

Iteration 7, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

$0.7471067031236852 += 0.5819194173484812$

Iteration 8, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

$1.3290261204721663 += 0.2604141591743404$

Iteration 9, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

1.5894402796465066 += 0.45164903838037757

Result =  $h/3 * 2.0410893180268843 = 0.05442904848071692$

$h = 0.04$

$a, b = -0.4, 0.4$

Adding  $f(\text{start}) + f(\text{end})$ :  $-0.23222430688752257 + 0.09589362245627364$

Iteration 1, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.13633068443124893 += -0.7606628898656949

Iteration 2, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.8969935742969438 += -0.2693122603612547

Iteration 3, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-1.1663058346581985 += -0.30099388237072233

Iteration 4, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-1.4672997170289208 += -0.03723338075379197

Iteration 5, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-1.5045330977827127 += 0.12483126949136411

Iteration 6, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-1.3797018282913487 += 0.14456680679969117

Iteration 7, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-1.2351350214916574 += 0.41658893260263197

Iteration 8, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.8185460888890255 += 0.2545530305228372

Iteration 9, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):  
-0.5639930583661883 += 0.5706786264961138

Iteration 10, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):  
0.00668556812992549 += 0.3030991422752272

Iteration 11, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):  
0.3097847104051527 += 0.6206827993788409

Iteration 12, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):  
0.9304675097839936 += 0.3094103603585617

Iteration 13, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):  
1.2398778701425552 += 0.6047393418534166

Iteration 14, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):  
1.8446172119959718 += 0.2909597086742406

Iteration 15, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):  
2.1355769206702124 += 0.5531992983618675

Iteration 16, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):  
2.68877621903208 += 0.2604141591743404

Iteration 17, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):  
2.94919037820642 += 0.48654291582384995

Iteration 18, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):  
3.4357332940302703 += 0.22582451919018878

Iteration 19, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

3.661557813220459 += 0.4171013633847828

Result =  $h/3 * 4.078659176605242 = 0.05438212235473656$

0.0543821223547365600000132315

Process finished with exit code 0



# Question 16a: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton/tree/main/q16>

Method 1 : Bisection

interval (0, 0.1):

-----

root : 0, iterations: 1

-----

interval (0.1, 0.2):

guess 0.2 is not an approximated root

interval (0.2, 0.3):

guess 0.29999999999999993 is not an approximated root

interval (0.3, 0.4):

guess 0.4 is not an approximated root

interval (0.4, 0.5):

guess 0.5 is not an approximated root

interval (0.5, 0.6):

guess 0.5999999999999999 is not an approximated root

interval (0.6, 0.7):

guess 0.7 is not an approximated root

interval (0.7, 0.8):

guess 0.8 is not an approximated root

interval (0.8, 0.9):

guess 0.8999999999999999 is not an approximated root

interval (0.9, 1.0):

guess 1.0 is not an approximated root

interval (1.0, 1.1):

guess 1.1 is not an approximated root

interval (1.1, 1.2):

guess 1.1999999999999997 is not an approximated root

interval (1.2, 1.3):

guess 1.2999999999999998 is not an approximated root

interval (1.3, 1.4):

guess 1.4 is not an approximated root

interval (1.4, 1.5):

guess 1.5 is not an approximated root

interval (1.5, 1.6):

guess 1.6 is not an approximated root

interval (1.6, 1.7):

-----

root : 1.6666666671633719, iterations: 27

-----

interval (1.7, 1.8):

guess 1.7999999999999998 is not an approximated root

interval (1.8, 1.9):

guess 1.9 is not an approximated root

interval (1.9, 2.0):

guess 2.0 is not an approximated root

interval (2.0, 2.1):

guess 2.0999999999999996 is not an approximated root

interval (2.1, 2.2):

guess 2.2 is not an approximated root

interval (2.2, 2.3):

guess 2.3 is not an approximated root

interval (2.3, 2.4):

guess 2.3999999999999995 is not an approximated root

interval (2.4, 2.5):

guess 2.5 is not an approximated root

interval (2.5, 2.6):

guess 2.5999999999999996 is not an approximated root

interval (2.6, 2.7):

guess 2.7 is not an approximated root

interval (2.7, 2.8):

guess 2.8 is not an approximated root

interval (2.8, 2.9):

guess 2.8999999999999995 is not an approximated root

interval (2.9, 3.0):

guess 3.0 is not an approximated root

[0, 1.6666666671633719]

Process finished with exit code 0

Method 3: Secant

interval (0, 0.1):

-----

root : 0.0005032325142576226, iterations: 9

-----

interval (0.1, 0.2):

interval (0.2, 0.3):

interval (0.3, 0.4):

interval (0.4, 0.5):

interval (0.5, 0.6):

interval (0.6, 0.7):

interval (0.7, 0.8):

interval (0.8, 0.9):

interval (0.9, 1.0):

interval (1.0, 1.1):

interval (1.1, 1.2):

interval (1.2, 1.3):

interval (1.3, 1.4):

interval (1.4, 1.5):

interval (1.5, 1.6):

interval (1.6, 1.7):

interval (1.7, 1.8):

interval (1.8, 1.9):

interval (1.9, 2.0):

guess -0.36038487401635777 is not an approximated root

interval (2.0, 2.1):

interval (2.1, 2.2):

-----

root : 1.666666666666711, iterations: 11

-----

interval (2.2, 2.3):

interval (2.3, 2.4):

interval (2.4, 2.5):

interval (2.5, 2.6):

interval (2.6, 2.7):

interval (2.7, 2.8):

interval (2.8, 2.9):

interval (2.9, 3.0):

[0.0005032325142576226, 1.6666666666666711]

Process finished with exit code 0

# Question 16b: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton/tree/main/q16>

Romberg method is using trapezoid method -

The formula of Trapezoidal is -  $\sigma(\text{from } i=1 \text{ to } N) \cdot (h/2) \cdot (f(X_{i-h}) + f(X_i))$

The formula of Romberg Method is -  $R(n,m) = 1/(4^m - 1) \cdot (4^m \cdot R(n,m-1) - R^{*}(n-1,m-1))$

number iteration of trapezoid method: 1

Approximation: -0.0010319931668386325

number iteration of romberg method: 1

Approximation: -0.000636967392349573

The result is -

-0.000596643789372820700000132319

Simpson method is going by the formula -  $(h/3) \cdot (f(a) + 2 \cdot \sigma(\text{from } j=1 \text{ to last even}) \cdot f(X_{2j}) + 4 \cdot \sigma(\text{from } j=1 \text{ to last odd}) \cdot f(X_{2j-1}) + f(b))$

$h = 0.05$

$a, b = 0.5, 1$

Adding  $f(\text{start}) + f(\text{end})$ :  $-0.00278493319694596 + -0.00024681960817335923$

Iteration 1, Last sum +=  $4 \cdot (\text{odd index value})$ :

$-0.003031752805119319 += -0.009533729501806004$

Iteration 2, Last sum +=  $2 \cdot (\text{even index value})$ :

$-0.012565482306925323 += -0.003984460904118892$

Iteration 3, Last sum +=  $4 \cdot (\text{odd index value})$ :

$-0.016549943211044214 += -0.0065216368727756035$

Iteration 4, Last sum +=  $2 \cdot (\text{even index value})$ :

$-0.023071580083819817 += -0.0026176142430043743$

Iteration 5, Last sum +=  $4 \cdot (\text{odd index value})$ :

$-0.02568919432682419 += -0.00412797266735453$

Iteration 6, Last sum +=  $2 \cdot (\text{even index value})$ :

-0.02981716699417872 += -0.0016001970884502903

Iteration 7, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.03141736408262901 += -0.0024414687517919135

Iteration 8, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.03385883283442093 += -0.0009167601055671794

Iteration 9, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.03477559293998811 += -0.0013558531585052085

Result =  $h/3$  \* -0.036131446098493315 = -0.0006021907683082219

$h = 0.025$

$a, b = 0.5, 1$

Adding  $f(\text{start}) + f(\text{end})$ : -0.00278493319694596 + -0.00024681960817335923

Iteration 1, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.003031752805119319 += -0.010337851674141833

Iteration 2, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.013369604479261152 += -0.004766864750903002

Iteration 3, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.018136469230164154 += -0.008740540525864197

Iteration 4, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.02687700975602835 += -0.003984460904118892

Iteration 5, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.030861470660147244 += -0.007227199847366735

Iteration 6, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):



-0.03808867050751398 += -0.0032608184363878017

Iteration 7, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.04134948894390178 += -0.005856683588648083

Iteration 8, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.04720617253254986 += -0.0026176142430043743

Iteration 9, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.04982378677555424 += -0.004658836581969017

Iteration 10, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.054482623357523255 += -0.002063986333677265

Iteration 11, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.05654660969120052 += -0.003642205924089868

Iteration 12, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.06018881561529039 += -0.0016001970884502903

Iteration 13, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.06178901270374068 += -0.0028008471291111545

Iteration 14, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.06458985983285184 += -0.0012207343758959567

Iteration 15, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.0658105942087478 += -0.002119879595169322

Iteration 16, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.06793047380391712 += -0.0009167601055671794

Iteration 17, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.0688472339094843 += -0.001579737150538552

Iteration 18, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

-0.07042697106002285 += -0.0006779265792526042

Iteration 19, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

-0.07110489763927545 += -0.0011592232604991958

Result =  $h/3 * -0.07226412089977464 = -0.000602201007498122$

-0.00060220100749812200000132319

Process finished with exit code 0

# Question 17a: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton/tree/main/q17>

Method 1 : Bisection

interval (0, 0.1):

-----

root : 0, iterations: 1

-----

interval (0.1, 0.2):

guess 0.2 is not an approximated root

interval (0.2, 0.3):

guess 0.29999999999999993 is not an approximated root

interval (0.3, 0.4):

-----

root : 0.33333435058593747, iterations: 16

-----

interval (0.4, 0.5):

guess 0.5 is not an approximated root

interval (0.5, 0.6):

guess 0.5999999999999999 is not an approximated root

interval (0.6, 0.7):

guess 0.7 is not an approximated root

interval (0.7, 0.8):

guess 0.8 is not an approximated root

interval (0.8, 0.9):

guess 0.8999999999999999 is not an approximated root

interval (0.9, 1.0):

guess 1.0 is not an approximated root

interval (1.0, 1.1):

guess 1.1 is not an approximated root

interval (1.1, 1.2):

guess 1.1999999999999997 is not an approximated root

interval (1.2, 1.3):

guess 1.2999999999999998 is not an approximated root

interval (1.3, 1.4):

guess 1.4 is not an approximated root

interval (1.4, 1.5):

guess 1.5 is not an approximated root

[0, 0.33333435058593747]

Process finished with exit code 0

Method 3 : Secant :

interval (0, 0.1):

-----

root : 0.0011948633229897886, iterations: 7

-----  
interval (0.1, 0.2):

interval (0.2, 0.3):

interval (0.3, 0.4):  
-----

root : 0.3333334441522644, iterations: 8  
-----

interval (0.4, 0.5):

interval (0.5, 0.6):

interval (0.6, 0.7):

interval (0.7, 0.8):

interval (0.8, 0.9):

interval (0.9, 1.0):

interval (1.0, 1.1):

interval (1.1, 1.2):

interval (1.2, 1.3):

interval (1.3, 1.4):

interval (1.4, 1.5):

[0.0011948633229897886, 0.3333334441522644]

Process finished with exit code 0

# Question 17b: <https://github.com/Benny902/Numeric-Analysis-Hackaton/tree/main/q17>

Romberg method is using trapezoid method -

The formula of Trapezoidal is -  $\sigma(\text{from } i=1 \text{ to } N) \cdot (h/2) \cdot (f(X_{i-h}) + f(X_i))$

The formula of Romberg Method is -  $R(n,m) = 1/(4^m - 1) \cdot (4^m \cdot R(n,m-1) - R^{(n-1,m-1)})$

number iteration of trapezoid method: 1

Approximation: 0.00046908780310846935

number iteration of romberg method: 1

Approximation: 0.00019785535174425081

The result is -

0.0002100848683475787700000132321

Simpson method is going by the formula -  $(h/3) \cdot (f(a) + 2 \cdot \sigma(\text{from } j=1 \text{ to last even}) \cdot f(X_{2j}) + 4 \cdot \sigma(\text{from } j=1 \text{ to last odd}) \cdot f(X_{2j-1}) + f(b))$

$h = 0.05$

$a, b = 0.5, 1$

Adding  $f(\text{start}) + f(\text{end})$ :  $0.0003978475995637085 + 0.00024681960817335923$

Iteration 1, Last sum +=  $4 \cdot (\text{odd index value})$ :

$0.0006446672077370678 += 0.0018498281122907177$

Iteration 2, Last sum +=  $2 \cdot (\text{even index value})$ :

$0.0024944953200277857 += 0.0009961152260297226$

Iteration 3, Last sum +=  $4 \cdot (\text{odd index value})$ :

$0.003490610546057508 += 0.0020313295177497785$

Iteration 4, Last sum +=  $2 \cdot (\text{even index value})$ :

$0.005521940063807287 += 0.0009928881611395899$

Iteration 5, Last sum +=  $4 \cdot (\text{odd index value})$ :

$0.006514828224946877 += 0.0018763512124338774$

Iteration 6, Last sum +=  $2 \cdot (\text{even index value})$ :

0.008391179437380755 += 0.0008616445860886181

Iteration 7, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.009252824023469374 += 0.0015446026797050877

Iteration 8, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

0.010797426703174462 += 0.0006776052954192198

Iteration 9, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.011475031998593682 += 0.0011666643456905276

Result =  $h/3 * 0.01264169634428421 = 0.0002106949390714035$

$h = 0.025$

$a, b = 0.5, 1$

Adding  $f(\text{start}) + f(\text{end})$ :  $0.0003978475995637085 + 0.00024681960817335923$

Iteration 1, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.0006446672077370678 += 0.001735551740914323

Iteration 2, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

0.002380218948651391 += 0.0009249140561453589

Iteration 3, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.00330513300479675 += 0.0019349288187027608

Iteration 4, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

0.005240061823499511 += 0.0009961152260297226

Iteration 5, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.006236177049529233 += 0.002023615957262686

Iteration 6, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):



0.008259793006791919 += 0.0010156647588748893

Iteration 7, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.009275457765666809 += 0.002017848967517408

Iteration 8, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

0.011293306733184216 += 0.0009928881611395899

Iteration 9, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.012286194894323806 += 0.001937746188960564

Iteration 10, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

0.01422394108328437 += 0.0009381756062169387

Iteration 11, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.015162116689501308 += 0.001804083308194047

Iteration 12, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

0.016966199997695355 += 0.0008616445860886181

Iteration 13, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.01782784458378397 += 0.0016361384219560203

Iteration 14, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

0.019463983005739992 += 0.0007723013398525439

Iteration 15, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.020236284345592537 += 0.0014504439335369045

Iteration 16, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

0.02168672827912944 += 0.0006776052954192198

Iteration 17, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.02236433357454866 += 0.0012602397493060363

Iteration 18, Last sum += 2 \* (even index value):

0.023624573323854696 += 0.0005833321728452638

Iteration 19, Last sum += 4 \* (odd index value):

0.02420790549669996 += 0.0010754239886558803

Result =  $h/3 * 0.025283329485355843 = 0.00021069441237796534$

0.0002106944123779653400000132321

Process finished with exit code 0