# Law School Case Briefs

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# Brown v. Board of Education

## **Keyword Subject**

Separate but Equal, Education

### **Facts**

Segregation in public education, under separate-but-equal laws. Brown challenged the constitutionality of segregation in public schools.

### **Procedural History**

District court upheld segregation under Plessy v. Ferguson

#### Issue

Does segregation violate the Equal Protection Clause of the 14th Amendment?

## Holding

Yes. Separate educational facilities are inherently unequal

# Reasoning

Segregation generates a feeling of inferiority, harmful to education

# Separate Opinions

Concurring opinions emphasized psychological harm

# Plessy v. Ferguson 163 U.S. 537 (1896)

### **Keyword Subject**

Separate but Equal, Train

#### **Facts**

Plessy, a man of mixed race, sat in a "whites only" train car and was arrested under Louisiana's segregation laws.

## **Procedural History**

State courts upheld the conviction; Plessy appealed to the U.S. Supreme Court.

### **Issue**

Does state-imposed racial segregation violate the Equal Protection Clause of the 14th Amendment?

# Holding

No. Laws requiring racial segregation do not imply the inferiority of either race and are therefore constitutional.

# Reasoning

The Court held that "separate but equal" facilities did not violate the Constitution, legitimizing segregation.

# Separate Opinions

Justice Harlan dissented, warning the decision would become as infamous as Dred Scott.

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