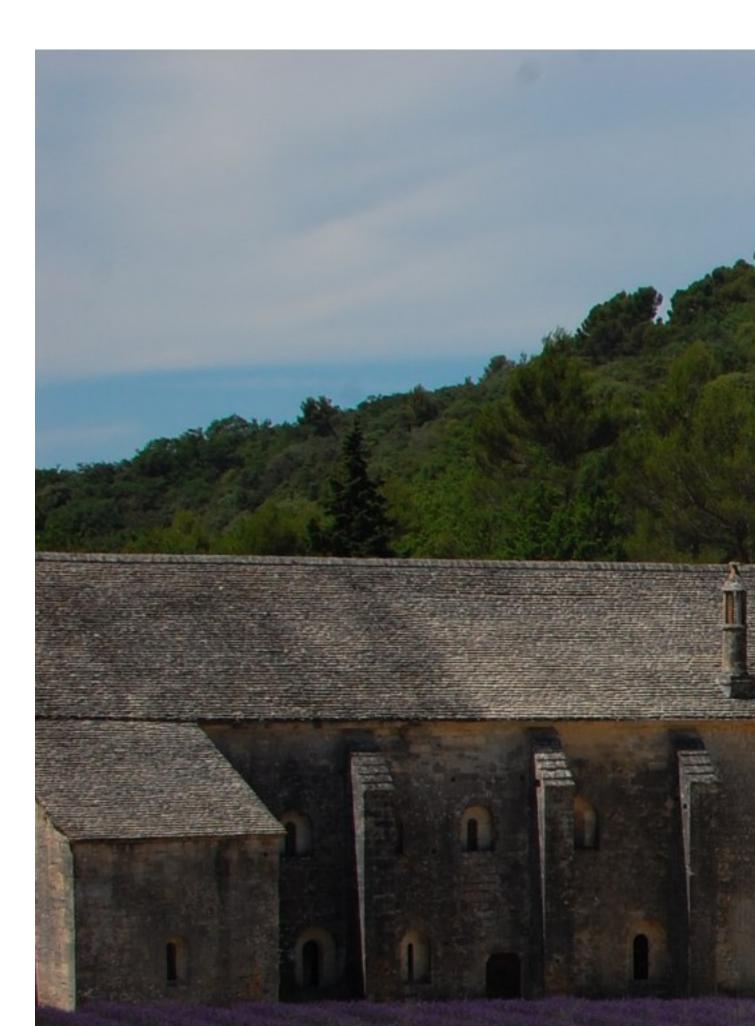
# A node.js module for CAS

# Hello, my name is James

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#### CAS

I don't know anything about CAS internals.

This talk is about using CAS

# Use case: CAS + Idap

- Used to use Drupal
- Drupal was set up to use ldap and CAS
- So we used ldap and CAS

# Single sign on, single sign off

- Caltrans sponsors liked the website, but
- They didn't like signing in again to project sites
- Need single sign on, sign off

# I use node.js

- JavaScript on the server.
- Fast because V8 is fast
- Clean, single-threaded non-blocking design
- What's not to like?

# CAS support in node.js

- The node.js packaging system is npm.
- npm search cas: lots of options
- but none supported single sign out

#### **CAS Validate**

- repository: https://github.com/jmarca/cas\_validate
- installation: npm install cas\_validate
- a plugin to Express and Connect

# Node.js idioms

# A brief digression

# Non-blocking by design

- file i/o
- · web operations

- db access
- etc

#### Async needs callbacks

```
fs.readFile(filename, [encoding], [callback])
  Asynchronously reads the entire contents of a file:
fs.readFile('/etc/passwd', function (err, data) {
  if (err) throw err;
  console.log(data);
});
```

# function(err, data)

The callback is passed two arguments (err, data). Check for errors, then handle data.

## callback is the last argument

example from node-redis code

```
RedisClient.prototype.send_command =
       function (command, args, callback) {
    if (Array.isArray(args)) {
        if (typeof callback === "function") {
        } else if (! callback) {
            last_arg_type = typeof args[args.length-1];
            if (last_arg_type === "function"
                || last_arg_type === "undefined") {
                callback = args.pop();
            }
        } else { throw new Error("...");}
    } else { throw new Error("..."); }
}
Closures are used
```

```
var fs = require('fs')
function doSomething(done){
    function callback(err, data) {
        if (err) throw err
        return done(null,data)
    })
    fs.readFile('hpms/data.txt','utf8',
                callback)
}
```

# **End of digression**

Except:

- · semicolons are optional
- comma first notation is popular

#### **Program requirements**

- Express is route based
- public routes:
  - check if logged in,
  - but don't require a login.
- restricted routes:
  - require a login,
  - check permissions, etc

# Single Sign On/Off

- A login here=login everywhere
  - and vice versa
- A logout here=logout everywhere
  - and vice versa

#### CAS documentation is excellent

Thanks

# **Basic login task**

- 1. establish a session with the client
- 2. ask the client to redirect to the CAS server
- 3. expect a reply back from the CAS server with a ticket
- 4. check the ticket's validity directly with the CAS server

## Establish a session with a client

• use standard connect/express middleware

```
var express = require('express')
var RedisStore =
        require('connect-redis')(express);
var app = express()
app
   .use(express.logger({buffer:5000}))
   .use(express.bodyParser())
   .use(express.cookieParser('tall barley at Waterloo'))
   .use(express.session({ store: new RedisStore }))
```

## **Redirect to CAS server**

• more complicated, but still easy

# **Prerequisites:**

# Listen for CAS reply

• parse incoming query for ticket parameter

# **Check ticket validity**

The request MUST include a valid service ticket, passed as the HTTP request parameter, "ticket".

- Directly connect with CAS server to check validity of ticket
- Using the Request library

# **Prerequisites:**

```
var redis = require("redis")
var redclient = redis.createClient();
```

# Define the request callback

- current version uses a regular expression
- development version actually parses the XML
- callback is a defined in ticket\_check, can see ticket and next
- Redis: use Redis to link CAS session ticket and local session

```
function callback(err, resp, body) {
   if (!err && resp.statusCode === 200) {
      if(/cas:authenticationSuccess/.exec(body)){
        if(/<cas:user>(\w+)<\/cas:user>/.exec(body)){
            req.session.name = RegExp.$1;
        }
        req.session.st = ticket;
        redclient.set(ticket,req.sessionID);
        return next();
      }else{ next(new Error('authentication failed')); }
}else{ next(new Error('authentication failed')); }
}
```

#### That's it

- We redirected to CAS
- · consumed the service ticket
- verified the service ticket
- · established a session
- stored the session in Redis with the ticket as the key

## **Example server**

# Single Sign Off

- very easy
- listen for a POST from the CAS server
- invalidate the session

```
function ssoff(req,res,next){
   var method = req.method.toLowerCase();
   if (method == 'post'){
       return invalidate(req,res,next);
   }
  return next()
}
function invalidate(req,res,next){
      var st = get_session_ticket(req)
      redclient.get(st,function(err,sid){
          req.sessionStore.destroy(sid
          ,function(err){
              redclient.del(st);
              return null
          }});
      res.end();
      return null;
 }
}
```

#### Demo 1

Sign on

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Sign off

# **CTMLabs** banner

- Using this library to create a dynamic banner for our sites
- Researchers need only write

<script src='http://menu.ctmlabs.net/menu.js?resetgateway=true&service=http%3a%2f%2fara.ctmlabs.net
http://ara.ctmlabs.net</pre>

# Thank you

Questions? Comments? Rotten tomatoes?

# Gripe

Is user agent parsing still horribly broken in default CAS server?