## Redox Reactions

#### Oxidation

Loss of electron
Gain of oxygen
Loss of hydrogen
Gain in oxidation state

### Reduction

Gain of electron
Gain of hydroger
Loss of oxyger
Becrease in oxidation state

# Oxidisizy agent

O Oxidised others and reduced by itself O oxidising agents represent reduction:

Toller's reagent (Mild Oxidising agent)
Febling's solutions (Mild Oxidising agent)

## Reducing Agent

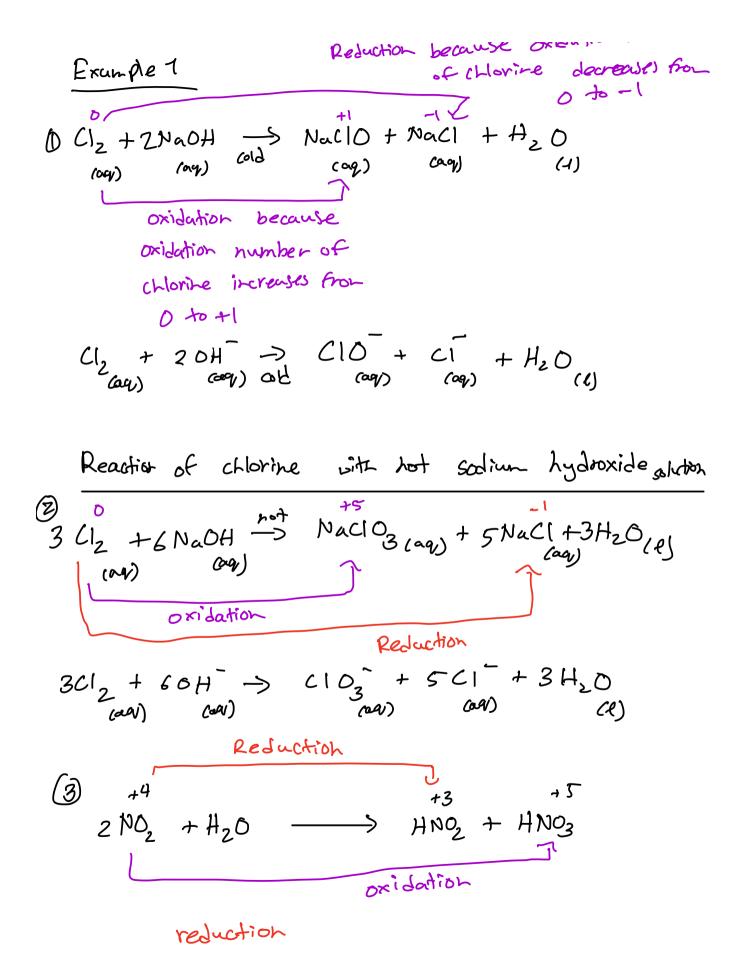
© Reduces others and oxidised by itself. © Reducing agents represent oxidation.

Example
H2
Metals
Halides (F, (I, Br, I), A+-)
Carbon moroxide
Carbon
Hydrogen Peroxide
Alcohol
Na BH a
h: Al Ha (In dry etter)
Sulfur dioxide

### Disproportionantion

One of the reactants show oxidation and reduction in a Chemical reaction.

ilation humber



(4) 
$$+2$$
 $2 \, \text{SCl}_2 + 2 \, \text{H}_2 \text{O} \longrightarrow 5 + \text{SO}_2 + \text{UHCI}$ 

oridation

oridation

(5) o
 $\text{Cl}_2 + \text{H}_2 \text{O} \longrightarrow \text{ACIO} + \text{HCI}$ 

reduction