

$$1. a) \underbrace{\langle 0, -3 \rangle}_{\text{the River}} + \underbrace{\langle x, 3 \rangle}_{\text{the Row}} = \underbrace{\langle 4, 0 \rangle}_{\text{straight Path}}$$

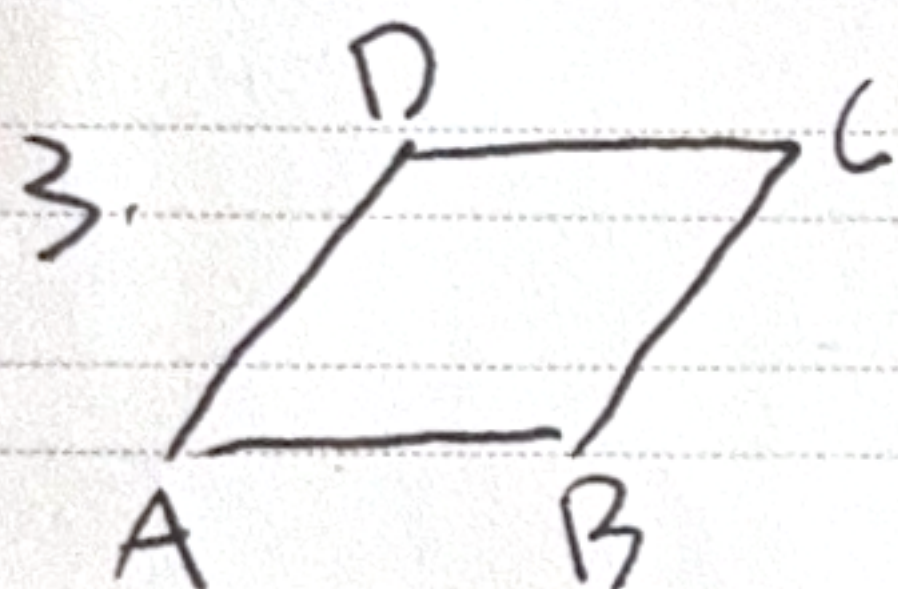
$$x^2 + 3^2 = 6^2 \Rightarrow x = 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{the Row} = 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$b) \langle 0, -6 \rangle + \langle x, 6 \rangle = \langle 4, 0 \rangle$$

$$x^2 + 6^2 = 3^2 \rightarrow \text{there is no way}$$

$$2. 2^2 + 3^2 = 13 \rightarrow \langle \frac{2}{\sqrt{13}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{13}} \rangle$$



M_1 is mid AC & M_2 is mid BD

We need to show $AM_1 = AM_2$

$$\vec{AB} = \frac{1}{2} \vec{AB} + \frac{1}{2} \vec{AB} = \frac{1}{2} \vec{AB} + \frac{1}{2} \vec{BD} + \frac{1}{2} \vec{DC}$$

$$\vec{AM}_1 = \frac{1}{2} \vec{AC}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{AM}_2 &= \vec{AB} + \frac{1}{2} \vec{BD} = \frac{1}{2} \vec{AB} + \frac{1}{2} \vec{BD} \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} \vec{BD} = \frac{1}{2} \vec{AC} \end{aligned}$$

$$4. A+B$$

$$A+B = C+D \Rightarrow C-A$$

$$= B-D \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (C-A)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (B-D)$$

