

# Practice Exam 3

Subject: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Year: \_\_\_\_\_ Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Practice Exam 3

1. a)  $\int_{-2}^2 \int_{y-2}^{2-y} dy dx = 4$

b)  $\int_0^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{r^2 - x^2}} r^2 \cos\theta dr d\theta$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{5}} r^2 \cos\theta dr d\theta = \frac{4}{5}$$

3 a)  $6x^2 + 2y - xy^2 - x^2y^2 - 3y^2 = 0$

$$a = 6$$

$$b = 3$$

b)  $f_y = 6x^2y + y^3 + 1$

$$\Rightarrow f = 2x^3y + xy^3 + x + g(y)$$

$$\Rightarrow f_y = 2x^3 + 3xy^2 + 2 = 2x^3 + 3xy^2 + \cancel{0} + g'(y)$$

$$\Rightarrow g'(y) = -2x^3 + 2 \Rightarrow g(y) = -\cancel{2x^3} + 2y$$

$$\Rightarrow f = 2x^3y + xy^3 + x + \cancel{-2x^3} + 2y$$

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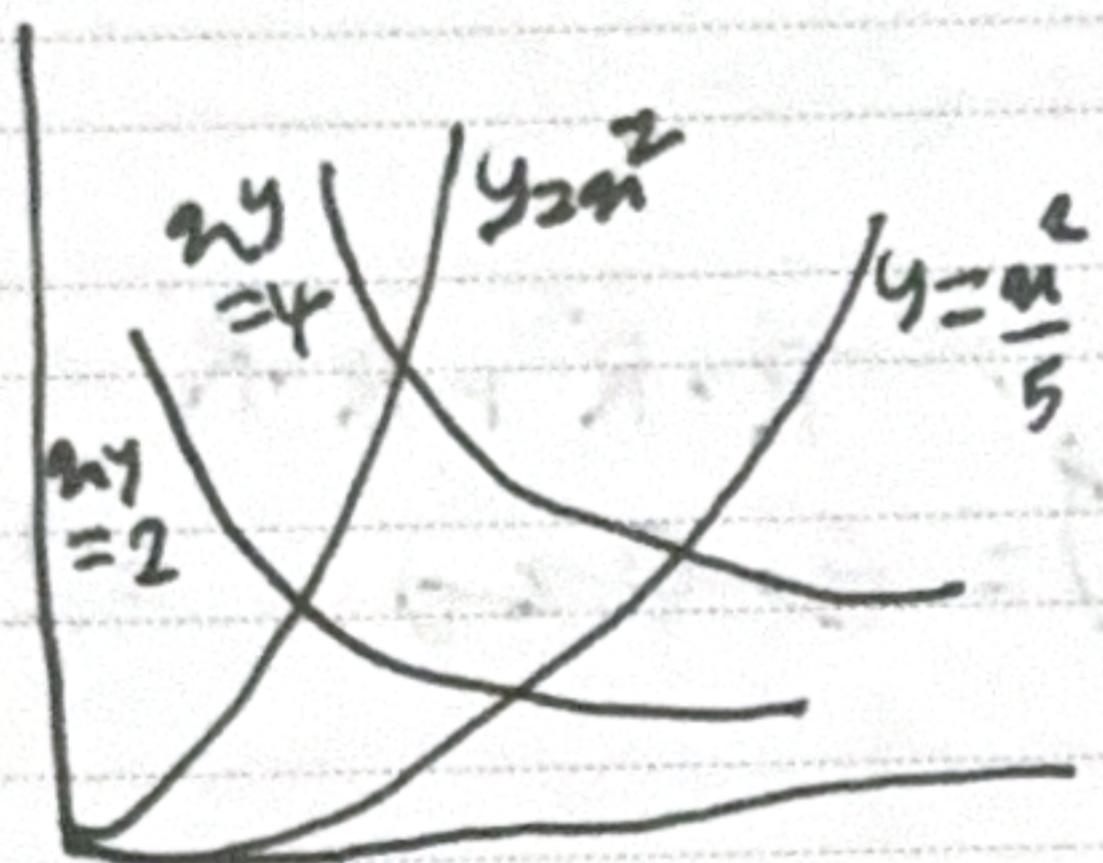
Date.

(c)

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-xt} \frac{t^2}{2!} \frac{e^{-x^2}}{2!} dt = \frac{1}{(x+1)^2} - \frac{1}{(x+1)^3}$$

$$4. \int_0^1 t^5 + 2t^{4.5} dt = \left[ \frac{t^6}{2} + \frac{2t^{5.5}}{5} \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{9}{10}$$

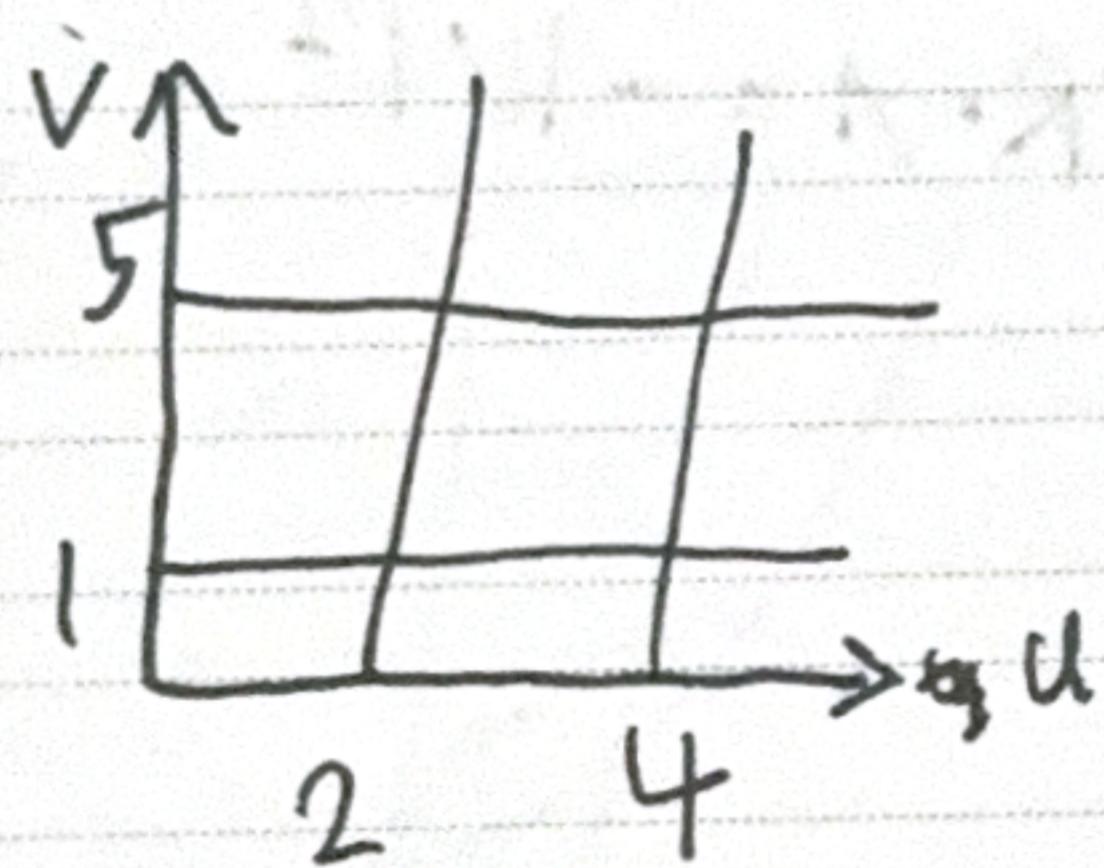
5.



$$U = xy$$

$$V = \frac{x^2}{y}$$

a)



$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{5}{3}} \int_{\frac{1}{3}v}^{\frac{4}{3}v} dudv \\ &= \int_1^2 \int_{\frac{1}{3}v}^{\frac{4}{3}v} dv \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$= 12 \times \frac{2}{3} h 5$$

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$$6.3 \text{ a) } \iint_R -M_y \, dA$$

$$\text{b) } \iint_R -\frac{M_y}{3} (x+3)^2 \, dA$$

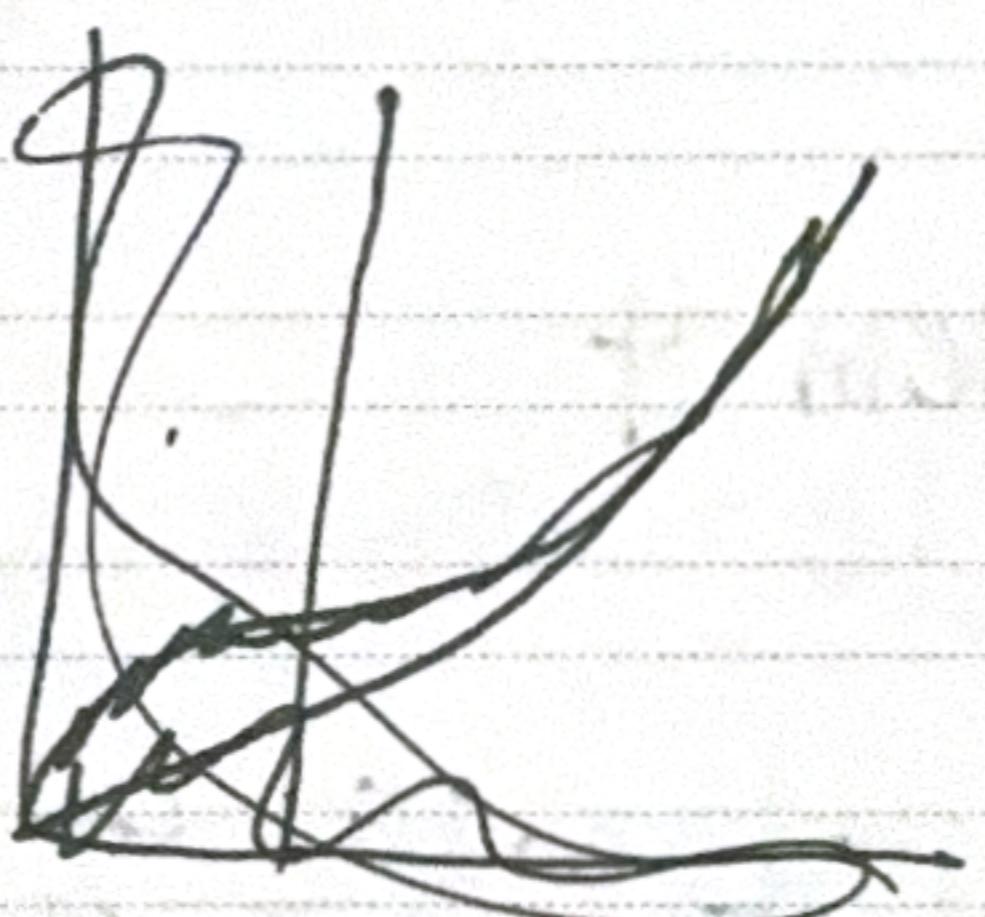
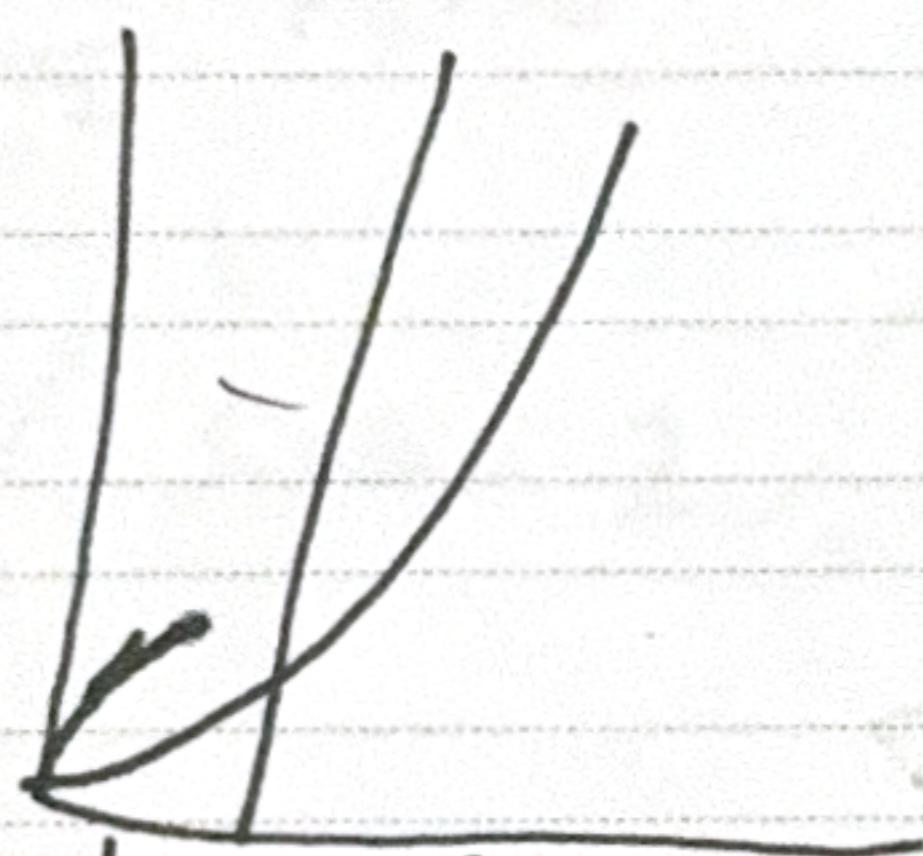
$$= \iint_R \left( \frac{x^3 + 3x^2 + 2xy}{27} \right) \, dA$$

$$\Rightarrow 4M_y = -x^2 - y^2 + 2xy$$

$$\Rightarrow M_y = -\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{2xy}{9} - \frac{1}{3}(x+3)$$

 $\Sigma$ 

7.

 $\alpha$ 

$$0 \quad 2 \int_0^\alpha x^3 \, dx \quad (1) \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 1 = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$= \int_0^1 x^3 \, dx = \frac{x^4}{4} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{4}$$

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