Problem 1

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$$\sum_{i=0}^{h} \mathcal{H}^{i} = \frac{1-\mathcal{H}^{h}}{1-\mathcal{H}}$$

derive both Sides

oth Sides
$$\frac{h}{\sum_{i=0}^{n} |x_{i}|^{-1}} = \frac{(1-n)(-nn^{n-1}) - (1-nn^{n})(-1)}{(1-n)^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{(1-n)(-nn^{n-1}) + 1-nn^{n}}{n^{n-1}}$$

$$= \frac{-h^{n} - h n + 1 - nn^{n}}{(1-n)^{2}}$$

$$= -n^{n} - n + 1$$

$$= \frac{-h^{2} - n \alpha^{h} + 1 - \alpha^{h}}{(1 - \alpha)^{2}}$$

multiply by a then

derive both sides again

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} i^{2} n^{i} = \frac{-2^{n+1}(n+1) - n^{i} n + 1}{(1-n)^{2}}$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} \frac{2}{i} \frac{i-1}{n} = \frac{4(-(n+1)^{2}n - h^{2}n^{-1}(n^{2}+1-2n))}{(1-n)^{4}}$$

$$= (2n-2)(-n^{n+1}(n+1)-n^{n}(n+1))$$

$$= (1-n)^{4}$$

$$= \frac{1+m-(n+1)^2n}{n+(2n+2h-1)n^{n+1}}$$

-h 2h+2 (1-9,13

$$\frac{h}{\sum_{i=1}^{2} n^{i}} = \frac{m(1+n-(n+1)^{2}n^{n}+(2n^{2}+2n-1)n^{n+1}-n^{2}n+2}{(1-n)^{3}}$$

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Month:

$$(5) \sum_{j=0}^{n} \sum_{j=0}^{m} \frac{1+j}{j} = \sum_{j=0}^{n} \frac{1-3}{j} = (\frac{1-3}{1-3}) (\frac{1-3}{1-3})$$

$$=\frac{(3^{-1})(3^{m+1})}{4}$$

$$(c) \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} (i+j) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} (1+\frac{j}{i})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} i \cdot (n + \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{j}{i}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} i \cdot (n + \frac{1}{i} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{j}{j})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{h} i \cdot (h + \frac{n(h+1)}{2i}) = \sum_{i=1}^{h} hi + \frac{(h(h+1))}{2}$$

$$= \frac{n^{2}(h+1) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} h_{i}}{2} + \frac{n^{2}(n+1)}{2} + \frac{n^{2}(n+1)}{2} = h^{2}(n+1)$$

Subject:

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Problem 3

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$$f_{(1)} + f_{(2)} + \int_{2}^{\infty} + f_{(\infty)} \leq f \leq$$

 $f_{(1)} + f_{(2)} + \int_{2}^{\infty} + f_{(2)}$

$$\frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{25} + \frac{1}{190} + 0 \le \frac{2}{1=1} \cdot \frac{1}{(2i+1)^2} \le \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{25} + \frac{1}{190} + \frac{1}{25}$$

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Problem 5 (a) My \$2,0,0 (b) 0,0

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(d) w, st, o, 0,0,0

Month:

Problem 6

(a)
$$\lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{h!}{(h+1)!} = 1 = 0 - > 0,0$$

(b) $\lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{(h+1)!}{(h+1)!} = \lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{\sqrt{2} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1}}{(h+1)!} = \lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{\sqrt{2} \frac{1}{1}}{(h+1)!} = \lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{1}{1} = \lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{1}{1} = \lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{1}{1} = \lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{1}{1} = \lim$

$$(C) \lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{\sqrt{2\pi h} \left(\frac{h}{e}\right)^h}{2^h} = \lim_{h\to\infty} \left(\frac{h}{e}\right)^h \sqrt{2\pi h} = \infty \sqrt{2\pi h}$$