

Symbolic Trajectories

Pattern Matching - Requirements and First Results

Fabio Valdés

20. März 2012

Contents

Introduction

Moving Labels

Pattern Examples

Pattern Components

Next Steps

The operator `matches`

- Checks whether a pattern matches a moving label

The operator `matches`

- ▶ Checks whether a pattern matches a moving label
- ▶ Syntax:

The operator `matches`

- ▶ Checks whether a pattern matches a moving label
- ▶ Syntax:
 - ▶ `mlabel` \times `pattern` \rightarrow `bool`

The operator `matches`

- ▶ Checks whether a pattern matches a moving label
- ▶ Syntax:
 - ▶ $\underline{\text{mlabel}} \times \underline{\text{pattern}} \rightarrow \underline{\text{bool}}$
 - ▶ $\underline{\text{mlabel}} \times \underline{\text{text}} \rightarrow \underline{\text{bool}}$

Moving Label

Originally a stream of tuples of the form

```
( (instant start, instant end,  
bool left_closed, bool right_closed)  
ulabel unit_label)
```

Moving Label

Originally a stream of tuples of the form

```
( (instant start, instant end,  
bool left_closed, bool right_closed)  
ulabel unit_label)
```

Simplification

```
(periods period, ulabel unit_label)
```


Pattern

a simple example

```
(thursday _) (_ at_work) * (_ at_home)  
(2011-04-02#19:09:00 _)
```

Pattern

a simple example

```
(thursday _) (_ at_work) * (_ at_home)  
(2011-04-02#19:09:00 _)
```

variables may be associated to unit/sequence patterns

```
X (_ at_home) Y * Z (monday _)
```

Pattern

a simple example

```
(thursday _) (_ at_work) * (_ at_home)  
(2011-04-02#19:09:00 _)
```

variables may be associated to unit/sequence patterns

```
X (_ at_home) Y * Z (monday _)
```

conditions can be added for variables

```
X (_ at_home) Y * Z (monday _) //  
X.start > 2011-10-23, Y.card > 25,  
Z.label = at_university
```

Unit Patterns

- ▶ `()`, an abbreviation for `(_ _)`, matches any unit

Unit Patterns

- ▶ `()`, an abbreviation for `(_ _)`, matches any unit
- ▶ the time interval can be entered in different ways

Unit Patterns

- ▶ `()` , an abbreviation for `(_ _)` , matches any unit
- ▶ the time interval can be entered in different ways
 - ▶ year, month, day, hour, minute, second

Unit Patterns

- ▶ $()$, an abbreviation for $(_ _)$, matches any unit
- ▶ the time interval can be entered in different ways
 - ▶ year, month, day, hour, minute, second
 - ▶ open or halfopen range of date or time

Unit Patterns

- ▶ `()` , an abbreviation for `(_ _)` , matches any unit
- ▶ the time interval can be entered in different ways
 - ▶ year, month, day, hour, minute, second
 - ▶ open or halfopen range of date or time
 - ▶ semantic time range

Sequence Patterns

- ▶ * matches any sequence

Sequence Patterns

- ▶ * matches any sequence
- ▶ + matches any sequence with at least one unit

Sequence Patterns

- ▶ `*` matches any sequence
- ▶ `+` matches any sequence with at least one unit
- ▶ `((time label))` matches a continuous sequence of units that fulfill the condition(s)

Features to be Added

- ▶ Regular Expressions. If p_1 and p_2 are patterns, then

are also patterns

Features to be Added

- ▶ Regular Expressions. If p_1 and p_2 are patterns, then
 - ▶ $[p_1 \mid p_2]$

are also patterns

Features to be Added

- ▶ Regular Expressions. If p_1 and p_2 are patterns, then
 - ▶ $[p_1 \mid p_2]$
 - ▶ $[p_1]^+$

are also patterns

Features to be Added

- ▶ Regular Expressions. If p_1 and p_2 are patterns, then

- ▶ $[p_1 \mid p_2]$
- ▶ $[p_1]^+$
- ▶ $[p_1]^*$

are also patterns

Features to be Added

- ▶ Regular Expressions. If p_1 and p_2 are patterns, then

- ▶ $[p_1 \mid p_2]$
- ▶ $[p_1]^+$
- ▶ $[p_1]^*$

are also patterns

- ▶ Label Hierarchies

Features to be Added

- ▶ Regular Expressions. If p_1 and p_2 are patterns, then

- ▶ $[p_1 \mid p_2]$
- ▶ $[p_1]^+$
- ▶ $[p_1]^*$

are also patterns

- ▶ Label Hierarchies

- ▶ e.g., `leisure → building → museum → ...`

The Operator `apply`

- Syntax:

The Operator `apply`

- Syntax:

- `mlabel` \times `rule` \rightarrow `stream`(`mlabel`)

The Operator `apply`

► Syntax:

- mlabel × rule → stream(mlabel)
- mlabel × text → stream(mlabel)

The Operator `apply`

- ▶ Syntax:
 - ▶ $\underline{\text{mlabel}} \times \underline{\text{rule}} \rightarrow \underline{\text{stream}}(\underline{\text{mlabel}})$
 - ▶ $\underline{\text{mlabel}} \times \underline{\text{text}} \rightarrow \underline{\text{stream}}(\underline{\text{mlabel}})$
- ▶ For each way the pattern matches, one rewritten version of it is returned

The Operator `apply`

- ▶ Syntax:
 - ▶ $\underline{\text{mlabel}} \times \underline{\text{rule}} \rightarrow \underline{\text{stream}}(\underline{\text{mlabel}})$
 - ▶ $\underline{\text{mlabel}} \times \underline{\text{text}} \rightarrow \underline{\text{stream}}(\underline{\text{mlabel}})$
- ▶ For each way the pattern matches, one rewritten version of it is returned
- ▶ If there is no match, the stream is empty