Building Kubernetes From Source

Prerequisite

- An ubuntu master server (version 18.04+)
- More than 4.5GB of memory (preferably 8GB+)
- 60GB of free space

Building K8s From Source - 1

- Install docker

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y docker.io
sudo usermod -aG docker $USER
newgrp docker
sudo systemctl enable docker
```

- Install compilation and other tools

```
sudo apt install -y gcc make socat curl git
```

Building K8s From Source - 2

- Compile and build K8s

```
git clone https://github.com/kubernetes/kubernetes
cd kubernetes
make quick-release
```

Building K8s From Source - 2

- Load Binary as Docker Image

```
cd _output/release-tars
tar -xvf kubernetes-server-linux-amd64.tar.gz
cd kubernetes/server/bin
docker load < kube-controller-manager.tar
docker images</pre>
```

```
eunchan@ubuntu:~/Desktop/kubernetes/_output/release-tars/kubernetes/server/bin$ docker images

REPOSITORY

K8s.gcr.io/kube-controller-manager-amd64

V1.19.0-alpha.2.223_961a5ed144cf0f-dirty
```

Install Kubernetes

Prerequisite

- An ubuntu slave server (version 18.04+)
- More than 2GB of memory
- 40GB of free space

- Install Docker on both master / slave node(Slide 3)

- Install Kubeadm on both nodes

```
curl -s https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt/doc/apt-key.gpg | sudo apt-key add
sudo apt-add-repository "deb http://apt.kubernetes.io/kubernetes-xenial main"
sudo apt install kubeadm
```

- Disable swap memory on both nodes

```
sudo swapoff -a
```

- Set Hostnames for both nodes

```
(master node) sudo hostnamectl set-hostname master-node
(slave node) sudo hostnamectl set-hostname slave-node
```

- Initialize Kubernetes on master node

```
sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16
```

- Apply config on master node

```
mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
```

- Join the master node on slave node

```
You should now deploy a pod network to the cluster.

Run "kubectl apply -f [podnetwork].yaml" with one of the options listed at:
   https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/cluster-administration/addons/

Then you can join any number of worker nodes by running the following on each as root:

kubeadm join 192.168.0.9:6443 --token 3mt02c.en60f3fe1iip99n8 \
   --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:e9e383fbd2fa3f9b525adf6837cf8e7915e433f6e512bf9f80cf919df64c91c2
```

Copy and run on slave node

kubectl get nodes

```
eunchan@ubuntu:~/Desktop/kubernetes/_output/release-tars/kubernetes/server/bin$ kubectl get nodes
NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION
master-node Ready master 30m v1.18.2
slave-node Ready <none> 28m v1.18.2
```

- Apply built binary

sudo vim /etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-controller-manager

```
- --use-service-account-credentials=true

image: k8s.gcr.io/kube-controller-manager-amd64:v1.19.0-alpha.2.223_961a5ed144cf0f-dirty

imagePullPolicy: ITNotPresent
```

```
Onditions:
Type Status Reason Message
----
AbleToScale True SucceededGetScale the HPA controller was able to get the target's current scale
ScalingActive False FailedGetResourceMetric (hello the HPA was unable to compute the replica count: unable to get metrics for resource cpu: no metrics recurred from resource metrics API
Events:
```

Working with Kubernetes

DashBoard (GUI)

Deploy dashboard:

```
kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/dashboard/
v2.0.0-beta8/aio/deploy/recommended.yaml
```

kubectl proxy

Enter https://localhost:8001/api/v1/namespaces/kubernetes-dashboard/services/https:kubernetes-dashboard/proxy/ on a browser to enter the dashboard

DashBoard (GUI) - Token

admin_user_account.yml

apiVersion: v1

kind: ServiceAccount

metadata:

name: admin-user

namespace: kubernetes-dashboard

admin_user_role.yml

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: ClusterRoleBinding
metadata:
   name: admin-user
roleRef:
   apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
   kind: ClusterRole
   name: cluster-admin
subjects:
   - kind: ServiceAccount
   name: admin-user
   namespace: kubernetes-dashboard
```

DashBoard (GUI) - Token

```
kubectl apply -f admin_user_account.yml
kubectl apply -f admin_user_role.yml
kubectl -n kubernetes-dashboard describe secret $(kubectl -n kubernetes-dashboard get secret | grep admin-user | awk '{print $1}')
```

token: eyJhbGci0iJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6IjFyOXBzSEE3RXo1WS1mMWRpTTNNUGVDdlRuS0dw
dEpLdDR4RlhfR0FvQXcifQ.eyJpc3Mi0iJrdWJlcm5ldGVzL3NlcnZpY2VhY2NvdW50Iiwia3ViZXJuZ
kRlcy5pby9zZXJ2aWNlYWNjb3VudC9uYW1lc3BhY2Ui0iJrdWJlcm5ldGVzLWRhc2hib2FyZCIsImt1Y
nVybmV0ZXMuaW8vc2VydmljZWFjY291bnQvc2VjcmV0Lm5hbWUi0iJhZG1pbi11c2VyLXRva2VuLW5jd
25oIiwia3ViZXJuZXRlcy5pby9zZXJ2aWNlYWNjb3VudC9zZXJ2aWNlLWFjY291bnQubmFtZSI6ImFkb
wluLXVzZXIiLCJrdWJlcm5ldGVzLmlvL3NlcnZpY2VhY2NvdW50L3NlcnZpY2UtYWNjb3VudC51aWQi0
iJjNTAyMTMxNi1mZWVkLTQxYWEtYWZjNi00YzFhOTViNDUyZDgiLCJzdWIi0iJzeXN0ZW06c2VydmljZ
wFjY291bnQ6a3ViZXJuZXRlcy1kYXNoYm9hcmQ6YWRtaW4tdXNlciJ9.kcvMqivKDRd0J3ipiAuPV_e0
6kV_CFyRSa1INzyu3xx47QCq148pPkVSklHFDZBQhue8Vhu5gzqSVz4G1Tar_WWl4eyJLDYRuSUXM-Am
sxHBF6ooos6OSGoIt5is90IXxL7o46DpCmUKYBSgM8TSnKu3BDqnr_kTnIT63ScB-JAaMMeGMBNXIEw1
pA7qiwKqY-Vqth9RMXodN_xDbwGWYYLZocDv1K-C9T_6UHdU_wcWiUy_TJMFJQloQWBeNCvZiE6bn8qq
kI2xXOPz9njxLb9GeuLT_mha-jkllnj5wqDOTVFq5wXGVpOhxKAzYRr1MX-K2QvNe3ElVgJh_vzskQ

Metric Server

Fetch metric server:

wget https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/metrics-server/releases/download
/v0.3.6/components.yaml

```
88
           args:
              --cert-dir=/tmp
89
              - --secure-port=4443
90
                                                                          Add to
              - --kubelet-insecure-tls
91
92

    --kubelet-preferred-address-types=InternalIP

                                                                          components.yaml
93
           ports:
           - name: main-port
             containerPort: 4443
```

kubectl apply -f components.yaml