

Hands-On

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20/04/2022

Modello 1

$$\mathcal{S} = \{A, R_A, P_A\}$$

Dove:

- A : gene A
- R_A : mRNA per A
- P_A : proteina A

| # | Reagenti | Prodotti | Costanti |
|-------|----------|-------------|----------|
| r_1 | A | $A + R_A$ | - |
| r_2 | R_A | $R_A + P_A$ | - |
| r_3 | R_A | \emptyset | - |
| r_4 | P_A | \emptyset | - |

Modello 2

$$S = \{A, R_A, P_A, B, R_B, P_B, A \cdot P_B, B \cdot P_A\}$$

Dove:

- A : gene A
- R_A : mRNA per A
- P_A : proteina A
- B : gene B
- R_B : mRNA per B
- P_B : proteina B
- $A \cdot P_B$: composto di A e P_B
- $B \cdot P_A$: composto di B e P_A

| # | Reagenti | Prodotti | Costanti |
|----------|---------------|---------------------|----------|
| r_1 | A | $A + R_A$ | - |
| r_2 | B | $B + R_B$ | k_1 |
| r_3 | R_A | $R_A + P_A$ | - |
| r_4 | R_B | $R_B + P_B$ | - |
| r_5 | $A + P_B$ | $A \cdot P_B$ | - |
| r_6 | $B + P_A$ | $B \cdot P_A$ | - |
| r_7 | $B \cdot P_A$ | $R_B + B \cdot P_A$ | k_2 |
| r_8 | $A \cdot P_B$ | $A + P_B$ | - |
| r_9 | $B \cdot P_A$ | $B + P_A$ | - |
| r_{10} | R_A | \emptyset | - |
| r_{11} | R_B | \emptyset | - |
| r_{12} | P_A | \emptyset | - |
| r_{13} | P_B | \emptyset | - |

Assunzioni:

- $k_2 > k_1$

Modello 3

$$\mathcal{S} = \{A, R_A, P_A, B, R_B, P_B, C, R_C, P_C, A \cdot P_B, B \cdot P_A, P_B^P, C \cdot P_B^P, C \cdot 2P_B^P, K, F\}$$

Dove:

- A : gene A
- R_A : mRNA per A
- P_A : proteina A
- B : gene B
- R_B : mRNA per B
- P_B : proteina B
- C : gene C
- R_C : mRNA per C
- P_C : proteina C
- $A \cdot P_B$: composto di A e P_B
- $B \cdot P_A$: composto di B e P_A
- P_B^P : P_B fosforilata
- $C \cdot P_B^P$: composto di C e P_B^P
- $C \cdot 2P_B^P$: composto di $C \cdot P_B^P$ e P_B^P
- K : chinasi
- F : fosfatasi

| # | Reagenti | Prodotti | Costanti |
|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| r_1 | A | $A + R_A$ | - |
| r_2 | B | $B + R_B$ | k_1 |
| r_3 | C | $C + R_C$ | k_2 |
| r_4 | R_A | $R_A + P_A$ | - |
| r_5 | R_B | $R_B + P_B$ | - |
| r_6 | R_C | $R_C + P_C$ | - |
| r_7 | $A + P_B$ | $A \cdot P_B$ | - |
| r_8 | $B + P_A$ | $B \cdot P_A$ | - |
| r_9 | $B \cdot P_A$ | $R_B + B \cdot P_A$ | k_3 |
| r_{10} | $P_B + K$ | $P_B^P + K$ | - |
| r_{11} | $P_B^P + C$ | $C \cdot P_B^P$ | - |
| r_{12} | $C \cdot P_B^P$ | $R_C + C \cdot P_B^P$ | k_4 |
| r_{13} | $C \cdot P_B^P + P_B^P$ | $C \cdot 2P_B^P$ | - |
| r_{14} | $C \cdot 2P_B^P$ | $C \cdot P_B^P + P_B^P$ | - |
| r_{15} | $C \cdot P_B^P$ | $P_B^P + C$ | - |
| r_{16} | $P_B^P + F$ | $P_B + F$ | - |
| r_{17} | $A \cdot P_B$ | $A + P_B$ | - |
| r_{18} | $B \cdot P_A$ | $B + P_A$ | - |
| r_{19} | R_A | \emptyset | - |
| r_{20} | R_B | \emptyset | - |
| r_{21} | R_C | \emptyset | - |
| r_{22} | P_A | \emptyset | - |
| r_{23} | P_B | \emptyset | - |
| r_{24} | P_C | \emptyset | - |

Assunzioni:

- $k_3 > k_1$
- $k_4 < k_2$

Equazioni differenziali ottenute con COPASI (con i *reaction rate* “a caso” con il solo mantenimento “a spanne” delle due assunzioni):

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{d([A] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [A] \cdot [PB] - 0.1 \cdot [APB])) \\
\frac{d([B] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [B] \cdot [PA] - 0.1 \cdot [BPA])) \\
\frac{d([RA] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [A]) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [RA]) \\
\frac{d([RB] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [B]) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [RB]) \\
&\quad +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.2 \cdot [BPA]) \\
\frac{d([PA] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [PA]) \\
&\quad +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [RA]) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [B] \cdot [PA] - 0.1 \cdot [BPA])) \\
\frac{d([PB] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [PBP] \cdot [F]) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [PB]) \\
&\quad +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [RB]) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [A] \cdot [PB] - 0.1 \cdot [APB])) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [PB] \cdot [K]) \\
\frac{d([APB] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [A] \cdot [PB] - 0.1 \cdot [APB])) \\
\frac{d([BPA] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [B] \cdot [PA] - 0.1 \cdot [BPA])) \\
\frac{d([PBP] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [PBP] \cdot [C] - 0.1 \cdot [CPBP])) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [CPBP] \cdot [PBP] - 0.1 \cdot [C2PBP])) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [PBP] \cdot [F]) \\
&\quad +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [PB] \cdot [K]) \\
\frac{d([C] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [PBP] \cdot [C] - 0.1 \cdot [CPBP])) \\
\frac{d([RC] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.05 \cdot [CPBP]) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [RC]) \\
&\quad +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [C]) \\
\frac{d([PC] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [PC]) \\
&\quad +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot (0.1 \cdot [RC]) \\
\frac{d([CPBP] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [PBP] \cdot [C] - 0.1 \cdot [CPBP])) \\
&\quad -V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [CPBP] \cdot [PBP] - 0.1 \cdot [C2PBP])) \\
\frac{d([C2PBP] \cdot V_{\text{compartment}})}{dt} &= +V_{\text{compartment}} \cdot ((0.1 \cdot [CPBP] \cdot [PBP] - 0.1 \cdot [C2PBP]))
\end{aligned}$$

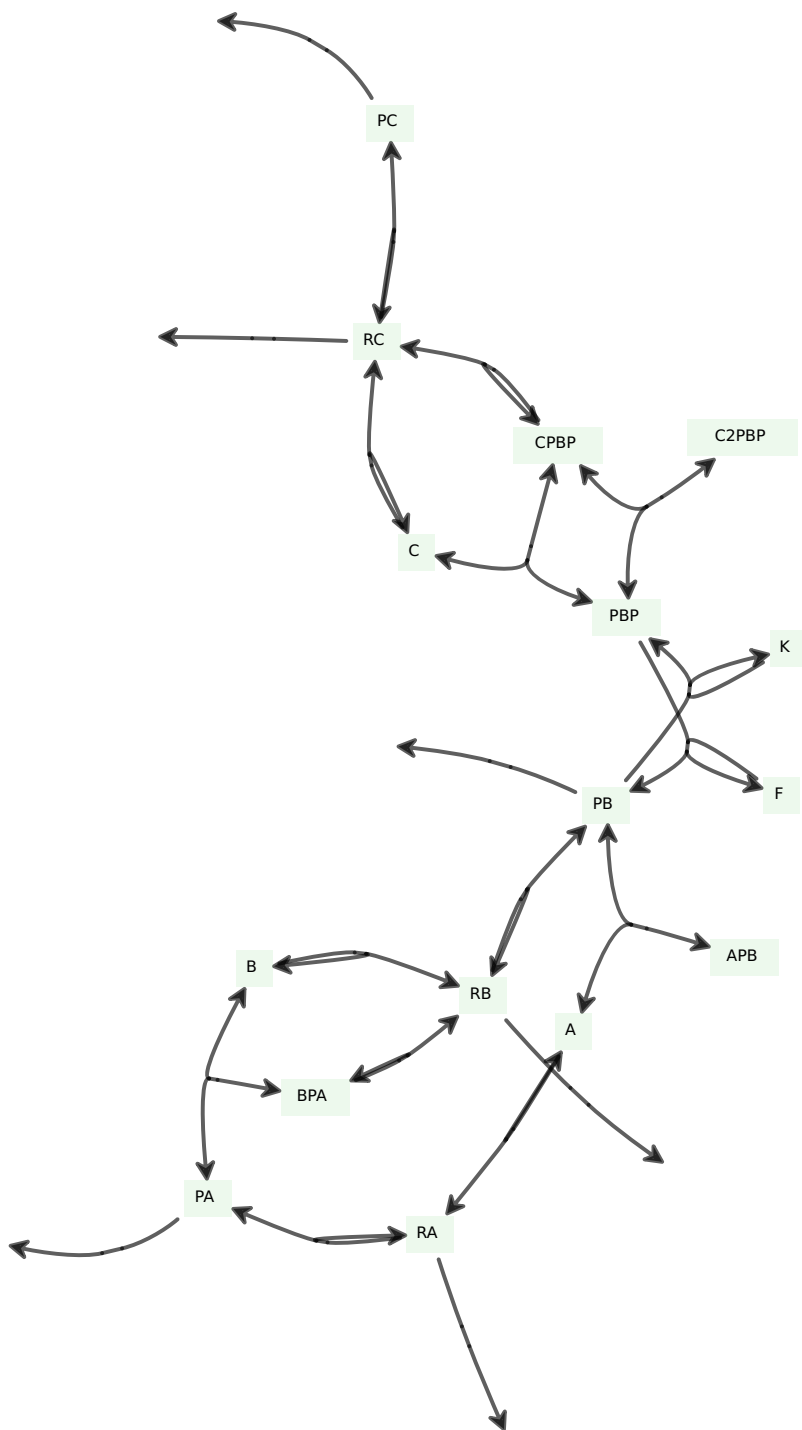


Figura 1: Modello3 rappresentato graficamente con COPASI