Date Submitted: 09/28/19

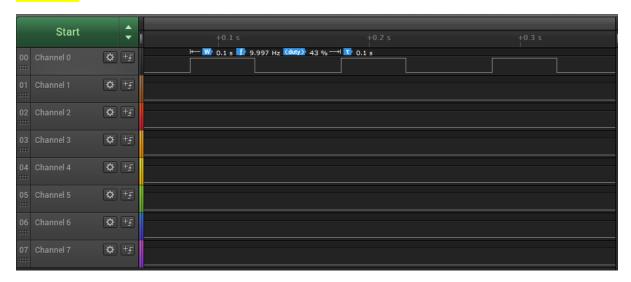
Task 00: Execute provided code

Youtube Link:

https://youtu.be/f39u6m32AMY

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## Task 01:



Youtube Link:

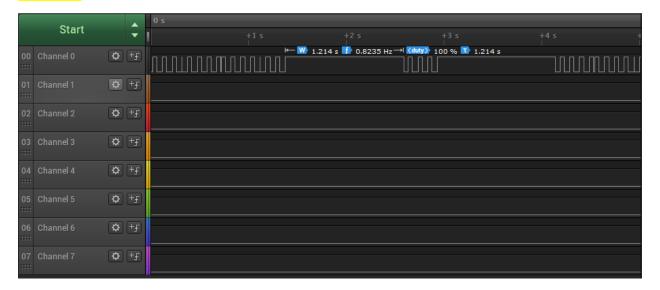
https://youtu.be/f39u6m32AMY

```
Modified Code:
// Insert code here

#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "inc/tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include "inc/hw_memmap.h"
#include "inc/hw_types.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/interrupt.h"
#include "driverlib/interrupt.h"
#include "driverlib/timer.h"
int main(void)
{
    uint32_t ui32Period;
    SysCtlClockSet(SYSCTL_SYSDIV_5|SYSCTL_USE_PLL|SYSCTL_XTAL_16MHZ|SYSCTL_OSC_MAIN);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOF);
```

```
GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1|GPIO PIN 2|GPIO PIN 3);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH TIMER0);
    TimerConfigure(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_CFG_PERIODIC);
    ui32Period = (SysCtlClockGet() / 10) * 0.43; //toggle GPIO at 10Hz with 43% duty
cycle
    TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, ui32Period -1);
    IntEnable(INT_TIMER0A);
    TimerIntEnable(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT);
    IntMasterEnable();
    TimerEnable(TIMERO_BASE, TIMER_A);
    while(1)
void Timer0IntHandler(void)
    uint32_t ui32Period;
    // Clear the timer interrupt
    TimerIntClear(TIMER0 BASE, TIMER TIMA TIMEOUT);
    // Read the current state of the GPIO pin and
    // write back the opposite state
    if(GPIOPinRead(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2))
        GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3, 0);
        ui32Period = (SysCtlClockGet() / 10) * 0.57;
        TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, ui32Period -1);
    }
    else
    {
        GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, 4);
        ui32Period = (SysCtlClockGet() / 10) * 0.43;
        TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, ui32Period -1);
    }
}
```

## Task 02:



Youtube Link:

https://youtu.be/f39u6m32AMY

```
Modified Code:
// Insert code here
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "inc/tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include "inc/hw_memmap.h"
#include "inc/hw_types.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/interrupt.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/timer.h"
void timer1A_delaySec(int ttime)
{
   GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, 4); //turn on led
    int i;
    SYSCTL RCGCTIMER R |= 2; //enable clock to timer block 1
    TIMER1_CTL_R = 0; //disable timer before initialization
    TIMER1_CFG_R = 0x04; //16-bit option
    TIMER1_TAMR_R = 0x02; //periodic mode and down counter
    TIMER1_TAILR_R = 64000 - 1; //TimerA interval load value reg
    TIMER1_TAPR_R = 250 - 1; //TimerA <u>Prescaler</u> 16MHz/250=64000Hz
    TIMER1 ICR R = 0x1; //clear the TimerA timeout flag
    TIMER1_CTL_R |= 0x01; //enable Timer A after initialization
    for(i = 0; i < ttime; i++){</pre>
        while ((TIMER1 RIS R & 0x1) == 0); //wait for TimerA timeout flag
        TIMER1_ICR_R = 0x1;
                                         //clear the timer A timeout flag
```

```
GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1|GPIO PIN 2|GPIO PIN 3, 0); //turn off
led
}
void configureTimer1A()
    uint32 t ui32Period;
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH TIMER1); //Enable Timer 1 Clock
    TimerConfigure(TIMER1 BASE, TIMER CFG PERIODIC); //configure timer operation as
periodic
    //Configure timer frequency
    //Frequency is given by MasterClock / CustomValue
    //ui32Period = (SysCtlClockGet() / 1) * 0.5; //toggle GPIO at 1Hz with 50% duty
cycle
    //TimerLoadSet(TIMER1 BASE, TIMER A, ui32Period -1);
    TimerLoadSet(TIMER1 BASE, TIMER A, 120000000);
    IntEnable(INT TIMER1A); //Enable timer 1a interrupt
    TimerIntEnable(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT); //timer 1a interrupt when
timeout
    IntMasterEnable(); //Enable Interrupts
    TimerEnable(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_A); //Start Timer 1a
}
int main(void)
    uint32 t ui32Period;
    SysCtlClockSet(SYSCTL_SYSDIV_5|SYSCTL_USE_PLL|SYSCTL_XTAL_16MHZ|SYSCTL_OSC_MAIN);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOF);
    GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1 GPIO PIN 2 GPIO PIN 3);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH TIMER0);
    TimerConfigure(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_CFG_PERIODIC);
    ui32Period = (SysCtlClockGet() / 10) * 0.43; //toggle GPIO at 10Hz with 43% duty
cycle
    TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, ui32Period -1);
    IntEnable(INT TIMEROA);
    TimerIntEnable(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT);
    IntMasterEnable();
    TimerEnable(TIMER0 BASE, TIMER A);
    //Switch interrupt
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOF);
    GPIOPinTypeGPIOInput(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_4);
    GPIOPadConfigSet(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 4, GPIO STRENGTH 2MA,
GPIO_PIN_TYPE_STD_WPU);
    GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3);
    GPIOIntEnable(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO INT PIN 4);
```

```
GPIOIntTypeSet(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO INT PIN 4, GPIO RISING EDGE);
    IntEnable(INT_GPIOF);
    //configure timer1a
    configureTimer1A();
    while(1)
    {
void Timer0IntHandler(void)
    uint32_t ui32Period;
    // Clear the timer interrupt
    TimerIntClear(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT);
    // Read the current state of the GPIO pin and
    // write back the opposite state
    if(GPIOPinRead(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 2))
    {
        GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3, 0);
        ui32Period = (SysCtlClockGet() / 10) * 0.57;
        TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, ui32Period -1);
    }
    else
    {
        GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 2, 4);
        ui32Period = (SysCtlClockGet() / 10) * 0.43;
        TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, ui32Period -1);
    }
}
void PortFPin4IntHandler(void){
    //Clear the GPIO interrupt
    GPIOIntClear(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_INT_PIN_4);
    //Read the current state of the GPIO pin and
    //write back the opposite state
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, GPIO_PIN_2);
    //Call TIMER 1 Delay
    timer1A delaySec(3);
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, 0);
}
void Timer1AIntHandler(void){
    //Required to launch next interrupt
    TimerIntClear(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT);
    //TimerIntClear(TIMER1 BASE, TIMER A);
    // Read the current state of the GPIO pin and
    // write back the opposite state
    if(GPIOPinRead(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2))
    {
```

```
GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3, 0);
}
else
{
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, 4);
}
```

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