The checklistings package*

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April 30, 2015

1 Introduction

User manuals and papers about programming languages usually contain many code samples, often with accompanying compiler messages, giving the types or values of declarations, or errors explaining why certain declarations are invalid. Packages like fancyvrb¹ and listings² are ideal for displaying code—this package extends them slightly to facilitate passing this same code through a compiler and displaying the results. While it does not focus on a specific programming language, it is intended to work well with ML-like languages.

As an example, the text at left below is generated by the IATEX code at right:

```
Code samples are included verbatim and the results of compilation can be included automatically:

1 Code samples are included 2 verbatim and the results of 3 compilation can be included 4 automatically:

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```

A first pass through latex generates both an .chkl file, with parameters for the compiler, and an .ml file containing the source code (i.e., the two lines in the example above). Running the checklistings.sh script processes these files to produce a .tex file with the results of compilation. A second pass through latex updates the compiler message.

It is possible to continue examples and to label them (to be continued at some later point):

^{*}This document corresponds to checklistings?, dated?.

¹http://www.ctan.org/pkg/fancyvrb

²http://www.ctan.org/pkg/listings

```
1 These definitions follow on from the previous ones:
2 \begin{chklisting}[continue, withresult, label=early]
3 let z = y + inc y
4 \end{chklisting}
```

```
These definitions follow on from the previous ones:

let z = y + inc y

val z : int
```

Examples need not necessarily succeed:

```
1 This code does not compile:
2 \begin{chklisting}[continue, fail, withresult,skipone]
3 let u = 3
4 let w = u + "four"
5 \end{chklisting}
```

```
This code does not compile:

let w = u + "four"

File "chklisting.ml", line 3, characters 12-18:

Error: This expression has type string but an expression was expected of type int
```

Note that the line number is not correct. This is because the continue option added a line to include the previous definitions and the skipone option hid the let u = 3 line.

2 Use

Using the package involves three elements:

- 1. The declaration \usepackage{checklistings}.

 Section 2.1 describes the options for configuring package behaviour.
- 2. The environment chklisting.

 This environment is used like any other verbatim environment. Section 2.2 describes options that may be given to control its behaviour.
- 3. The script checklistings.sh.
 Running this script passes the contents of each chklisting environment through a compiler or interpreter and copies the resulting output into a file.

2.1 Package options

\checklistings Package options are either given as optional arguments to \usepackage or via one

or more calls to \checklistings. The advantage of the latter is that macros are not expanded (for a detailed explanation see the documentation for kvoptions,³ Section 4.1, $Package\ kvoptions-patch$). Options are passed as a comma separated list of $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$ pairs and single $\langle key \rangle$ s.

There are three classes of options: options controlling the default behaviour of chklisting, options for configuring the checklistings.sh script, and options controlling the display of code and results.

2.1.1 Behavioural options

These options control the default behaviour of the chklisting environment.

option	description	default
withresult	Automatically show compilation results.	false
skipone	Do not display the first line of code (see the de-	false
	scription under the chklisting environment).	
skiptwo	Do not display the first two lines of code (see the	false
	description under the chklisting environment).	
ignoreerrors	Globally disable the display of error messages	false
	(within a red box) when compilation fails or suc-	
	ceeds unexpectedly.	

2.1.2 Configuring compilation

These options are used for naming and placing the files generated by chklisting environments. They are passed to the checklistings.sh script and thus control its behaviour.

option	description	default
prefix	Prefix for naming source files. It must not contain	chklisting
	underscores (_).	
ext	Extension of source files.	.ml
subdir	If defined, source files are created in the given	•
	subdirectory, which must already exist. A final	
	slash (/) should not be given. The name must	
	not contain underscores (_).	
prompt	The prompt displayed by "chklistingcmd.	#
compiler	Path of the compiler to execute.	ocamlc
compilerflags	Flags passed to the compiler. These are not re-	
	vealed by "chklistingcmd.	
lastflags	Flags passed to the compiler before the main	-i
	source file, i.e., the last one given.	
includecmd	The source language command for importing the	open
	definitions of another file.	

³http://www.ctan.org/pkg/kvoptions

html

This value must be defined if HeVeA is to be used. It is the path to a program to render source code as html. Set html=cat to simply include the source-code directly (within tags).

Each chklisting environment is assigned a number n, from zero, and its contents are written to the file: $\langle subdir \rangle / \langle prefix \rangle \langle n \rangle . \langle ext \rangle$, where $\langle n \rangle$ is zero-padded to four characters. For example, by default, the fourth environment is written to the file chklisting0003.ml in the current directory.

Source lines are added for each dependency, and those files are compiled using the $\langle compiler \rangle$, $\langle compilerflags \rangle$, and $\langle lastflags \rangle$ options. For example, if the fourth environment depends on the first and the second, a line is added:

```
\langle includecmd \rangle Withopen0000 \langle includecmd \rangle Withopen0001,
```

where Withopen is the prefix used for such augmented files, and the compiler is invoked with:

$$\langle compiler \rangle$$
 $\langle compiler flags \rangle$ Withopen0000 Withopen0001 $\langle last flags \rangle$ Withopen0003

2.1.3 Controlling the display

This package exploits the display options given by the fancyvrb package.

option	description	default
codestyle	fancyvrb options for code	
msgstyle	fancyvrb options for compiler messages	formatcom=\em
errstyle	fancyvrb options for error messages	formatcom=\em
codelst	listings options for source code, passed with	
	\lstset. When this option is not empty,	
	fancyvrb=true is included automatically.	
msglst	As for codelst, but applied to compiler messages.	
errlst	As for codelst, but applied to error messages.	

Other options are passed directly through to the fancyvrb package and applied to all chklisting code blocks (but not to messages or errors). For example, frame=single. These options must typically be set using \checklistings, since they will usually contain commands that should not be expanded immediately (like \em or \bf).

2.2 The chklisting environment

chklisting

As an optional argument, this environment takes a comma separated list of $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$ and single $\langle key \rangle$ s.

option	description
fail	This code is expected to fail; an error is reported if it succeeds.
continue	This code is continued from the previous chklisting environ-
	ment; all of the definitions available there are imported.
label	Label this code for later inclusion.
include	All of the definitions available after the environment with the
	given label are imported.
withresult	The result of compiling the code is displayed (see also
	\chklistingmsg and \chklistingerr). This is normally either
	the types of declared values or the results of evaluation. For en-
	vironments marked fail, it will be an error message.
withoutresult	The result of compiling code is not displayed automatically. This
	is the default behaviour, but it can be overridden by the package
	options.
hide	Do not display the code itself. It is still compiled and displayed
	(if withresult) is active, and its definitions are still available for
	continuation (continue) or labelling (label) and later inclusion
-1-:	(include).
skipone	Do not display the first line of the code. This line is still sent to
	the compiler and may thus be used to open other modules, or to
alrintera	pass execution options (via comments). As pre the previous option, but two lines are skipped.
skiptwo	Do not skip any lines; this option overrides any package-level skip
skipnone	setting.
ignoreerrors	Do not display an error message within the document when com-
ignorcerrors	pilation fails or succeeds unexpectedly.
showerrors	Display an error message within the document when compilation
2110.1.0110	fails or succeeds unexpectedly. This is the default behaviour unless
	the ignoreerrors package option was set.
	O

The results of compiling the code in a runenvironment are made available in the following macros until the next runenvironment which will redefine them.

\chklistingcmd

\chklistingcmd contains an idealised version of the command line used to compile the code sample. It includes the prompt, the basename of compiler, and lastflags, but not compilerflags or the list of included files. Furthermore, the subdir and serial number are removed from the filename of the code sample, which becomes simply \(\langle prefix \rangle \cdot \langle ext \rangle \).

\chklistingmsg

\chklistingmsg{ $\langle label \rangle$ }: inserts the verbatim text emitted by the compiler, provided compilation succeeded, for the chklisting environment labelled $\langle label \rangle$. When $\langle label \rangle$ is left empty, the message for the last environment is inserted. It should not be used after environments marked fail.

\chklistingerr

\chklistingerr{ $\langle label \rangle$ }: inserts the verbatim text emitted by the compiler, provided compilation failed, for the chklisting environment labelled $\langle label \rangle$.

When $\langle label \rangle$ is left empty, the message for the last environment is inserted. It should only be used after environments marked fail.

2.3 The checklistings.sh script

Processing a document that uses the checklistings package produces a .chkl file containing compiler options and a list of source files to together with their interdependencies. The checklistings.sh script processes .chkl files by executing the specified compiler (or interpreter) against each listed source file $\langle subdir \rangle / \langle prefix \rangle \langle n \rangle$. $\langle ext \rangle$ and copying the results—the command-line used, whether it succeeded or failed, the messages on stdout, and the messages on stderr—into a corresponding file, $\langle subdir \rangle / \langle prefix \rangle \langle n \rangle$.tex, for inclusion in the original document.

The checklistings.sh script is written for the Bourne shell (sh). It takes a list of .chkl files as arguments (with or without the exentions), but if none are given it processes all such files in the current working directory.

The compilation options specified within a LATEX source file, see Section 2.1.2, can be manually overridden by processing a .chkl file, before any others, containing a 'lock' directive, for example: lock compiler=/usr/local/bin/ocamlc. This feature is useful when working with others to develop the compiler being documented.

3 Remarks

3.1 Known limitations

The package and script have some known limitations.

- Line numbers in error messages may not correspond correctly with the line numbers of sample files, due to either the skip* options, or because of lines added to import code.
- The system has been designed to work with ML-style compilers. It has not been tested with other compilers and interpreters. Please contact tim@tbrk. org if you would like to support other systems. Patches are most welcome, but the intent is to keep this package relatively simple rather than to try to do everything.
- Multiple languages in a single document are not supported.
- Care must be taken when using checklistings with the overlays of the Beamer package. In particular, chklisting environment commands are to be avoided within commands that completely omit material from slides, like only, alt, or temporal, or with 'closed' overlay specifications, like 2 or 1-3. As these commands do not execute the material, the environment sequence numbers do not increase monotonically, and the compilation results may not be properly synchronized with the verbatim text. Commands that only

hide material, or that introduce it successively, like uncover or visible, or 'open' overlay specifications, like 2-, should function as expected.

4 Implementation

All internal macros have names of the form $\CHKLQ(name)$.

\chklisting

Generate the sequence of source code identifiers used in per-environment filenames and to manage dependencies. If beamer is being used, reset the counter on each overlay to avoid generating multiple output files for the same program.

- 1 \newcounter{chklisting}
- 2 \ifdefined\resetcounteronoverlays
- 3 \resetcounteronoverlays{chklisting}

\ifCHKL@fileexists An internal boolean variable for remembering whether an input .tex file, corresponding to the compilation of source code, was found.

5 \newif\ifCHKL@fileexists

Package Options 4.1

The package options are processed using the kvoptions package.⁴

\CHKL@pkg@verbopts

This list accumulates package-level options for the verbatim environments.

6 \def\CHKL@pkg@verbopts{}

Declare the package options and their default values:

- 7 \DeclareBoolOption{withresult}
- 8 \DeclareComplementaryOption{withoutresult}{withresult}
- 9 \DeclareBoolOption[true] {showerrors}
- 10 \DeclareComplementaryOption{ignoreerrors}{showerrors}
- 11 \DeclareVoidOption{skipone}
- {\cdef\CHKL@pkg@verbopts{\CHKL@pkg@verbopts,firstline=2}}
- 13 \DeclareVoidOption{skiptwo}
- {\cdef\CHKL@pkg@verbopts{\CHKL@pkg@verbopts,firstline=3}}
- 15 \DeclareDefaultOption
- {\edef\CHKL@pkg@verbopts{\CHKL@pkg@verbopts,\CurrentOption}}
- 17 \DeclareStringOption[]{codestyle}
- 18 \DeclareStringOption[formatcom=\em] {msgstyle}
- 19 \DeclareStringOption[formatcom=\em]{errstyle}
- 20 \DeclareStringOption{codelst}
- 21 \DeclareStringOption{msglst}
- $22 \label{lem:condition} \end{constraint} 22 \label{lem:condition} $$ \align{ \end{constraint} errlst \end{constraint} errlst \end{constraint} $$ \align{ \end{constraint} e$
- 23 \DeclareStringOption{emptyoption}
- 24 \DeclareStringOption[.]{subdir}
- 25 \DeclareStringOption[chklisting]{prefix}

⁴http://www.ctan.org/pkg/kvoptions

```
26 \DeclareStringOption[.ml]{ext}
27 \DeclareStringOption[\#]{prompt}
28 \DeclareStringOption[ocamlc]{compiler}
29 \DeclareStringOption{compilerflags}
30 \DeclareStringOption[-i]{lastflags}
31 \DeclareStringOption[open]{includecmd}
32 \DeclareStringOption[]{html}
33 \ProcessKeyvalOptions*
```

\checklistings

This macro offers another way of setting package options with the advantage that values are not expanded.

34 \def\checklistings{\kvsetkeys{CHKL}}

4.2 Logging Files to Process

Several definitions and commands are used to create and write to the .chkl file.

\CHKL@samplefile

The file generated when a LATEX document that uses the checklistings package is processed.

- 35 \newwrite\CHKL@samplefile
- 36 \openout\CHKL@samplefile=\jobname.chkl
- 37 \AtEndDocument{\closeout\CHKL@samplefile}

Package options are logged to the file.

- 38 \write\CHKL@samplefile{subdir=\CHKL@subdir/}
- 39 \write\CHKL@samplefile{prefix=\CHKL@prefix}
- 40 \write\CHKL@samplefile{ext=\CHKL@ext}
- 41 \write\CHKL@samplefile{compiler=\CHKL@compiler}
- 42 \write\CHKL@samplefile{compilerflags=\CHKL@compilerflags}
- $43 \write\CHKL@samplefile\{lastflags=\CHKL@lastflags\}$
- 44 \write\CHKL@samplefile{includecmd=\CHKL@includecmd}
- 45 \write\CHKL@samplefile{htmlfilter=\CHKL@html}

\CHKL@logsample

An entry is logged for each chklisting environment. It contains the sequence number for the example, followed by a colon, an ordered list of other sample files to import, and the page and line numbers (to include in error messages).

- $46 \label{logsample} \end{$\tt CHKL@logsample} \end{$\tt [2] {\%}$}$
- 47 \edef\CHKL@tolog{#1:#2 [page=\noexpand\thepage] [line=\the\inputlineno]}%
- $48 \verb| \expandafter\write=\expandafter\CHKL@samplefile=\expandafter{\CHKL@tolog}% | \expandafter=\color=\c$
- 49 }

4.3 Insertion of Compilation Results

Several macros are defined for use by the checklistings.sh script (and any similar program). These macros are called from within the .tex file generated for each chklisting environment.

\ifchklisting

A successful compilation is signalled by \chklistingtrue, and a failed compilation by \chklistingfalse.

50 \newif\ifchklisting

\setchklistingcmd

The command used to compile a sample is recorded by \setchklistingcmd which (re)defines the internal \CHKL@prompt value.

- 51 \DeclareRobustCommand{\setchklistingcmd}[1]{%
- 52 \global\def\chklistingcmd{\emph{\CHKL@prompt{#1}}}}

ChkListingMsg

Normal compiler messages (written on stdout) should be communicated between \begin{ChkListingMsg} and \end{ChkListingMsg}. This verbatim text is saved using the SaveVerbatim feature of fancyvrb.

- 53 \def\ChkListingMsg{\FV@Environment{}{ChkListingMsg}}
- 54 \def\FVB@ChkListingMsg{\FVB@SaveVerbatim{ChkListingMsg}}
- 55 \let\FVE@ChkListingMsg\FVE@SaveVerbatim
- $56 \label{lem:comment} Section \cite{ChkListingMsg} ChkListingMsg} \cite{ChkListingMsg} \ci$

ChkListingErr

Compiler error messages (usually written on stderr) should be communicated between \begin{ChkListingErr} and \end{ChkListingErr}. This verbatim text is saved using the SaveVerbatim feature of fancyvrb.

- 57 \def\ChkListingErr{\FV@Environment{}{ChkListingErr}}
- 58 \def\FVB@ChkListingErr{\FVB@SaveVerbatim{ChkListingErr}}
- 59 \let\FVE@ChkListingErr\FVE@SaveVerbatim
- 60 \DefineVerbatimEnvironment{ChkListingErr}{ChkListingErr}{}

\chklistingfile

This is the filename used by checklistings.sh to refer to the file containing sample code when \setchklistingcmd is called.

61 \DeclareRobustCommand{\chklistingfile}{\CHKL@prefix\CHKL@ext}

4.4 Main Environment

Several auxiliary definitions are needed to track per-environment configuration options.

\ifCHKL@shouldfail

This boolean variable records whether sample code is expected to fail.

62 \newif\ifCHKL@shouldfail

\ifCHKL@showcode

This boolean variable records whether the compilation result should be shown.

63 \newif\ifCHKL@showcode

The keyval package⁵ is used to parse environment options. The following macros setup parameters used by the chklisting environment.

\CHKL@continue \CHKL@precontinue

These two macros hold lists of source code identifiers: \CHKL@precontinue tracks the dependencies of the previous chklisting environment, and \CHKL@continue

⁵http://www.ctan.org/pkg/kvoptions

tracks those of the current one. The continue option appends the previous dependencies onto the list of current ones. The dependencies used at each labelled environment are remembered in $\BERB@deps\langle label\rangle$. The include option causes them to be added to the list of current dependencies

```
64 \edef\CHKL@precontinue{}
65 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{continue}[]{\edef\CHKL@continue{\CHKL@precontinue}}
66 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{include}{%
67 \edef\CHKL@continue{\CHKL@continue\space\@ifundefined{CHKL@deps@#1}%
68 {#1}{\csname CHKL@deps@#1\endcsname}}}
69 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{fail}[]{\CHKL@shouldfailtrue}
70 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{label}{\edef\CHKL@label{#1}}
71 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{skipnone}[]{\edef\CHKL@verbopts{\CHKL@verbopts,firstline=1}}
72 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{skipone}[]{\edef\CHKL@verbopts{\CHKL@verbopts,firstline=2}}
73 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{skiptwo}[]{\edef\CHKL@verbopts{\CHKL@verbopts,firstline=3}}
74 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{skiptwo}[]{\CHKL@showcodefalse}
75 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{withresult}[]{\CHKL@withresultfalse}
76 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{swithoutresult}[]{\CHKL@withresultfalse}
77 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{showerrors}[]{\CHKL@withresultfalse}
78 \define@key{CHKL@envkeys}{showerrors}[]{\CHKL@showerrorsfalse}
```

\chklistingmsg

This macro takes a single argument $\langle label \rangle$. It first configures the listings and fancyvrb packages with the current display options. It then checks the fancyvrb saved text namespace ('FV@SV@...') for an entry named '...CHKL@MSG@(label)'. If found, the associated verbatim text is inserted via the \UseVerbatim feature of fancyvrb, otherwise an error message is inserted. In the latter case, we prefer not to fail outright, because the user may not yet have had the chance to run the compiler on the extracted code, in which case the log will already contain warnings from chklisting. By convention, the chklisting environment creates an entry for the empty label ('FV@SV@CHKL@MSG@') when compilation succeeds.

```
79 \DeclareRobustCommand{\chklistingmsg}[1]{
80
     \bgroup%
     \ifx\CHKL@msglst\CHKL@emptyoption\else
81
82
        \expandafter\lstset\expandafter{\CHKL@msglst,fancyvrb=true}\fi%
83
     \@ifundefined{FV@SV@CHKL@MSG@#1}
       {\def\@tempa{#1}
84
85
        \ifx\@tempa\empty
86
           \CHKL@none
87
        \else
88
           $\langle$No message found for the label '#1'!$\rangle$
89
       {\expandafter\UseVerbatim\expandafter[\CHKL@msgstyle]{CHKL@MSG@#1}}%
90
     \egroup}
```

\chklistingerr

This macro is essentially the same as the previous one—only that the substring 'ERR' is used instead of 'MSG'.

```
92 \DeclareRobustCommand{\chklistingerr}[1]{
93 \bgroup%
```

```
\ifx\CHKL@errlst\CHKL@emptyoption\else
94
         \expandafter\lstset\expandafter{\CHKL@errlst,fancyvrb=true}\fi%
95
      \@ifundefined{FV@SV@CHKL@ERR@#1}
96
        {\def\@tempa{#1}
97
         \ifx\@tempa\empty
98
           \CHKL@none
99
100
         \else
           $\langle$No message found for the label '#1'!$\rangle$
101
102
        {\expandafter\UseVerbatim\expandafter[\CHKL@errstyle]{CHKL@ERR@#1}}%
103
104
      \egroup}
```

chklisting

113

This is the main environment for including source code. This macro works in two parts:

- 1. It uses the listings package to write the code to a file,
- 2. It either loads the corresponding .tex file or logs an error message.

The listings package allows the definition of custom verbatim environments. This one has a single argument (a list of keyval options).

```
105 \lstnewenvironment{chklisting}[1][] 106 %
```

Set default parameter values before invoking \setkeys:

```
107 \CHKL@shouldfailfalse%
108 \CHKL@showcodetrue%
109 \let\CHKL@label\@undefined%
110 \edef\CHKL@continue{}%
111 \let\CHKL@verbopts\CHKL@pkg@verbopts%
112 \def\@currentlabel{\thechklisting}%
```

\setkeys{CHKL@envkeys}{#1}%

Log an entry to the .chkl file:

114 \CHKL@logsample{\arabic{chklisting}}{\CHKL@continue\ifCHKL@shouldfail\space[fail]\fi}%

Update \CHKL@precontinue for the next source code block, and, if a label was defined, add an \CHKL@deps@ $\langle label \rangle$ entry.

```
\label{local_continue} $$115 \qquad \end{chkL@precontinue}\CHKL@continue\space\arabic\{chklisting\}\}\%$$ $$116 \qquad \end{chkL@label}_{}\%
```

117 \global\expandafter\edef\csname CHKL@deps@\CHKL@label\endcsname{\CHKL@precontinue}}%

A file will be created in the \CHKL@subdir subdirectory, with the name \CHKL@prefix followed by the value of the chklisting counter, padded out with zeroes to four digits, and the extension \RBRB@ext.

```
118  \edef\CHKL@num{%
119  \ifnum\value{chklisting}<1000 0\fi
120  \ifnum\value{chklisting}<100 0\fi
121  \ifnum\value{chklisting}<10 0\fi
122  \arabic{chklisting}}%
123  \stepcounter{chklisting}%
124  \def\CHKL@file{\CHKL@subdir/\CHKL@prefix\CHKL@num}%</pre>
```

Clear the definitions used to return information about the compilation run, and close the environment by opening a file, using the listings package, into which to write the ensuing contents.

```
125 \global\let\chklistingcmd\@undefined%
126 \global\let\FV@SV@ChkListingMsg\@undefined%
127 \global\let\FV@SV@ChkListingErr\@undefined%
128 \chklistingtrue%
129 \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox\bgroup%
130 \lst@BeginWriteFile{\CHKL@file\CHKL@ext}%
131 }
```

Start closing the environment by closing the previously opened file and group.

```
132  {%
133  \lst@EndWriteFile%
134  \egroup%
```

If hide is not active, apply \CHKL@verbopts and reload the newly created file.

```
\ifCHKL@showcode%
135
           \bgroup%
136
           \ifx\CHKL@codelst\CHKL@emptyoption\else%
137
             \expandafter\lstset\expandafter{\CHKL@codelst,fancyvrb=true}%
138
139
           \expandafter\fvset\expandafter{\CHKL@verbopts}%
140
           \expandafter\VerbatimInput\expandafter[\CHKL@codestyle]{\CHKL@file\CHKL@ext}%
141
           \egroup%
142
       \fi%
143
```

Check whether a corresponding .tex file was created:

```
144 \global\edef\CHKL@none{$\langle$Cannot load \CHKL@file.tex!$\rangle$}%
145 \InputIfFileExists{\CHKL@file.tex}{\CHKL@fileexiststrue}{\CHKL@fileexistsfalse}%
```

If the .tex file was loaded successfully, create 'unlabelled' saved verbatim environments for the message and error texts. These are exploited, respectively, by the \chklistingmsg and \chklistingerr macros.

```
146 \ifCHKL@fileexists%
147 \@ifundefined{FV@SV@ChkListingMsg}%
148 \{\global\let\FV@SV@CHKL@MSG@=\FV@SV@ChkListingMsg}%
149 \@ifundefined{FV@SV@ChkListingErr}%
150 \{\global\let\FV@SV@CHKL@ERR@=\FV@SV@ChkListingErr}%
```

Then, if compilation failed and the fail option was not active, or if compilation succeeded and the fail option is active, log a warning message and, if errors are not being ignored, include details in the document. Otherwise, if withresult was given, expand either \chklistingerr or \chklistingmsg.

```
151 \ifCHKL@shouldfail%
152 \ifchklisting%
153 \PackageWarning{checklistings}%
154 {Compilation of \CHKL@file\CHKL@ext\space should have failed}%
155 \ifCHKL@showerrors%
```

```
\UseVerbatim[frame=single,
156
                                    label=Unexpected success,
157
                                    rulecolor=\color{red}]{ChkListingMsg}%
158
                    \fi%
159
                \else%
160
161
                    \ifCHKL@withresult%
162
                       {\setlength{\partopsep}{0em}\chklistingerr{}}%
163
                    \fi%
                \fi%
164
            \else%
165
                \ifchklisting%
166
167
                    \ifCHKL@withresult%
                       {\setlength{\partopsep}{0em}\chklistingmsg{}}%
168
169
                \else%
170
                    \PackageWarning{checklistings}%
171
                         {Compilation of \CHKL@file\CHKL@ext\space should not have failed}%
172
                    \ifCHKL@showerrors%
173
174
                      \UseVerbatim[frame=single,
175
                                    label=Unexpected failure,
                                    rulecolor=\color{red}]{ChkListingErr}%
176
                    \fi%
177
                \fi%
178
            \fi%
179
180
       \else%
```

If the .tex file was not loaded successfully, clear the \chklistingcmd macros, and the 'unlabelled' saved verbatim environments for the message and error results.

```
\PackageWarning{checklistings}{Cannot load \CHKL@file.tex}%
181
182
           \global\let\chklistingcmd\CHKL@none%
           \global\let\FV@SV@CHKL@MSG@\@undefined%
183
           \global\let\FV@SV@CHKL@ERR@\@undefined%
184
       \fi%
185
186\ \% If this environment is labelled, create persistent references to the saved
187 \% verbatim environments for the message and error results.
188 % These are exploited, respectively, by the |\chklistingmsg| and
189 % | \chklistingerr | macros when their \meta{label} argument is not empty.
190 %
       \@ifundefined{CHKL@label}{}{%
191
         \global\expandafter\let%
192
           \csname FV@SV@CHKL@MSG@\CHKL@label\endcsname=\FV@SV@CHKL@MSG@%
193
194
         \global\expandafter\let%
195
           \csname FV@SV@CHKL@ERR@\CHKL@label\endcsname=\FV@SV@CHKL@ERR@%
       }%
196
     }%
197
```

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