



Ecosystem infrastructure for smart and personalised inclusion
and PROSPERITY for ALL stakeholders

ARE REST API

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Executive Summary

This document describes the usage of the ARE REST API developed by UCY in the context of Task 203.3 of WP203, T202.5 of WP202 Prosperity4All project.

1 REST API

To allow remote communication with the AsTeRICS Runtime Environment, the ARE REST API was developed. It allows manipulation of resources through a set of HTTP methods such as GET, POST, PUT and DELETE.

Apart from the regular REST functions, an event mechanism is provided (SSE). With this mechanism, ARE can broadcast messages to anyone who subscribes and inform when an event occurs.

The API uses HTTP status codes to declare an error in a call. Specifically, when an error occurs, the response will contain a 500 HTTP status code (Internal Server Error) with an ARE-produced error message inside the HTTP response body.

The table in the next page (table 1) describes these methods and provides the necessary information in order to call them.

1.1 REST API Functions

HTTP Method	Resource	Parameters	Consumes	Produces	Description
GET	/runtime/model	-	-	XML	Retrieves the currently deployed model in XML
PUT	/runtime/model	modelInXML (in body)	XML	TEXT	Deploys the model given as a parameter
PUT	/runtime/model/{filename}	filename	-	TEXT	Deploys the model contained in the given filename
PUT	/runtime/model/state/{state}	state	-	TEXT	Changes the state of the deployed model to STARTED, PAUSED, STOPPED
GET	/runtime/model/state	-	-	TEXT	Returns the state of the deployed model
GET	/runtime/model/name	-	-	TEXT	Returns the name (ID) of the deployed model
PUT	/runtime/model/autorun/{filename}	filename	-	TEXT	Deploys and starts the model in the given filename
GET	/runtime/model/components/ids	-	-	JSON	Returns the component ids contained in the currently deployed model
GET	/runtime/model/components/{componentId}	componentId	-	JSON	Returns all property keys of the specified runtime component
GET	/runtime/model/components/{componentId}/{propertyKey}	componentId, propertyKey	-	TEXT	Returns the a property value of the runtime component
GET	/runtime/model/components/	componentId,	-	JSON	Returns the

	{componentId}/{propertyKey}/dynamicproperty	propertyKey			value list of the dynamic property
PUT	/runtime/model/components/{componentId}/{propertyKey}	componentId, propertyKey, value (in body)	TEXT	TEXT	Changes a property value of a runtime component
PUT	/runtime/model/components/properties	propertyMap (in body)	JSON	TEXT	Changes multiple property value(s) of a runtime component(s) (propertyMap – see JSON objects)
GET	/runtime/model/components/{componentId}/ports/input/ids	componentId	-	JSON	Returns the input port ids of the specified component
GET	/runtime/model/components/{componentId}/ports/output/ids	componentId	-	JSON	Returns the output port ids of the specified component
GET	/runtime/model/components/{componentId}/ports/{portId}/datatype	componentId, portId	-	TEXT	Returns the datatype of the specified port
PUT	{componentId}/ports/{portId}/data	componentId, portId, value (in body)	TEXT	TEXT	Sends data to a specific port of a component in the running model
PUT	{componentId}/events/{eventPortId}	componentId, eventPortId,	-	TEXT	Triggers an event on the given component/port
GET	runtime/model/component/{componentId}/eventChannels/ids	componentId	-	JSON	Returns the event channel ids of the specified component
GET	runtime/model/component/{componentId}/dataChannels/ids	componentId	-	JSON	Returns the data channel ids of the specified component
GET	runtime/model/channels/event/ids	-	-	JSON	Returns the event channel

					ids of the current model
GET	runtime/model/channels/event/{channelId}/source	dataChannelId	-	JSON	Returns the source (channel edge – se JSON objects) of a specific event channel
GET	runtime/model/channels/event/{channelId}/target	dataChannelId	-	JSON	Returns the target (channel edge – see JSON objects) of a specific event channel
GET	runtime/model/channels/data/ids	-	-	JSON	Returns the data channel ids of the current model
GET	runtime/model/channels/data/{channelId}/source	dataChannelId	-	JSON	Returns the source (channel edge – se JSON objects) of a specific data channel
GET	runtime/model/channels/data/{channelId}/target	dataChannelId	-	JSON	Returns the target (channel edge – se JSON objects) of a specific data channel
GET	/storage/models/{filename}	filename	-	XML	Returns an xml representation of a model in a specific file
POST	/storage/models/{ filepath }	filepath, modelInXML (in body)	XML	TEXT	Stores a model in the given filepath
POST	/storage/data/{filepath}	filepath, data (in body)	TEXT	TEXT	Stores data to a given filepath in the ARE/data folder
DELETE	/storage/models/{filename}	filename	-	TEXT	Deletes the model with the given filename
GET	/storage/models/names	-	-	JSON	Retrieves the model names that are saved in

					the ARE repository
GET	/storage/components/descriptors/xml	-	-	XML	Returns an xml string containing the descriptors of the created components with some modifications in order to be used by the webACS
GET	/storage/components/descriptors/json	-	-	JSON	Retrieves the exact content of the component descriptors contained in the ARE repository
POST	/storage/webapps/{webappName}/{filepath}	webappName, filepath, data (in body)	TEXT	TEXT	Stores data for a specific webapp.
GET	/storage/webapps/{webappName}/{filepath}	webappName, filepath	-	TEXT	Returns saved data for a webapp
GET	/restfunctions	-	-	JSON	Returns a list with all the available rest functions
GET	/runtime/deployment/listener	-	-	TEXT	Opens a persistent connection with ARE and listens for model deployment events (SSE).
GET	/runtime/model/state/listener	-	-	TEXT	Opens a persistent connection with ARE and listens for model state change events (SSE).
GET	/runtime/model/channels/event/listener	-	-	JSON	Opens a persistent connection with ARE and listens

					for event channel transmissions (SSE).
GET	/runtime/model/channels/data {channelId}/listener	channelId	-	JSON	Opens a persistent connection with ARE and listens for data channel transmissions (SSE). Mind that data channel subscriptions are initialized on every model deployment.
GET	/runtime/model/components/properties/listener	-	-	JSON	Opens a persistent connection with ARE and listens for component property changes (SSE).

Table 1: REST API

1.2 Path parameter encoding

As seen in table 1, there are some functions that expect parameters in the URI, the **path parameters**. It can be observed that the path parameters are part of the URI and are wrapped with curly brackets (for example, the “filename” in “/runtime/model/{filename}”).

Caution: do not confuse **query parameters** with path parameters.

Before the function call, these parameters should be encoded based on the UTF-16 encoding table. Every character of the parameter should be replaced with the corresponding **decimal value** of the UTF-16 table, and every encoded character should be separated from the other characters with an un-encoded dash (“-”) character.

For a better understanding check the example below:

REST function call:

PUT	/runtime/model/{filename}	filename	-	TEXT	Deploys the model contained in the given filename
-----	---------------------------	----------	---	------	---

Un-encoded URI: <http://localhost:8081/runtime/model/foobar>

Encoded URI: <http://localhost:8081/runtime/model/102-111-111-98-97-114>

1.3 Event Types

As said before, the API allows subscription to specific ARE event types. To consume SSE events, the client must be able to achieve communication using SSE technology. SSE library implementations are available for almost any well-known programming language (java, C#, JavaScript etc).

A subscription can be conducted per event type. Each event received by a client, will contain a message from a pre-defined set. The client should check this message in order to retrieve details regarding the event. The event types and their corresponding messages can be found in table 2.

Event type	Event messages	Description
model_changed	pre_deploy_event post_deploy_event	Notifies the subscribers that a new model was deployed or is going to be deployed
model_state_changed	pre_start_event post_start_event pre_stop_event post_stop_event pre_pause_event post_pause_event pre_resume_event post_resume_event	Notifies the subscribers that an event occurred, which has affected or is going to affect the runtime model state
eventChannel_transmission	see JSON objects section - EventChannel SSE	Notifies the subscribers that an ARE runtime model event was triggered through a specific eventChannel
dataChannel_transmission	see JSON objects section - DataChannel SSE	Notifies the subscribers that an ARE runtime model event was triggered through a specific dataChannel
property_change	see JSON objects section – PropertyChange SSE	Notifies the subscribers that a property value of a component has been changed

Table 2: Event Types

1.4 Port Datatypes

Every **component port** in an AsTeRICS model can transmit data of some specific type. A REST client is able to register a listener for a port and receive data being sent from this port.

Below you can find the available port datatype and the corresponding string representations.

Datatype type	Datatype string value
STRING	string
DOUBLE	double
INTEGER	integer
CHAR	char
BYTE	byte
BOOLEAN	boolean
UNKNOWN	unknown

Table 3:

Port

datatypes

The port datatype can be obtained using this rest call

GET	/runtime/model/components/ {componentId}/ports/{portId}/ datatype	componentId, portId	-	TEXT	Returns the datatype of the specified port
-----	---	------------------------	---	------	---

and the expected return value is one of the fields in the “Datatype string value” column of Table 3.

2 REST API Client libraries

To enable easier REST API accessibility, communication libraries were created that simplify the whole procedure.

2.1 JavaScript Client library

To install the JavaScript library in a webpage these steps have to be followed:

- 1) Import the 'ARECommunicator.js' file in the html page.
- 2) Import 'JSmap.js' file in the html page.
- 3) Import a script that provides jQuery functionality.
(i.e. "<http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.7.1/jquery.min.js>")

(For testing purposes, a simple implementation of a JavaScript client was created and it can be found here:

https://github.com/asterics/AsTeRICS/tree/master/ARE_RestAPILibraries/clientExample/client.html)

Before calling ARE functions, the baseURI has to be set. This is the URI where ARE runs at. For example:

```
setBaseURI("http://localhost:8081/rest/");
```

To call any REST function, we have to provide two callback functions: a successCallback and an errorCallback such as the example below

```
//downloadDeployedModel
function DDM() {
    downloadDeployedModel(DDM_successCallback, DDM_errorCallback);
}

function DDM_successCallback(data, HTTPstatus) {
    alert(data);
}

function DDM_errorCallback(HTTPstatus, AREErrorMessage) {
    alert(AREErrorMessage);
}
```

Furthermore, the 'subscribe' function is opening a persistent connection with ARE. Using an event mechanism based on Server Sent Events (SSE) specifications, it listens to the

connection for broadcasted messages. Additionally, the event type (Table 2) name must be provided, to specify what type of events to listen for. The concept still remains the same, as a success-Callback function and an error-Callback function must be provided. The unsubscribe function does not use any rest calls since it closes the connection from the browser's side.

In the next page, Table 4 describes each method provided by the library.

2.1.1 JavaScript Library Functions

Function Signature	Description
downloadDeployedModel(sCB1, eCB)	Retrieves the currently deployed model in XML
uploadModel(sCB1, eCB, modelinXML)	Deploys the model given as a parameter
deployModelFromFile(sCB1, eCB, filename)	Deploys the model contained in the given filename
startModel(sCB1, eCB) stopModel(sCB1, eCB) pauseMolel(sCB1, eCB)	Changes the state of the deployed model to STARTED, PAUSED, STOPPED
getModelState(sCB1, eCB)	Returns the state of the deployed model
getModelName(sCB1, eCB)	Returns the name (ID) of the deployed model
autorun(CB1, eCB, filename)	Deploys and starts the model in the given filename
getRuntimeComponentIds(sCB1, eCB)	Retrieves all the component ids contained in the currently deployed model (as JSON array)
getRuntimeComponentPropertyKeys(sCB2, eCB, componentId)	Returns all property keys of the component with the given componentId in the currently deployed model (as JSON array)
getRuntimeComponentProperty(sCB1, eCB, componentId, propertyKey)	Retrieves a property value of a specific component, in the currently deployed model
setRuntimeComponentProperty(sCB1, eCB, componentId, propertyKey, value)	Changes a property value of a specific component, in the currently deployed model
setRuntimeComponentProperties(sCB1, eCB, propertyMap)	Changes multiple property values of a runtime component(s) (propertyMap – see JSON objects section)
getComponentInputPortIds(sCB1, eCB, componentId)	Returns the input port ids of the specified component
getComponentOutputPortIds(sCB1, eCB, componentId)	Returns the output port ids of the specified component
getPortDatatype(sCB1, eCB, componentId, portId)	Returns the datatype of the specified port
sendDataToInputPort(sCB1, eCB, componentId, portId, value)	Sends data (“value”) to a specific port of a component in the running model. Returns “success” or an error message.
triggerEvent(sCB1, eCB, componentId, eventPortId)	Triggers an event on the given component/port
getEventChannelsIds(sCB1, eCB)	Returns all the event channel ids of the current model (as JSON array)
getEventChannelSource(sCB1, eCB, channelId) *3	Returns the source (channel edge object) of a specific event channel
getEventChannelTarget(sCB1, eCB, channelId) *3	Returns the target (channel edge object) of a specific event channel

<code>getComponentEventChannelsIds(sCB1, eCB, componentId)</code>	Returns the event channel ids of the given component
<code>getDataChannelsIds(sCB1, eCB)</code>	Returns all the data channel ids of the current model (as JSON array)
<code>getDataChannelSource(sCB1, eCB, channelId) *3</code>	Returns the source (channel edge object) of a specific data channel
<code>getDataChannelTarget(sCB1, eCB, channelId) *3</code>	Returns the target (channel edge object) of a specific data channel
<code>getComponentDataChannelsIds(sCB1, eCB, componentId)</code>	Returns the data channel ids of the given component
<code>downloadModelFromFile(sCB1, eCB, filename)</code>	Returns an xml representation of a model in a specific file
<code>storeModel(sCB1, eCB, filename, modelinXML)</code>	Stores a model in the given filename
<code>storeData(sCB1, eCB, filepath, modelinXML)</code>	Stores data to a given filepath in the ARE/data folder
<code>storeWebappData(sCB1, eCB, webappId, filepath, data)</code>	Stores data for a specific webapp to webapps/<webappId>/data
<code>getWebappData(sCB1, eCB, webappId, filepath)</code>	Gets saved data of a specific webapp
<code>deleteModelFromFile(sCB1, eCB, filename)</code>	Deletes the model with the given filename
<code>listStoredModels(sCB2, eCB)</code>	Retrieves the model names that are saved in the ARE repository (as JSON array)
<code>getComponentDescriptorsAsXml(sCB2, eCB)</code>	Returns an xml string containing the descriptors of the created components with some modifications in order to be used by the webACS
<code>getComponentDescriptorsAsJSON(sCB2, eCB) *1</code>	Retrieves the exact content of the component descriptors contained in the ARE repository (as JSON array)
<code>getRestFunctions(sCB2, eCB) *2</code>	Retrieves the information for all the available rest functions provided by the Restful API (as JSON array with Function objects)
<code>subscribe(sCB1, eCB, eventType)</code>	Opens a persistent connection with ARE and listens for Server Sent Events. The 'eventType' parameter is a string and accepts the values defined in Table 2, 'Event Type' column.
<code>unsubscribe(eventType)</code>	Closes the connection for Server Sent Events. Returns true if the unsubscription was successful and false otherwise. The 'eventType' parameter is a string and accepts the values defined in Table 2, 'Event Type' column.

Table 4: JavaScript Client

sCB1: successCallback(textData, HTTPstatus)

sCB2: successCallback(array, HTTPstatus)

eCB: errorCallback(HTTPstatus, ARErrorMessage)

*1: Component object (see JSON objects section)

*2: Function object (see JSON objects section)

*3: Channel edge object (see JSON objects section)

Keep in mind:

A browser limits the number of persistent connections to 4-6 (varies from browser to browser), so use your SSEs wisely!

2.1.2 JSON OBJECTS

Object Name	Example
Function	<pre>{ "path": "/runtime/model", "description": "Retrieves the currently deployed model in XML", "httpRequestType": "GET", "bodyParameter": "", "consumes": "", "produces": "text/xml" }</pre>
Component	<pre>{ "canonicalName": "eu.asterics.component.processor....", "type": "PROCESSOR", "id": "asterics.StringDispatcher", "description": "Send text from chosen slot", "singleton": false, "inputPorts": [{ "type": "INPUT", "multiplicity": null, "description": "Send the string from the slot defined by the incoming value", "portID": "slotDispatch", "dataType": "INTEGER", "propertyNames": null }], "outputPorts": [{ "type": "OUTPUT", "description": "Output text", "portID": "output", "dataType": "STRING", "propertyNames": null }], "eventTriggererPorts": [], "ports": [{ "type": "INPUT",</pre>

	<pre> "multiplicity":null, "description":"Send the string from the slot defined by the incoming value", "portID":"slotDispatch", "dataType":"INTEGER", "propertyNames":null }, { "type":"OUTPUT", "description":"Output text", "portID":"output", "dataType":"STRING", "propertyNames":null }], "eventPorts":[{ "id":"dispatchSlot1", "description":"Send text from slot 1" }], "eventListenerPorts":[{ "id":"dispatchSlot1", "description":"Send text from slot 1" }], "propertyNames":["delay", "slot1"]] } </pre>
Channel edge	<pre> { "component": "Timer.1", "eventPort", "start" } </pre>
EventChannel SSE	<pre> { "channelId":"enterZone_start", "targetComponentId":"Timer.1" } </pre>
DataChannel SSE	<pre> { "channelId":"binding.11", "data":"100.0" } </pre>
PropertyChange SSE	<pre> { "newValue":"5", </pre>

	<pre>"propertyKey":"textColor", "componentId":"CellBoard.1" }</pre>
Property map	<pre>{ "Component_id_1":{ "key_1_1":"val_1_1", "key_1_2":"val_1_2" }, "Component_id_2":{ "key_2_1":"val_2_1", "key_2_2":"val_2_2" } }</pre>

Table 5: JSON objects

2.2 Java Client library (currently not up-to-date)

Environment specs:

- 1) **Recommended IDE:** eclipse
- 2) **Recommended Java version:** 7

To import, test or modify the Java library in an IDE, follow these steps:

- 1) Create a simple java project in your IDE.
- 2) Navigate to the destination where the Java library is located and copy the 'lib' and 'models' folders to the root of your project.
- 3) Copy the contents of 'src' folder to the 'src' folder of your project.
- 4) Add all the jar files which are located inside 'lib' folder to your project build path.
- 5) Run 'JavaClient.java' class located inside the 'tester' package to test that everything works as expected.

To use the Java library in our own project, follow these steps:

- 1) Add 'ARECommunicator.jar' file to the build path of our project.
- 2) Add the jar files contained in the 'lib' folder to the build path of our project.

When installation is completed, the procedure of communicating with ARE is reduced to plain calls of Java methods of an object.

As with JavaScript library, the baseUrl has to be set:

```
ARECommunicator areCommunicator = new ARECommunicator("http://localhost:8081/rest/");
```

and when this is done, you are able to call any method you desire:

```
areCommunicator.startModel();
```

Furthermore, the 'subscribe' function is opening a persistent connection with the ARE. Using an event mechanism based on Server Sent Events (SSE) specifications, it listens to the connection for broadcasted messages. Additionally, the eventType name must be provided, to specify what type of events to listen for. To achieve this functionality, the [Jersey SSE java library](#) was used.

In the next page, Table 5 describes each method provided by the library.

2.2.1 Java Library Methods

Function Signature	Description
String downloadDeployedModel()	Retrieves the currently deployed model in XML
String uploadModel(String modelinXML)	Deploys the model given as a parameter
String deployModelFromFile(String filename)	Deploys the model contained in the given filename
String startModel() String stopModel() String pauseModel()	Changes the state of the deployed model to STARTED, PAUSED, STOPPED
String getModelState()	Retrieves the state of the deployed model
String getModelName()	Returns the name (ID) of the deployed model
String autorun(String filename)	Deploys and starts the model in the given filename
String[] getRuntimeComponentIds()	Retrieves all the components contained in the currently deployed model
String[] getRuntimeComponentPropertyKeys(String componentId)	Retrieves all property keys of the component with the given componentId in the currently deployed model
String getRuntimeComponentProperty(String componentId, String propertyKey)	Retrieves property value of a specific component, in the currently deployed model
String setRuntimeComponentProperty(String componentId, String propertyKey, String value)	Changes a property value of a specific component, in the currently deployed model
String sendDataToInputPort(String componentId, String portId, String value)	Sends data to a port of a component in the currently deployed model
String triggerEvent(String componentId, String eventPortId)	Triggers an event on the given component/port
String downloadModelFromFile(String filename)	Retrieves an xml representation of a model in a specific file
String storeModel(String filename, String modelinXML)	Stores a model in the given filename
String storeData(String filepath, String data)	Stores data to a given filepath in the ARE/data folder
String storeWebappData(String webappId, String filepath, String data)	Stores webapp data to ARE/web/webapps/<webappId>/data
String getWebappData(String webappId, String filepath)	Gets stored webapp data
String deleteModelFromFile(String filename)	Deletes the model with the given filename
String[] listStoredModels()	Retrieves a list with all the model that are saved in the ARE repository
String getComponentDescriptorsAsXml()	Returns an xml string containing the descriptors of the created components with some modifications in order to be

	used by the webACS
List<String> getComponentDescriptorsAsJSON()	Retrieves the exact content of the component descriptors contained in the ARE repository (as JSON array)
ArrayList<RestFunction> functions()	Retrieves a list with all the available rest functions
subscribe(String eventType)	Subscribes the IP that sent the request to the event mechanism
unsubscribe(String eventType)	Unsubscribes the IP that sent the request to the event mechanism

Table 6: Java Client