

Ecosystem infrastructure for smart and personalised inclusion and PROSPERITY for ALL stakeholders

ARE REST API

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Executive Summary

This document describes the usage of the ARE REST API developed by UCY in the context of Task 203.3 of WP203, T202.5 of WP202 Prosperity4All project.

1 REST API

To allow remote communication with the AsTeRICS Runtime Environment, the ARE REST API was developed. It allows manipulation of resources through a set of HTTP methods such as GET, POST, PUT and DELETE.

Apart from the regular REST functions, an event mechanism is provided (SSE). With this mechanism, ARE can broadcast messages to anyone who subscribes and inform when an event occurs.

The API uses HTTP status codes to declare an error in a call. Specifically, when an error occurs, the response will contain a 500 HTTP status code (Internal Server Error) with an ARE-produced error message inside the HTTP response body.

The table in the next page (table 1) describes these methods and provides the necessary information in order to call them.

1.1 REST API Functions

HTTP Method	Resource	Parameters	Consumes	Produces	Description
GET	/runtime/model	-	-	XML	Retrieves the currently deployed model in XML
PUT	/runtime/model	modellnXML (in body)	XML	TEXT	Deploys the model given as a parameter
PUT	/runtime/model/{filename}	filename	-	TEXT	Deploys the model contained in the given filename
PUT	/runtime/model/state/{state}	state	-	TEXT	Changes the state of the deployed model to STARTED, PAUSED, STOPPED
GET	/runtime/model/state	-	-	TEXT	Returns the state of the deployed model
PUT	/runtime/model/autorun/ {filename}	filename	-	TEXT	Deploys and starts the model in the given filename
GET	/runtime/model/components /ids	-	-	JSON	Returns the component ids contained in the currently deployed model
GET	/runtime/model/components/ {componentId}	componentId	-	JSON	Returns all property keys of the specified runtime component
GET	/runtime/model/components/ {componentId}/{componentKey}	componentId,	-	TEXT	Returns the a property value of the runtime component
PUT	/runtime/model/components/ {componentId}/{componentKey}	componentId, componentKey, value (in body)	TEXT	TEXT	Changes a property value of a runtime component
PUT	/runtime/model/components/ properties	propertyMap (in body)	JSON	TEXT	Changes multiple property value(s) of a runtime component(s) (propertyMap – see JSON objects)
GET	/runtime/model/components/ {componentId}/ports/input/ids	componentId	-	JSON	Returns the input port ids of the specified component
GET	/runtime/model/components/ {componentId}/ports/output/ids	componentId	-	JSON	Returns the output port ids of the specified component
GET	/runtime/model/components/	componentId,	-	TEXT	Returns the datatype of

	{componentId}/ports/{portId}/ datatype	portId			the specified port
PUT	{componentId}/ports/{portId}/ data	componentid, portid, value (in body)	TEXT	TEXT	Sends data to a specific port of a component in the running model
GET	runtime/model/component /{componentId}/eventChannels /ids	componentId	-	JSON	Returns the event channel ids of the specified component
GET	runtime/model/component/ {componentId}/dataChannels/ids	componentId	-	JSON	Returns the data channel ids of the specified component
GET	runtime/model/channels/event /ids	-	-	JSON	Returns the event channel ids of the current model
GET	runtime/model/channels/event /{channelId}/source	dataChannelId	-	JSON	Returns the source (channel edge – se JSON objects) of a specific event channel
GET	runtime/model/channels/event /{channelId}/target	dataChannelId	-	JSON	Returns the target (channel edge – see JSON objects) of a specific event channel
GET	runtime/model/channels/data /ids	-	-	JSON	Returns the data channel ids of the current model
GET	runtime/model/channels/data /{channelId}/source	dataChannelId	-	JSON	Returns the source (channel edge – se JSON objects) of a specific data channel
GET	runtime/model/channels/data /{channelId}/target	dataChannelId	-	JSON	Returns the target (channel edge – se JSON objects) of a specific data channel
GET	/storage/models/{filename}	filename	-	XML	Returns an xml representation of a model in a specific file
POST	/storage/models/{filename}	filename, modelInXML (in body)	XML	TEXT	Stores a model in the given filename
DELETE	/storage/models/{filename}	filename	-	TEXT	Deletes the model with the given filename
GET	/storage/models/names	-	-	JSON	Retrieves the model names that are saved in the ARE repository
GET	/storage/components/ descriptors/xml	-	-	XML	Returns an xml string containing the descriptors of the

					created components
					with some modifications
					in order to be used by
					the webACS
					Retrieves the exact
	/storage/components/descriptors				content of the
GET	/json	=	-	JSON	component descriptors
	/,5511				contained in the ARE
					repository
	/restfunctions				Returns a list with all the
GET		-	-	JSON	available rest functions
					available rest falletions
					Opens a persistent
					connection with ARE and
GET	/runtime/deployment/listener	-	-	TEXT	listens for model
					deployment events
					(SSE).
					Opens a persistent
GET	/runtime/model/state/listener	-	-	TEXT	connection with ARE and
J.					listens for model state
					change events (SSE).
					Opens a persistent
GET	/runtime/model/channels/event /listener	-	-	JSON	connection with ARE and
021					listens for event channel
					transmissions (SSE).
					Opens a persistent
					connection with ARE and
					listens for data channel
GET	/runtime/model/channels/data	channelld	_	JSON	transmissions (SSE).
J.	{channelId}/listener	chamicha		JOIN	Mind that data channel
					subscriptions are
					initialized on every
					model deployment.
				JSON	Opens a persistent
GET	/runtime/model/components/ properties/listener	-	-		connection with ARE and
					listens for component
					property changes (SSE).

Table 1: REST API functions

1.2 Path parameter encoding

As seen in table 1, there are some functions that expect parameters in the URI, the **path parameters**. It can be observed that the path parameters are part of the URI and are wrapped with curly brackets (for example, the "filename" in "/runtime/model/{filename}"). Caution: do not confuse **query parameters** with path parameters.

Before the function call, these parameters should be encoded based on the UTF-16 encoding table. Every character of the parameter should be replaced with the corresponding **decimal value** of the UTF-16 table, and every encoded character should be separated from the other characters with an un-encoded dash ("-") character.

For a better understanding check the example below:

REST function call:

PUT	/runtime/model/{filename}	filename	-	TEXT	Deploys the model contained in the given filename
-----	---------------------------	----------	---	------	---

Un-encoded URI: http://localhost:8081/runtime/model/foobar

Encoded URI: http://localhost:8081/runtime/model/102-111-111-98-97-114

1.3 Event Types

As said before, the API allows subscription to specific ARE event types. To consume SSE events, the client must be able to achieve communication using SSE technology. SSE library implementations are available for almost any well-known programming language (java, C#, JavaScript etc).

A subscription can be conducted per event type. Each event received by a client, will contain a message from a pre-defined set. The client should check this message in order to retrieve details regarding the event. The event types and their corresponding messages can be found in table 2.

Event type	Event messages	Description
model_changed	pre_deploy_event	Notifies the subscribers that a new
	post_deploy_event	model was deployed or is going to
		be deployed
model_state_changed	pre_start_event	Notifies the subscribers that an
	post_start_event	event occurred, which has affected
	pre_stop_event	or is going to affect the runtime
	post_stop_event	model state
	pre_pause_event	
	post_pause_event	
	pre_resume_event	
	post_resume_event	
event Channel_transmission	see JSON objects section	Notifies the subscribers that an ARE
	- EventChannel SSE	runtime model event was triggered
		through a specific eventChannel
dataChannel_transmission	see JSON objects section	Notifies the subscribers that an ARE
	- DataChannel SSE	runtime model event was triggered
		through a specific dataChannel
property_change	see JSON objects section	Notifies the subscribers that a
	– PropertyChange SSE	property value of a component has
		been changed

Table 2: Event Types

1.4 Port Datatypes

Every **component port** in an AsTeRICS model can transmit data of some specific type. A REST client is able to register a listener for a port and receive data being sent from this port. Below you can find the available port datatype and the corresponding string representations.

Datatype type	Datatype string value
STRING	string
DOUBLE	double
INTEGER	integer
CHAR	char
BYTE	byte
BOOLEAN	boolean
UNKNOWN	unknown

Table 3: Port datatypes

The port datatype can be obtained using this rest call

GET	/runtime/model/components/ {componentId}/ports/{portId}/ datatype	componentid, portid	-	TEXT	Returns the datatype of the specified port
-----	---	---------------------	---	------	--

and the expected return value is one of the fields in the "Datatype string value" column of Table 3.

2 REST API Client libraries

To enable easier REST API accessibility, communication libraries were created that simplify the whole procedure.

2.1 JavaScript Client library

To install the JavaScript library in a webpage these steps have to be followed:

- 1) Import the 'ARECommunicator.js' file in the html page.
- 2) Import 'JSmap.js' file in the html page.
- Import a script that provides jQuery functionality.
 (i.e. "http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.7.1/jquery.min.js")

(For testing purposes, a simple implementation of a JavaScript client was created and it can be found here:

https://github.com/asterics/AsTeRICS/tree/master/ARE RestAPIlibraries/clientExample/client.html)

Before calling ARE functions, the baseURI has to be set. This is the URI where ARE runs at. For example:

```
setBaseURI("http://localhost:8081/rest/");
```

To call any REST function, we have to provide two callback functions: a successCallback and an errorCallback such as the example below

```
//downloadDeployedModel
function DDM() {
    downloadDeployedModel(DDM_successCallback, DDM_errorCallback);
}

function DDM_successCallback(data, HTTPstatus) {
    alert(data);
}

function DDM_errorCallback(HTTPstatus, AREerrorMessage) {
    alert(AREerrorMessage);
}
```

Furthermore, the 'subscribe' function is opening a persistent connection with ARE. Using an event mechanism based on Server Sent Events (SSE) specifications, it listens to the connection for broadcasted messages. Additionally, the event type (Table 2) name must be provided, to specify what type of events to listen for. The concept still remains the same, as a success-Callback function and an error-Callback function must be provided. The unsubscribe function does not use any rest calls since it closes the connection from the browser's side.

In the next page, Table 4 describes each method provided by the library.

2.1.1 Java Script Library Functions

Function Signature	Description			
downloadDeployedModel(sCB1, eCB)	Retrieves the currently deployed model in			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	XML			
uploadModel(sCB1, eCB, modelinXML)	Deploys the model given as a parameter			
deployModelFromFile(sCB1, eCB, filename)	Deploys the model contained in the given			
deploymoden form ne(0000) mendiner	filename			
startModel(sCB1, eCB)	Changes the state of the deployed model to			
stopModel(sCB1, eCB)	STARTED, PAUSED, STOPPED			
pauseMolel(sCB1, eCB)	3171(125,1710325,3101125			
getModelState(sCB1, eCB)	Returns the state of the deployed model			
autorun(CB1, eCB, filename)	Deploys and starts the model in the given			
autorum(eb1, eeb, mename)	filename			
getRuntimeComponentIds(sCB1, eCB)	Retrieves all the component ids contained in			
gettantimecomponentias(seb1, ecb)	the currently deployed model (as JSON			
	array)			
getRuntimeComponentPropertyKeys(sCB2, eCB,	Returns all property keys of the component			
componentId)	with the given componentld in the currently			
·	deployed model (as JSON array)			
getRuntimeComponentProperty(sCB1, eCB,	Retrieves a property value of a specific			
componentId, componentKey)	component, in the currently deployed			
	model			
setRuntimeComponentProperty(sCB1, eCB,	Changes a property value of a specific			
componentId, componentKey, value)	component, in the currently deployed			
	model			
setRuntimeComponentProperties(sCB1, eCB,	Changes multiple property values of a			
propertyMap)	runtime component(s) (propertyMap – see			
	JSON objects section)			
getComponentInputPortIds(sCB1, eCB, componentId)	Returns the input port ids of the specified			
	component			
getComponentOutputPortIds(sCB1, eCB, componentId	Returns the output port ids of the specified			
	component			
getPortDatatype(sCB1, eCB, componentId, portId)	Returns the datatype of the specified port			
sendDataToInputPort(sCB1, eCB, componentId, portId,	Sends data ("value") to a specific port of a			
value)	component in the running model. Returns			
	"success" or an error message.			
getEventChannelsIds(sCB1, eCB)	Returns all the event channel ids of the			
	current model (as JSON array)			
getEventChannelSource(sCB1, eCB, channelId) *3	Returns the source (channel edge object) of			
	a specific event channel			
getEventChannelTarget(sCB1, eCB, channelId) *3	Returns the target (channel edge object) of			
	a specific event channel			
getComponentEventChannelsIds(sCB1, eCB,	Returns the event channel ids of the given			
componentId)	component			
getDataChannelsIds(sCB1, eCB)	Returns all the data channel ids of the			
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getDataChannelSource(sCB1, eCB, channelId) *3	Returns the source (channel edge object) of
	a specific data channel
getDataChannelTarget(sCB1, eCB, channelId) *3	Returns the target (channel edge object) of
	a specific data channel
getComponentDataChannelsIds(sCB1, eCB,	Returns the data channel ids of the given
componentId)	component
downloadModelFromFile(sCB1, eCB, filename)	Returns an xml representation of a model in
	a specific file
storeModel(sCB1, eCB, filename, modelinXML)	Stores a model in the given filename
deleteModelFromFile(sCB1, eCB, filename)	Deletes the model with the given filename
listStoredModels(sCB2, eCB)	Retrieves the model names that are saved in
	the ARE repository (as JSON array)
getComponentDescriptorsAsXml(sCB2, eCB)	Returns an xml string containing the
	descriptors of the created components with
	some modifications in order to be used by
	the webACS
getComponentDescriptorsAsJSON(sCB2, eCB) *1	Retrieves the exact content of the
	component descriptors contained in the
	ARE repository (as JSON array)
getRestFunctions(sCB2, eCB) *2	Retrieves the information for all the
	available rest functions provided by the
	Restful API (as JSON array with Function
	objects)
subscribe(sCB1, eCB, eventType)	Opens a persistent connection with ARE and
	listens for Server Sent Events. The
	'eventType' parameter is a string and
	accepts the values defined in Table 2, 'Event
	Type' column.
unsubscribe(eventType)	Closes the connection for Server Sent
	Events. Returns true if the unsubscription
	was successful and false otherwise. The
	'eventType' parameter is a string and
Table 4: JavaScript Client	accepts the values defined in Table 2, 'Event
	Type' column.

sCB1: successCallback(textData, HTTPstatus)

sCB2: successCallback(array, HTTPstatus)

eCB: errorCallback(HTTPstatus, AREerrorMessage)

*1: Component object (see JSON objects section)

*2: Function object (see JSON objects section)

*3: Channel edge object (see JSON objects section)

Keep in mind:

A browser limits the number of persistent connections to 4-6 (varies from browser to browser), so use your SSEs wisely!

2.1.2JSON OBJECTS

Object Name	Example
Function	{ "path": "/runtime/model", "description": "Retrieves the currently deployed model in
	XML",
	"httpRequestType": "GET", "bodyParameter": "",
	"consumes": "",
	"produces": "text/xml"
	}
Component	{ "canonicalName":"eu.asterics.component.processor", "type":"PROCESSOR",
	"id":"asterics.StringDispatcher",
	"description":"Send text from chosen slot", "singleton":false,
	"inputPorts":[
	{
	"type":"INPUT",
	"multiplicity":null, "description":"Send the string from the slot defined by
	the incoming value",
	"portID":"slotDispatch",
	"dataType":"INTEGER",
	"propertyNames":null
	}
], "outputPorts":[
	{
	"type":"OUTPUT",
	"description":"Output text",
	"portID":"output",
	"dataType":"STRING",
	"propertyNames":null
],
	"eventTriggererPorts":[
],
	"ports":[
	l

```
"type":"INPUT",
                          "multiplicity":null,
                          "description": "Send the string from the slot defined by
                     the incoming value",
                          "portID": "slotDispatch",
                          "dataType":"INTEGER",
                          "propertyNames":null
                        },
                          "type":"OUTPUT",
                          "description": "Output text",
                          "portID":"output",
                          "dataType":"STRING",
                          "propertyNames":null
                        }
                       ],
                       "eventPorts":[
                          "id": "dispatchSlot1",
                          "description": "Send text from slot 1"
                        }
                       ],
                       "eventListenerPorts":[
                          "id": "dispatchSlot1",
                          "description": "Send text from slot 1"
                       ],
                       "propertyNames":[
                         "delay",
                         "slot1"
 Channel edge
                       "component": "Timer.1",
                       "eventPort", "start"
 EventChannel
                     "channelId": "enterZone_start",
       SSE
                     "targetComponentId":"Timer.1"
                     }
DataChannel SSE
                     "channelld": "binding.11",
                     "data":"100.0"
PropertyChange
```

Table 5: JSON objects

2.2 Java Client library (currently not up-to-date)

Environment specs:

1) Recommended IDE: eclipse

2) Recommended Java version: 7

To import, test or modify the Java library in an IDE, follow these steps:

- 1) Create a simple java project in your IDE.
- 2) Navigate to the destination where the Java library is located and copy the 'lib' and 'models' folders to the root of your project.
- 3) Copy the contents of 'src' folder to the 'src' folder of your project.
- 4) Add all the jar files which are located inside 'lib' folder to your project build path.
- 5) Run 'JavaClient.java' class located inside the 'tester' package to test that everything works as expected.

To use the Java library in our own project, follow these steps:

- 1) Add 'ARECommunicator.jar' file to the build path of our project.
- 2) Add the jar files contained in the 'lib' folder to the build path of our project.

When installation is completed, the procedure of communicating with ARE is reduced to plain calls of Java methods of an object.

As with JavaScript library, the baseURI has to be set:

```
ARECommunicator areCommunicator = new ARECommunicator("http://localhost:8081/rest/");
```

and when this is done, you are able to call any method you desire:

```
areCommunicator.startModel();
```

Furthermore, the 'subscribe' function is opening a persistent connection with the ARE. Using an event mechanism based on Server Sent Events (SSE) specifications, it listens to the connection for broadcasted messages. Additionally, the eventType name must be provided, to specify what type of events to listen for. To achieve this functionality, the <u>Jersey SSE java library</u> was used.

In the next page, Table 5 describes each method provided by the library.

2.2.1 Java Library Methods

Function Signature	Description
String downloadDeployedModel()	Retrieves the currently deployed model
	in XML
String uploadModel(String modelinXML)	Deploys the model given as a parameter
String deployModelFromFile(String filename)	Deploys the model contained in the
	given filename
String startModel()	Changes the state of the deployed
String stopModel()	model to STARTED, PAUSED, STOPPED
String pauseModel()	
String getModelState()	Retrieves the state of the deployed model
String autorun(String filename)	Deploys and starts the model in the given filename
String[] getRuntimeComponentIds()	Retrieves all the components contained in the currently deployed model
String[] getRuntimeComponentPropertyKeys(String	Retrieves all property keys of the
componentId)	component with the given componentId
	in the currently deployed model
String getRuntimeComponentProperty(String	Retrieves property value of a specific
componentId, String componentKey)	component, in the currently deployed model
String setRuntimeComponentProperty(String	Changes a property value of a specific
componentId, String componentKey, String value)	component, in the currently deployed
	model
String sendDataToInputPort(String componentId, String	Sends data to a port of a component in
portId , String value)	the currently deployed model
String downloadModelFromFile(String filename)	Retrieves an xml representation of a
	model in a specific file
String storeModel(String filename, String modelinXML)	Stores a model in the given filename
String deleteModelFromFile(String filename)	Deletes the model with the given filename
String[] listStoredModels()	Retrieves a list with all the model that
	are saved in the ARE repository
String getComponentDescriptorsAsXml()	Returns an xml string containing the
	descriptors of the created components
	with some modifications in order to be
	used by the webACS
List<string></string> getComponentDescriptorsAsJSON()	Retrieves the exact content of the
	component descriptors contained in the
	ARE repository (as JSON array)
ArrayList <restfunction> functions()</restfunction>	Retrieves a list with all the available rest
1 1 (0.1	functions
subscribe(String eventType)	Subscribes the IP that sent the request
Ecosystem infrastructure for smart and personalised inclusion and	to the event mechanism
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unsubscribe(String eventType)	Unsubscribes the IP that sent the
	request to the event mechanism

Table 6: Java Client Functions