

PROJECT FINAL REPORT

STUDENT RECORDS

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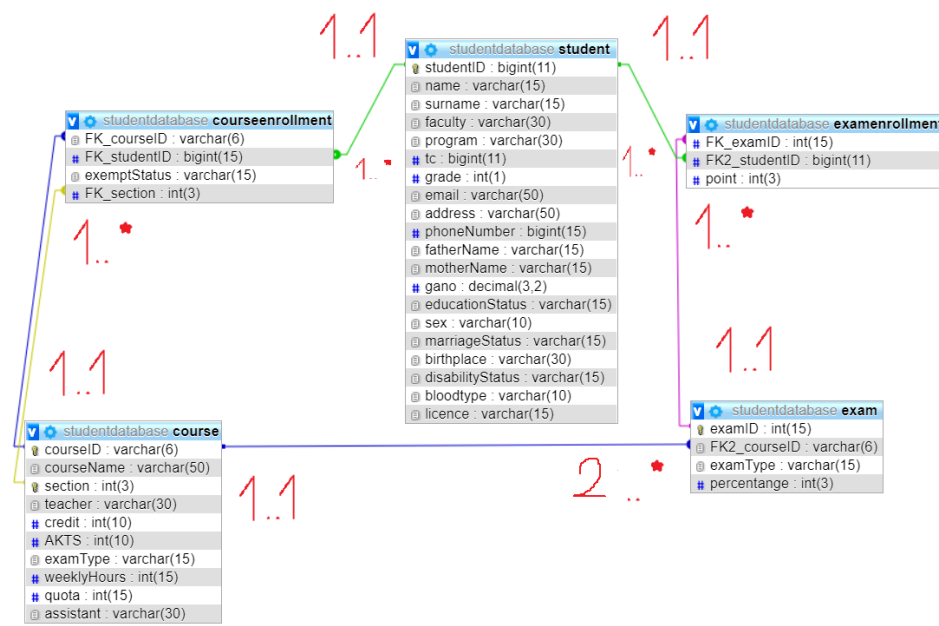
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After our first assignment making the transition from UNF table to 3NF table and inserting the data into them with our ER diagram ready we fixed some issues that were present in our ER diagram logic. And went on to implementing the UI and the queries requested from us. Our now fixed and fully working creating the tables and inserting data queries are included in the ZIP file.

This Is Our Final ER Diagram



First we made the student table. It includes personal and student information of the individual. It has the studentID primary key. It connects to the enrollment tables by this key.

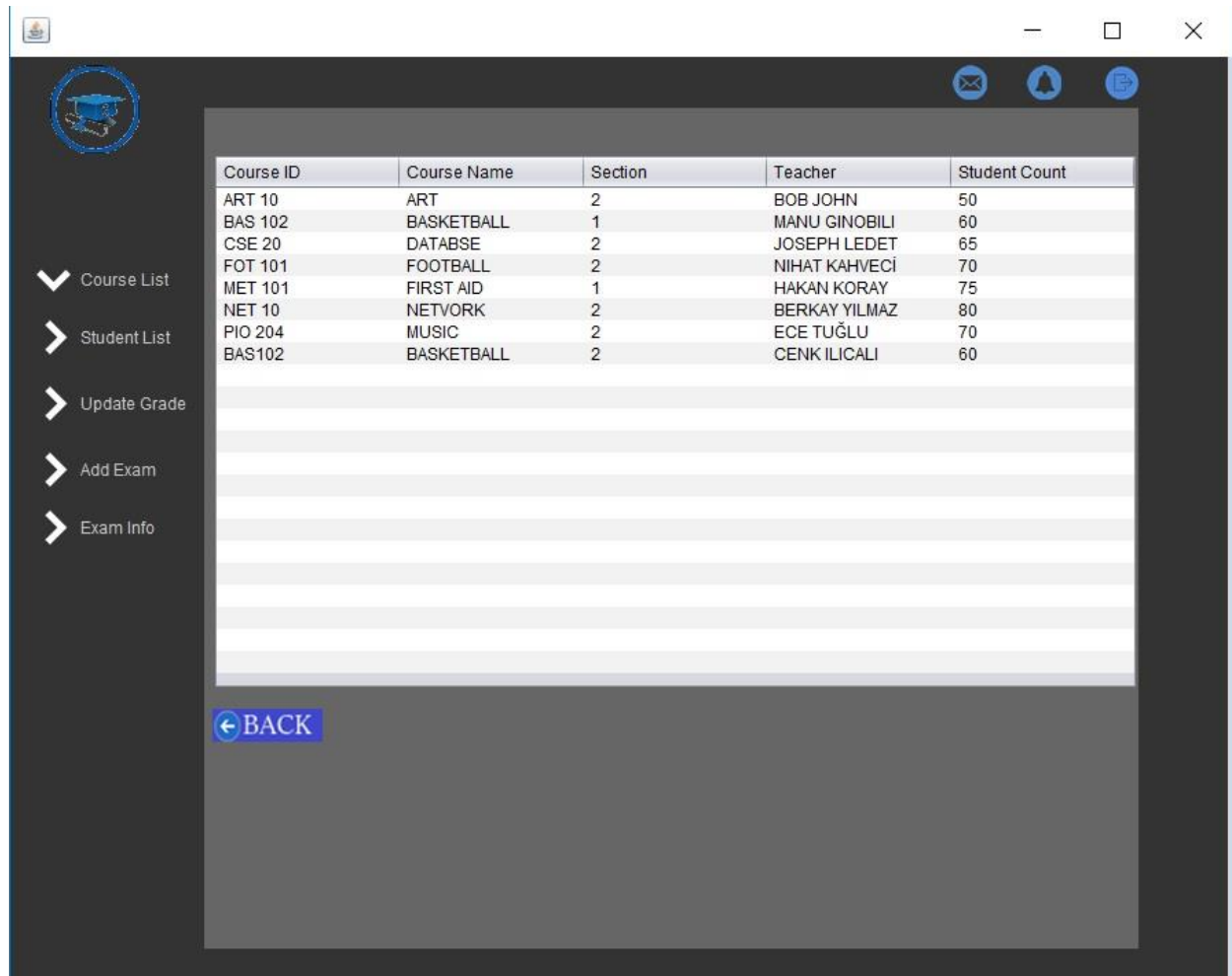
Secondly since students take courses we created the course table and connected it to the course enrollment table that keeps track of which course the student is enrolled in. Course table has the information regarding the course which has attributes like course name , credit , it's teacher etc. It has a composite primary key by using the courseID and the section attributes, since different sections of the same course has the same courseID. It connects to the enrollment table by using the courseID attribute. Enrollment table has the student's exempt status attribute as well.

Thirdly we created the exam table since courses had to have exams to pass them. It has the examID primary key. This table is connected to the exam enrollment table that keeps track of which exams the student participated in and which course it belongs to. Exam table has attributes like it's percentage of the total grade and type be it midterm,final or quiz etc. Exam enrollment table has the student's grade on that exam.

On the relation side of the diagram logically a student can have one or more courses, a course must have at least two or more exams. Similarly a course can have one or more students and an exam must have one or more participating student.

After we made our database ready we went on to make the interface and the requested queries from our customer simultaneously since we had to make extra queries based on our UI's requested input and similarly we had to take account the queries to make the UI.

This Is Our User Interface



This is the first page of our UI. It lists courses that are currently being taught in that semester and the total count of students that are taking that course.

The screenshot shows a web application window with a dark sidebar on the left and a light gray main content area. The sidebar contains a logo at the top and a list of navigation items: 'Course List', 'Student List', 'Update Grade' (which is selected and has a checkmark), 'Add Exam', and 'Exam Info'. The main content area has the title 'Update Grade' at the top. Below the title are three dropdown menus: 'COURSE NAME' with 'ART' selected, 'EXAM TYPE' with 'MIDTERM' selected, and 'STUDENT ID' with '20130101003' selected. Below these is a text input field labeled 'Update Grade'. At the bottom left is a blue button with a left arrow and the text 'BACK'. At the bottom right is a blue button with the text 'Apply'.

Update Grade

COURSE NAME

EXAM TYPE

STUDENT ID

Update Grade

[← BACK](#) [Apply](#)

Third feature we have on our interface is to update a student's grade that they received on a specific exam. It lists the courses in a combo box when the course is selected the second combo box lists the exams that are currently in the database for that course. When selected third combo box lists the students that participated in that exam. By selecting all three the user can input the new grade on the text field and click apply to finish the process.

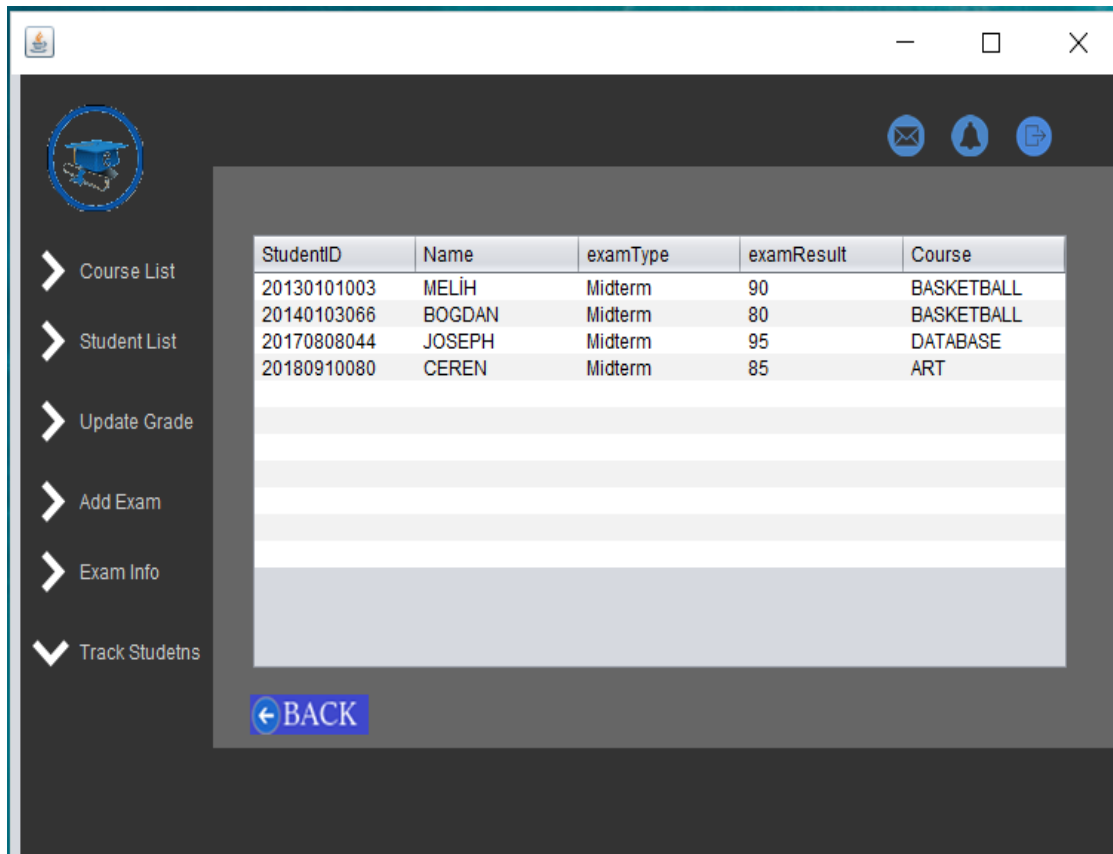
The screenshot shows a web application window with a dark sidebar on the left and a light gray main content area. The sidebar contains a circular logo at the top and a list of navigation items: 'Course List', 'Student List', 'Update Grade', 'Add Exam' (which is highlighted with a white checkmark), and 'Exam Info'. The main content area has three form fields: 'Course Name' with a dropdown menu showing 'ART', 'Exam Type' with a dropdown menu showing 'MIDTERM', and 'Percentage' with an empty text input field. At the bottom left of the main area is a blue button with a left arrow and the text 'BACK'. At the bottom right is a blue button with the text 'Apply'. The window has standard OS controls (minimize, maximize, close) in the top right corner.

Course Name	ART
Exam Type	MIDTERM
Percentage	

Another feature is adding an exam to a course. The user is asked to select a course that they are supposed to add an exam to. Then they will be prompted to select an exam type by another combo box. After which they will input the percentage the exam will have on the final grade.

The screenshot shows a web application window with a dark sidebar and a light blue main content area. The sidebar contains a logo at the top and a list of navigation items: 'Course List', 'Student List', 'Update Grade', 'Add Exam', and 'Exam Info'. The main content area has a form with two fields: 'Course Name' with a dropdown menu currently showing 'ART', and 'Student ID' with a text input field. Below the form are two buttons: 'BACK' and 'DELETE'.

Another feature our application has is the option to remove a student from a course and all associated exams. The user selects a course and inputs a studentID. After clicking the delete button the student will be deleted from that course.



Lastly we created a view to see students' exam results and which course they are enrolled to make our user's experience smoother.

These Are Our Queries For The Interface

1. SELECT c.courseID , c.courseName , c.section , c.teacher ,
COUNT(c.courseID) AS StudentCount

FROM course c , courseenrollment ce

WHERE c.courseID = ce.FK_courseID AND c.section = ce.FK_section

GROUP BY c.courseID , c.courseName , c.section , c.teacher

ORDER BY c.courseID

First query we have is for the combo box selection for the courses. Second query takes that input and pulls the students that currently enrolled in that course using the selected courseID.

2. SELECT DISTINCT courseID

FROM course

SELECT DISTINCT s.studentID , s.name , s.surname

FROM course c, student s, courseenrollment ce

WHERE s.studentID = ce.FK_studentID AND ce.FK_courseID = courseIDInput

The query works by pulling the courses from the course table and the count of the students from the course enrollment table connected by the courseID primary key.

3. SELECT DISTINCT courseID

FROM course

SELECT e.examType

FROM exam e, course c

WHERE courseIDInput = c.courseID AND c.courseID = e.FK2_courseID

SELECT s.studentID

FROM course c , exam e , examenrollment ee , courseenrollment ce , student s

WHERE e.examID = examIDInput AND e.examID = ee.FK_examID AND
ee.FK2_studentID = s.studentID AND c.courseID = ce.FK_courseID AND
ce.FK_studentID = s.studentID

UPDATE examenrollment

SET point = pointinput

WHERE examIDInput = FK_examID AND studentIDInput = FK2_studentID

The first query pulls the distinct courses from the database. The second query pulls the exam types according to the inputted course using courseID primary key. Similarly by using the two previous information it pulls the students' ID that took that exam using the connecting primary and foreign keys accordingly. After which the updated query is inputted then applied the database runs the update query that finishes the update application.

```
4. SELECT DISTINCT courseID
FROM course

SELECT e.examType
FROM exam e, course c
WHERE courseIDInput = c.courseID AND c.courseID=e.FK2_courseID

INSERT INTO exam (FK2_courseID, examType, percentage)
VALUES ('courseIDInput','examTypeInput','percentageInput');
```

The first query is for listing the courses from the database. Second query takes the inputted courseID and pulls the exam types for that course using the courseID primary key.

After inputting the percentage on the text field the third query takes these values and inserts them to the exam table in the database.

5. SELECT DISTINCT courseID

FROM course

DELETE FROM courseenrollment

WHERE courseIDInput = FK_courseID AND studentIDInput = FK_studentID
(BECAUSE CASCADE)

The first query lists the courses that are currently in the database. The second query takes the selected courseID and inputted studentID from the text field and puts them in a where clause in the delete query. Since keys are connected by CASCADE ON DELETE restriction. The exams the student is associated with will be deleted.

6. CREATE VIEW studentGrades

AS SELECT DISTINCT

s.studentID,s.name,s.surname,c.courseID , c.courseName , e.examType, ee.point

FROM examenrollment ee, exam e , course c , courseenrollment ce, student s

WHERE s.studentID = ee.FK2_studentID AND ee.FK_examID = e.examID AND
e.FK2_courseID = c.courseID AND c.courseID = ce.FK_courseID AND
ce.FK_studentID = s.studentID

This query pulls distinct information about the students' from the connected tables and separates them according to the studentID primary key with help from the other keys to connect the tables.

Thank You For Reading!

This concludes our project. We actually managed to connect the login page to the database on our own computers but it probably won't work on another computer. Thanks for teaching us SQL to the best of your ability and making us improve by assigning this project. Have a good day.