Topics in Database Theory – Homework 3

September 17, 2023

1 The AGM Bound

1. (0 points)
   (a) Consider the following query:

$$Q(x, y, z, u, v, w) = R(x, y) \wedge S(y, z) \wedge T(y, u) \wedge K(u, v) \wedge M(x, w)$$

   Assume that $|R| = |S| = |T| = |K| = |M| \leq N$.
      i. Find the maximum size of the output to the query Q
      ii. Find a worst-case database instance where the query Q has the bound you found above.

   (b) Consider the query:

$$Q(x, y, z, u) = R(x, y) \wedge S(y, z) \wedge T(z, u) \wedge K(u, x)$$

   Suppose the four relations have cardinalities N_1, N_2, N_3, N_4.
   Give a formula that represents a tight upper bound on $|Q|$. Your formula should use the cardinalities N_1, N_2, N_3, N_4 and operations like $+, \times, /, \hat{}, \max$, for example $\max(N_1/N_2, N_3^{3/2} + N_4)$ (not a real answer).

   (c) Consider the same query as above, and repeat your answer for the case when y is a key in S:

$$Q(x, y, z, u) = R(x, y) \wedge S(\underline{y}, z) \wedge T(z, u) \wedge K(u, x)$$

2 Information Inequalities

2. (0 points)

(a) Consider the following query:

$$Q(x,y,z,u) = R(x,y,z) \wedge S(y,z,u) \wedge T(z,u,x) \wedge K(u,x,y)$$

Prove that the following inequalities hold:

$$\begin{aligned} |Q| &\leq (|R| \cdot |S| \cdot |T| \cdot |K|)^{1/3} \\ |Q| &\leq |R| \cdot \max(\mathsf{deg}_S(u|yz)) \\ |Q| &\leq |T| \cdot \max(\mathsf{deg}_K(y|ux)) \end{aligned}$$

(b) Consider the following query:

$$\begin{aligned} Q(x,y,z,u,v,w) = &R(x,y,z) \wedge S(z,u,v) \wedge T(v,w,x) \\ &\wedge A(y,z,u) \wedge B(u,v,w) \wedge C(w,x,y) \end{aligned}$$

Prove the following inequality:

$$|Q| \leq \sqrt{|R| \cdot |S| \cdot |T| \cdot \max(\mathsf{deg}_A(y|zu)) \cdot \max(\mathsf{deg}_B(u|vw)) \cdot \max(\mathsf{deg}_C(w|xy))}$$

(c) Prove the following inequality:

$$\begin{aligned} &h(xyz) + h(zuv) + h(vwx) + h(yuw) + \\ &h(y|x) + h(z|y) + h(u|z) + h(v|u) + h(w|v) + h(x|w) \geq 3h(xyzuvw) \end{aligned}$$

More details about information inequalities can be found in [1].

References

[1] D. Suciu. Applications of information inequalities to database theory problems. In *LICS*, pages 1–30, 2023.