Graphs, Heaps

Exam-Level 08: October 16, 2023

1 Graph Conceptuals

- (a) Answer the following questions as either **True** or **False** and provide a brief explanation:
 - 1. If a graph with n vertices has n-1 edges, it **must** be a tree.
 - 2. Every edge is looked at exactly twice in each full run of DFS on a connected, undirected graph.
 - 3. In BFS, let d(v) be the minimum number of edges between a vertex v and the start vertex. For any two vertices u, v in the fringe (recall that the fringe in BFS is a queue), |d(u) d(v)| is always less than 2.
- (b) Given an undirected graph, provide an algorithm that returns true if a cycle exists in the graph, and false otherwise. Also, provide a Θ bound for the worst case runtime of your algorithm.

2 Fill in the Blanks

Fill in the following blanks related to min-heaps. Let N is the number of elements in the min-heap. For the entirety of this question, assume the elements in the min-heap are **distinct**.

removeMin has a best case runtime of ______ and a worst case runtime of ______.
 insert has a best case runtime of ______ and a worst case runtime of ______.
 A ______ or _____ traversal on a min-heap may output the elements in sorted order. Assume there are at least 3 elements in the min-heap.
 The fourth smallest element in a min-heap with 1000 distinct elements can appear in _____ places in the heap. (Feel free to draw the heap in the space below.)

- 5. Given a min-heap with $2^N 1$ distinct elements, for an element
 - to be on the second level it must be less than ______ element(s) and greater than _____ element(s).
 - to be on the bottommost level it must be less than ______ element(s) and greater than _____ element(s).

Hint: A complete binary tree (with a full last-level) has $2^N - 1$ elements, with N being the number of levels. (Feel free to draw the heap in the space below.)

3 Heap Mystery

We are given the following array representing a min-heap where each letter represents a **unique** number. Assume the root of the min-heap is at index zero, i.e. A is the root. Our task is to figure out the numeric ordering of the letters. Therefore, there is **no** significance of the alphabetical ordering. i.e. just because B precedes C in the alphabet, we do not know if B is less than or greater than C.

Four unknown operations are then executed on the min-heap. An operation is either a removeMin or an insert. The resulting state of the min-heap is shown below.

Array: [-, A, E, B, D, X, F, G]

(a) Determine the operations executed and their appropriate order. The first operation has already been filled in for you!

Hint: Which elements are gone? Which elements are newly added? Which elements are removed and then added back?

- 1. removeMin()
 2. ______
 3. _____
- (b) Fill in the following comparisons with either >, <, or ? if unknown. We recommend considering which elements were compared to reach the final array.
 - 1. X ____ D
 - 2. X ____ C
 - 3. B ____ C
 - 4. G ____ X