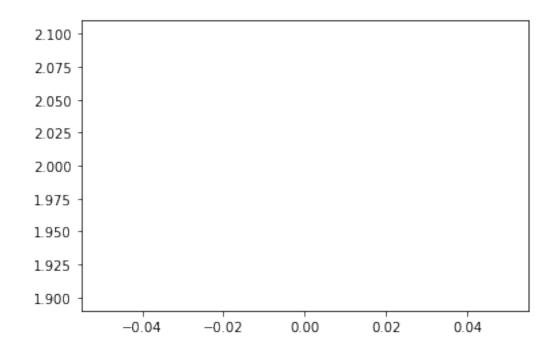
Question 1. Assign x to the smallest prime number.

```
In [2]: x = 2 # SOLUTION
In []: grader.check("q1")
```

Question 2. Visualize the answer

```
In [8]: ## solution ##
    plt.plot(x); # SOLUTION NO PROMPT
    """ # BEGIN PROMPT
    plt.plot(...);
    """ # END PROMPT
```

Out[8]: ' # BEGIN PROMPT\nplt.plot(...);\n'



This cell is not part of a question.

```
In [9]: y = 3
```

Question 3. Define square and assign nine to 3 squared.

Question 4. What does equilateral mean?

Type your answer here, replacing this text.

SOLUTION: Having equal side lengths.

Question 5. Approximate the area and circumference of a circle with radius 3.

```
In [15]: pi = 3.14
    if True:
        # BEGIN SOLUTION
        radius = 3
        area = radius * pi * pi
        # END SOLUTION
        print('A circle with radius', radius, 'has area', area)

def circumference(r):
        # BEGIN SOLUTION NO PROMPT
        return 2 * pi * r
        # END SOLUTION
```

```
""" # BEGIN PROMPT

# Next, define a circumference function.
pass
"""; # END PROMPT
```

A circle with radius 3 has area 29.5788

```
In [16]: # This question has no tests.
```

Question 6. Write something

This question has a custom prompt below, so that prompt should be in the output. It also has no solution!

Write your thing here.

SOLUTION: some thing

Question 7: What is the answer?

Type your answer here, replacing this text.

SOLUTION: 42

Question 8: Test intercell seeding by generating 10 random N(4,2) numbers.

You're done!

The code below is an example of student-exposed plugins.

```
In [20]: grader.run_plugin("myotterpackage.MyOtterPlugin", pi, z, foo=circumference, bar=None, something
```

0.1 Submission

Make sure you have run all cells in your notebook in order before running the cell below, so that all images/graphs appear in the output. The cell below will generate a zip file for you to submit. **Please save before exporting!**