

# SAMPLING, WEIGHTING AND ESTIMATION

## EXERCISE 3

Stefan Zins, Matthias Sand  
and Jan-Philipp Kolb

GESIS - Leibniz Institute  
for the Social Sciences

January 29, 2016

- 1 Download the data set for Germany of the 5th ESS-Round (Country File and Sampling Data)  
`http://www.europeansocialsurvey.org/data/country.html?c=germany`
- 2 Estimate the design effect using the variables `dweight`, `PSU` and `agea` (model based approach)  
**Advice:** The variable `PSU` has to be a factor
- 3 Calculate the effective sample size

## MODEL BASED APPROACH

$$\hat{deff} = \hat{deff}_\rho * \hat{deff}_c = n \frac{\sum_{h=1}^l d_h^2 n_h}{(\sum_{h=1}^l d_h n_h)^2} * (1 + (b^* - 1)\rho)$$

$$\hat{\rho}^{AOV} = \frac{MSB - MSW}{MSB + (K - 1)MSW}$$

$$MSB = \frac{SSB}{l - 1}; \quad MSW = \frac{SSW}{n - l}; \quad K = \frac{1}{l - 1} \left( n - \sum_{h=1}^l \frac{n_h^2}{n} \right);$$

$$b^* = \frac{\sum_{l=1}^L (\sum_{i=1}^{n_h} w_{li})^2}{\sum_{l=1}^L \sum_{i=1}^{n_h} w_{li}^2}$$

$n_h$  is the number of units per cluster;  $b^*$  is the average cluster size;  $\rho$  reflects the Intraclass Correlation Coefficient (ICC)

⇒  $deff_\rho$  captures the design effect due to unequal inclusion probabilities

## Obtaining *MSB*, *MSW* and *b\**:

```
Ger.d <- read.spss("ESS5DE.spss/ESS5DE.sav",
                  to.data.frame = TRUE,
                  use.value.labels = TRUE)
Ger.ctrtry <- read.spss("ESS5_DE_SDDF.spss/ESS5_DE_SDDF.por",
                      to.data.frame = TRUE,
                      use.value.labels = TRUE)

colnames(Ger.d)[5] <- "IDNO"
Ger <- merge(Ger.d, Ger.ctrtry, by="IDNO", all.x = TRUE)
Ger$PSU <- as.factor(Ger$PSU)
n <- nrow(Ger)
L <- length(unique(Ger$PSU))
```

## Obtaining *MSB*, *MSW* and $b^*$ :

```
## deffc
b <- sum(tapply(Ger$dweight, Ger$PSU,
               function(x) sum(x^2)))/sum(Ger$dweight^2)
# Calculate an anova for the regression model Age by PSU
# (Coule also be any other Variable)
SS <- anova(lm(as.numeric(Ger$agea)~Ger$PSU))
# MSB and MSW are the means of SSB and SSW
MSB <- SS$`Mean Sq`[1]
MSW <- SS$`Mean Sq`[2]
```

- 1 Download the following R-Script: [https://github.com/BernStZi/SamplingAndEstimation/blob/short/tutorial/Samples\\_for\\_EX4.R](https://github.com/BernStZi/SamplingAndEstimation/blob/short/tutorial/Samples_for_EX4.R) to generate a Multistage- and a Cluster- Sample for the belgianmunicipalities data set
- 2 Calculate the mean income
- 3 Estimate the mean income from both samples, using the `survey` package and compare the results