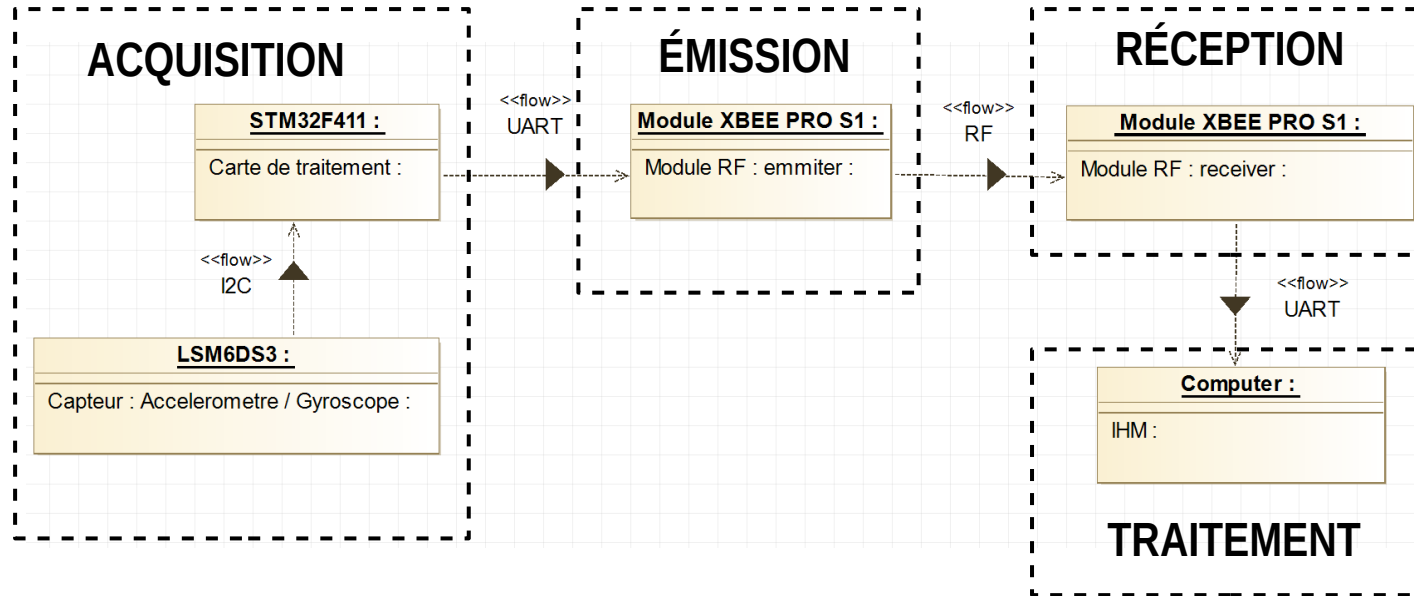


Projet EMB

Mise en service du
LSM6DS3

ARCHITECTURE DU SYSTÈME

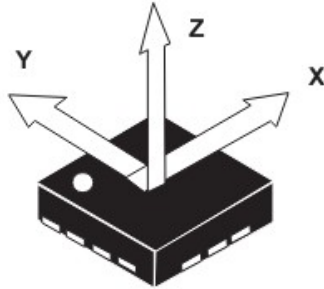


ACQUISITION

Le LSM6DS3 : (STMicroelectronics)

Accéléromètre 3D

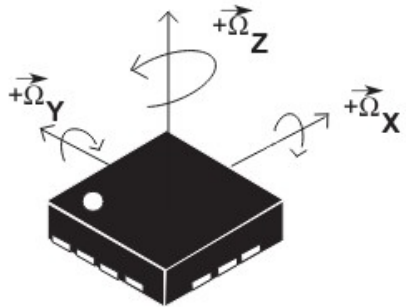
Type : MEMS
Range : $\pm 2/\pm 4/\pm 8/\pm 16$ g



(TOP VIEW)
DIRECTION OF THE
DETECTABLE
ACCELERATIONS

Gyroscope 3D

$\pm 125/\pm 245/\pm 500/\pm 1000/\pm 2000$ dps.



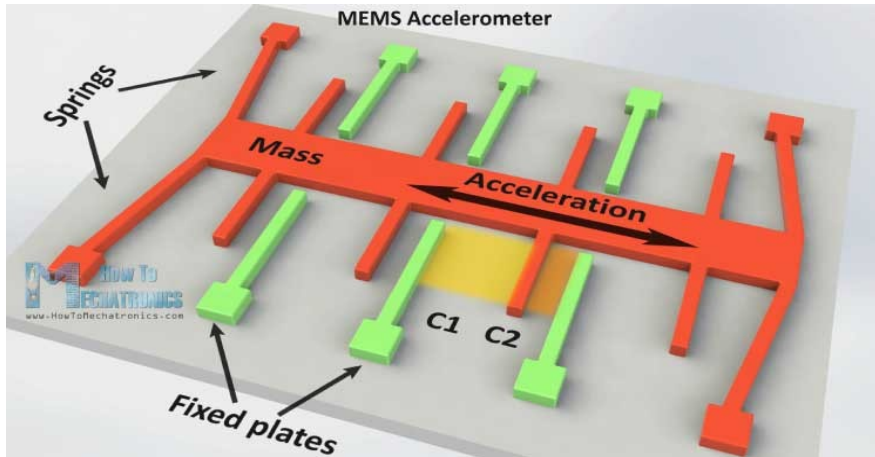
(TOP VIEW)
DIRECTIONS OF THE
DETECTABLE
ANGULAR RATES



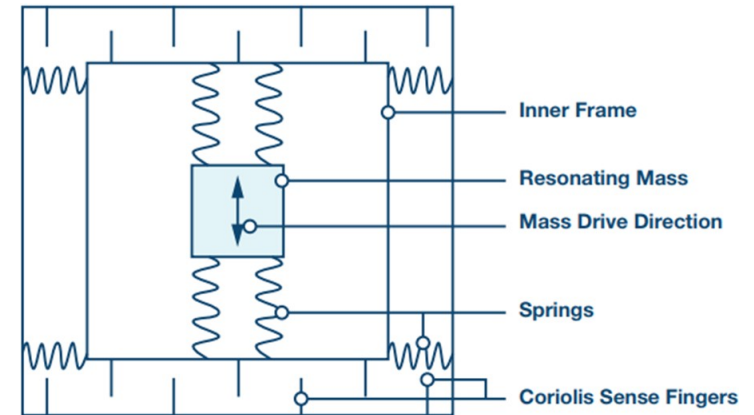
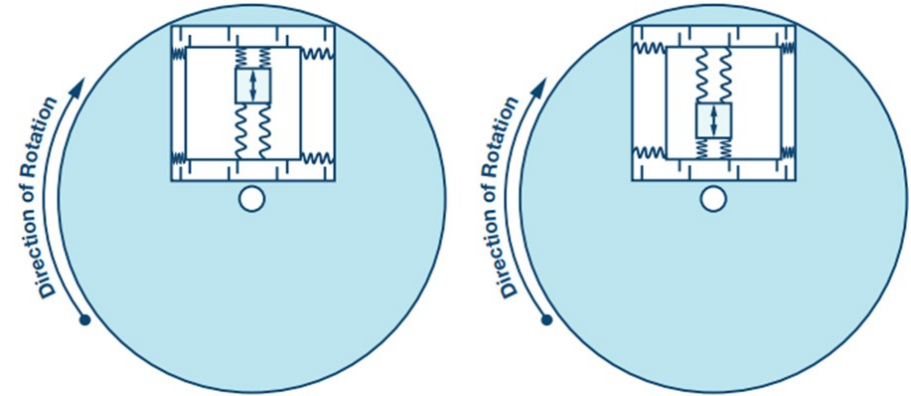
Module Grove - 3-Axis Digital Accelerometer v1.0

Principe Physique

Accéléromètre 3D

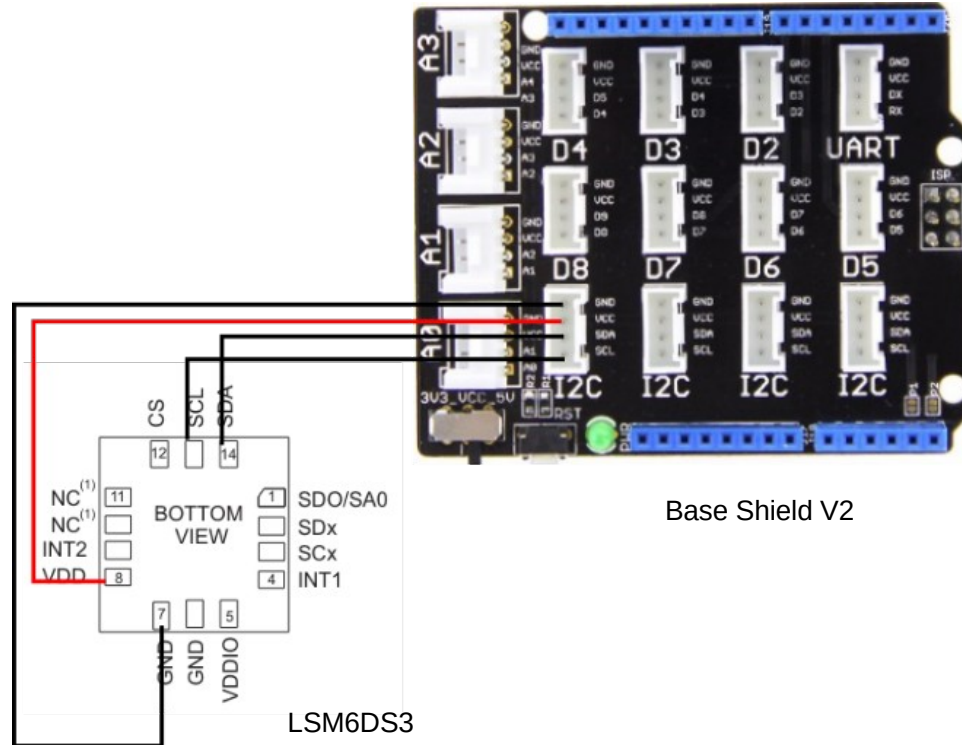


Gyroscope 3D



COMMUNICATION I2C

Hardware



Déterminer le SAD

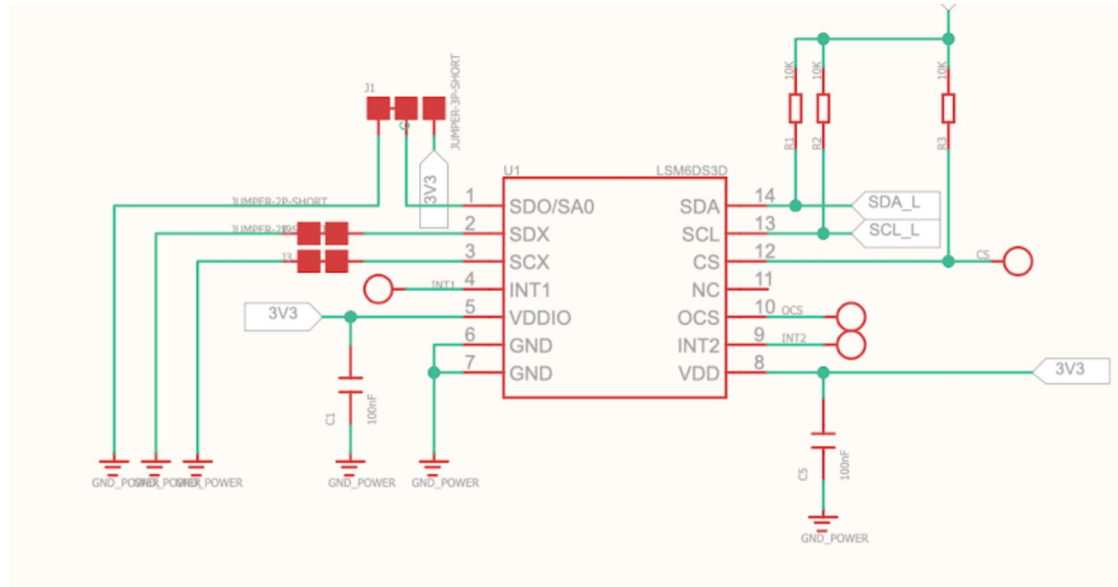


Table 11. SAD+Read/Write patterns

Command	SAD[6:1]	SAD[0] = SA0	R/W	SAD+R/W
Read	110101	0	1	11010101 (D5h)
Write	110101	0	0	11010100 (D4h)
Read	110101	1	1	11010111 (D7h)
Write	110101	1	0	11010110 (D6h)

Lecture d'un registre

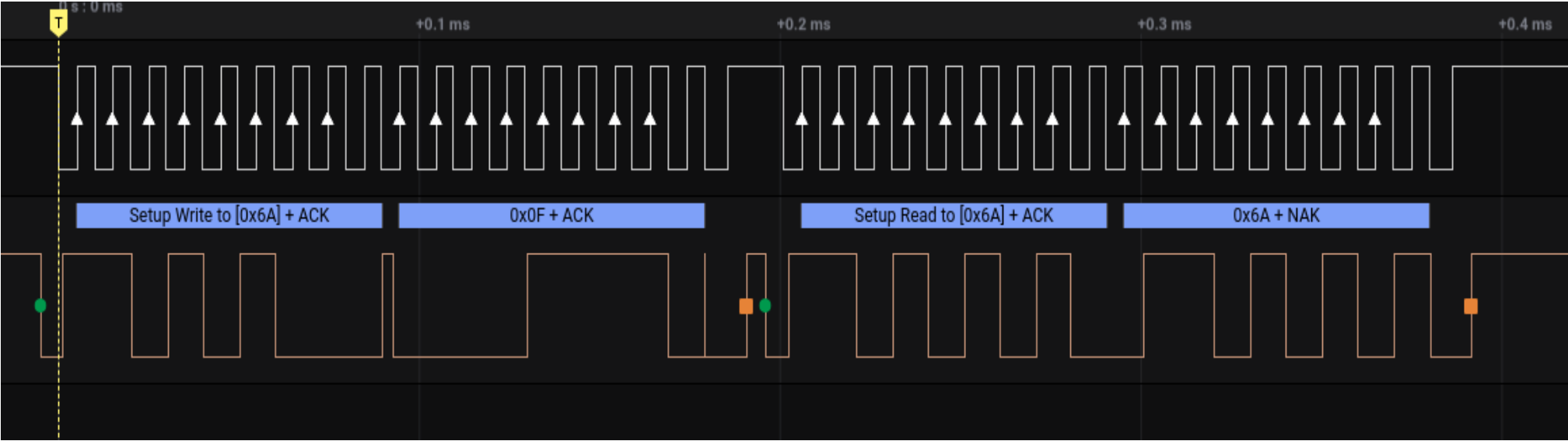
```
int main(void)
{

    HAL_Init(); // passage par stm32f4xx_hal_msp.c : configuration des broches
    SystemClock_Config();

    uart2_Init();          // CABLE
    //tickTimer_Init(3000); // 3000 ms
    i2c1_Init();           // Modifier stm32f4xx_hal_msp.c pour configurer les broches
    //spi1Init();          // Modifier stm32f4xx_hal_msp.c pour configurer les broches
    HAL_Delay(500);
    uart6_Init();
    //-----
    // TEST I2C
    // LECTURE WHOAMI
    uint16_t slaveAdd = 0xD5;
    uint16_t rdata[1];
    uint16_t wdata[1];

    rdata[0] = 0x00;
    wdata[0] = 0x00;

    i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, 0x0F, rdata, 1);
    term_printf6("data reg = %d \n\r", rdata[0]);
}
```



Capture d'une trame I2C (Read) avec un Analyseur logique et Logic

Master	ST	SAD + W		SUB		SR	SAD + R			NMAK	SP
Slave			SAK		SAK			SAK	DATA		

Communication I2C : LSMDS3 datasheet

Software

```
//set the gyroscope control register to work at 104 Hz, 2000 dps and in bypass mode
uint16_t GC_data[1];

GC_data[0] = 0x4C;
i2c1_WriteRegBuffer(0xD4, LSM6DS3_CTRL2_G , GC_data, 1);

// Set the Accelerometer control register to work at 104 Hz, 4G, and in bypass mode and enable ODR/4
uint16_t AC_data[1];

AC_data[0] = 0x4A;
i2c1_WriteRegBuffer(0xD4, LSM6DS3_CTRL1_XL , AC_data, 1);

// set gyroscope power mode to high performance and bandwidth to 16 MHz
uint16_t GP_data[1];

GP_data[0] = 0x00;
i2c1_WriteRegBuffer(0xD4, LSM6DS3_CTRL7_G , GP_data, 1);

// Set the ODR config register to ODR/4
uint16_t ODR_data[1];

ODR_data[0] = 0x09;
i2c1_WriteRegBuffer(0xD4, LSM6DS3_CTRL8_XL , ODR_data , 1);

uint16_t redata[1];

redata[0]= 0x00;
i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_CTRL8_XL, redata, 1);
term_printf6("data reg = %d",redata[0]);
```

Code C++ (2)

```
uint8_t buffer[1];

int8_t buffer00[1];

uint8_t buffer1[1];

int8_t buffer01[1];

uint8_t buffer2[1];

int8_t buffer02[1];

float gx, gy, gz, ax, ay, az;
```

Code C++ (3)

```

while(1)
{

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTX_L_G,  buffer, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTX_H_G,  buffer00, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTY_L_G,  buffer1, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTY_H_G,  buffer01, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTZ_L_G,  buffer2, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTZ_H_G,  buffer02, 1);


gx = (((int16_t)buffer00[0] << 8)| buffer [0]) * 2000.0 / 32768.0;
gy = (((int16_t)buffer01[0] << 8)| buffer1 [0]) * 2000.0 / 32768.0;
gz = (((int16_t)buffer02[0]<< 8)| buffer2 [0]) * 2000.0 / 32768.0;

```

```

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTX_L_XL,  buffer, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTX_H_XL,  buffer00, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTY_L_XL,  buffer1, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTY_H_XL,  buffer01, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTZ_L_XL,  buffer2, 1);

i2c1_ReadRegBuffer(slaveAdd, LSM6DS3_OUTZ_H_XL,  buffer02, 1);


ax = (float)((((int16_t)buffer00[0] << 8) | buffer [0])) * (4.0 / 32768.0);
ay = (float)((((int16_t)buffer01[0] << 8) | buffer1 [0])) * (4.0 / 32768.0);
az = (float)((((int16_t)buffer02[0] << 8) | buffer2 [0])) * (4.0 / 32768.0);

term_printf6("gx=%f , gy=%f, gz=%f, ax=%f, ay=%f, az=%f \n\r",gx , gy, gz, ax, ay, az);

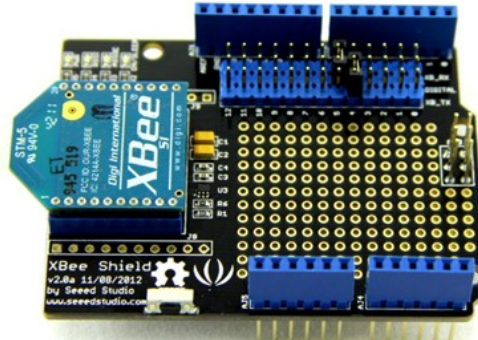
    HAL_Delay(1000); // 1000 ms
}
return 0;
}

```

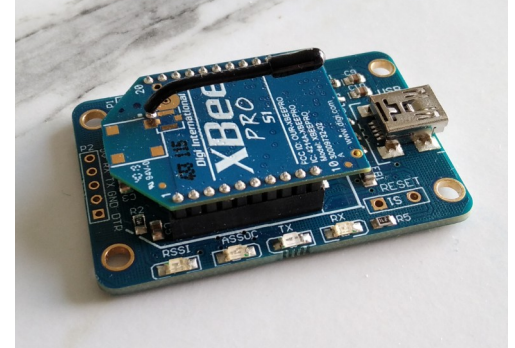
LIAISON ZIGBEE



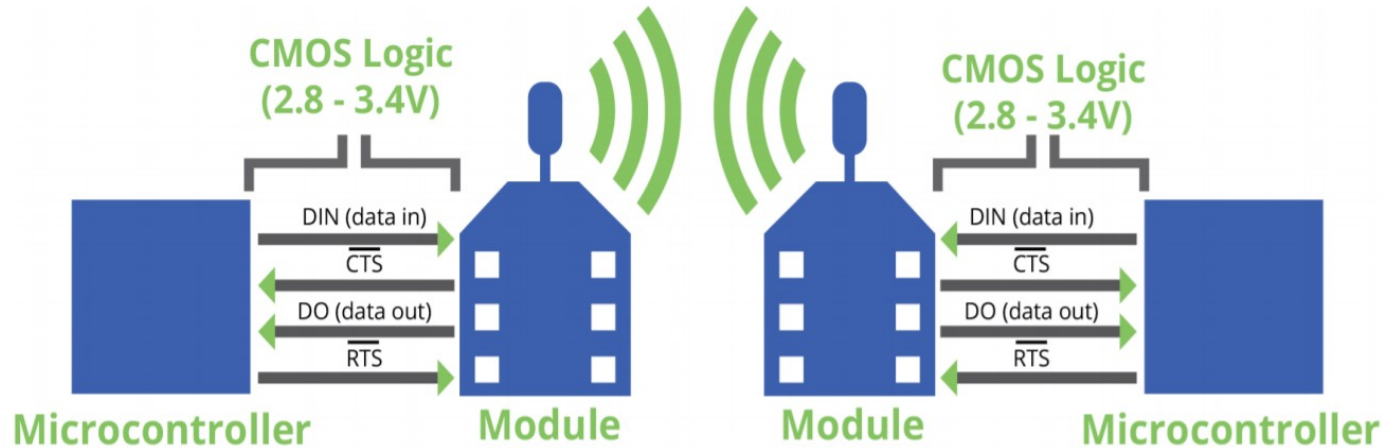
XBEE



XBEE SHIELD V2

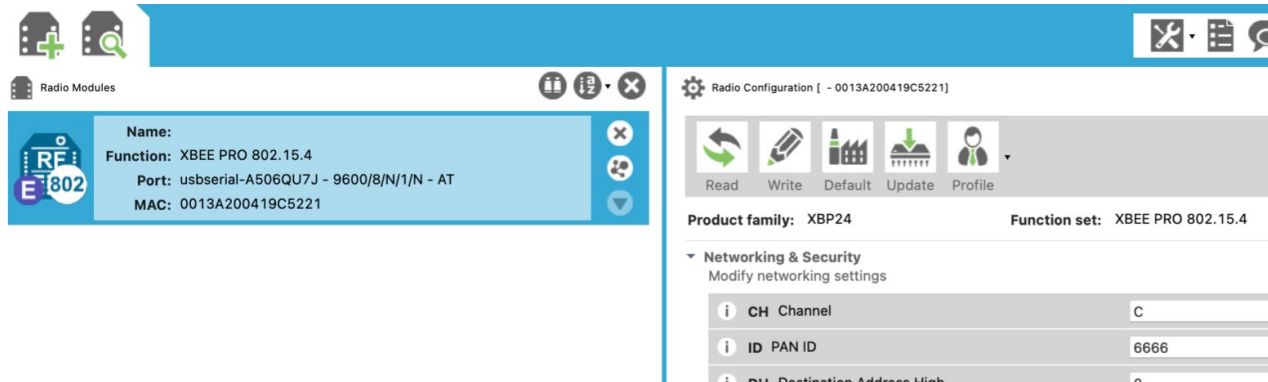


XBEE SHIELD USB



ZIGBEE datasheet

Paramétrage des identifiants



Radio Modules

Name:
XBEE PRO 802.15.4
Port: usbserial-A506QU7J - 9600/8/N/1/N - AT
MAC: 0013A200419C5221

Radio Configuration [- 0013A200419C5221]

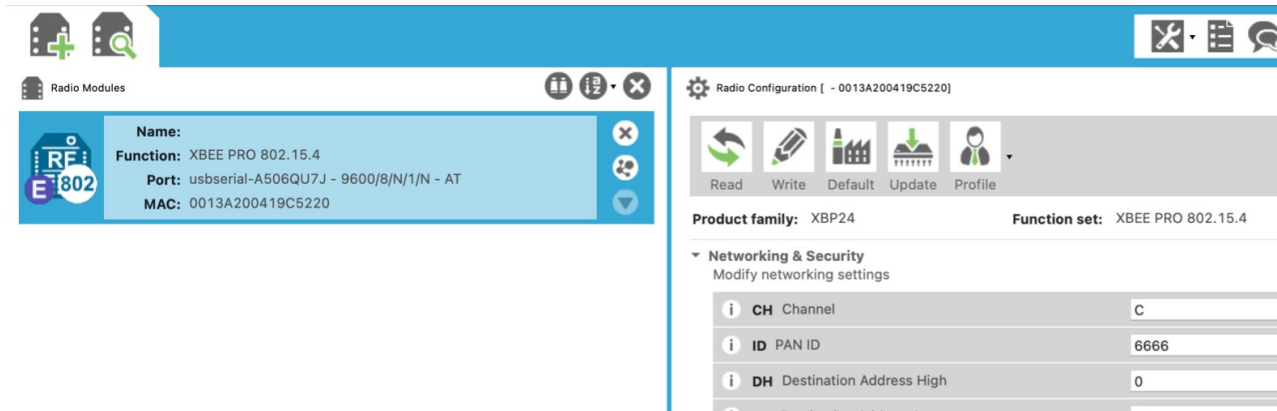
Read Write Default Update Profile

Product family: XBP24 **Function set:** XBEE PRO 802.15.4

Networking & Security
Modify networking settings

CH Channel	ID PAN ID	DH Destination Address High
C	6666	0

Changement ID : XCTU (1)



Radio Modules

Name:
XBEE PRO 802.15.4
Port: usbserial-A506QU7J - 9600/8/N/1/N - AT
MAC: 0013A200419C5220

Radio Configuration [- 0013A200419C5220]

Read Write Default Update Profile

Product family: XBP24 **Function set:** XBEE PRO 802.15.4

Networking & Security
Modify networking settings

CH Channel	ID PAN ID	DH Destination Address High
C	6666	0

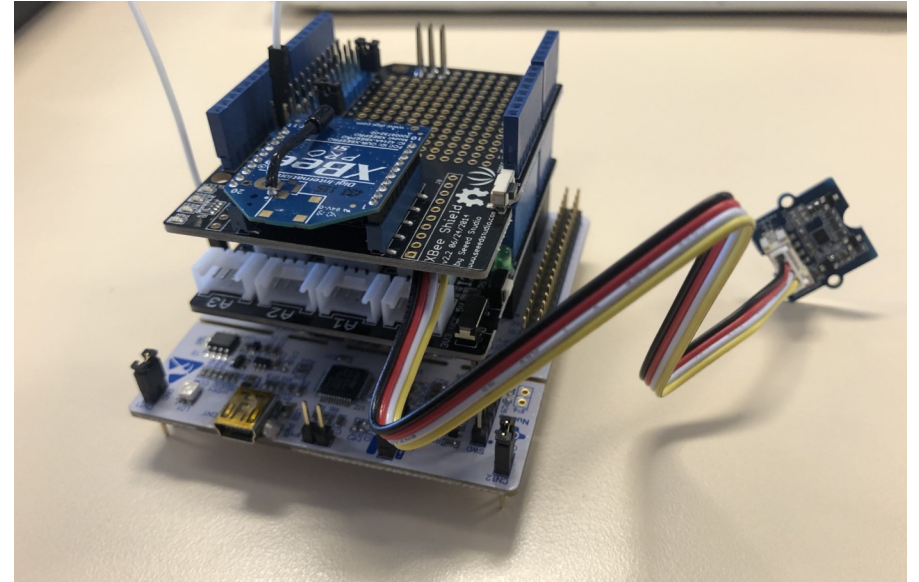
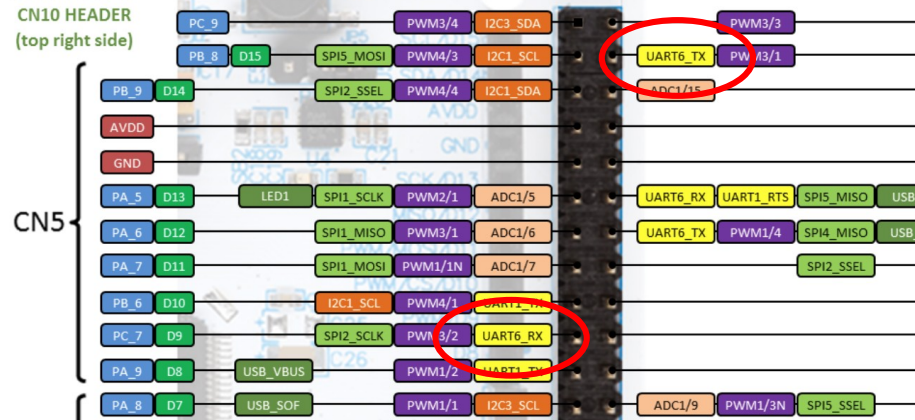
Changement ID : XCTU (2)

Hardware



NUCLEO-F411RE

CN10 HEADER
(top right side)

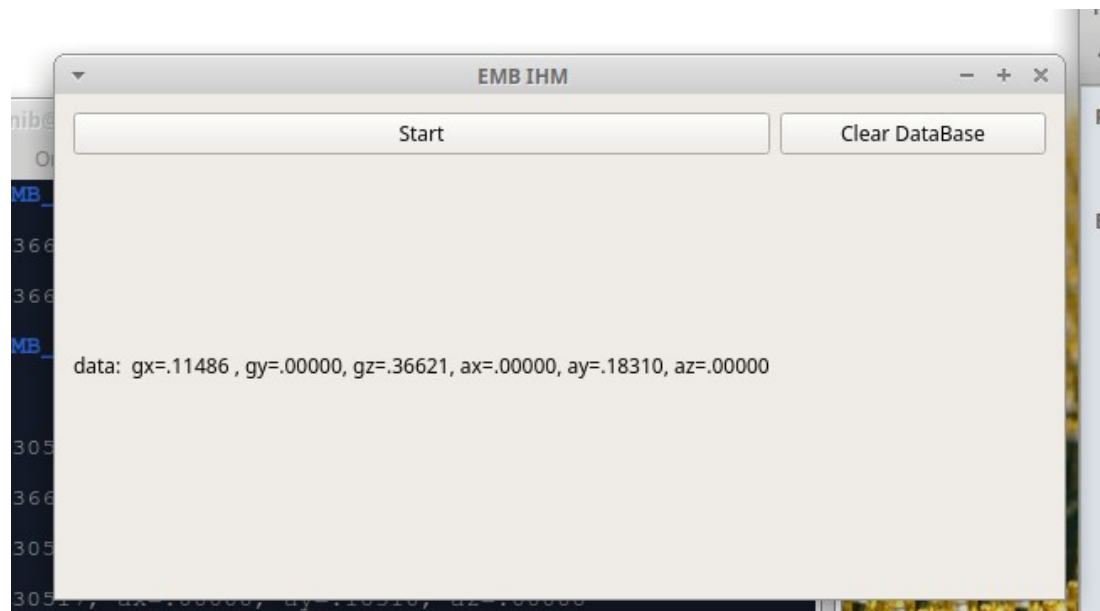


Initialisation de UART6

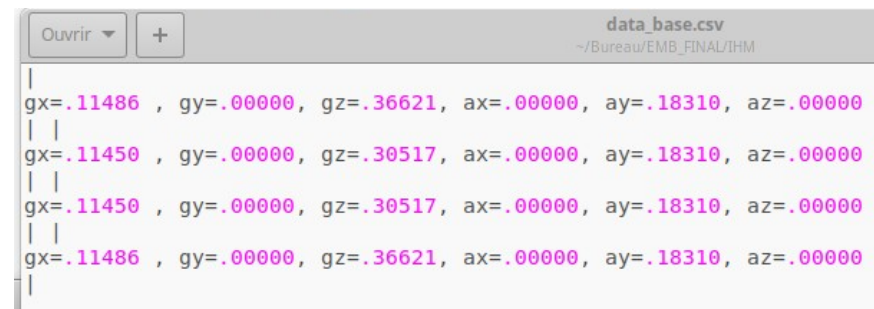
```
void uart2_Init(void);  
void uart6_Init(void);  
void term_printf2(const char* fmt, ...);  
void term_printf_stlink2(const char* fmt, ...);  
void term_printf6(const char* fmt, ...);  
void term_printf_stlink6(const char* fmt, ...);
```

drv_uart.h

IHM



IHM.py



data_base.csv

The screenshot shows the same data as the previous image, but displayed in a spreadsheet application (LibreOffice Calc). The data is organized into a table with 6 columns (A to F) and 10 rows. The data is as follows:

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1						
2	gx=.11486	gy=.00000	gz=.36621	ax=.00000	ay=.18310	az=.00000
3						
4	gx=.11450	gy=.00000	gz=.30517	ax=.00000	ay=.18310	az=.00000
5						
6	gx=.11450	gy=.00000	gz=.30517	ax=.00000	ay=.18310	az=.00000
7						
8	gx=.11486	gy=.00000	gz=.36621	ax=.00000	ay=.18310	az=.00000
9						
10						

data_base.csv


```

#initialisation du port série
def serial_init():
    ser = serial.Serial(
        port='/dev/ttyUSB0',\
        baudrate=9600,\
        parity=serial.PARITY_NONE,\
        stopbits=serial.STOPBITS_ONE,\
        bytesize=serial.EIGHTBITS,\
        timeout=0.05)
    print("port initialisé")
    return ser

```

```

def clear_database(self):
    self.database = [("")]*100
    with open('data_base.csv',mode='w') as data_base:
        data_base_writer = csv.writer(data_base)
        data_base_writer.writerow("")
    self.ctn = 0

def read_data(self):
    if (self.ser.in_waiting > 0):
        string = self.ser.readline()
        self.data = (string.decode('Ascii'))
        print(self.data)
        text = f'data: {self.data}'
        self.label.setText(text)
        self.database[self.ctn] = self.data
        self.send_csv(self.data)
        self.ctn = self.ctn + 1

def send_csv(self,data):
    with open('data_base.csv',mode='w') as data_base:
        data_base_writer = csv.writer(data_base,delimiter=' ',quotechar='|', quoting=csv.QUOTE_MINIMAL)
        data_base_writer.writerow(data)

```