



COMP6247 - **Reinforcement & Online Learning (MSc)**

Online Learning

Week 6: Sequential Monte Carlo

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School of Electronics & Computer Science
University of Southampton

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Recap: Monte Carlo Sampling

Basic Monte Carlo Sampling:

Approximate a target distribution by random sampling

$$p(\mathbf{y}) \approx \frac{1}{L} \sum_{\ell=1}^L \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y})$$

where $\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^{(\ell)} \sim p(\mathbf{y}) \forall \ell \in \{1, \dots, L\}$ and $\delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}(\mathbf{y}) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } \mathbf{y} = \tilde{\mathbf{y}} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

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Problems with Rejection Sampling:

- 1) Exponential decrease in acceptance rate with increasing dimensionality of \mathbf{y}
- 2) Multimodal distributions: Difficult to find a good proposal distribution

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Problems with Markov Chain Monte Carlo:

- 1) Successive samples are highly correlated
- 2) Iterative approach: Assume data is readily available in a single batch.

Lecture Overview

Week 4: Bayesian Inference

Week 5: Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC)

Week 6: Importance Sampling & Sequential Monte Carlo

- Part 1:** Importance Sampling
- Part 2:** Sequential Importance Sampling
- Part 3:** Sequential Monte Carlo (aka. Sequential Importance Resampling)

Learning Outcomes

Following this week's lecture on Sequential Monte Carlo methods, you should be able to:

- 1) Explain the difference between Importance Sampling, Sequential Importance Sampling, and Sequential Monte Carlo**
- 2) Analyse and mitigate degeneracy of sequential importance sampling methods;**
- 3) Apply sequential Monte Carlo for online learning.**

Further Reading

Textbook:

K. Murphy, "Chapter 23: Monte Carlo Inference," in *Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective*, MIT Press, 2012.

Tutorial Papers:

M. S. Arulampalam, S. Maskell, N. Gordon and T. Clapp, "A tutorial on particle filters for online nonlinear/non-Gaussian Bayesian tracking," in *IEEE Transactions on Signal Processing*, vol. 50, no. 2, 2002. doi: [10.1109/78.978374](https://doi.org/10.1109/78.978374)

A. Doucet, S. Godsill, & C. Andrieu, "On sequential Monte Carlo sampling methods for Bayesian filtering," in *Statistics and Computing* **10**, 2000. doi: [10.1023/A:1008935410038](https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1008935410038)

A. Doucet & A.M. Johansen, "A Tutorial on Particle Filtering and Smoothing: 15 Years Later," in *Oxford Handbook of Nonlinear Filtering*, Oxford University Press, 2011.

C. A. Naesseth, F. Lindsten and T. B. Schön, "Elements of Sequential Monte Carlo", *Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning*: Vol. 12: No. 3, 2019. doi: [10.1561/22000000074](https://doi.org/10.1561/22000000074) and arXiv: [1903.04797](https://arxiv.org/abs/1903.04797)

Importance Sampling

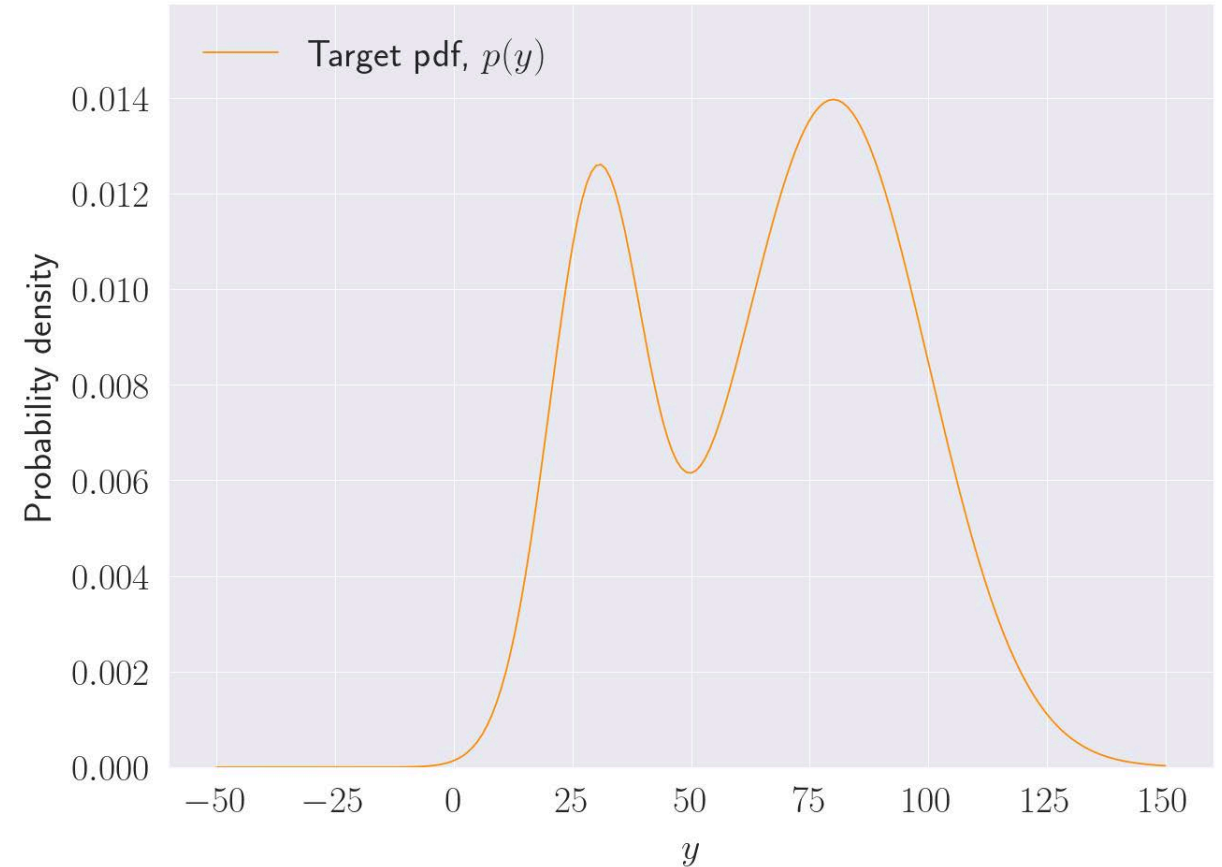
Importance Sampling Illustrated

Aim:

Penalise, rather than rejecting, samples

$$p(\mathbf{y}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}) d\mathbf{y}}$$

$p(\mathbf{y})$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y})$: Unnormalised target pdf
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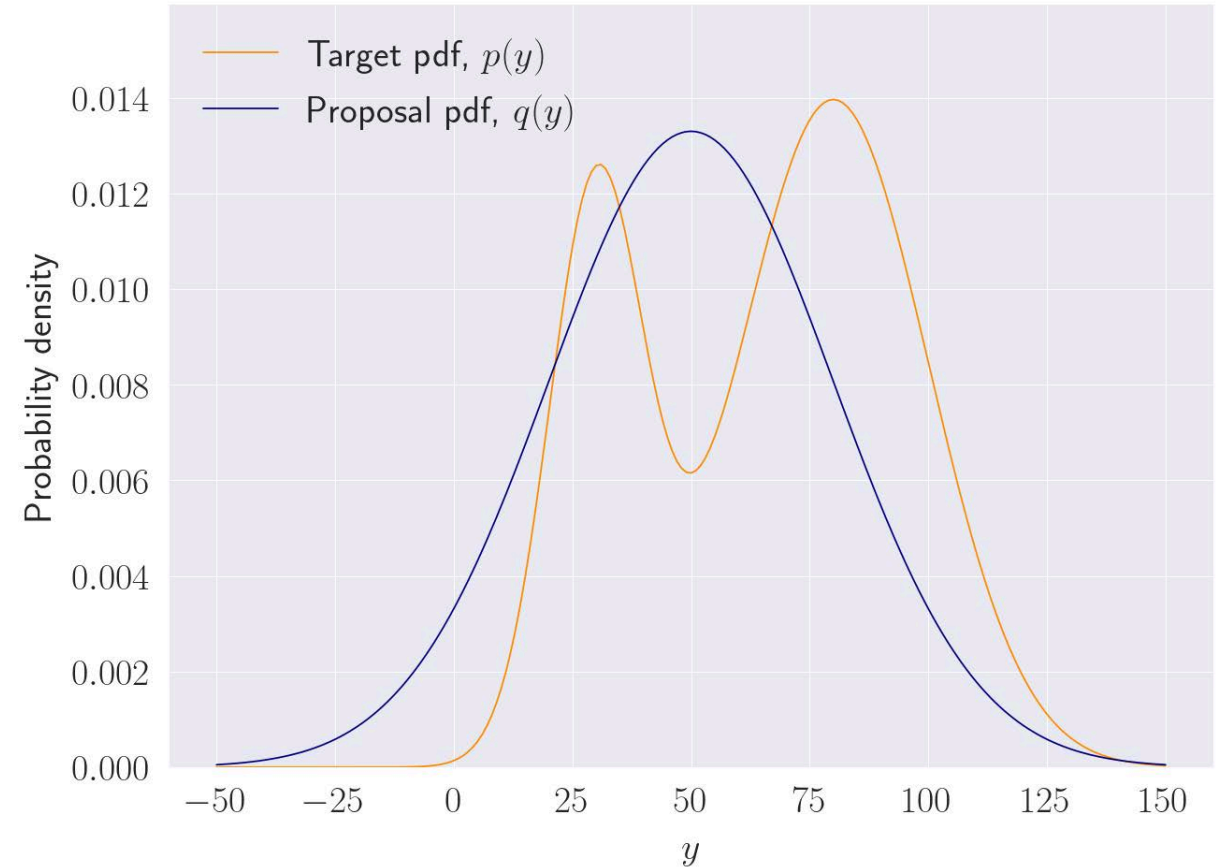
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i.e., proposal includes the support of the target pdf

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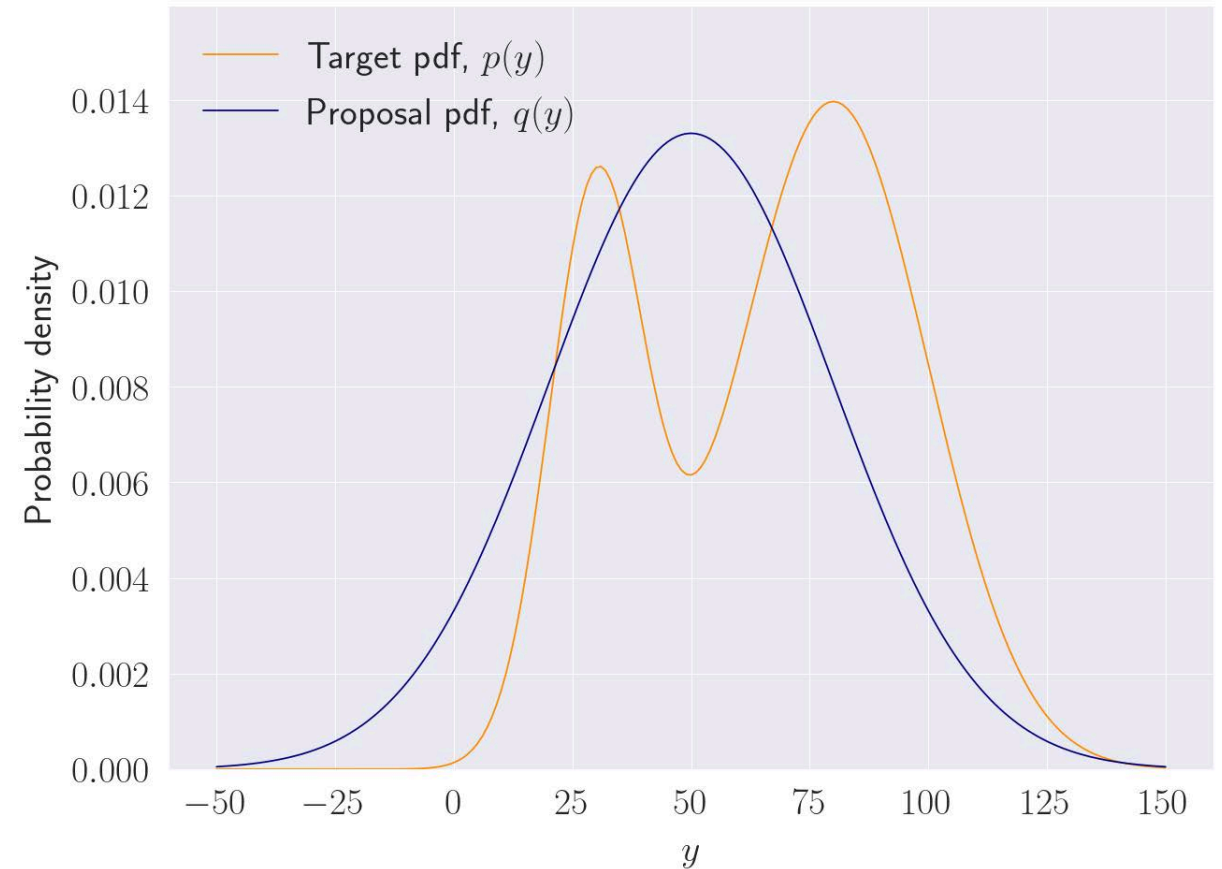
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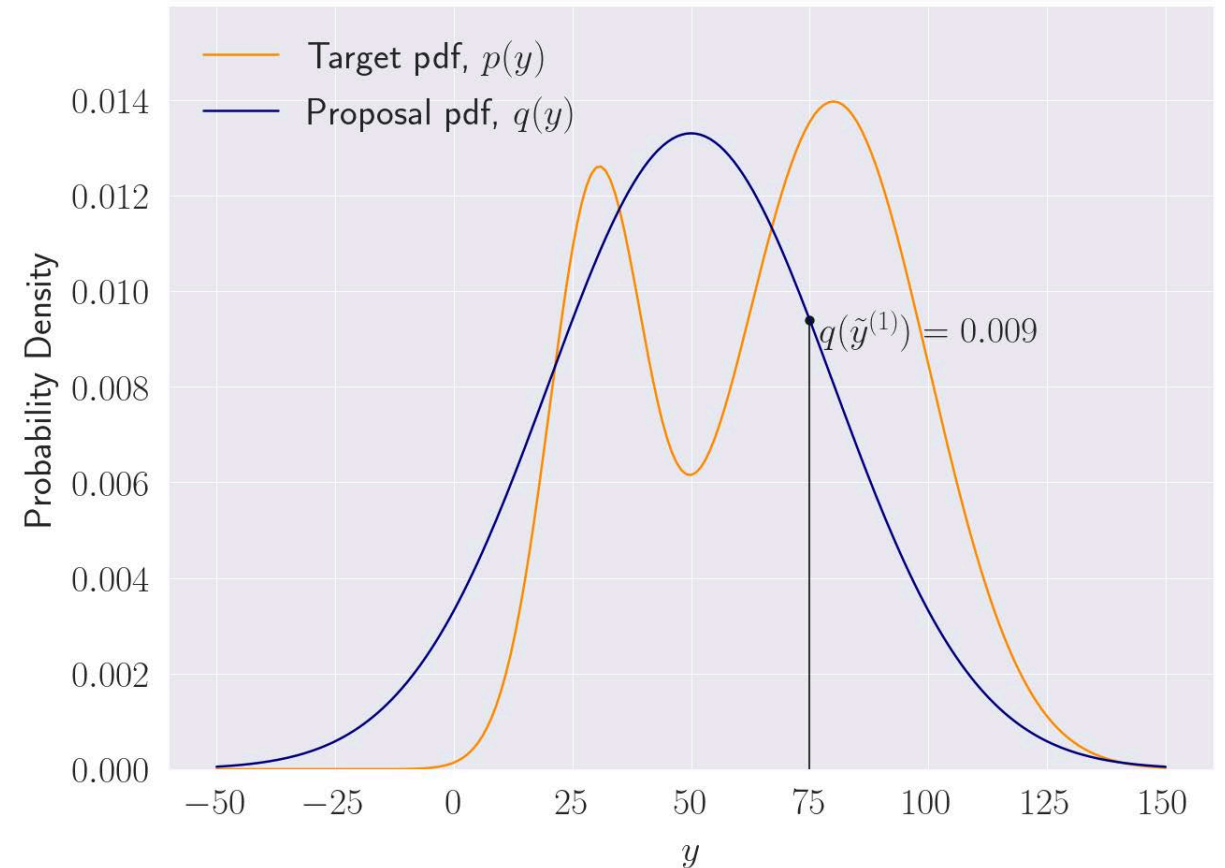
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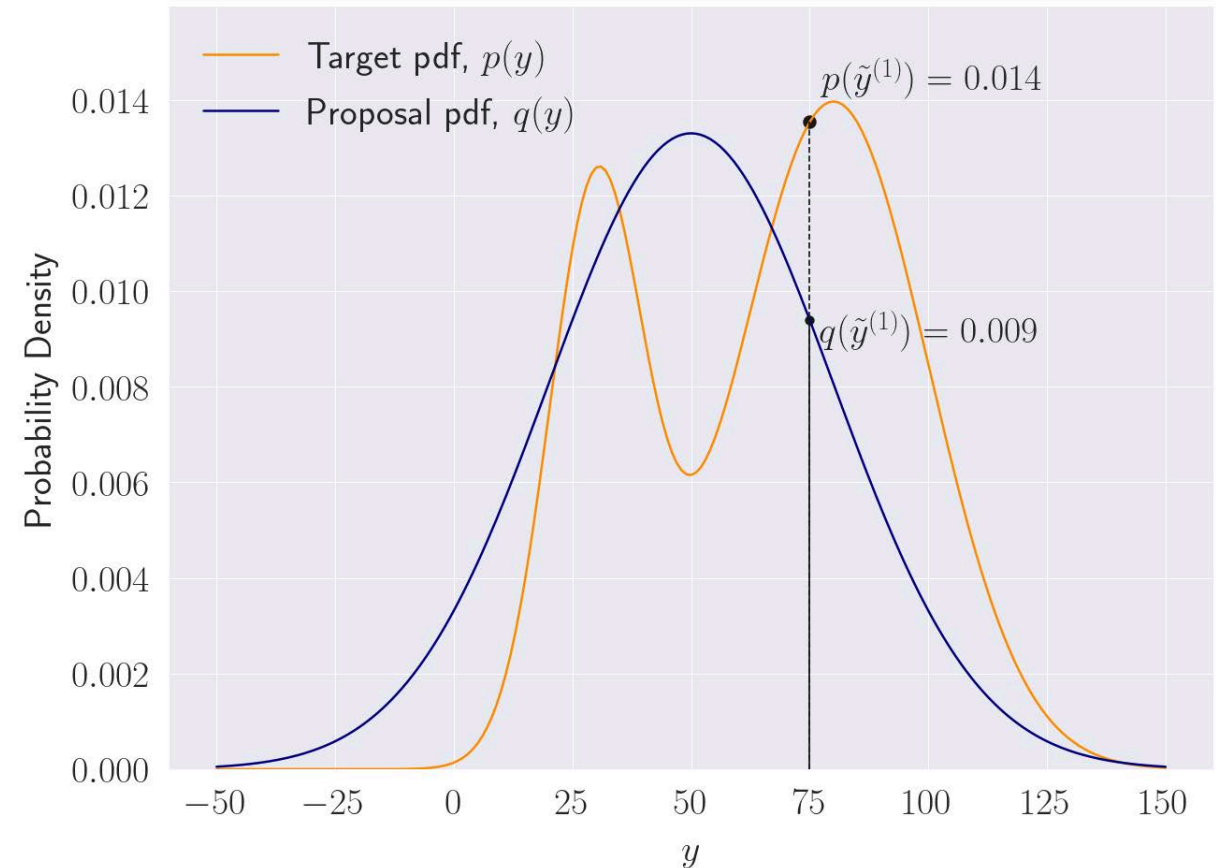
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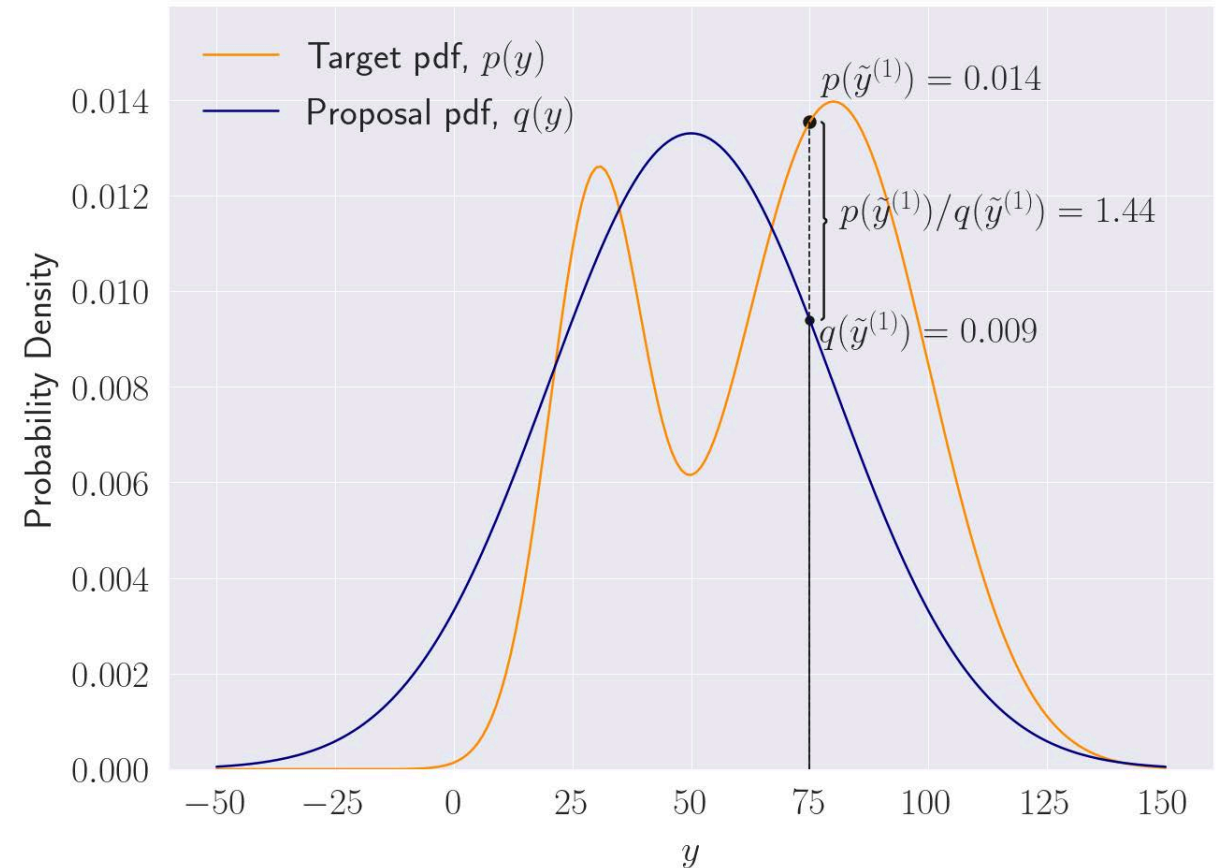
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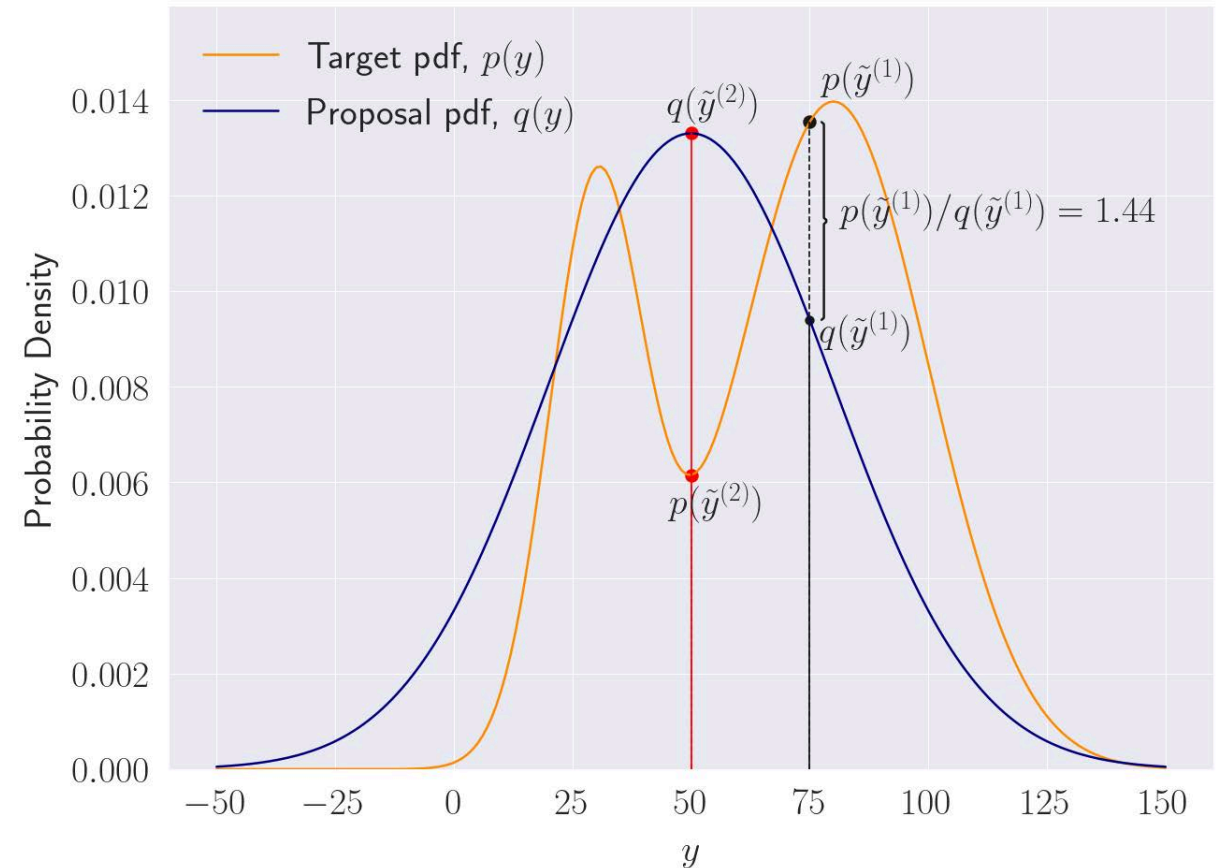
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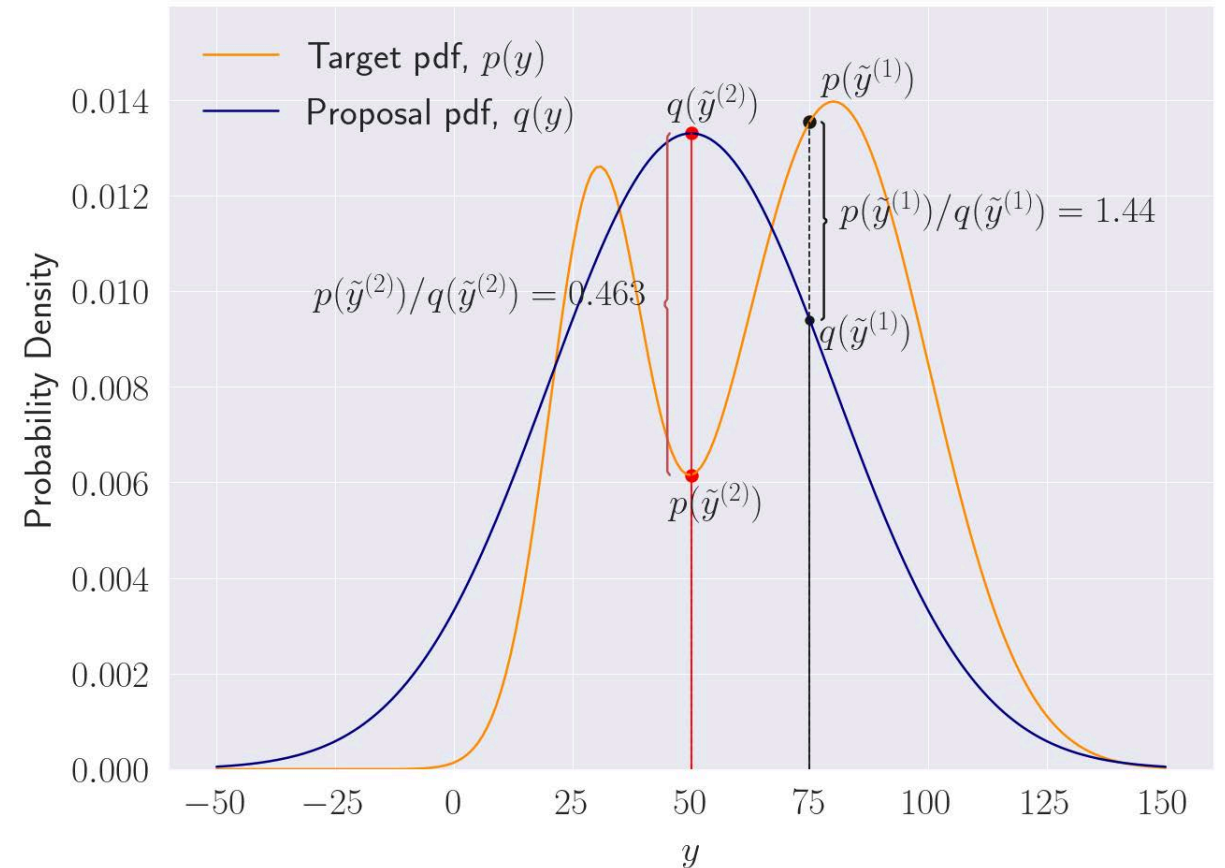
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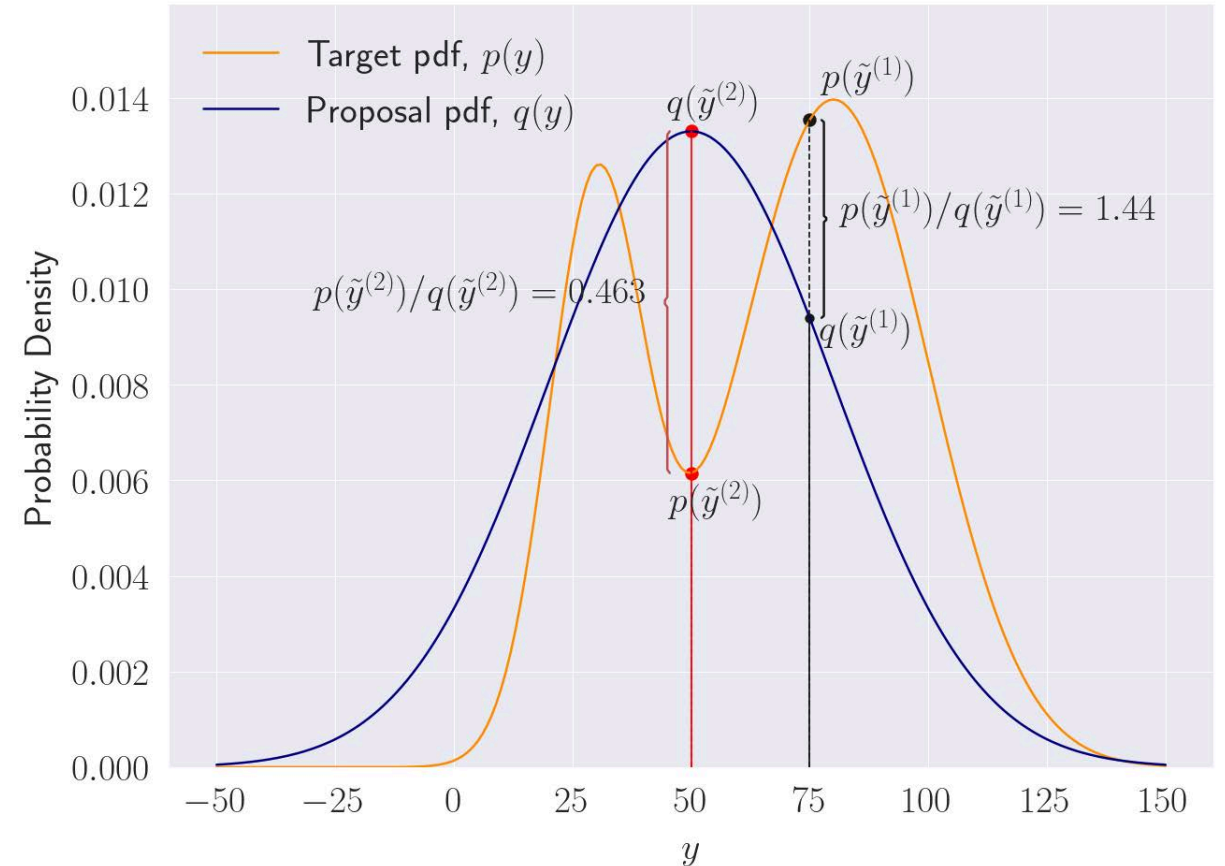
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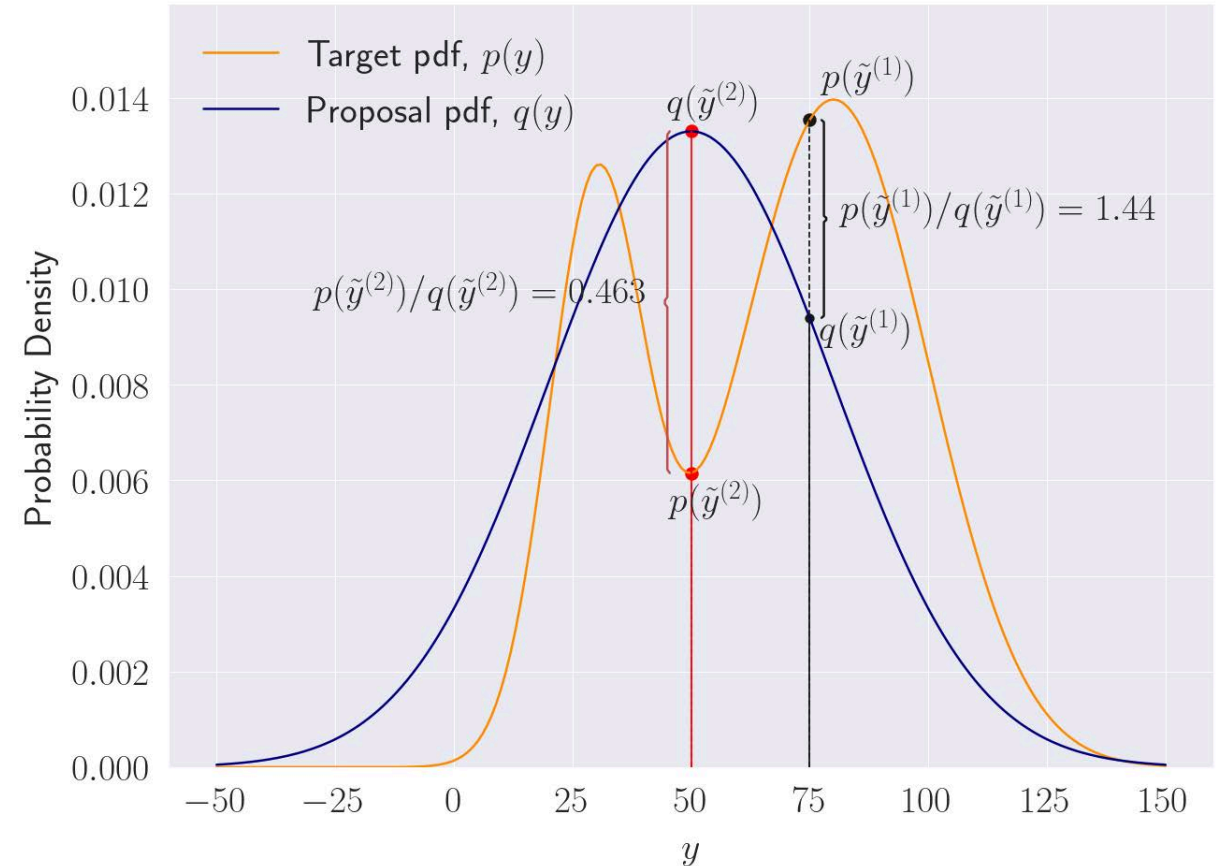
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$$p(\mathbf{y}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}) d\mathbf{y}} = \frac{\overbrace{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y})}{q(\mathbf{y})} q(\mathbf{y})}}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y})}{q(\mathbf{y})} q(\mathbf{y}) d\mathbf{y}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}) q(\mathbf{y})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}) q(\mathbf{y}) d\mathbf{y}}$$

Importance Sampling

$$p(\mathbf{y}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}) d\mathbf{y}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \triangleq \frac{w^{(\ell)}}{\sum_{\ell'=1}^L w^{(\ell')}} \quad \text{and} \quad w^{(\ell)} \triangleq \frac{\tilde{p}(\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^{(\ell)})}$$

$p(\mathbf{y})$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y})$: Unnormalised target pdf, $\tilde{w}^{(\ell)}$: Normalised weight, $w^{(\ell)}$: Unnormalised weight

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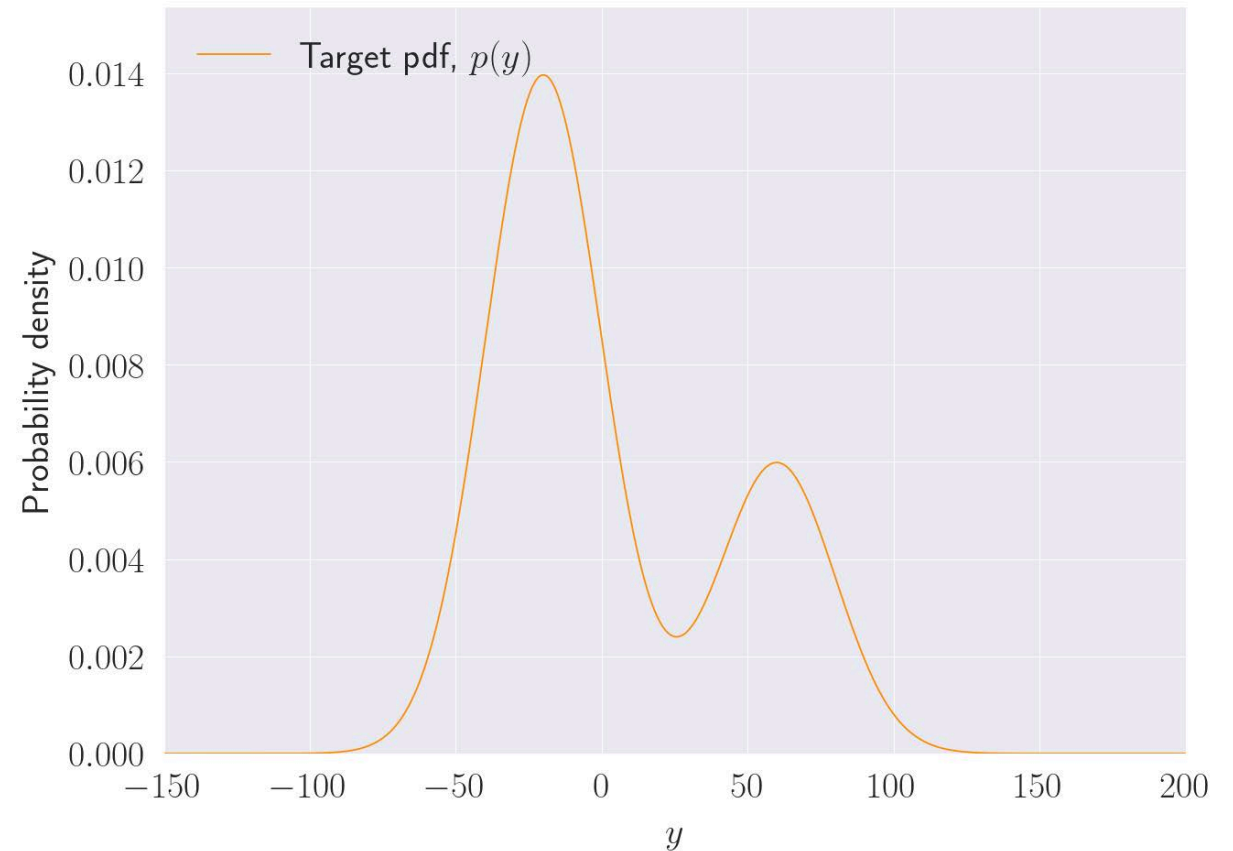
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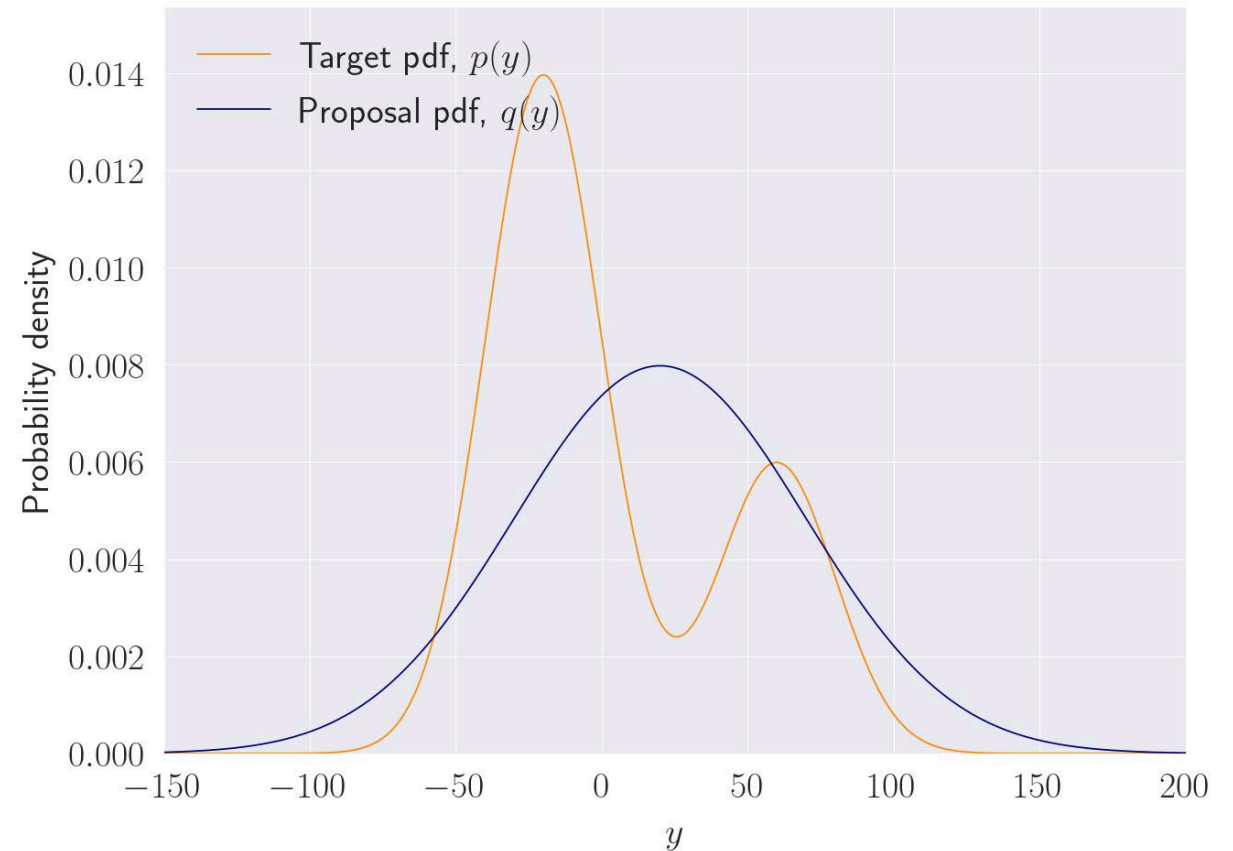
Example: Gaussian Mixture Model

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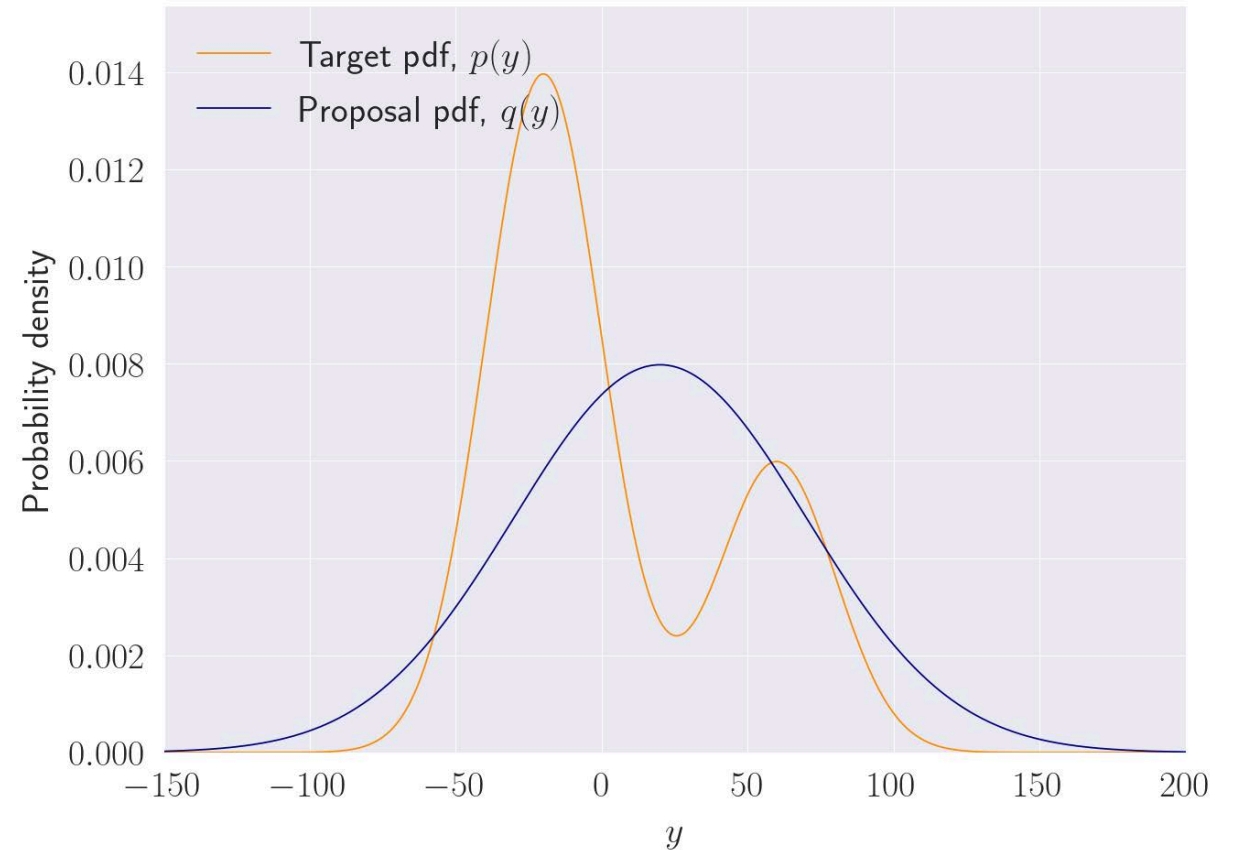
Importance Sampling:

For $\ell = 1, \dots, L$:

1. Draw candidate $\tilde{y}^{(\ell)} \sim q(y)$

$\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf

$q(\cdot)$: Proposal pdf



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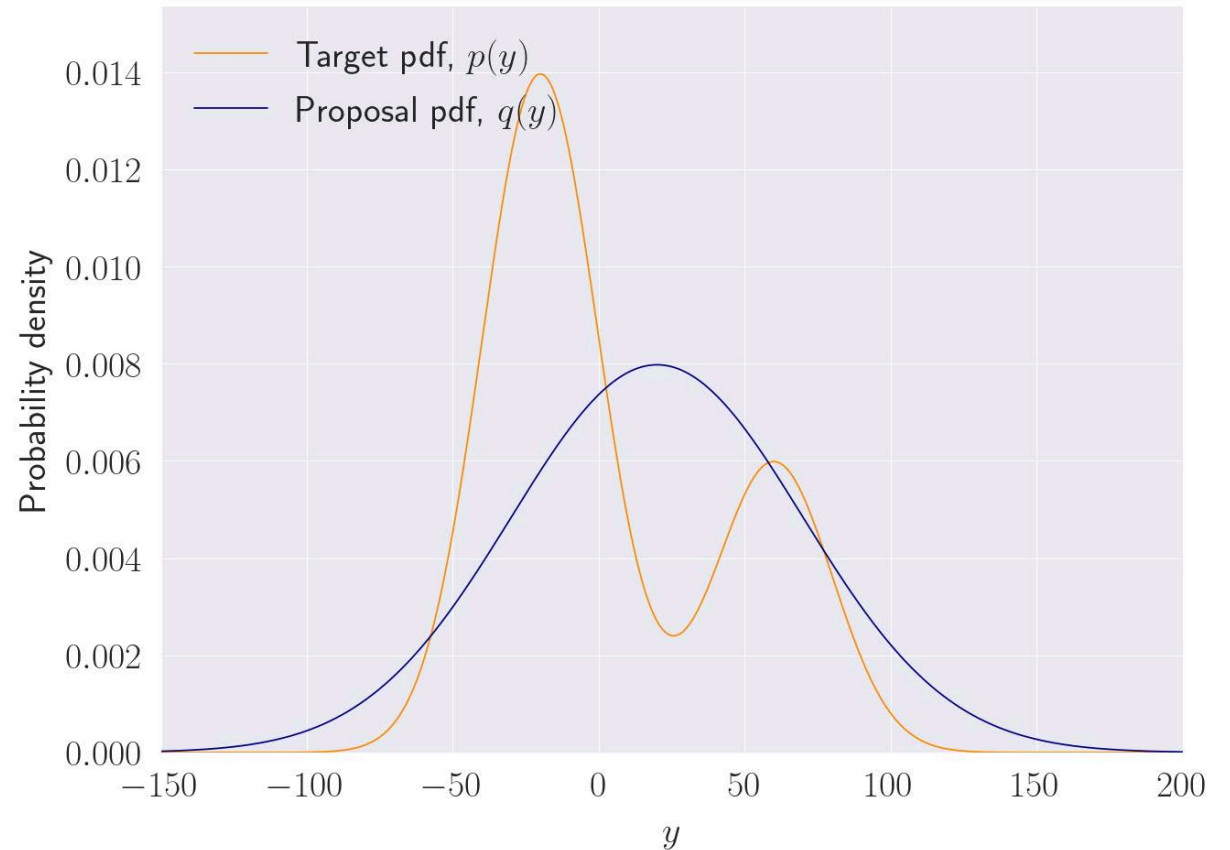
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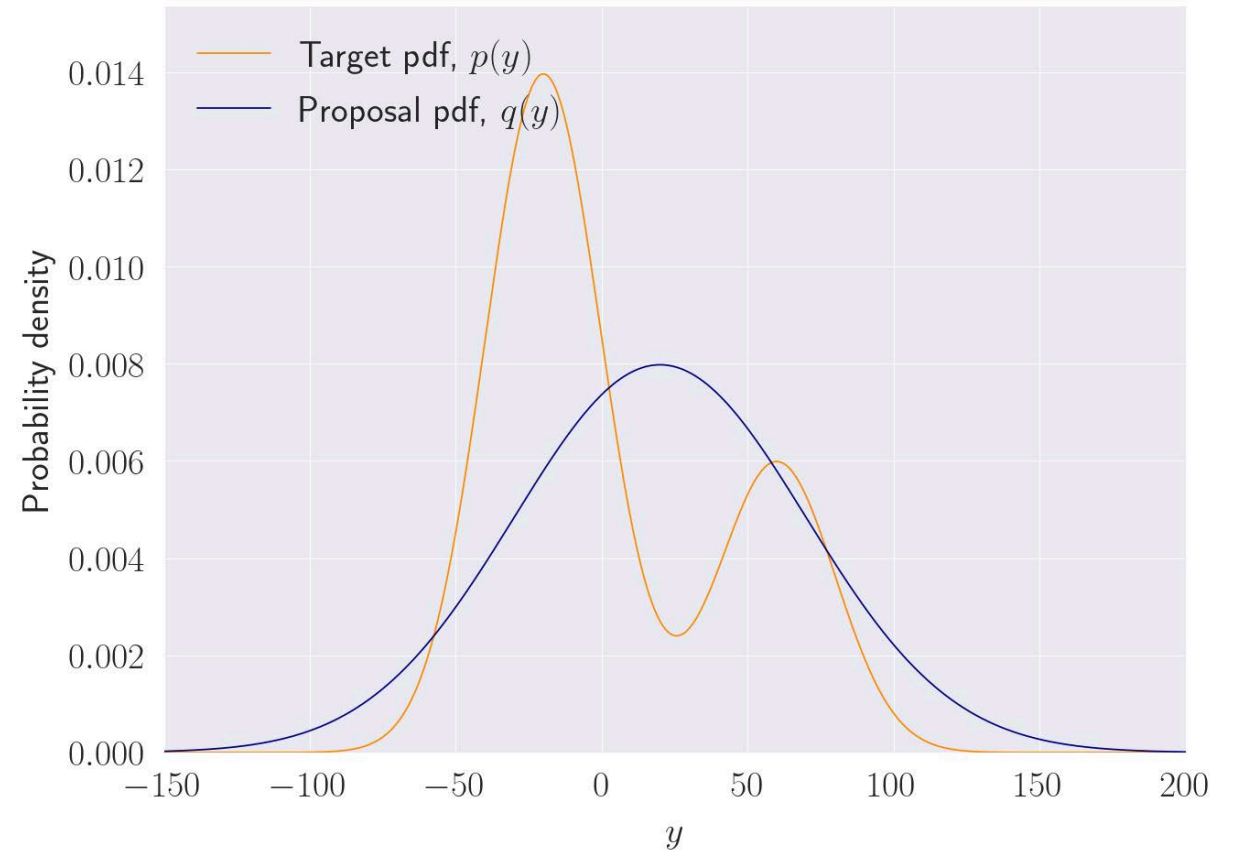
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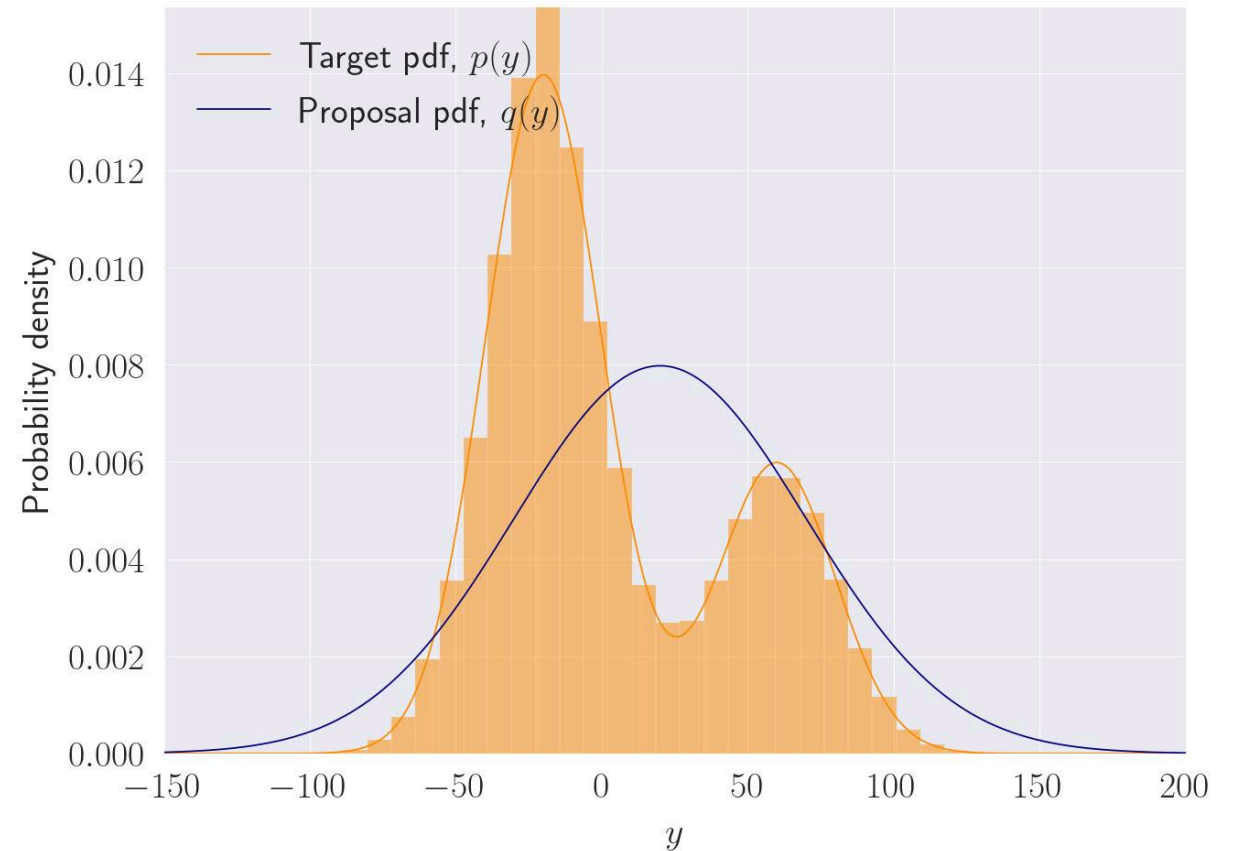
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Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS)

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Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})$$

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Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS) UNIVERSITY OF Southampton

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$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS) UNIVERSITY OF Southampton

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS) UNIVERSITY OF Southampton

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}$$

$$q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS) UNIVERSITY OF Southampton

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS)

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS)

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS)

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \underbrace{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}}_{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS)

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

$$= w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS)

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

$$= w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS)

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

$$= w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_0) \prod_{\tau=1}^t \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{\tau} | \mathbf{y}_{1:\tau-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_0) \prod_{\tau=1}^{t-1} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{\tau} | \mathbf{y}_{1:\tau-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS)

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

$$= w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_0) \prod_{\tau=1}^t \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{\tau} | \mathbf{y}_{1:\tau-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_0) \prod_{\tau=1}^{t-1} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{\tau} | \mathbf{y}_{1:\tau-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

Sequential Importance Sampling (SIS)

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Target pdf:

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{\frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} = \frac{w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}}$$

Weight function:

$$w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{q(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

$$= w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_0) \prod_{\tau=1}^t \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{\tau} | \mathbf{y}_{1:\tau-1})}{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_0) \prod_{\tau=1}^{t-1} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{\tau} | \mathbf{y}_{1:\tau-1}) q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})} = w(\mathbf{y}_{1:t-1}) \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \mathbf{y}_{1:t-1})}$$

SIS for Filtering

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$
$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Example: Filtering

Posterior pdf:
$$p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$$

SIS for Filtering

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$
$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Example: Filtering

Posterior pdf: $p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$

Importance samples: $\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{z}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})$

SIS for Filtering

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$
$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Example: Filtering

Posterior pdf: $p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$

Importance samples: $\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{z}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})$ and $\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)})$

SIS for Filtering

Sample sequentially from a sequence of target densities

$$p(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) = \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Y}} \tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{y}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{y}_{1:t}) \quad \text{where} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_t^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{\tilde{p}(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\mathbf{y}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}, \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} = w_t^{(\ell)} / \sum_{\ell=1}^L w_t^{(\ell)}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{1:t} \triangleq [\mathbf{y}_1^T, \dots, \mathbf{y}_t^T]^T$, $p(\cdot)$: Target pdf, $\tilde{p}(\cdot)$: Unnormalised target pdf, $q(\cdot)$: Proposal distribution

Example: Filtering

Posterior pdf: $p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$

Importance samples: $\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{z}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})$ and $\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)} = (\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)})$

Importance weights: $w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}) p(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})},$

Example: SIS for Filtering

Sequential Importance Sampling for Filtering:

$$p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q\left(\mathbf{z} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}\right) \quad w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}) p(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})},$$

C. A. Naesseth et al., "Elements of Sequential Monte Carlo", in *Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning*, 2019.

Example: SIS for Filtering

Sequential Importance Sampling for Filtering:

$$p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{z} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \quad w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}) p(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})},$$

Prior pdf:

$$z_t = \phi z_{t-1} + v_t, \quad v_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_z^2)$$

C. A. Naesseth et al., "Elements of Sequential Monte Carlo", in *Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning*, 2019.

Example: SIS for Filtering

Sequential Importance Sampling for Filtering:

$$p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{z} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \quad w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}) p(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})},$$

Prior pdf:

$$z_t = \phi z_{t-1} + v_t, \quad v_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_z^2)$$



$$p(z_t | z_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(z_t | \phi z_{t-1}, \sigma_z^2)$$

C. A. Naesseth et al., "Elements of Sequential Monte Carlo", in *Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning*, 2019.

Example: SIS for Filtering

Sequential Importance Sampling for Filtering:

$$p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{z} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}) p(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})},$$

Prior pdf:

$$z_t = \phi z_{t-1} + v_t, \quad v_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_z^2)$$



$$p(z_t | z_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(z_t | \phi z_{t-1}, \sigma_z^2)$$

Likelihood function:

$$x_t = \sum_{\tau=1}^t \beta^{t-\tau} z_{\tau} + w_t, \quad w_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_x^2)$$

C. A. Naesseth et al., "Elements of Sequential Monte Carlo", in *Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning*, 2019.

Example: SIS for Filtering

Sequential Importance Sampling for Filtering:

$$p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{z} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})$$

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}) p(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})},$$

Prior pdf:

$$z_t = \phi z_{t-1} + v_t, \quad v_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_z^2)$$



$$p(z_t | z_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(z_t | \phi z_{t-1}, \sigma_z^2)$$

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$$x_t = \sum_{\tau=1}^t \beta^{t-\tau} z_{\tau} + w_t, \quad w_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_x^2)$$



$$p(x_t | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) = \mathcal{N}\left(x_t | \sum_{\tau=1}^t \beta^{t-\tau} z_{\tau}, \sigma_x^2\right)$$

C. A. Naesseth et al., "Elements of Sequential Monte Carlo", in *Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning*, 2019.

Example: SIS for Filtering

Sequential Importance Sampling for Filtering:

$$p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{z} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \quad w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}) p(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})},$$

Prior pdf:

$$z_t = \phi z_{t-1} + v_t, \quad v_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_z^2)$$



$$p(z_t | z_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(z_t | \phi z_{t-1}, \sigma_z^2)$$

Likelihood function:

$$x_t = \sum_{\tau=1}^t \beta^{t-\tau} z_{\tau} + w_t, \quad w_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_x^2)$$



$$p(x_t | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) = \mathcal{N}\left(x_t | \sum_{\tau=1}^t \beta^{t-\tau} z_{\tau}, \sigma_x^2\right)$$

Proposal distribution:

$$\tilde{z}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(z_t | \mathbf{z}_{1:t-1}) = p(z_t | z_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(z_t | \phi z_{t-1}, \sigma_z^2)$$

C. A. Naesseth et al., "Elements of Sequential Monte Carlo", in *Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning*, 2019.

Example: SIS for Filtering

Sequential Importance Sampling for Filtering:

$$p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t} | \mathbf{x}_{1:t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})}{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} p(\mathbf{x}_{1:t} | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) p(\mathbf{z}_{1:t}) d\mathbf{z}_{1:t}} \approx \sum_{\ell=1}^L \tilde{w}_t^{(\ell)} \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}}(\mathbf{z}_{1:t})$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(\mathbf{z} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}) \quad w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{p(\mathbf{x}_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}) p(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})},$$

Prior pdf:

$$z_t = \phi z_{t-1} + v_t, \quad v_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_z^2) \quad \Rightarrow \quad p(z_t | z_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(z_t | \phi z_{t-1}, \sigma_z^2)$$

Likelihood function:

$$x_t = \sum_{\tau=1}^t \beta^{t-\tau} z_{\tau} + w_t, \quad w_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_x^2) \quad \Rightarrow \quad p(x_t | \mathbf{z}_{1:t}) = \mathcal{N}\left(x_t | \sum_{\tau=1}^t \beta^{t-\tau} z_{\tau}, \sigma_x^2\right)$$

Proposal distribution:

$$\tilde{z}_t^{(\ell)} \sim q(z_t | \mathbf{z}_{1:t-1}) = p(z_t | z_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(z_t | \phi z_{t-1}, \sigma_z^2)$$

Importance weights:

$$w_t^{(\ell)} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} \frac{p(x_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)}) p(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)})}{q(\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_t^{(\ell)} | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t-1}^{(\ell)}, \mathbf{x}_{1:t})} = w_{t-1}^{(\ell)} p(x_t | \tilde{\mathbf{z}}_{1:t}^{(\ell)})$$

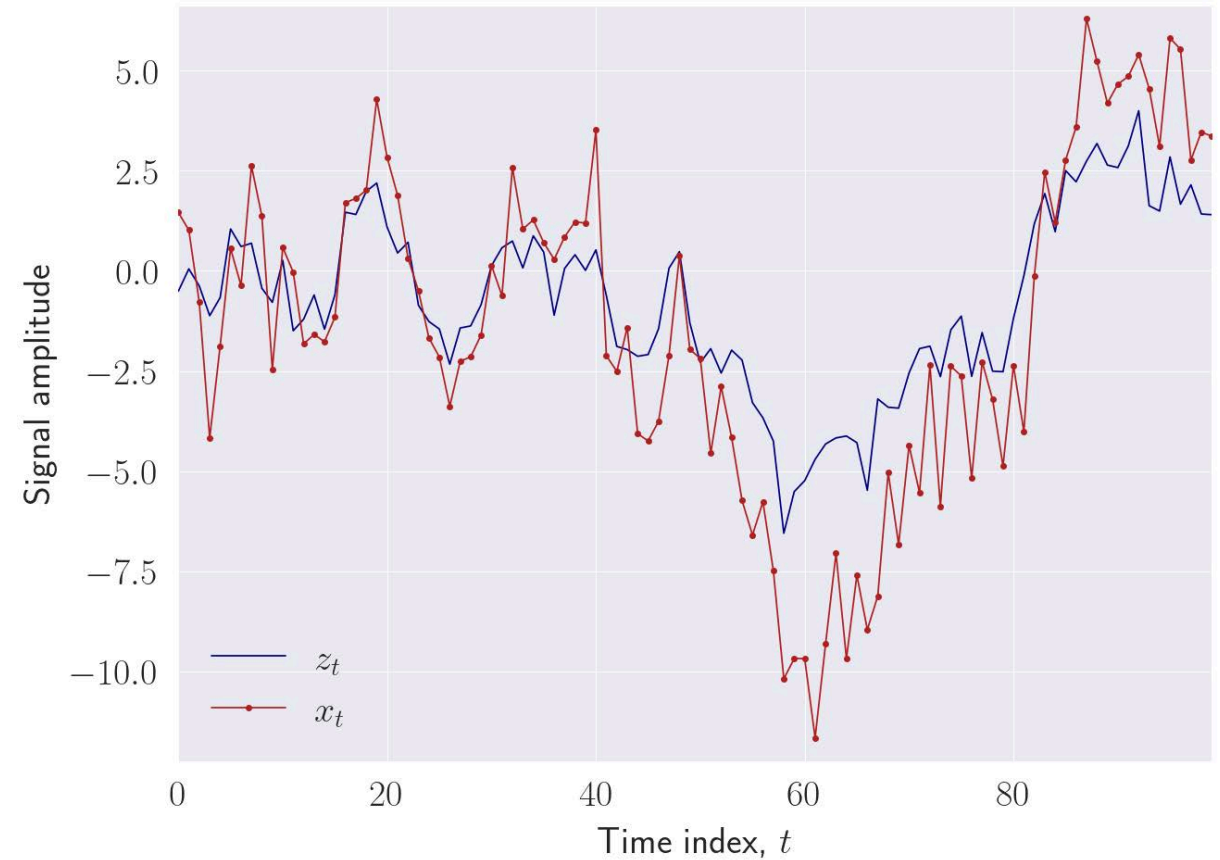
C. A. Naesseth et al., "Elements of Sequential Monte Carlo", in *Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning*, 2019.

Example: SIS for Filtering



Process model: $p(z_t | z_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(z_t | \phi(z_{t-1}), \sigma_z^2)$

Example: SIS for Filtering



Process model: $p(z_t | z_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(z_t | \phi z_{t-1}, \sigma_z^2)$

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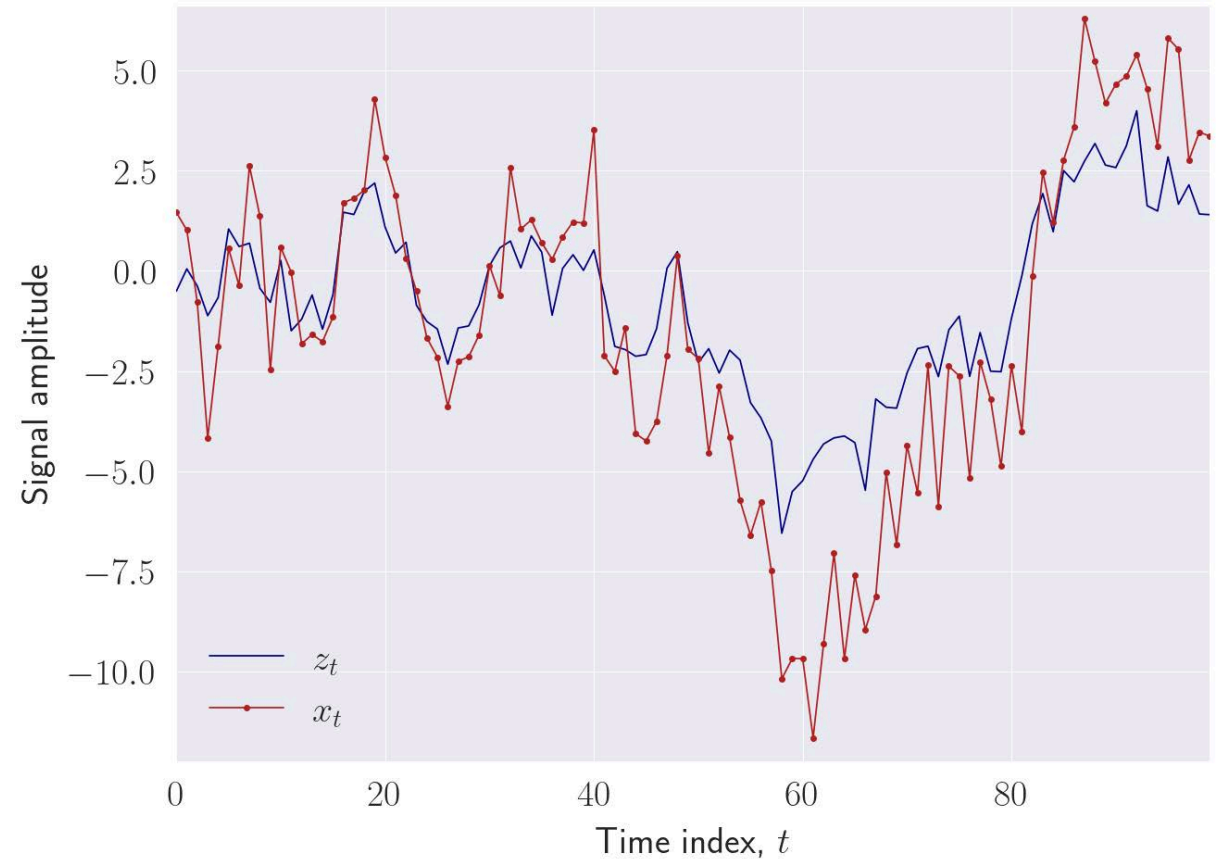
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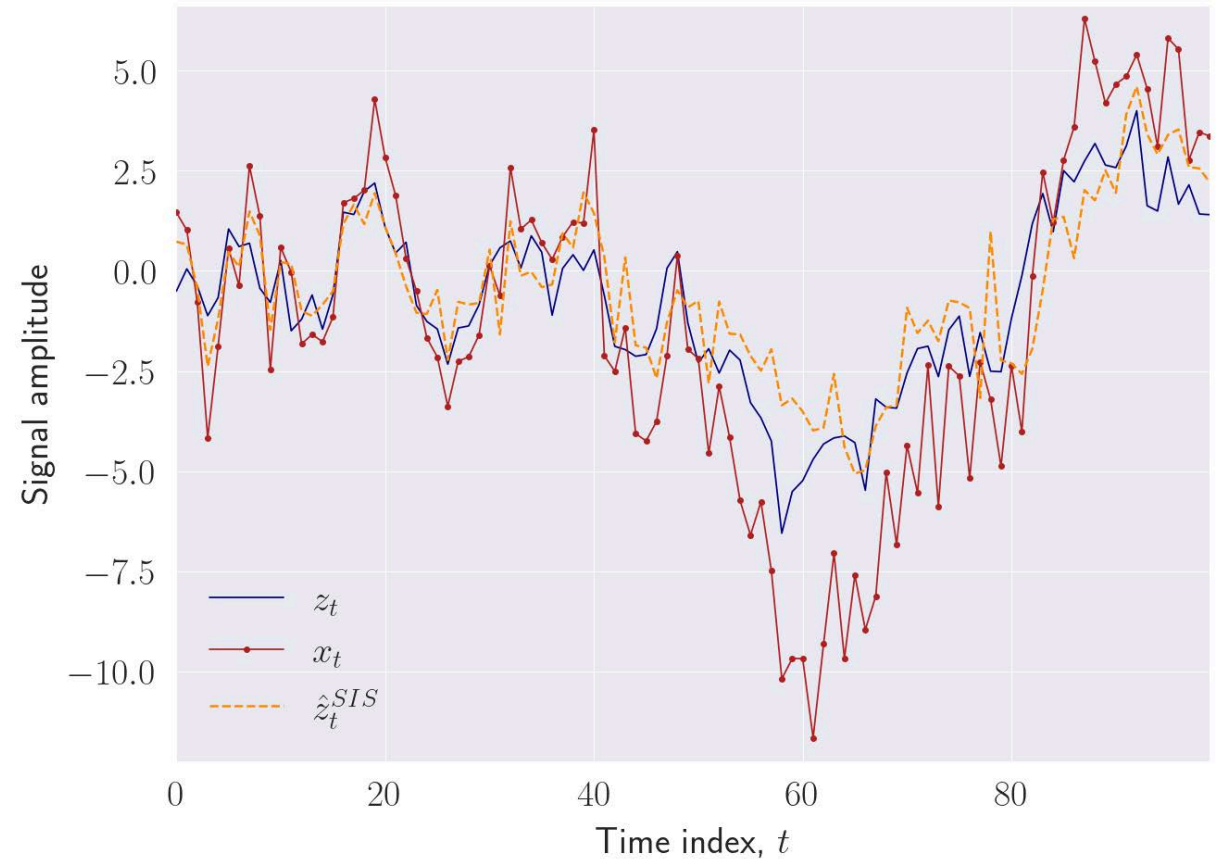
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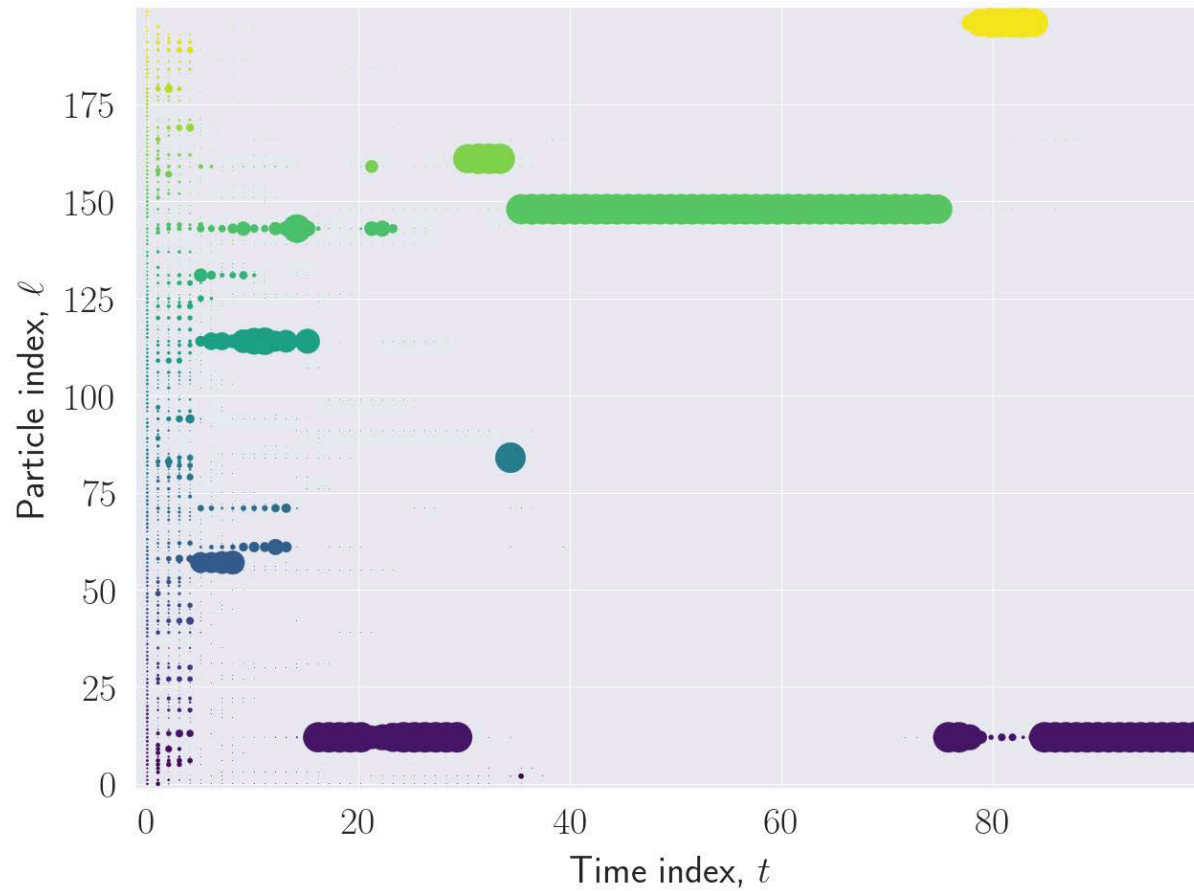
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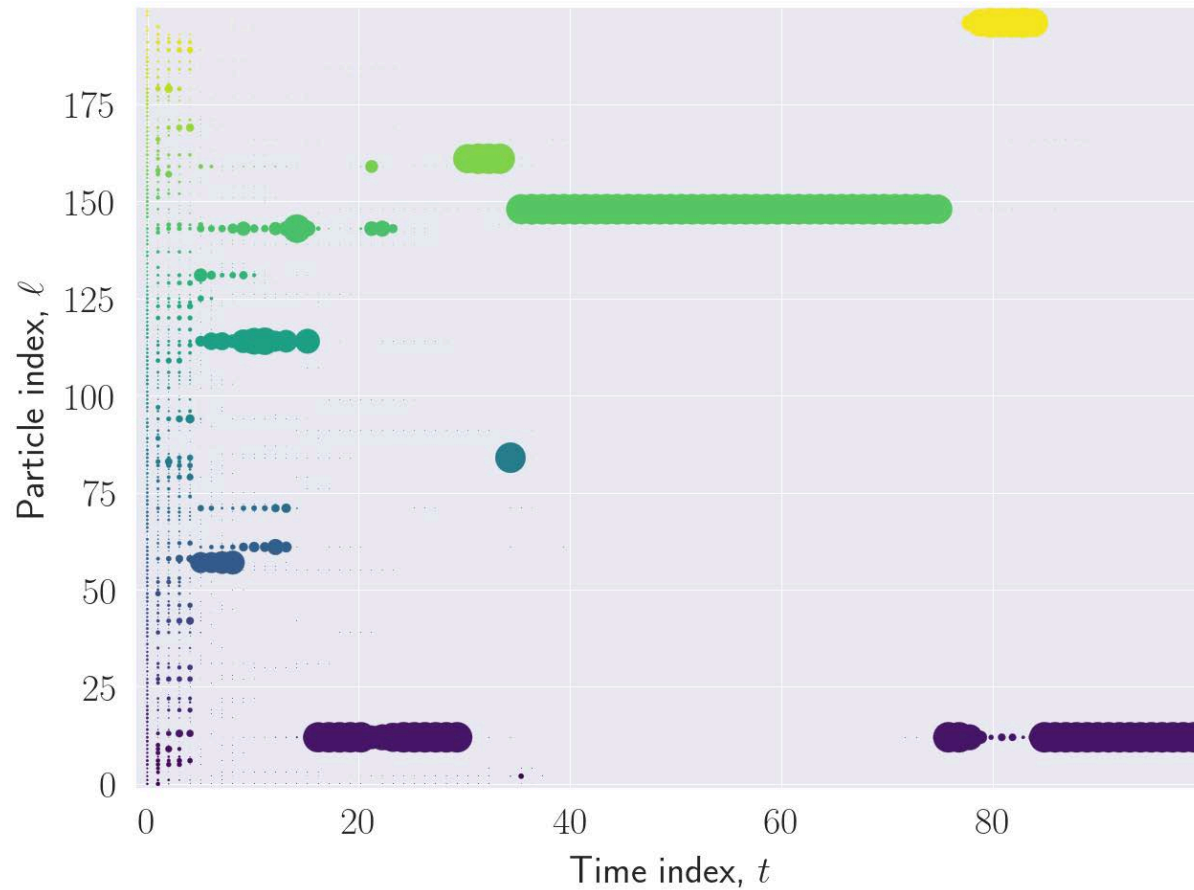
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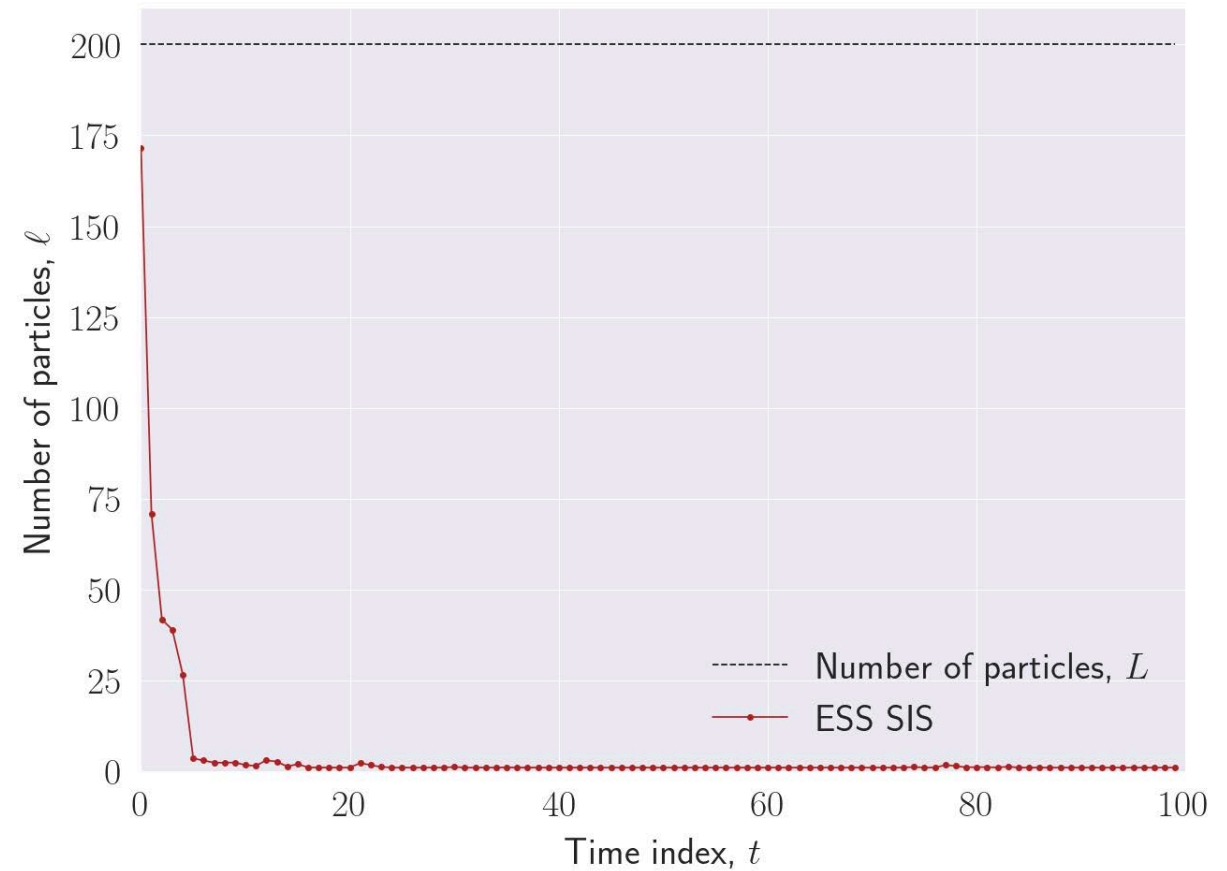
Weight Degeneracy



Weight Degeneracy



Effective Sample Size:
$$ESS = \left(\sum_{\ell=1}^L [w_t^{(\ell)}]^2 \right)^{-1}$$



Conclusion: SIS

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Limitations:

- Variance of the estimates increases exponentially with the number of time steps
- Sample impoverishment → Weight degeneracy:
 - Approximate target distribution using a single sample

Sequential Monte Carlo (SMC)

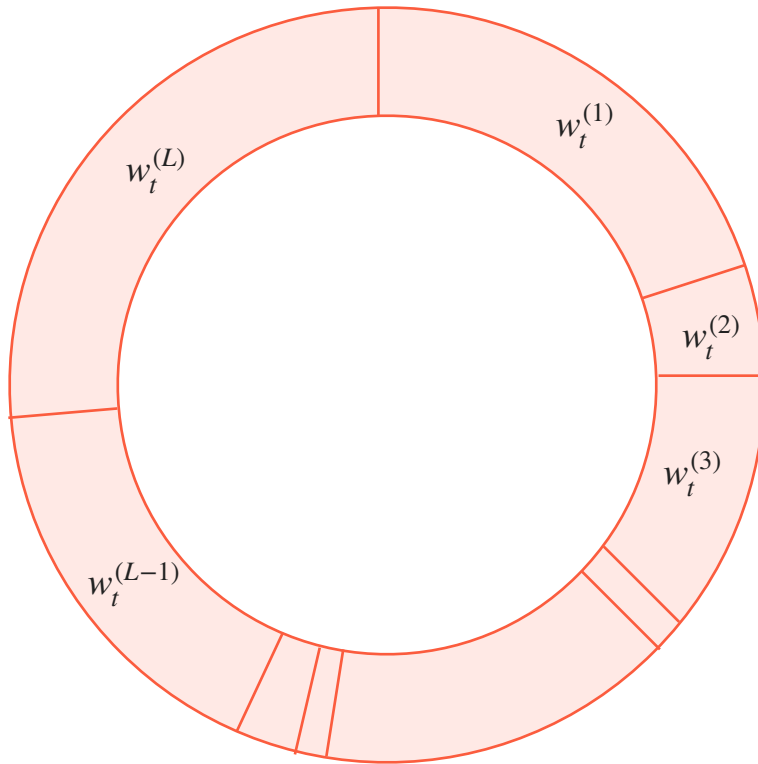
aka. Sequential Importance Resampling (SIR)
or Sequential Importance Sampling and Resampling (SIS/R)

Resampling

‘Survival of the Fittest’: Only retain stochastically relevant samples

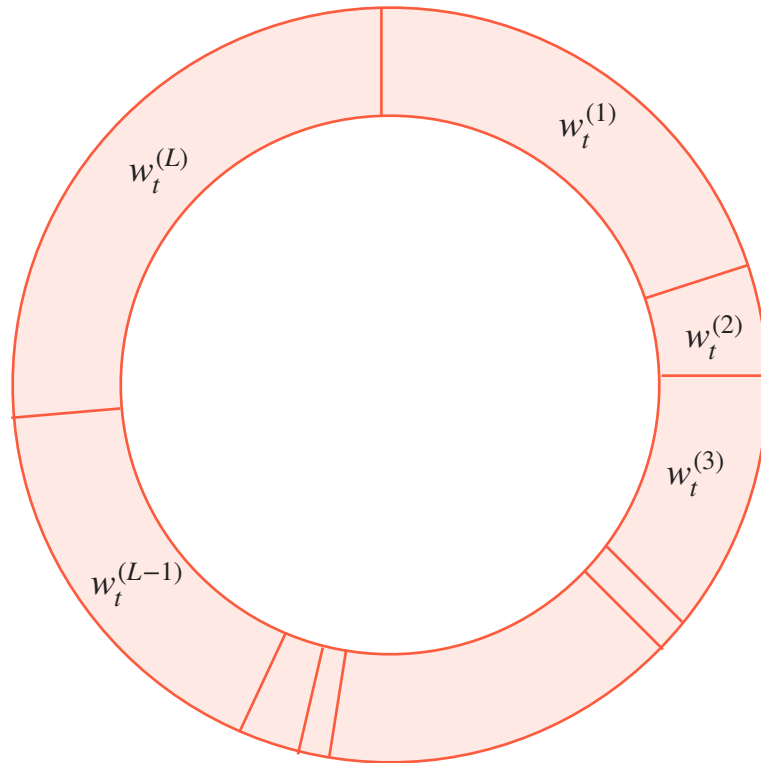
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Systematic Resampling:

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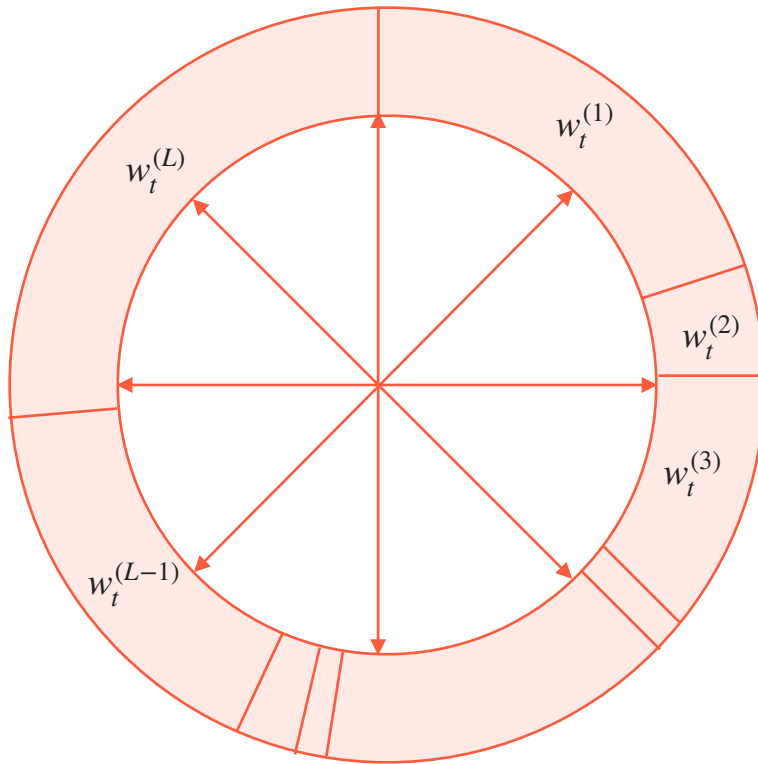
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1. Sample $c_\ell = c_{\ell-1} + w^{(\ell)}$ (CDF)

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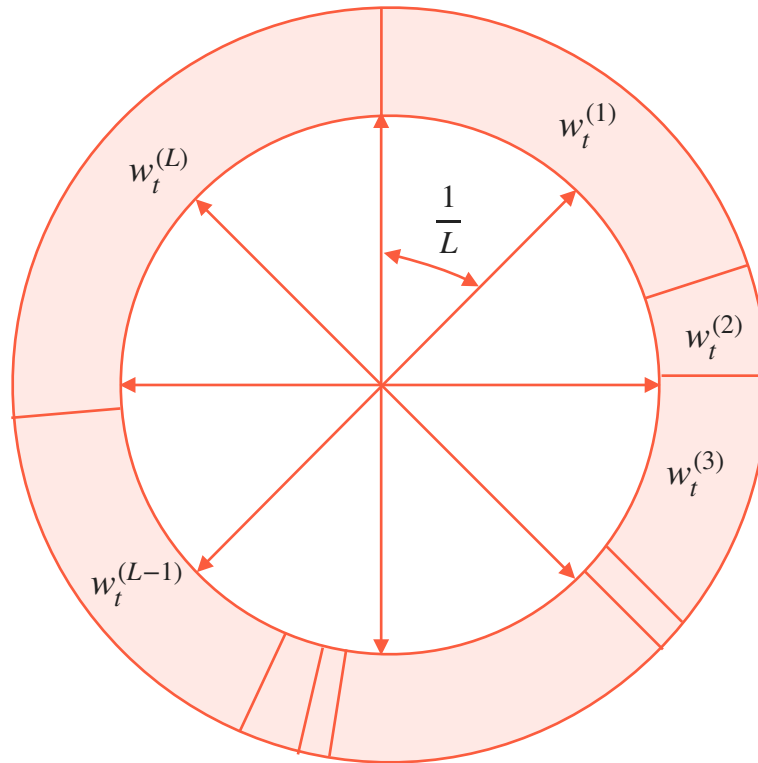
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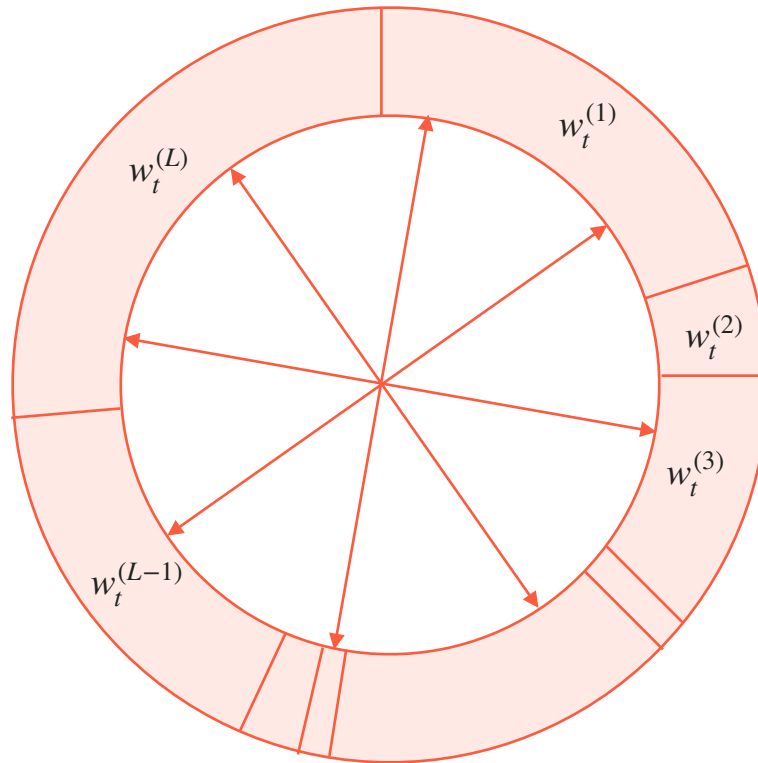
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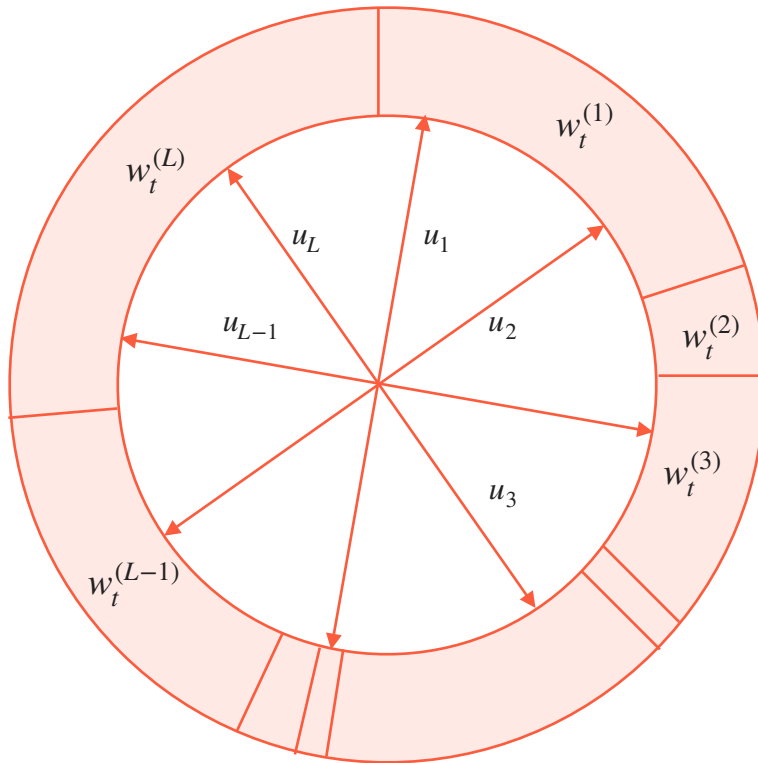
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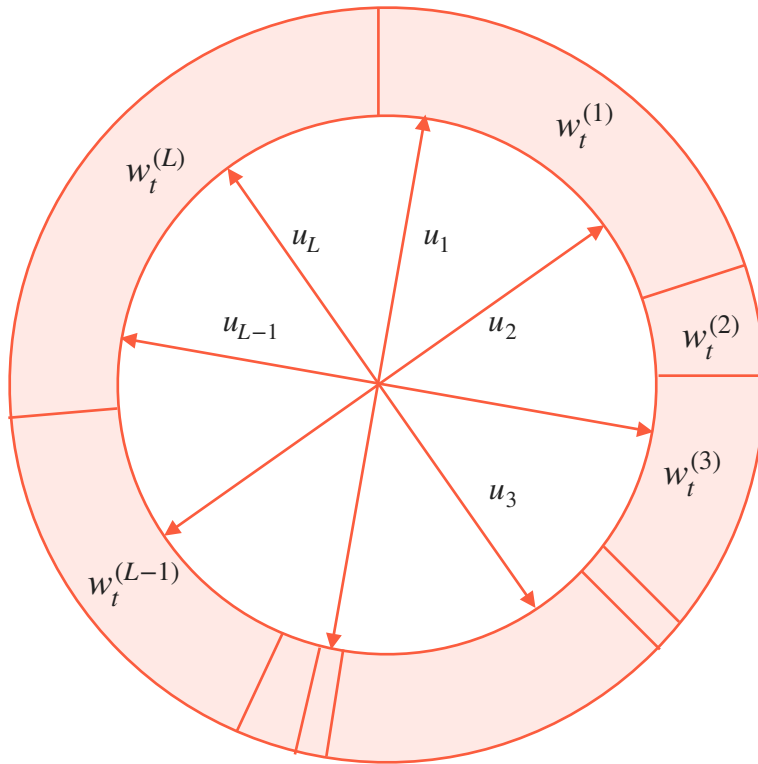
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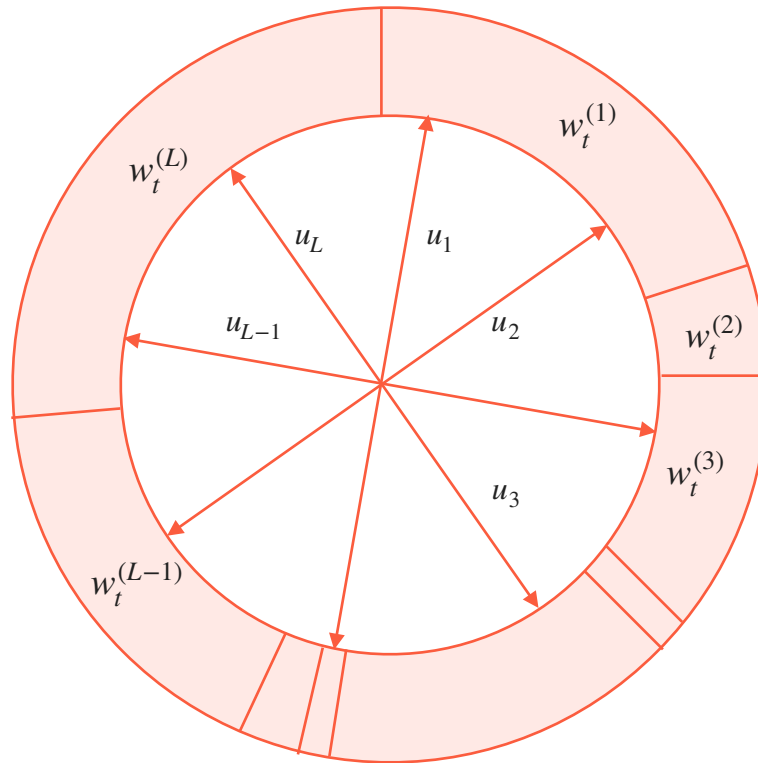
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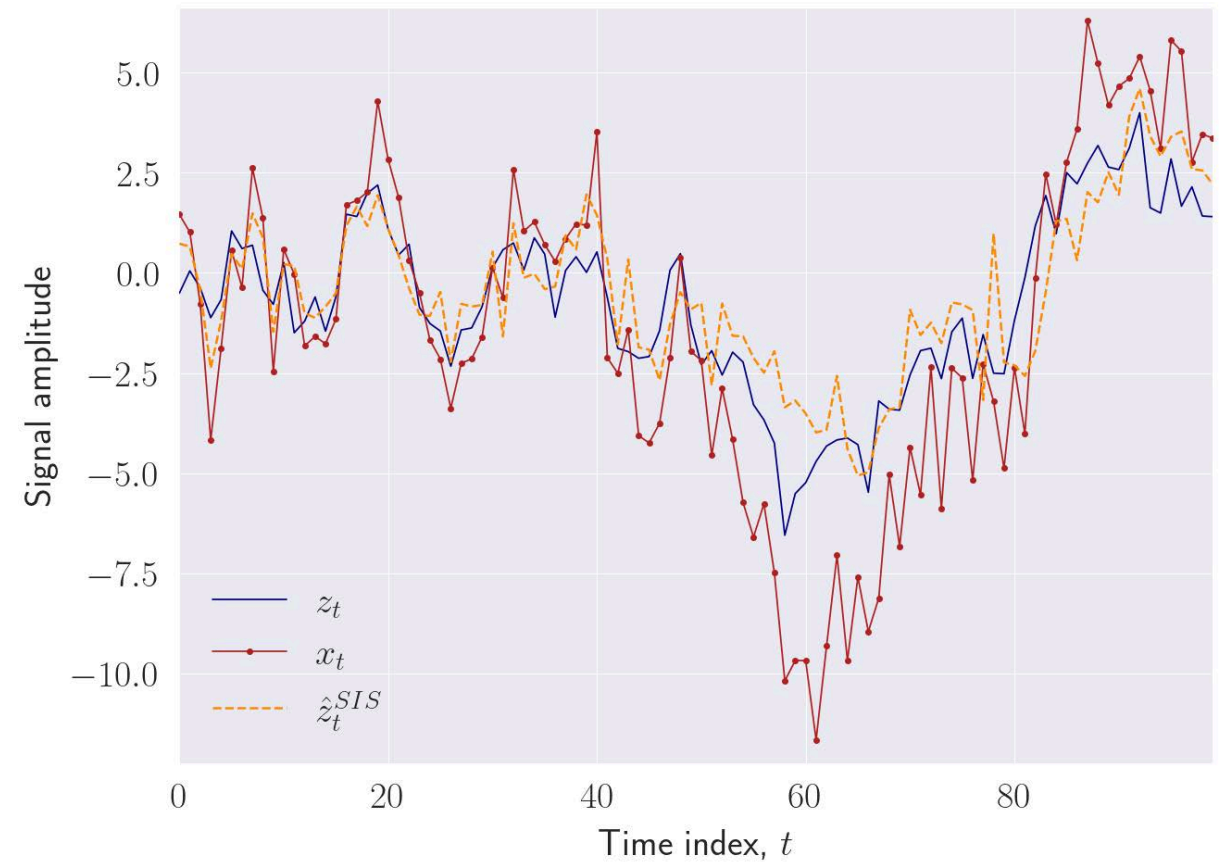
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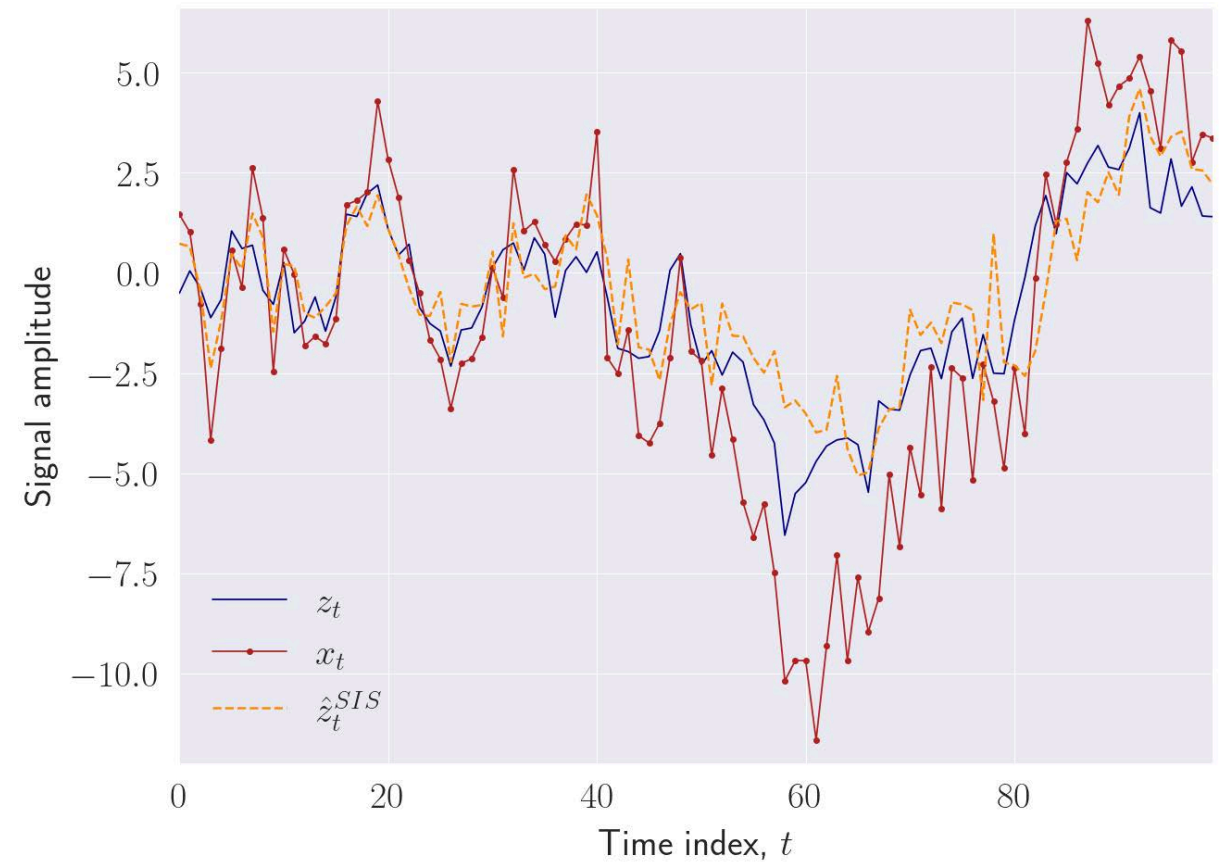
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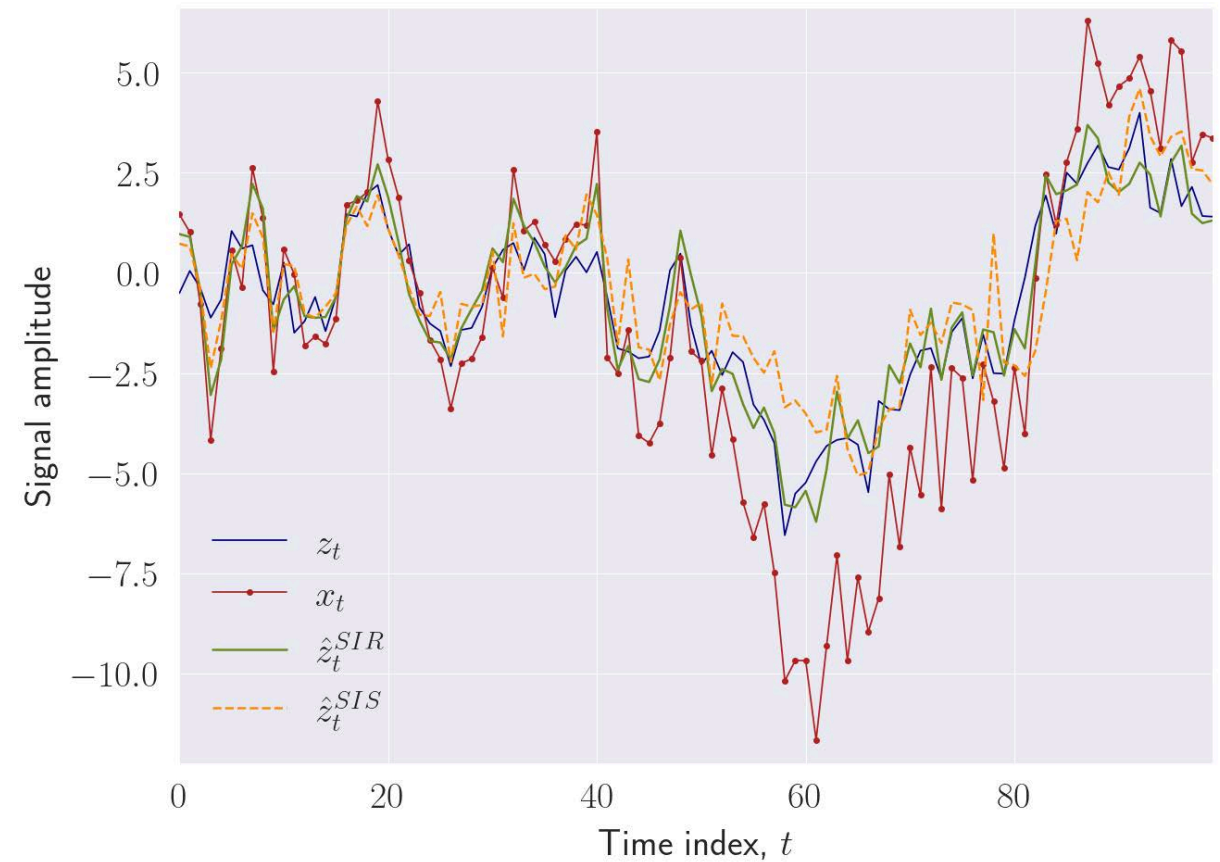
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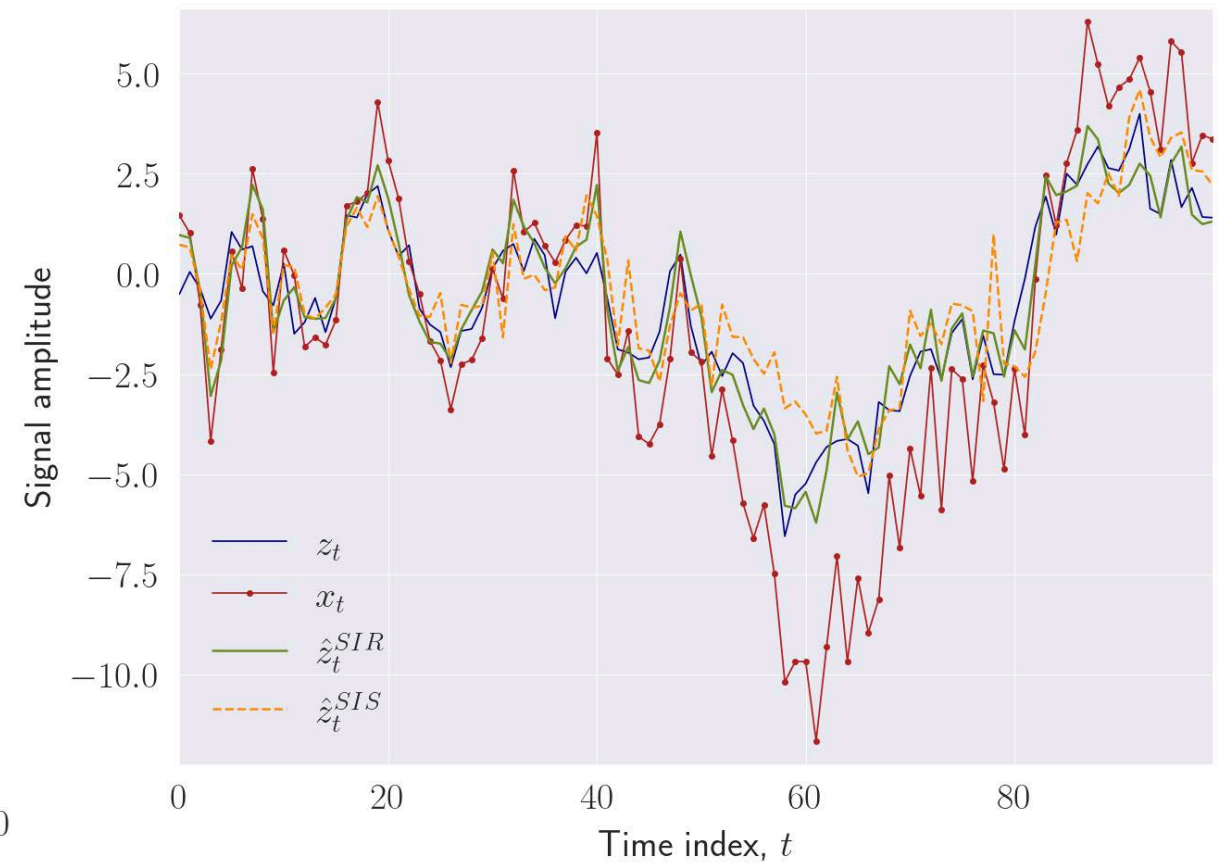
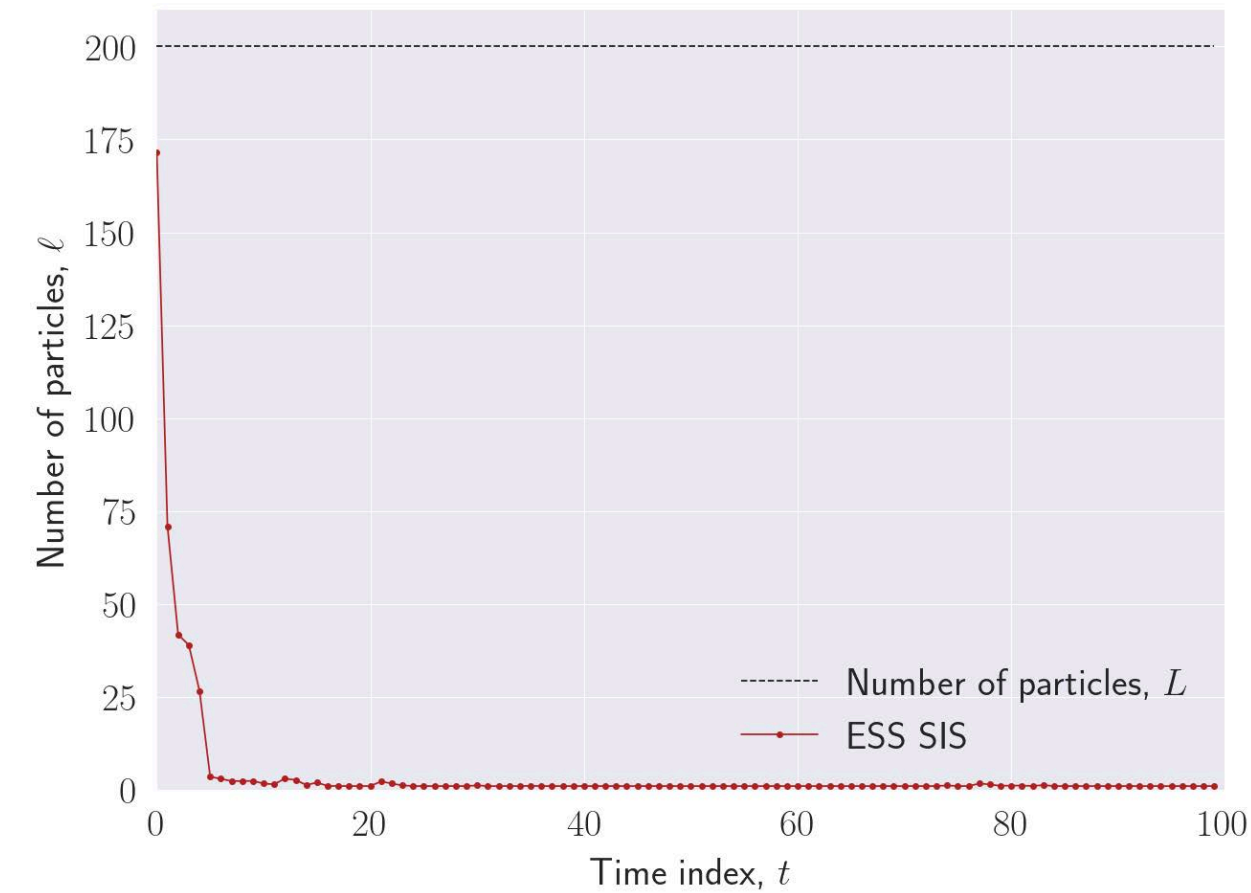
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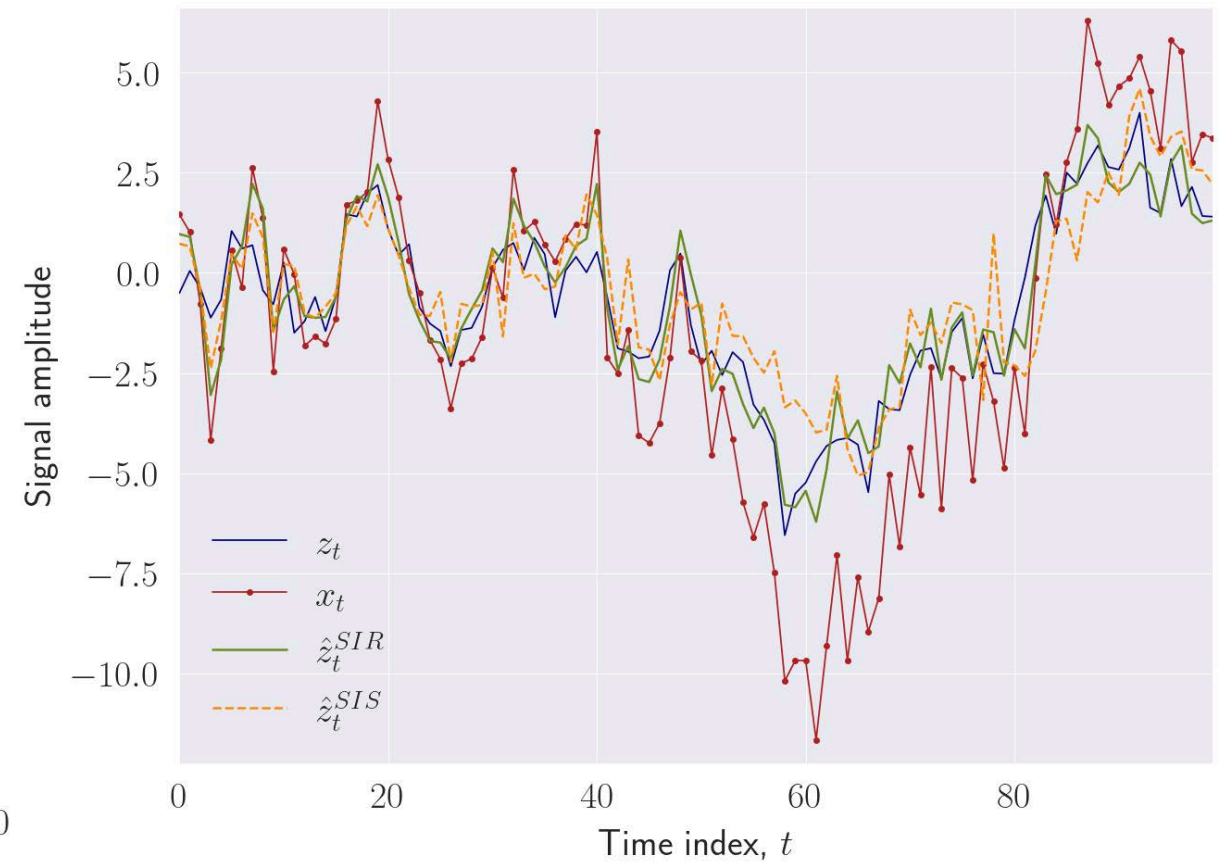
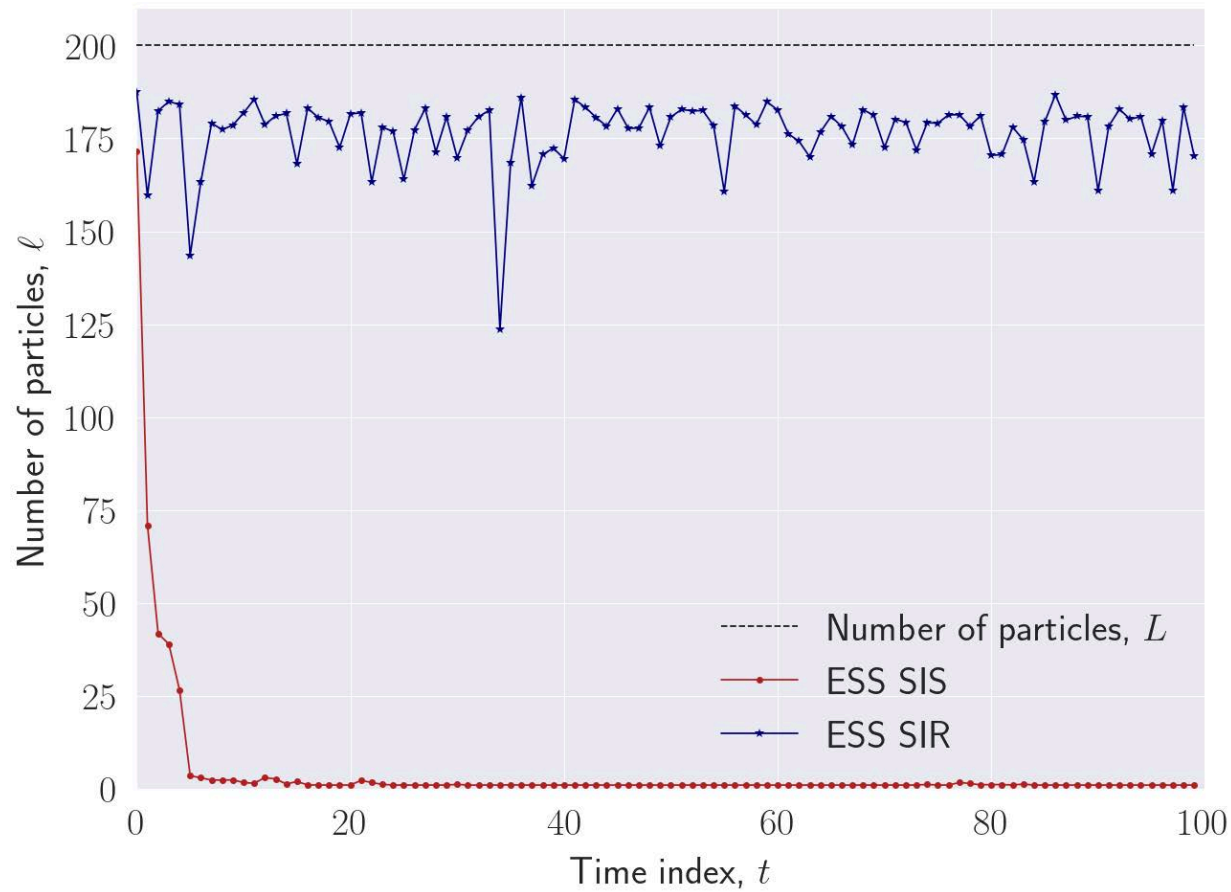
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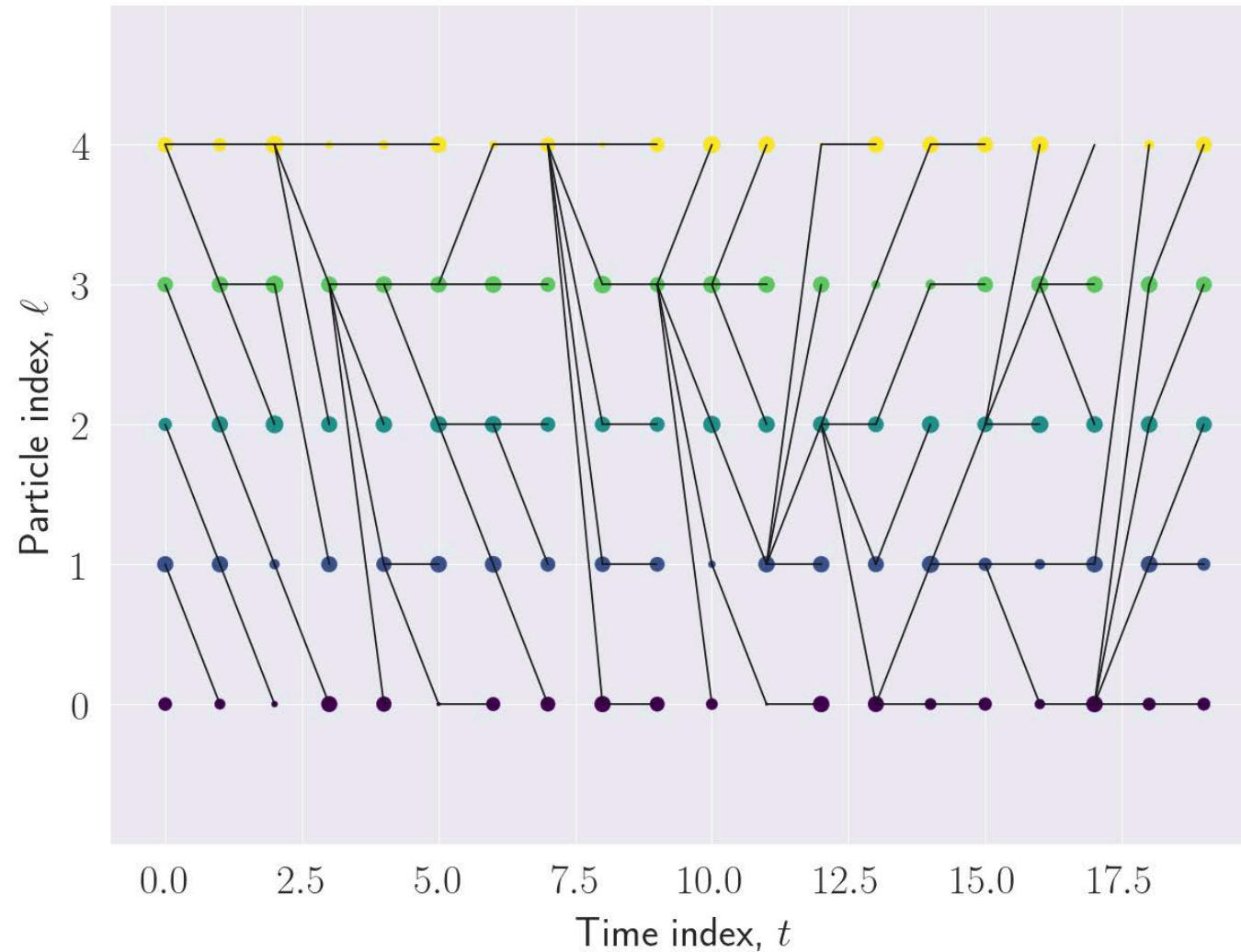
Sequential Monte Carlo



Sequential Monte Carlo



Path Degeneracy



Conclusion: SMC

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- Path degeneracy: Particles share same 'ancestor'

Learning Outcomes

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